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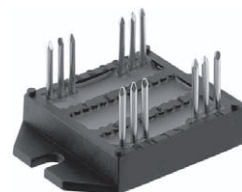
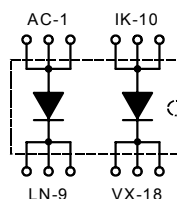
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Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED)

DSEI 2x101
 $I_{FAVM} = 2x96 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 600 \text{ V}$
 $t_{rr} = 35 \text{ ns}$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
600	600	DSEI 2x 101-06P



Symbol	Conditions	Maximum Ratings (per diode)	
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	150	A
I_{FAVM} ①	$T_C = 70^\circ\text{C}$; rectangular; $d = 0.5$	96	A
I_{FRM}	$t_p < 10 \mu\text{s}$; rep. rating; pulse width limited by T_{VJM}	tbd	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	1200	A
T_{VJ}		-40...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{VJM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-40...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	250	W
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	2500 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3000 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M4)	1.5 - 2.0	Nm
		14 - 18	lb.in.
Weight		24	g

Features

- 2 independent FRED in 1 package
- Isolation voltage 3000 V~
- Planar passivated chips
- Leads suitable for PC board soldering
- Very short recovery time
- Soft recovery behaviour

Applications

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Anti saturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode in converters and motor control circuits
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Inductive heating and melting
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Ultrasonic cleaners and welders

Advantages

- Easy to mount with two screws
- Space and weight savings
- Improved temperature and power cycling capability
- Low noise switching
- Small and light weight

Symbol	Conditions	Characteristic Values (per diode)	
		typ.	max.
I_R	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = V_{RRM}$		3 mA
	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0.8 \cdot V_{RRM}$		1 mA
	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0.8 \cdot V_{RRM}$		20 mA
V_F	$I_F = 100 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.17 V
			1.25 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only		0.7 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		4.7 m Ω
R_{thJC}			0.5 K/W
R_{thCK}		0.05	K/W
t_{rr}	$I_F = 1 \text{ A}$; $-di/dt = 400 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 30 \text{ V}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	40	60 ns
I_{RM}	$V_R = 100 \text{ V}$; $I_F = 80 \text{ A}$; $-di_F/dt = 200 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $L \leq 0.05 \mu\text{H}$; $T_{VJ} = 100^\circ\text{C}$	19	24 A
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	min. 11.2	mm
d_A	Creeping distance in air	min. 11.2	mm
a	Allowable acceleration	max. 50	m/s ²

① I_{FAVM} rating includes reverse blocking losses at T_{VJM} , $V_R = 0.8 V_{RRM}$, duty cycle $d = 0.5$
Data according to IEC 60747

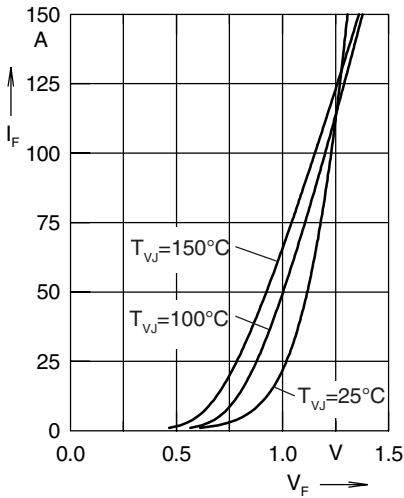


Fig. 1 Forward current I_F versus V_F

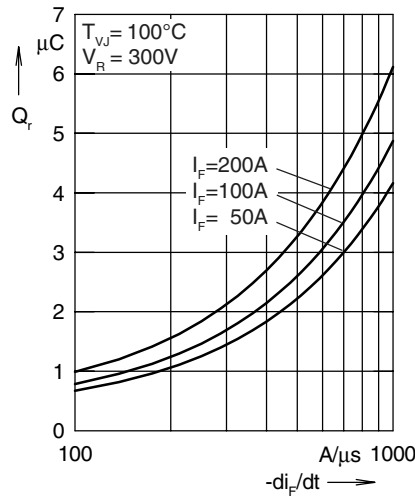


Fig. 2 Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

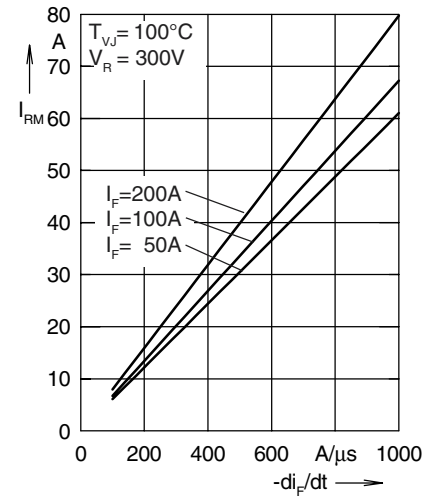


Fig. 3 Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

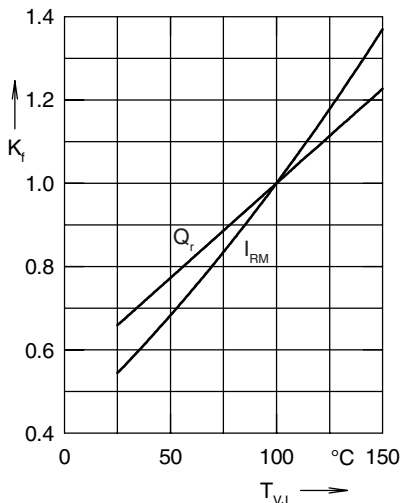


Fig. 4 Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

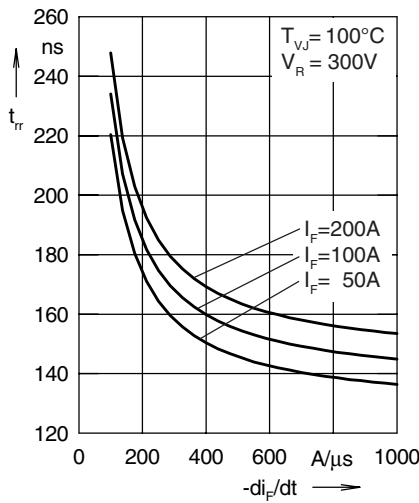


Fig. 5 Recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

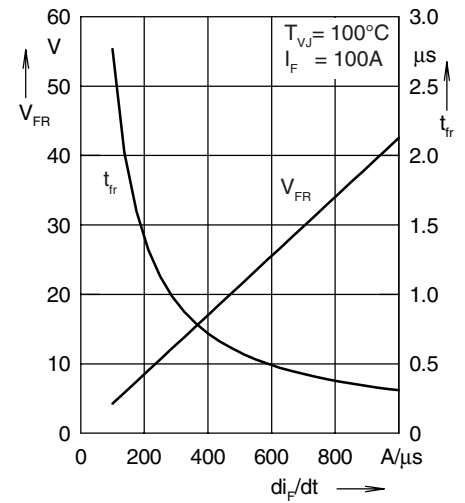


Fig. 6 Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{tr} versus di_F/dt

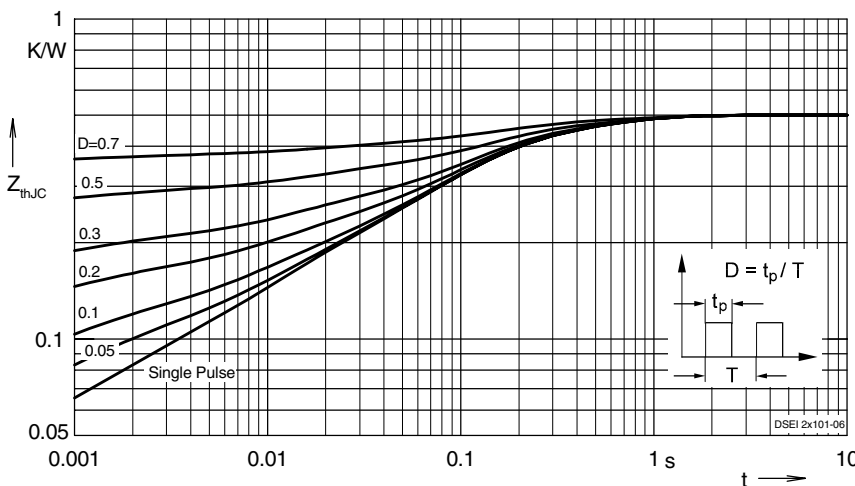


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to case at various duty cycles

Dimensions in mm (1mm = 0.0394")

