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Vishay/Siliconix
SI2307CDS-T1-GE3

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New Product

Si2307CDS

Vishay Siliconix

P-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY

V_{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}$ (Ω)	I_D (A)[a, b]	Q_g (Typ.)
- 30	0.088 at V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 2.7	4.1 nC
	0.138 at V_{GS} = - 4.5 V	- 2.2	

TO-236
(SOT-23)

Top View

Si2307CDS (N7)*

* Marking Code

Ordering Information: Si2307CDS-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)
Si2307CDS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

FEATURES

- **Halogen-free Option Available**
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET

APPLICATIONS

- Load Switch for Portable Devices

RoHS
COMPLIANT

P-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T_A = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	- 30	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	± 20	
Continuous Drain Current (T_J = 150 °C)[a, b]	T_C = 25 °C	I_D	- 3.5	A
	T_C = 70 °C		- 2.8	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 2.7[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		- 2.2[a, b]	
Pulsed Drain Current (10 µs Pulse Width)		I_{DM}	- 12	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current[a, b]	T_C = 25 °C	I_S	- 1.5	
	T_A = 25 °C		- 0.91[a, b]	
Maximum Power Dissipation[a, b]	T_C = 25 °C	P_D	1.8	W
	T_C = 70 °C		1.14	
	T_A = 25 °C		1.1[a, b]	
	T_A = 70 °C		0.7[a, b]	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J, T_{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)[c]			260	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient[a, c]	t ≤ 5 s	R_{thJA}	90	115	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJF}	55	70	

Notes:
a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
b. t = 5 s.
c. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 166 °C/W.

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SPECIFICATIONS T_J = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = - 250 µA	- 30			V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	I_D = - 250 µA		- 32		mV/°C
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$			4.5		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = - 250 µA	- 1		- 3	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = ± 20 V			- 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			- 1	µA
		V_{DS} = - 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, T_J = 55 °C			- 10	
On-State Drain Current[a]	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \leq$ 5 V, V_{GS} = - 10 V	- 6			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance[a]	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 3.5 A		0.073	0.088	Ω
		V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 2.5 A		0.110	0.138	
Forward Transconductance[a]	g_{fs}	V_{DS} = - 10 V, I_D = - 3.5 A		7		S
Dynamic[b]						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	V_{DS} = - 15 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		340		pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}			67		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}			51		
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	V_{DS} = - 15 V, V_{GS} = - 4.5 V, I_D = - 2.5 A		4.1	6.2	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}			1.3		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			1.8		
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz		10		Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 15 V, R_L = 15 Ω, $I_D \cong$ - 1 A, V_{GEN} = - 4.5 V, R_g = 1 Ω		40	60	ns
Rise Time	t_r			40	60	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			20	40	
Fall Time	t_f			17	30	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD} = - 15 V, R_L = 15 Ω, $I_D \cong$ - 1 A, V_{GEN} = - 10 V, R_g = 1 Ω		5.5	10	
Rise Time	t_r			13	25	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			17	30	
Fall Time	t_f			7.7	15	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	T_C = 25 °C			- 1.5	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I_{SM}				- 12	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I_S = - 0.75 A, V_{GS} = 0 V		- 0.8	- 1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	I_F = - 2.5 A, dI/dt = 100 A/µs, T_J = 25 °C		17	30	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}			11	20	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t_a			12		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t_b			5		

Notes:
a. Pulse test; pulse width $\leq$ 300 µs, duty cycle $\leq$ 2 %.
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
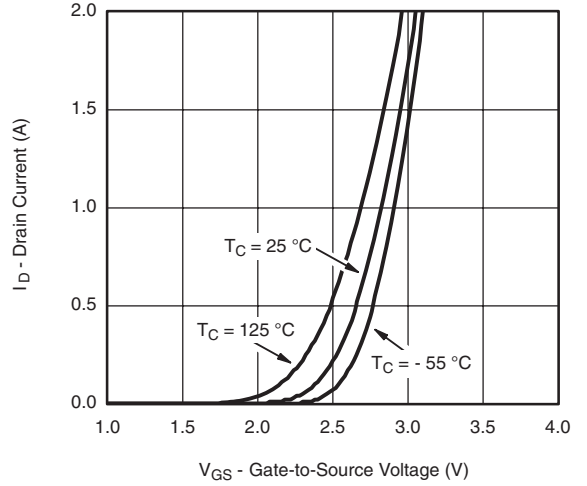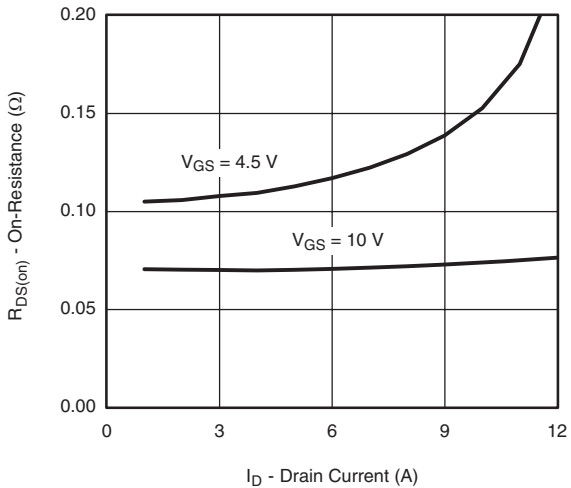
New Product

Si2307CDS

Vishay Siliconix
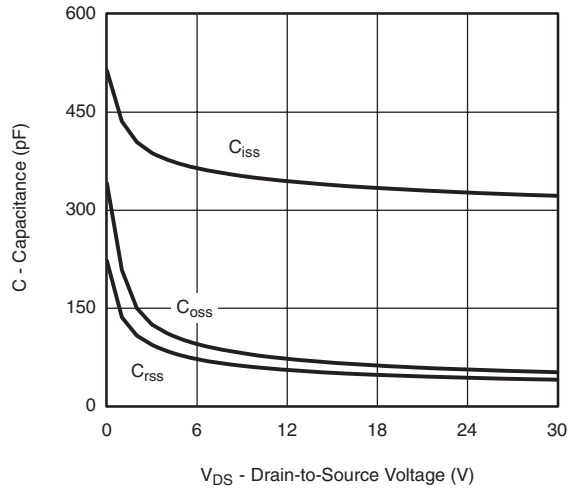
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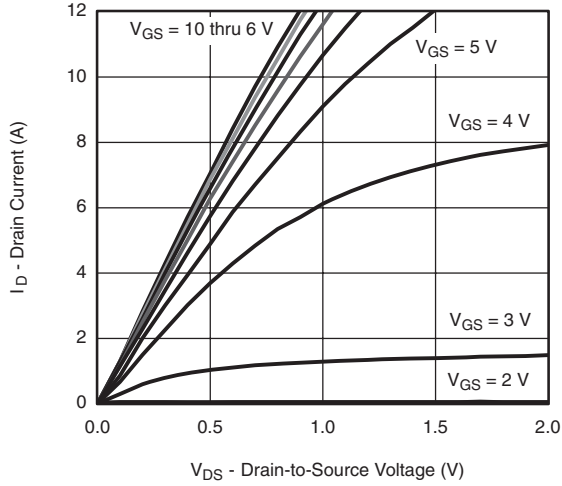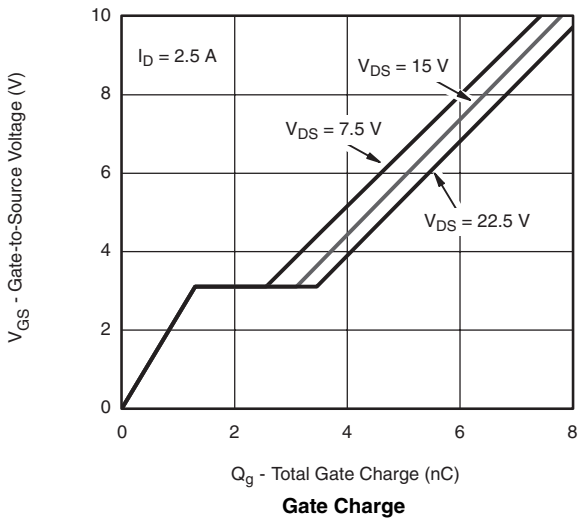

Output Characteristics
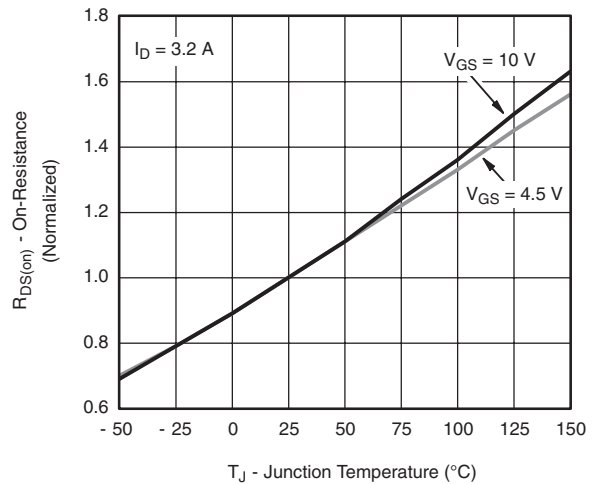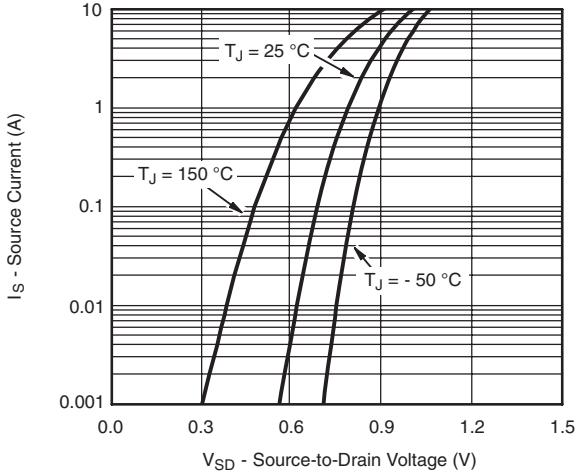

Transfer Characteristics

On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Capacitance

Gate Charge

On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
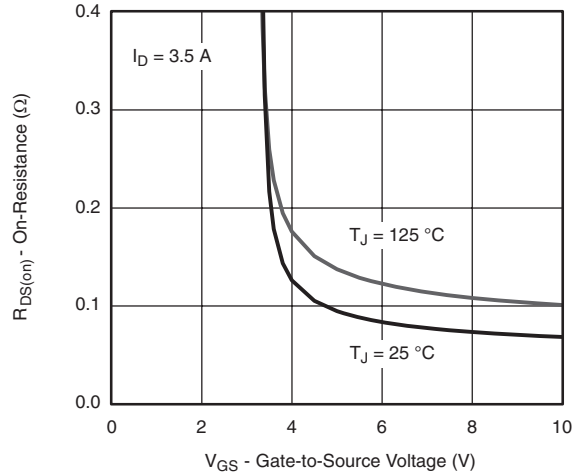
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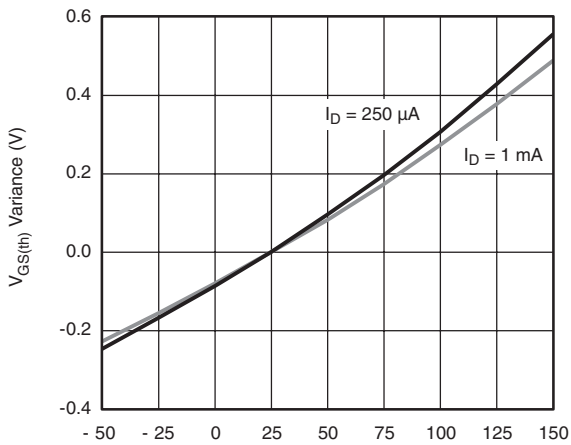
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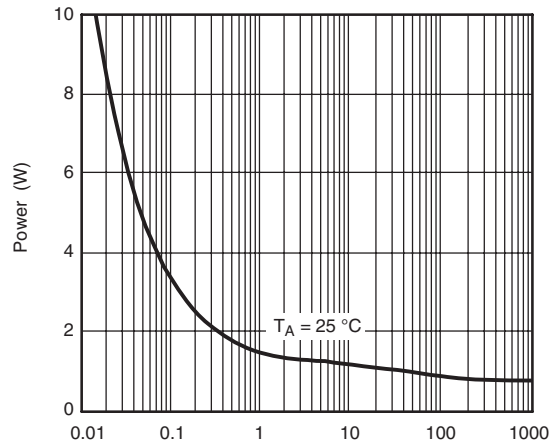**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted
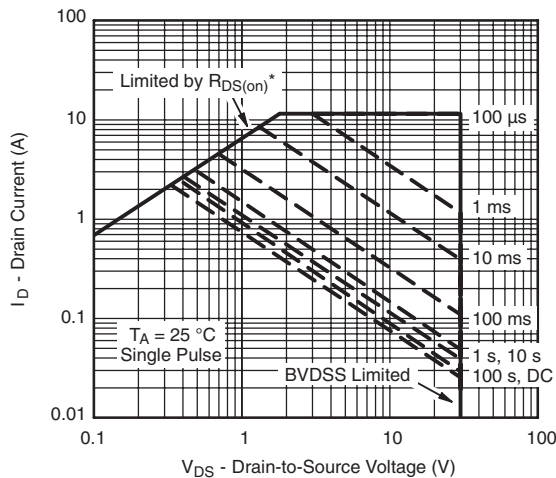

Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

Threshold Voltage

Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

$*$ V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient
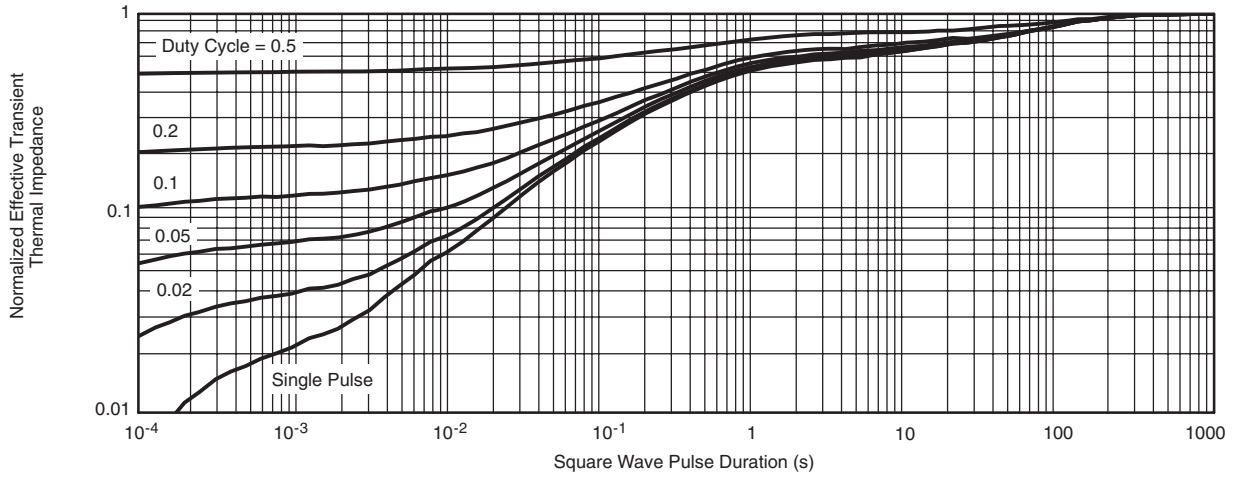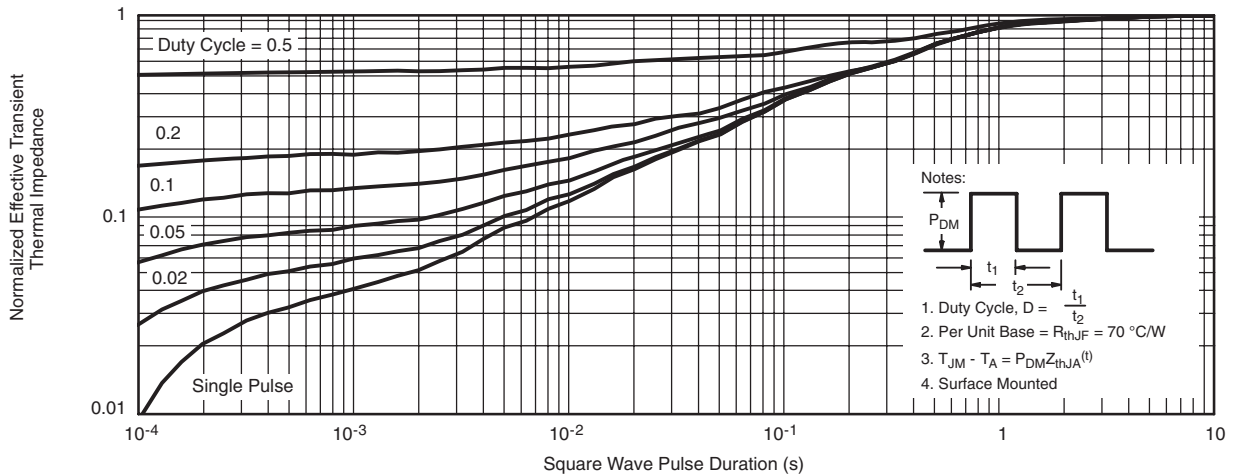
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

Notes:

1. Duty Cycle, D = $\dfrac{t_1}{t_2}$
2. Per Unit Base = R_{thJF} = 70 °C/W
3. $T_{JM} - T_A = P_{DM}Z_{thJA}^{(t)}$
4. Surface Mounted

Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Package Information

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SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD
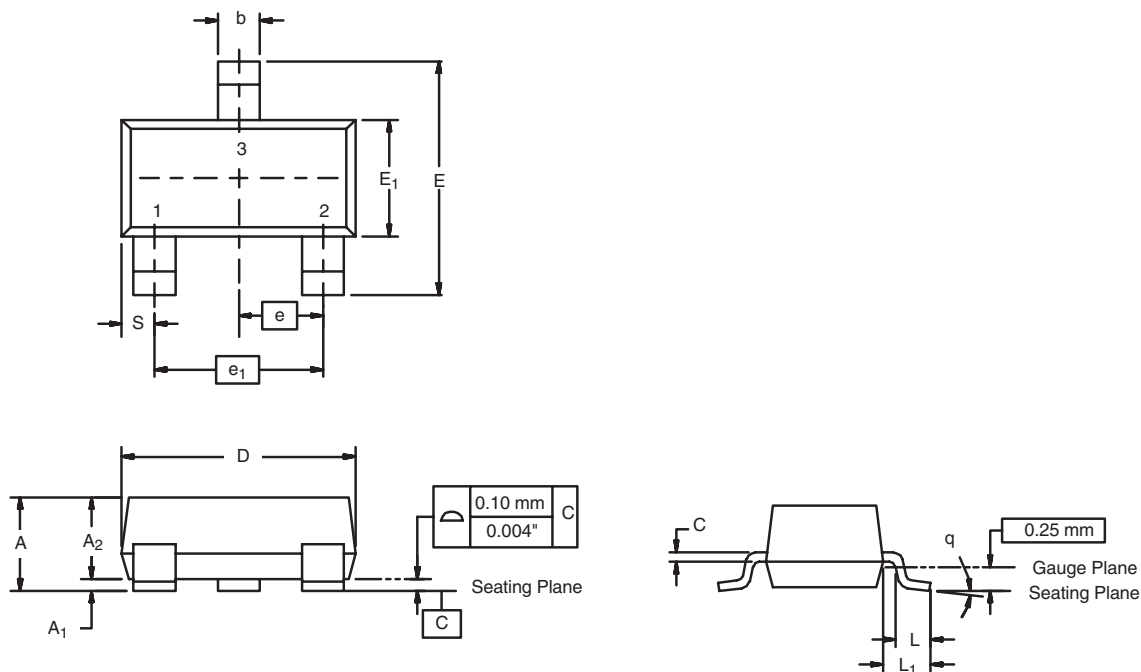
Dim	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	Min	**Max**	**Min**	**Max**
A	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044
A_1	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004
A_2	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020
c	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104
E_1	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055
e	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref	
e_1	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref	
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
L_1	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref	
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref	
q	3°	8°	3°	8°

ECN: S-03946-Rev. K, 09-Jul-01
DWG: 5479

Distributor of Vishay/Siliconix: Excellent Integrated System Limited
Datasheet of SI2307CDS-T1-GE3 - MOSFET P-CH 30V 3.5A SOT23-3
Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

AN807

Vishay Siliconix

Mounting LITTLE FOOT® SOT-23 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFET*s, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint . In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the

ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.
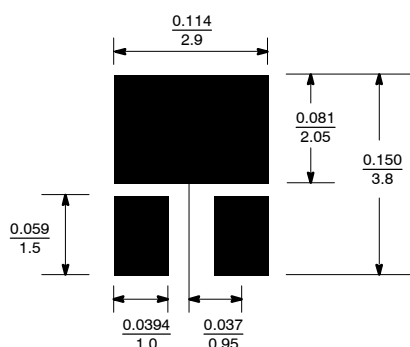

FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

Application Note 826

Vishay Siliconix

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23
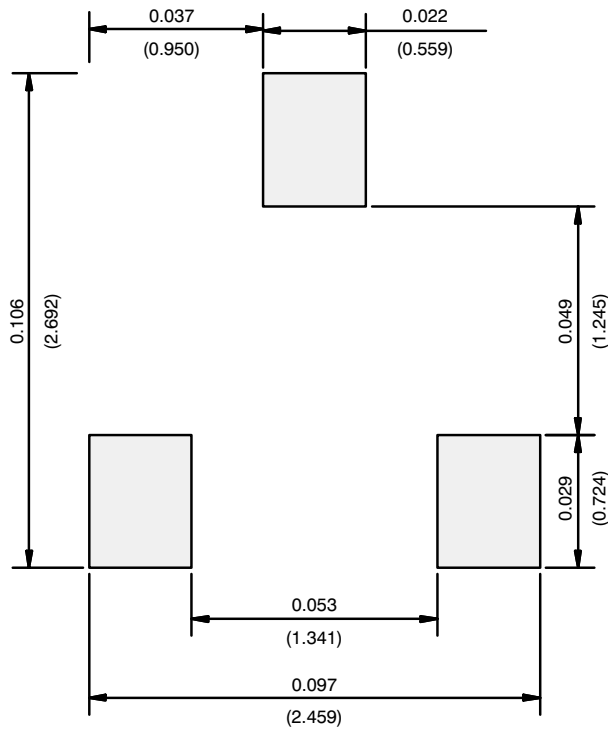
Recommended Minimum Pads
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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APPLICATION NOTE

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