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TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS

TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1

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TPS7A6xxx-Q1 300-mA, 40-V Low-Dropout Regulator With 25- μ A Quiescent Current

1 Features

- Qualified for Automotive Applications
- AEC-Q100 Test Guidance With the Following Results:
 - Device Temperature Grade 1: -40°C to 125°C Ambient Operating Temperature
 - Device HBM ESD Classification Level H3A
 - Device CDM ESD Classification Level C6
- Low Dropout Voltage
 - 300 mV at $I_{\text{OUT}} = 150 \text{ mA}$
- 4-V to 40-V Wide Input Voltage Range With up to 45-V Transients
- 300-mA Maximum Output Current
- Ultralow Quiescent Current
 - $I_{\text{QUIESCENT}} = 25 \mu\text{A}$ (Typical) at Light Loads
 - $I_{\text{SLEEP}} < 2 \mu\text{A}$ When ENABLE = Low
- 3.3-V and 5-V Fixed Output Voltage
- Low-ESR Ceramic Output Stability Capacitor
- Integrated Power-On Reset
 - Programmable Delay
 - Open-Drain Reset Output
- Integrated Fault Protection
 - Short-Circuit and Overcurrent Protection
 - Thermal Shutdown
- Low-Input-Voltage Tracking
- Thermally Enhanced Power Package
 - 5-pin TO-263 (KTT, D2PAK)
 - 5-pin TO-252 (KVU, DPAK)

2 Applications

- Infotainment Systems With Sleep Mode
- Body Control Modules
- Always-On Battery Applications
 - Gateway Applications
 - Remote Keyless Entry Systems
 - Immobilizers

3 Description

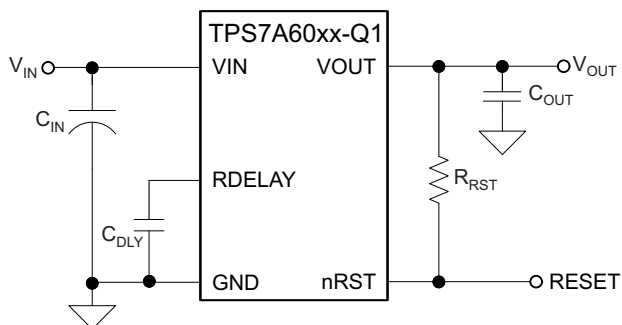
The TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1 comprise a family of low-dropout linear voltage regulators designed for low power consumption and quiescent current less than 25 μA in light-load applications. These devices feature integrated overcurrent protection and are designed to achieve stable operation even with low-ESR ceramic capacitors. Power-on-reset delay is implemented during device start-up to indicate that the output voltage is stable and in regulation. The power-on-reset delay is fixed (250 μs typical), and can also be programmed by an external capacitor. A low-voltage tracking feature allows for a smaller input capacitor and can possibly eliminate the need of using a boost converter during cold-crank conditions. Because of these features, these devices are well-suited in power supplies for various automotive applications.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

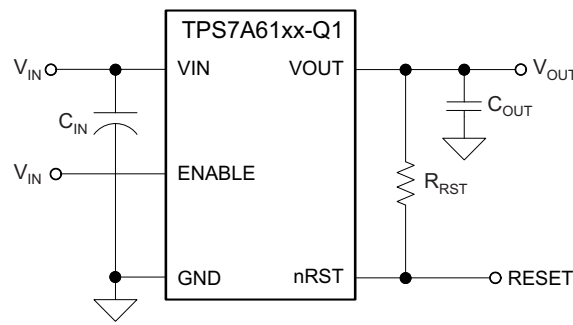
| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE | BODY SIZE (NOM) |
|--------------|------------|---------------------------|
| TPS7A6033-Q1 | TO-263 (5) | 10.16 mm \times 9.15 mm |
| | TO-252 (5) | 6.10 mm \times 6.60 mm |
| TPS7A6050-Q1 | TO-263 (5) | 10.16 mm \times 9.15 mm |
| | TO-252 (5) | 6.10 mm \times 6.60 mm |
| TPS7A6133-Q1 | TO-252 (5) | 6.10 mm \times 6.60 mm |
| TPS7A6150-Q1 | TO-252 (5) | 6.10 mm \times 6.60 mm |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Programmable Reset Delay Option



Enable Option



An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.

TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1

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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision G (April 2012) to Revision H

Page

| | |
|---|----|
| • Added new bullets to top of Features list | 1 |
| • Appended "-Q1" to the part number in numerous locations throughout the data sheet | 1 |
| • Added ESD Rating table, Switching Characteristics table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section | 1 |
| • Added MIN values for VIN, RDELAY, and VOUT in Absolute Maximum Ratings table | 5 |
| • Deleted two graphs from the Typical Characteristics section | 8 |
| • Updated Typical Application Schematic for the TPS7A61xx-Q1 Device image. | 19 |

5 Device Comparison Table

| PART NUMBER | OUTPUT VOLTAGE | ENABLE | RESET | PROGRAMMABLE RESET DELAY |
|--------------|----------------|--------|-------|--------------------------|
| TPS7A6033-Q1 | 3.3 V | No | Yes | Yes |
| | | No | Yes | Yes |
| TPS7A6050-Q1 | 5 V | No | Yes | Yes |
| | | No | Yes | Yes |
| TPS7A6133-Q1 | 3.3 V | Yes | Yes | No |
| TPS7A6150-Q1 | 5 V | Yes | Yes | No |

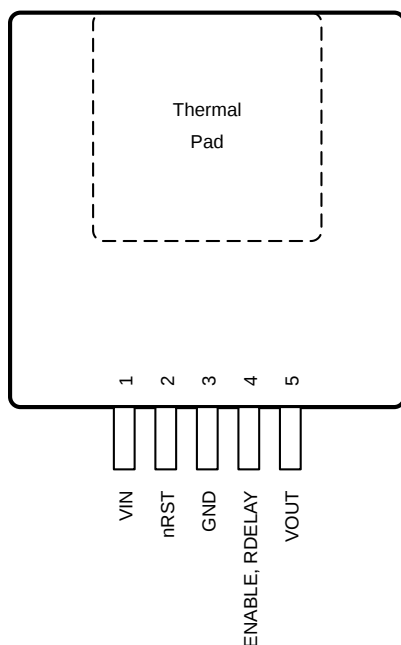
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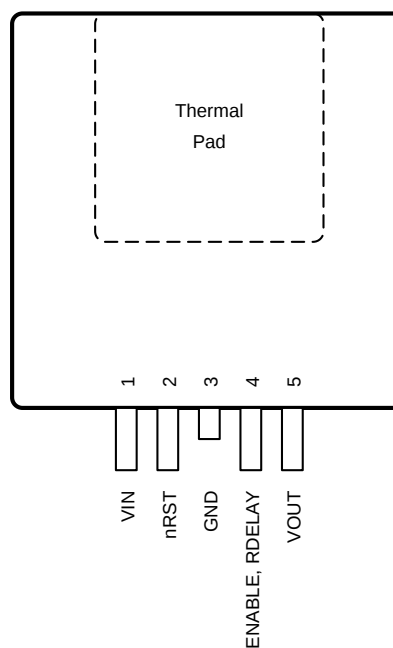
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6 Pin Configuration and Functions

KTT Package
5-Pin TO-263 With Exposed Thermal Pad
Top View



KVU Package
5-Pin TO-252 With Exposed Thermal Pad
Top View



Pin Functions

| PIN | | TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|--------|-----|------|--|
| NAME | NO. | | |
| ENABLE | 4 | I | Enable pin (for TPS7A61xx-Q1 only): This is a high-voltage-tolerant input pin with an internal pulldown. A high input to this pin activates the device and turns the regulator ON. This input can be connected to the VIN pin for self-bias applications. If this pin is not connected, the device stays disabled. |
| GND | 3 | I/O | Ground pin: This is the signal-ground pin of the IC. |
| nRST | 2 | O | Reset pin: This is an output pin with an external pullup resistor connected to the VOUT pin. |
| RDELAY | 4 | O | Reset delay timer pin (for TPS7A60xx-Q1 only): This pin is used to program the reset delay timer using an external capacitor (C_{DL}) to ground. |
| VIN | 1 | I | Input voltage pin: The unregulated input voltage is supplied to this pin. A bypass capacitor is connected between the VIN pin and the GND pin to dampen input line transients. |
| VOUT | 5 | O | Regulated output-voltage pin: This is a regulated voltage output ($V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$ or 5 V , as applicable) pin with a limitation on maximum output current. In order to achieve stable operation and prevent oscillation, an external output capacitor (C_{OUT}) with low ESR is connected between this pin and the GND pin. |

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|---|-------------|------|-----|------|
| Unregulated inputs ⁽²⁾ | VIN, ENABLE | −0.3 | 45 | V |
| Regulated output | VOUT | −0.3 | 7 | V |
| Open-drain reset output | nRST | −0.3 | 7 | V |
| Output to charge an external capacitor | RDELAY | −0.3 | 7 | V |
| Operating ambient temperature, T _J | | −40 | 150 | °C |
| Storage temperature, T _{stg} | | −65 | 150 | °C |

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) Absolute maximum voltage for duration less than 480 ms

7.2 ESD Ratings

| | | | VALUE | UNIT |
|--|-------------------------|---|-------|------|
| TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1 Devices in KVV Package | | | | |
| V _(ESD) | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾ | ±4000 | V |
| | | Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 | ±1000 | |
| TPS7A60xx-Q1 Device in KTT Package | | | | |
| V _(ESD) | Electrostatic discharge | Human-body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾ | ±4000 | V |
| | | Charged-device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011 | ±1500 | |

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating ambient temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|---|-------------------------------|-----|------|------|
| V _{IN} , V _{ENABLE} ⁽¹⁾ | Unregulated input voltage | 4 | 40 | V |
| V _{nRST} , V _{RDELAY} ⁽²⁾ | Low-voltage output range | 0 | 5.25 | V |
| I _{OUT} | Output current | 0 | 300 | mA |
| T _A | Operating ambient temperature | −40 | 150 | °C |

- (1) Applicable for TPS7A61xx-Q1 only.
- (2) Applicable for TPS7A60xx-Q1 only.

7.4 Thermal Information

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | | TPS7A60xx-Q1, TPS7A61xx-Q1 | TPS7A60xx-Q1 | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------|------|
| | | KVV (TO-252) | KTT (TO-263) | |
| | | 5 PINS | 5 PINS | |
| R _{θJA} | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 26.9 | 24.7 | °C/W |
| R _{θJC(top)} | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 32.2 | 38.9 | °C/W |
| R _{θJB} | Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 6.5 | 7.4 | °C/W |
| ψ _{JT} | Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 2.5 | 3.8 | °C/W |
| ψ _{JB} | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 6.5 | 7.4 | °C/W |
| R _{θJC(bot)} | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | 2.8 | 1.5 | °C/W |

- (1) The thermal data is based on JEDEC standard high K profile JESD 51-5. The copper pad is soldered to the thermal land pattern. The correct attachment procedure must be incorporated.
- (2) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

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TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1**

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7.5 Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$, $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-----|------|------|------|
| INPUT VOLTAGE (VIN PIN) | | | | | | |
| VIN | Input voltage | Fixed 5-V output, IOUT = 1 mA | 5.3 | | 40 | V |
| | | Fixed 3.3-V output, IOUT = 1 mA | 4 | | 40 | |
| IQUIESCENT | Quiescent current | VIN = 8.2 V to 18 V, VENABLE(1) = 5 V, IOUT = 0.01 mA to 0.75 mA | | 25 | 40 | μA |
| ISLEEP(1) | Sleep or shutdown current | VIN = 8.2 V to 18 V, VENABLE(1) < 0.8 V, IOUT = 0 mA (no load), TA = 125°C | | | 3 | μA |
| VIN-UVLO | Undervoltage lockout voltage | Ramp VINdown until output is turned OFF | | 3.16 | | V |
| VIN(POWERUP) | Power-up voltage | Ramp VINup until output is turned ON | | 3.45 | | V |
| ENABLE INPUT (ENABLE PIN) | | | | | | |
| VIL(1) | Logic input low level | | 0 | | 0.8 | V |
| VIH(1) | Logic input high level | | 2.5 | | 40 | V |
| REGULATED OUTPUT VOLTAGE (VOUT PIN) | | | | | | |
| VOUT | Regulated output voltage | Fixed VOUT value (3.3 V or 5 V as applicable), IOUT = 10 mA to 300 mA, VIN= VOUT + 1 V to 16 V | −2% | | 2% | |
| ΔVLINE-REG | Line regulation | VIN = 6 V to 28 V, IOUT = 10 mA, VOUT = 5 V | | | 15 | mV |
| | | VIN = 6 V to 28 V, IOUT = 10 mA, VOUT = 3.3 V | | | 20 | mV |
| ΔVLOAD-REG | Load regulation | IOUT = 10 mA to 300 mA, VIN= 14 V, VOUT = 5 V | | | 25 | mV |
| | | IOUT = 10 mA to 300 mA, VIN= 14 V, VOUT = 3.3 V | | | 35 | mV |
| VDROPOUT(2) | Dropout voltage (VIN − VOUT) | IOUT = 250 mA | | | 500 | mV |
| | | IOUT = 150 mA | | | 300 | mV |
| RSW | Switch resistance | VIN to VOUT resistance | | | 2 | Ω |
| ICL | Output current limit | VOUT = 0 V (VOUT pin is shorted to ground) | 350 | | 1000 | mA |
| PSRR | Power supply ripple rejection | VIN-RIPPLE = 0.5 Vpp, IOUT = 300 mA, frequency = 100 Hz, VOUT = 5 V and VOUT = 3.3 V | | 60 | | dB |
| | | VIN-RIPPLE = 0.5 Vpp, IOUT = 300 mA, frequency = 150 kHz, VOUT = 5 V and VOUT = 3.3 V | | 30 | | |
| RESET (nRST PIN) | | | | | | |
| VOL | Reset pulled low | IOL = 5 mA | | | 0.4 | V |
| IOH | Leakage current | Reset pulled to VOUT through 5-kΩ resistor | | | 1 | μA |
| VTH(POR) | Power-on-reset threshold | VOUT power up above internally set tolerance, VOUT = 5 V | 4.5 | 4.65 | 4.77 | V |
| | | VOUT power up above internally set tolerance, VOUT = 3.3 V | | 3.07 | | |
| UVTHRES | Reset threshold | VOUT falling below internally set tolerance, VOUT = 5 V | 4.5 | 4.65 | 4.77 | V |
| | | VOUT falling below internally set tolerance, VOUT = 3.3 V | | 3.07 | | |

(1) Applicable for TPS7A61xx-Q1 only.

(2) This test is done with V_{OUT} in regulation and $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ parameter is measured when V_{OUT} (3.3 V or 5 V) drops by 100 mV at specified loads.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 14\text{ V}$, $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 150°C (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------------------|---|------|-----|------|--------------------|
| RESET DELAY (RDELAY PIN) | | | | | |
| $V_{TH(RDELAY)}^{(3)}$ | Threshold to release nRST high Voltage at RDELAY pin is ramped up. | | 3 | 3.3 | V |
| $I_{DLY}^{(3)}$ | Delay capacitor charging current | 0.75 | 1 | 1.25 | μA |
| $I_{OL}^{(3)}$ | Delay capacitor discharging current Voltage at RDELAY pin = 1 V | 5 | | | mA |
| OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE | | | | | |
| T_J | Operating junction temperature | -40 | | 150 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $T_{SHUTDOWN}$ | Thermal shutdown trip point | | 165 | | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| T_{HYST} | Thermal shutdown hysteresis | | 10 | | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

(3) Applicable for TPS7A60xx-Q1 only.

7.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
|-------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|---------------|
| RESET (nRST PIN) | | | | | |
| t_{POR} | Power-on-reset delay $C_{DLY} = 100\text{ pF}$ | | 300 | | μs |
| | $C_{DLY} = 100\text{ nF}$ | | 300 | | ms |
| $t_{POR-PRESET}$ | Internally preset power-on-reset delay C_{DLY} not connected in TPS7A60xx or not available in TPS7A61xx, $V_{OUT} = 5\text{ V}$ and $V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}$ | | 250 | | μs |
| $t_{DEGLITCH}$ | Reset deglitch time | | 5.5 | | μs |

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7.7 Typical Characteristics

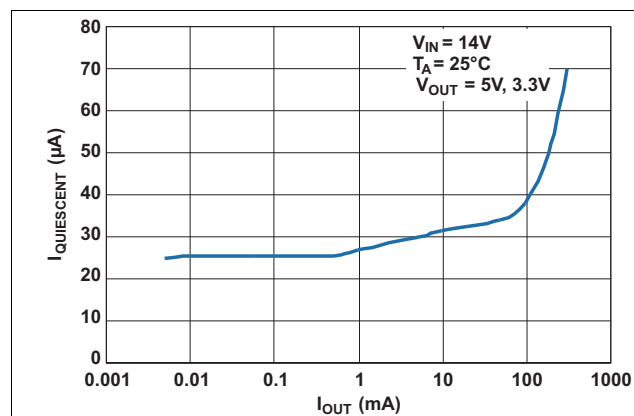


Figure 1. Quiescent Current vs Load Current

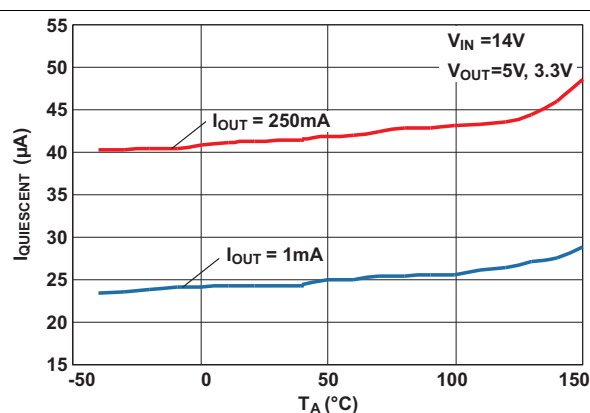


Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs Ambient Air Temperature

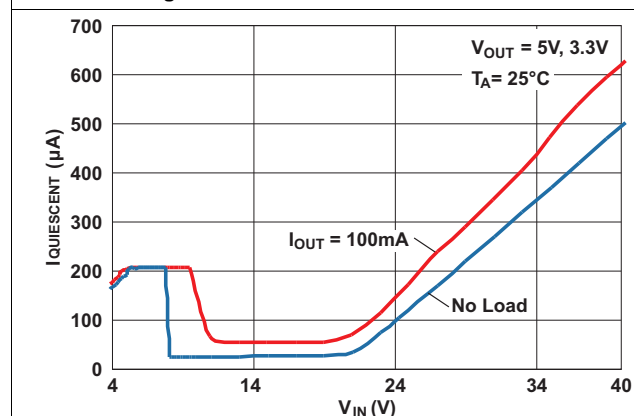


Figure 3. Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage

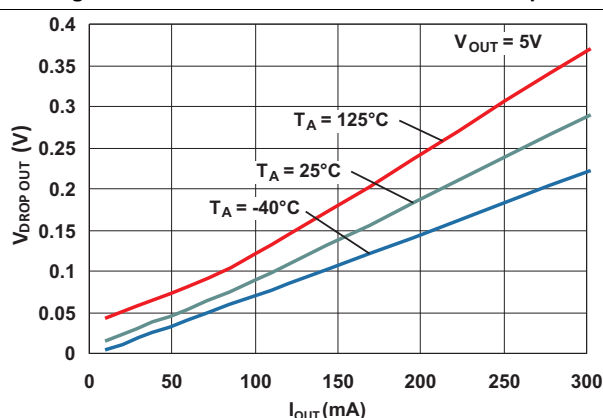


Figure 4. Dropout Voltage ⁽¹⁾ vs Load Current

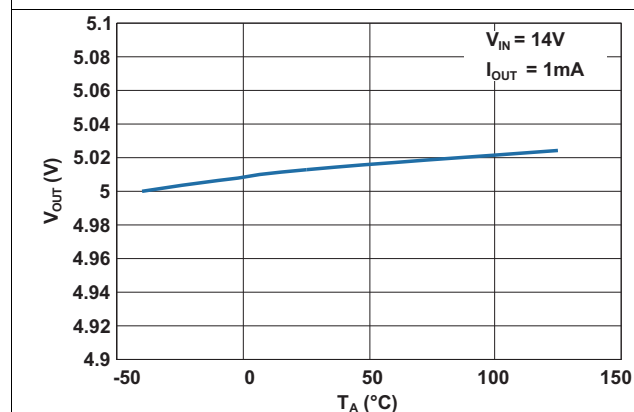


Figure 5. Output Voltage vs Ambient Air Temperature

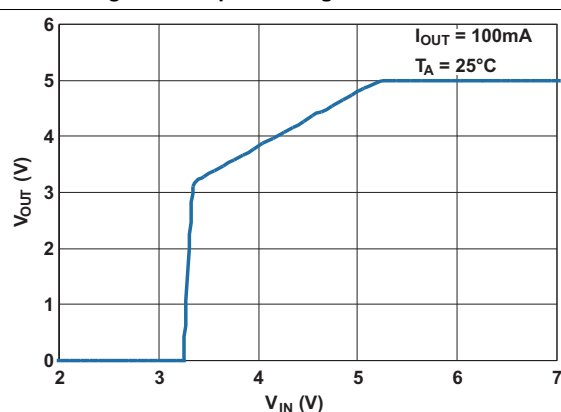


Figure 6. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage

(1) Dropout voltage is measured when the output voltage drops by 100 mV from the regulated output voltage level. (For example, dropout voltage for the TPS7A6050-Q1 is measured when the output voltage drops down to 4.9 V from 5 V.)

Typical Characteristics (continued)

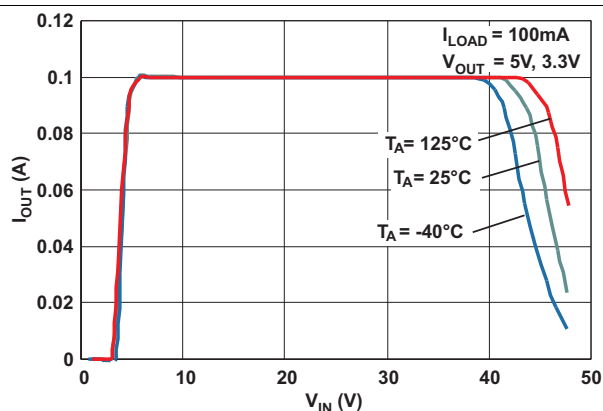


Figure 7. Output Voltage vs Input Voltage

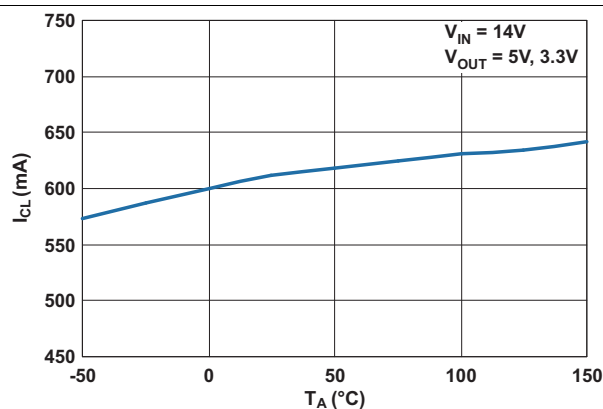


Figure 8. Output Current Limit vs Ambient Air Temperature

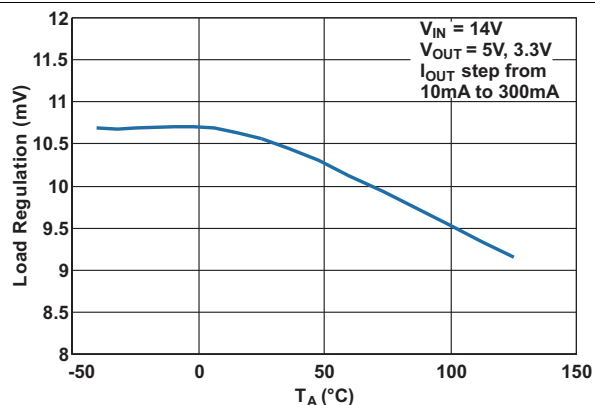


Figure 9. Load Regulation vs Ambient Air Temperature

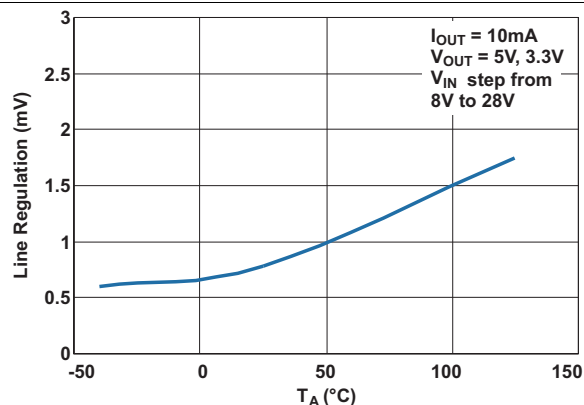


Figure 10. Line Regulation vs Ambient Air Temperature

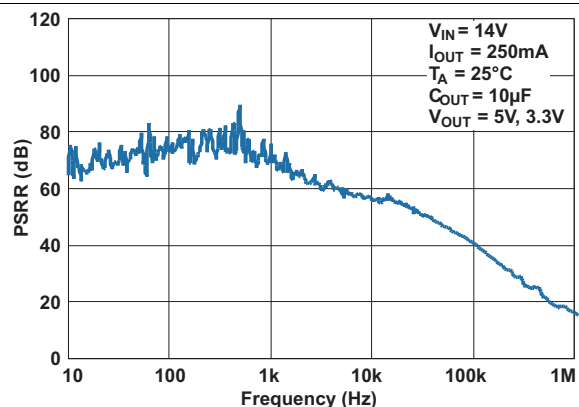


Figure 11. PSRR at Heavy Load Current

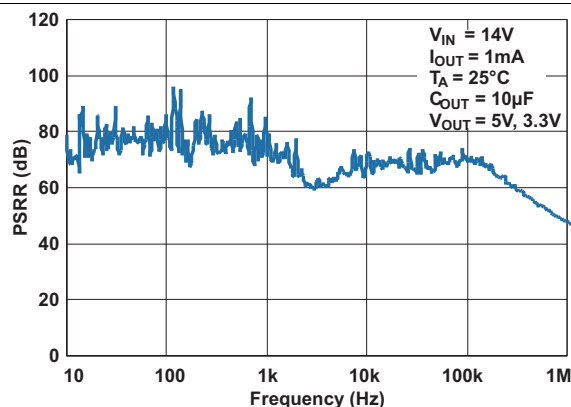


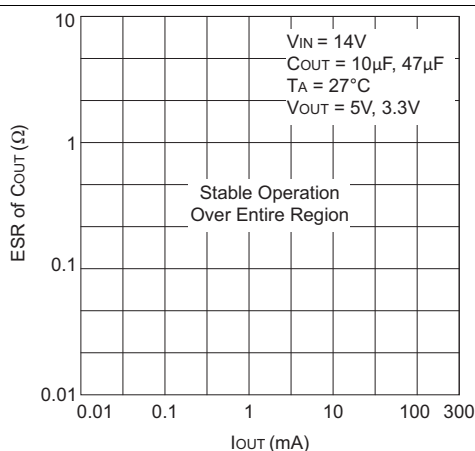
Figure 12. PSRR at Light Load Current

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Typical Characteristics (continued)



**Figure 13. ESR Stability vs Load Current
for TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1**

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1 devices comprise a family of monolithic low-dropout linear voltage regulators with integrated reset functionality. These voltage regulators are designed for low power consumption and quiescent current less than 25 μ A in light-load applications. These devices are well-suited in power supplies for microprocessors and microcontrollers because of an integrated reset delay, also called power-on-reset delay.

These devices are available in two fixed output-voltage (3.3-V and 5-V) versions as follows:

- Programmable reset delay version (TPS7A60xx-Q1)
- Enable version (TPS7A61xx-Q1)

8.2 Functional Block Diagrams

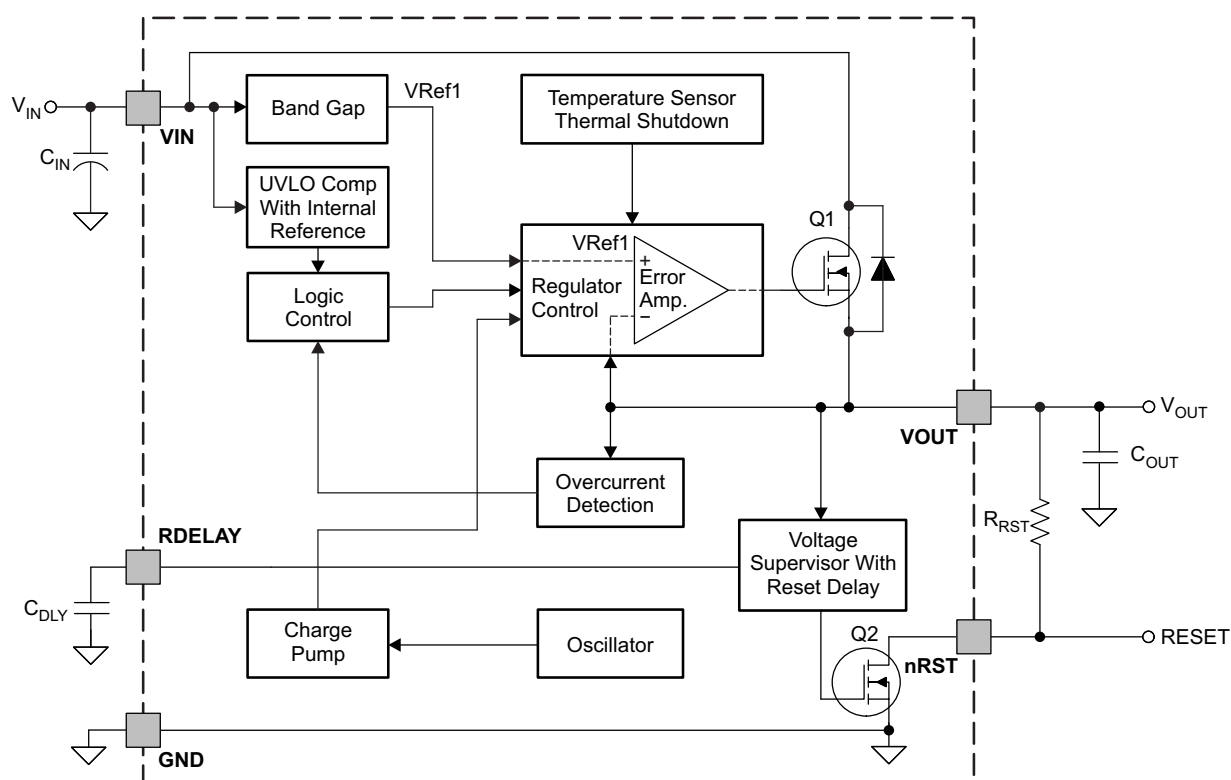


Figure 14. TPS7A60xx-Q1 Functional Block Diagram

Feature Description (continued)

During power up, the regulator incorporates a protection scheme to limit the current through the pass element and output capacitor. When the input voltage exceeds a certain threshold ($V_{IN(POWERUP)}$) level, the output voltage begins to ramp as shown in Figure 16 and Figure 17. When the output voltage reaches the power-on-reset threshold ($V_{TH(POR)}$) level, a constant output current charges an external capacitor (C_{DLY}) to an internal threshold ($V_{TH(RDELAY)}$) voltage level. Then, $nRST$ is asserted high and C_{DLY} is discharged through an internal load. This allows C_{DLY} to charge from approximately 0 V during the next power cycle. If no external capacitor is connected, the delay time is preset internally. This is shown in Figure 16.

In TPS7A60xx-Q1 devices, if the C_{DLY} capacitor is not connected to the RDELAY pin, the reset-delay time is set internally. This is shown in Figure 17.

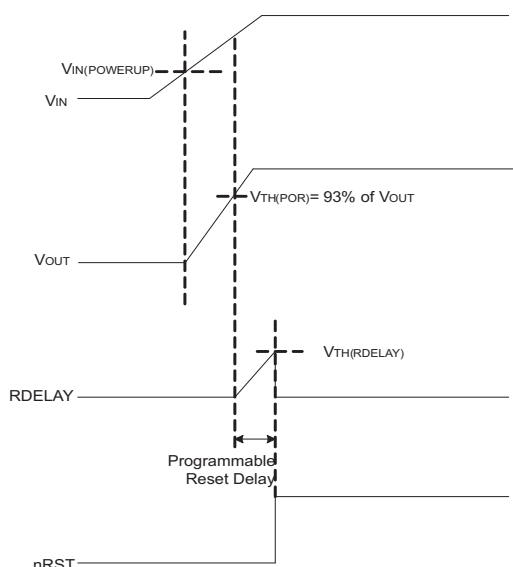


Figure 16. Power Up and Reset-Delay Function With the C_{DLY} Capacitor Connected to the RDELAY Pin for TPS7A60xx-Q1

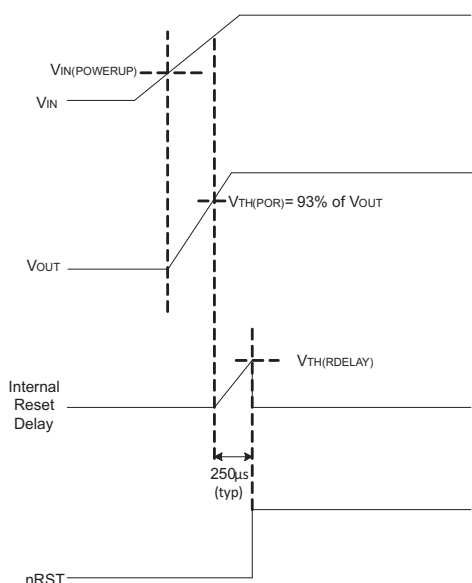


Figure 17. Power Up and Reset Delay Function With the C_{DLY} Capacitor Not Connected or Available in TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1, Respectively

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Feature Description (continued)

In case of negative transients in the input voltage (V_{IN}), the reset signal is asserted low only if the output (V_{OUT}) drops and stays below the reset threshold level ($V_{TH(POR)}$) for more than the de-glitch time ($t_{DEGLITCH}$). This is shown in Figure 18.

While $nRST$ is low, if the input voltage returns to the nominal operating voltage, the normal power-up sequence is followed. $nRST$ is asserted high, only if the output voltage exceeds the reset-threshold voltage ($V_{TH(POR)}$) and the reset-delay time (t_{POR}) has elapsed. This is shown in the shaded region of Figure 18.

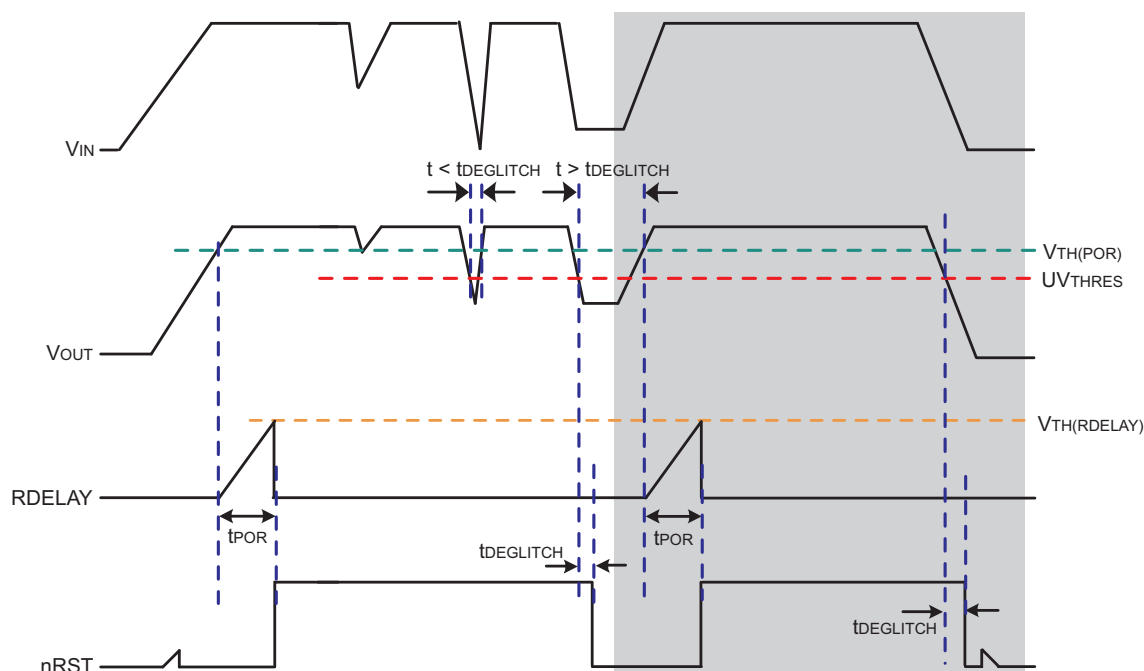


Figure 18. Conditions for Activation of Reset

8.3.2 Charge Pump Operation

These devices have an internal charge pump which turns on or off depending on the input voltage and the output current. The charge-pump switching circuitry does not cause conducted emissions to exceed required thresholds on the input-voltage line. For a given output current, the charge pump stays on at lower input voltages and turns off at higher input voltages. The charge-pump switching thresholds are hysteretic. Figure 19 and Figure 20 show typical switching thresholds for the charge pump at light ($I_{OUT} < \text{approximately } 2 \text{ mA}$) and heavy ($I_{OUT} > \text{approximately } 2 \text{ mA}$) loads, respectively.

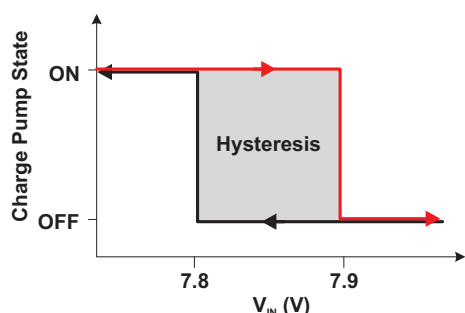


Figure 19. Charge Pump Operation at Light Loads

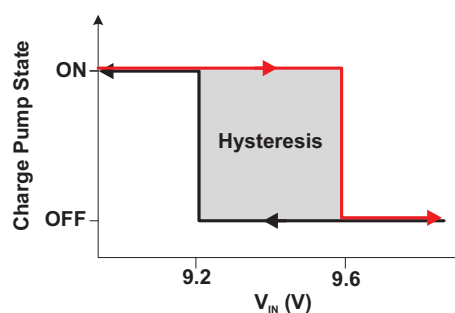


Figure 20. Charge Pump Operation at Heavy Loads

Feature Description (continued)

8.3.3 Undervoltage Shutdown

These devices have an integrated undervoltage lockout (UVLO) circuit to shut down the output if the input voltage (V_{IN}) falls below an internally fixed UVLO threshold level ($V_{IN-UVLO}$). This ensures that the regulator is not latched into an unknown state during low-input-voltage conditions. The regulator powers up when the input voltage exceeds the $V_{IN(POWERUP)}$ level.

8.3.4 Low-Voltage Tracking

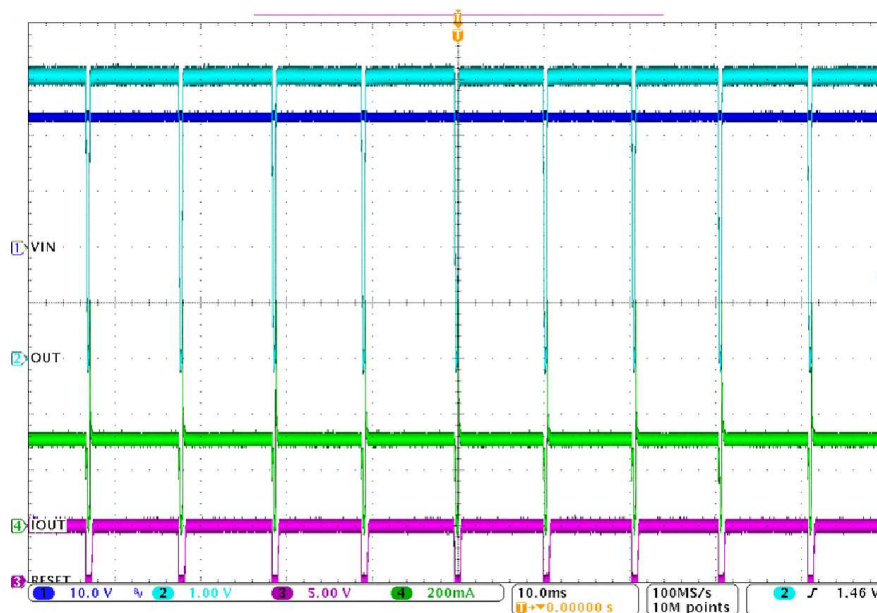
At low input voltages, the regulator drops out of regulation, and the output voltage tracks the input minus a voltage based on the load current (I_{OUT}) and switch resistance (R_{SW}). This allows for a smaller input capacitor and can possibly eliminate the need of using a boost converter during cold-crank conditions.

8.3.5 Integrated Fault Protection

These devices feature integrated fault protection to make them ideal for use in automotive applications. In order to keep them in a safe area of operation during certain fault conditions, internal current-limit protection and current-limit foldback are used to limit the maximum output current. This protects them from excessive power dissipation. For example, during a short-circuit condition on the output, current through the pass element is limited to I_{CL} to protect the device from excessive power dissipation.

8.3.6 Thermal Shutdown

These devices incorporate a thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit as a protection from overheating. For continuous normal operation, the junction temperature should not exceed the TSD trip point. If the junction temperature exceeds the TSD trip point, the output is turned off. When the junction temperature falls below the TSD trip point, the output is turned on again. This is shown in Figure 21.



$V_{IN} = 24\text{ V}$

$I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$

$V_{OUT} = 5\text{ V}$

Figure 21. Thermal Cycling Waveform for the TPS7A6150-Q1

**TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1**

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8.4 Device Functional Modes

8.4.1 Low-Power Mode

At light loads and high input voltages ($V_{IN} >$ approximately 8 V such that charge pump is off), the device operates in low-power mode and the quiescent current consumption is reduced to 25 μ A (typical) as shown in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. Typical Quiescent Current Consumption

| I_{OUT} | CHARGE PUMP ON | CHARGE PUMP OFF |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------|
| $I_{OUT} <$ approximately 2 mA (Light load) | 250 μ A | 25 μ A (Low-power mode) |
| $I_{OUT} >$ approximately 2mA (Heavy load) | 280 μ A | 70 μ A |

8.4.2 Sleep Mode (TPS7A61xx-Q1 Only)

The enable falling edge is 0.8 V (minimum). The device operates in the sleep mode by holding the ENABLE pin below that voltage, and the quiescent current consumption is reduced to 3 μ A (maximum) as shown in [Electrical Characteristics](#).

8.4.3 Regulation Mode

When the input voltage is above 4 V (3.3-V version) or 5.3 V (5-V version), with ENABLE pin pulled higher than 2.5 V, the device operates in regulation mode and outputs the nominal voltage.

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1 devices are 300-mA low-dropout linear regulators designed for up to 40-V V_{IN} operation with only 25- μ A quiescent current at no load. There are specific EVMs designed for these devices to enable evaluation of all the functions of the devices. Both the EVM and its user guide are available on the product folder as well.

9.2 Typical Applications

Figure 22 and Figure 24 show typical application circuits for the TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A61xx-Q1, respectively. One may use different values of external components, depending on the end application. An application may require a larger output capacitor during fast load steps in order to prevent reset from occurring. TI recommends a low-ESR ceramic capacitor with dielectric of type X5R or X7R.

9.2.1 TPS7A60xx-Q1 Typical Application

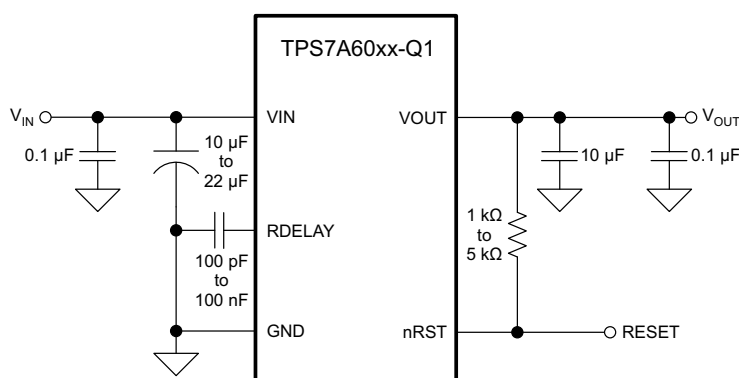


Figure 22. Typical Application Schematic for the TPS7A60xx-Q1 Device

9.2.1.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2.

Table 2. TPS7A60xx-Q1 Design Parameters

| DESIGN PARAMETER | EXAMPLE VALUE |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Input voltage range | 4 V to 40 V (for TPS7A6033-Q1) or 5.3 V to 40 V (for TPS7A6050-Q1) |
| Output voltage | 3.3 V (for TPS7A6033-Q1) or 5 V (for TPS7A6050-Q1) |
| Output current rating | 300 mA |
| Output capacitor range | 10 μ F to 47 μ F |
| Output-capacitor ESR range | 10 m Ω to 10 Ω |
| RESET-delay capacitor range | 100 pF to 100 nF |

**TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
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9.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
- Output voltage
- Output current rating
- Input capacitor
- Output capacitor

9.2.1.2.1 Input Capacitor

The device requires an input bypass capacitor, the value of which depends on the application. The typical recommended value for the bypass capacitor is 10 μ F. The voltage rating must be greater than the maximum input voltage.

9.2.1.2.2 Output Capacitor

The device requires an output capacitor to stabilize the output voltage. TI recommends to selecting a capacitor between 10 μ F and 47 μ F with ESR range from 10 m Ω to 10 Ω .

9.2.1.3 Application Curve

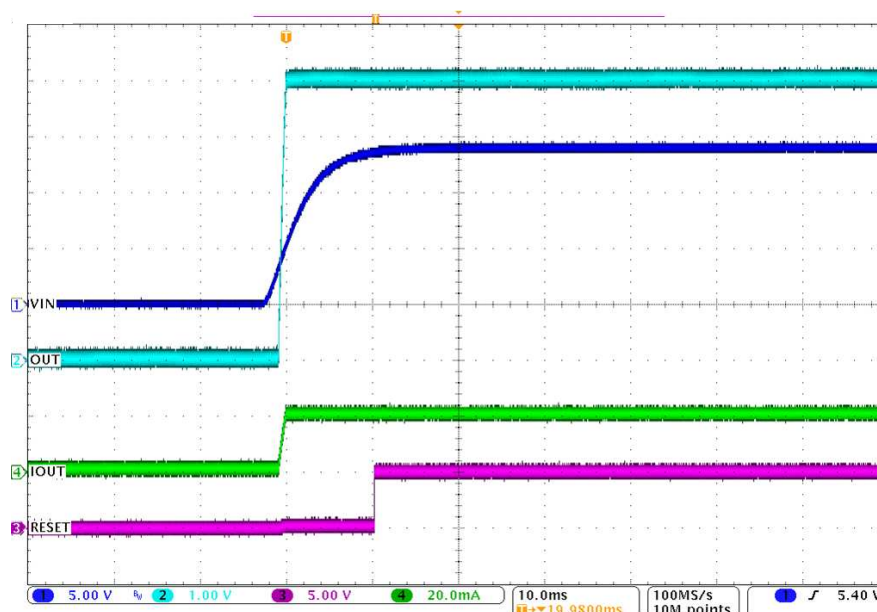


Figure 23. Power Up ($V_{OUT} = 5$ V) With 10-ms RESET Delay, 10 ms/div, $I_L = 20$ mA

9.2.2 TPS7A61xx-Q1 Typical Application

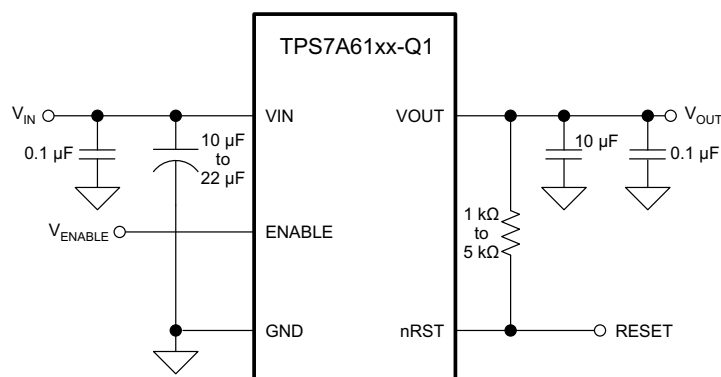


Figure 24. Typical Application Schematic for the TPS7A61xx-Q1 Device

9.2.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in [Table 3](#).

Table 3. TPS7A61xx-Q1 Design Parameters

| DESIGN PARAMETER | EXAMPLE VALUE |
|----------------------------|--|
| Input voltage range | 4 V to 40 V (for TPS7A6133-Q1) or 5.3 V to 40 V (for TPS7A6150-Q1) |
| Output voltage | 3.3 V (for TPS7A6133-Q1) or 5 V (for TPS7A6150-Q1) |
| Output current rating | 300 mA |
| Output capacitor range | 10 µF to 47 µF |
| Output-capacitor ESR range | 10 mΩ to 10 Ω |

9.2.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
- Output voltage
- Output current rating
- Input capacitor
- Output capacitor

**TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1**

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9.2.2.3 Application Curve

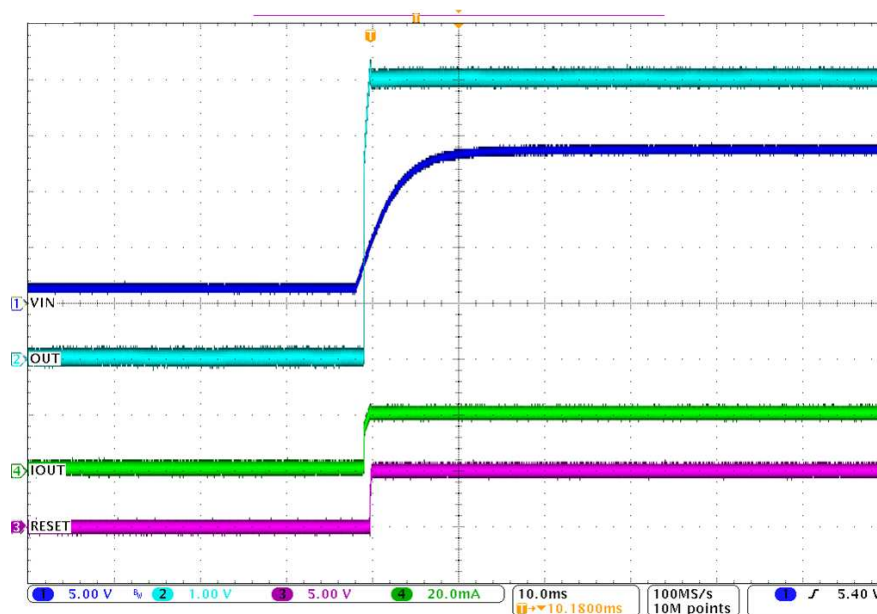


Figure 25. Power Up ($V_{OUT} = 5\text{ V}$), 10 ms/div, $I_L = 20\text{ mA}$

10 Power Supply Recommendations

Design of the device is for operation from an input voltage supply with a range between 4 V and 40 V. This input supply must be well regulated. If the input supply is located more than a few inches from the TPS7A60xx-Q1 or TPS7A61xx-Q1 device, TI recommends adding an electrolytic capacitor with a value of 22 μ F and a ceramic bypass capacitor at the input.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

For the LDO power supply, especially these high voltage and large current ones, layout is an important step. If layout is not carefully designed, the regulator could not deliver enough output current because of the thermal limitation. To improve the thermal performance of the device, and maximize the current output at high ambient temperature, it is recommended to spread the thermal pad as large as possible and put enough thermal vias on the thermal pad. [Figure 26](#) and [Figure 27](#) show an example layout.

11.2 Layout Examples

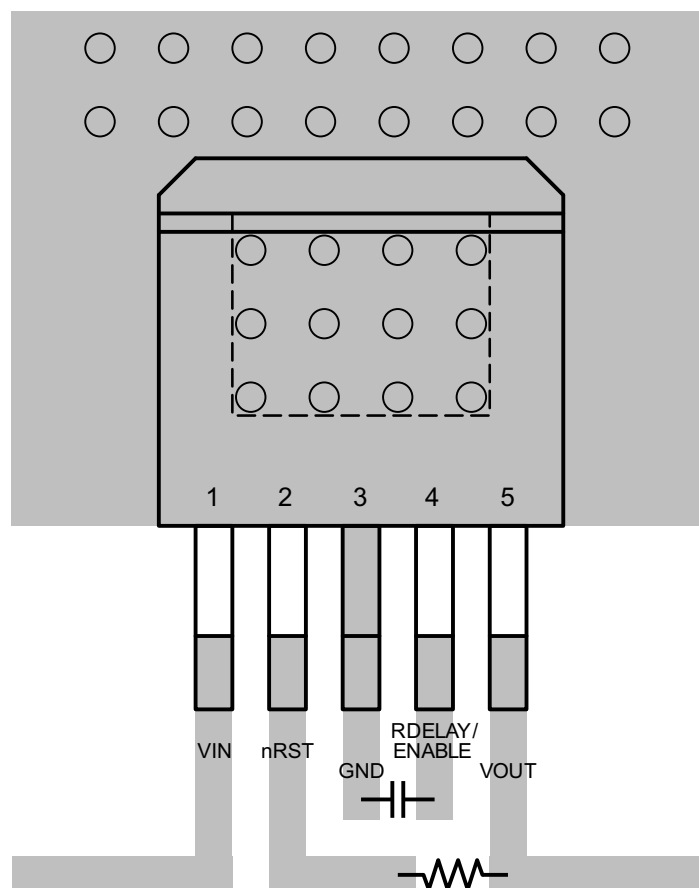


Figure 26. Layout Recommendation for 5-Pin KTT Package

**TPS7A6033-Q1, TPS7A6050-Q1
TPS7A6133-Q1, TPS7A6150-Q1**

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Layout Examples (continued)

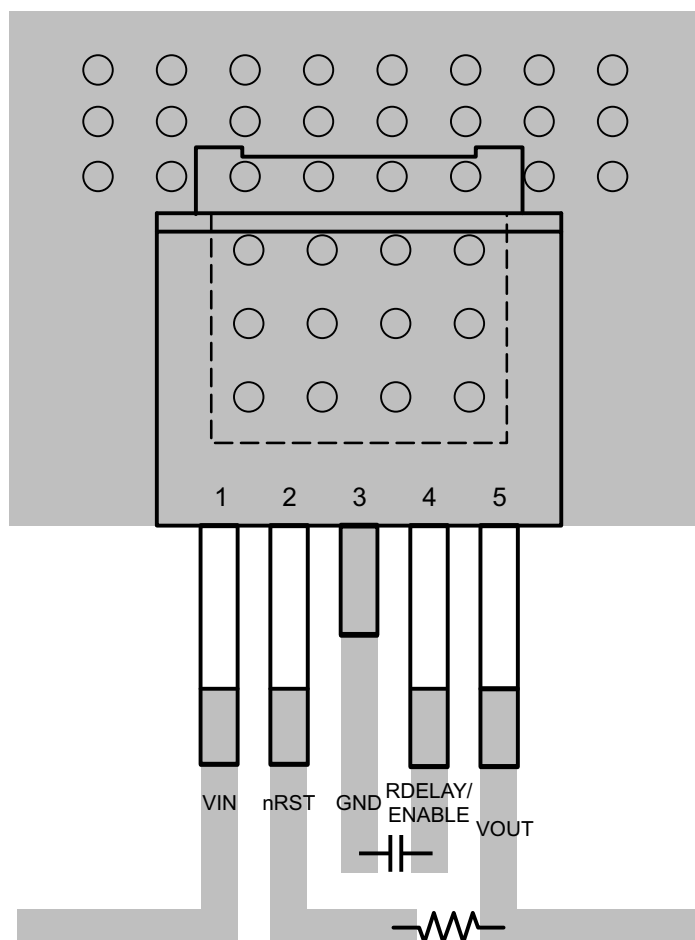


Figure 27. Layout Recommendation for 5-pin KVV package

11.3 Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations

Power dissipated in the device can be calculated using [Equation 2](#).

$$P_D = I_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) + I_{QUIESCENT} \times V_{IN}$$

where

- P_D = continuous power dissipation
- I_{OUT} = output current
- V_{IN} = input voltage
- V_{OUT} = output voltage
- $I_{QUIESCENT}$ = quiescent current

(2)

As $I_{QUIESCENT} \ll I_{OUT}$, therefore, the term $I_{QUIESCENT} \times V_{IN}$ in [Equation 2](#) can be ignored.

For a device under operation at a given ambient air temperature (T_A), the junction temperature (T_J) can be calculated using [Equation 3](#).

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D)$$

where

- $R_{\theta JA}$ = junction-to-ambient-air thermal impedance

(3)

Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations (continued)

The rise in junction temperature due to power dissipation can be calculated using Equation 4.

$$\Delta T = T_J - T_A = (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D) \quad (4)$$

For a given maximum junction temperature (T_{J-Max}), the maximum ambient air temperature (T_{A-Max}) at which the device can operate can be calculated using Equation 5.

$$T_{A-Max} = T_{J-Max} - (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D) \quad (5)$$

Example:

If $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{ mA}$, $V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = 14 \text{ V}$, $I_{QUIESCENT} = 250 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ and $R_{\theta JA} = 30^\circ\text{C/W}$, the continuous power dissipated in the device is 0.9 W . The rise in junction temperature due to power dissipation is 27°C . For a maximum junction temperature of 150°C , maximum ambient air temperature at which the device can operate is 123°C .

For adequate heat dissipation, it is recommended to solder the thermal pad (exposed heat sink) to a thermal land pad on the PCB. Doing this provides a heat conduction path from the die to the PCB and reduces overall package thermal resistance. Power derating curves for the TPS7A60xx-Q1 and TPS7A60xx-Q1 family of devices in the KTT (TO-263) and KVU (TO-252) packages are shown in Figure 28.

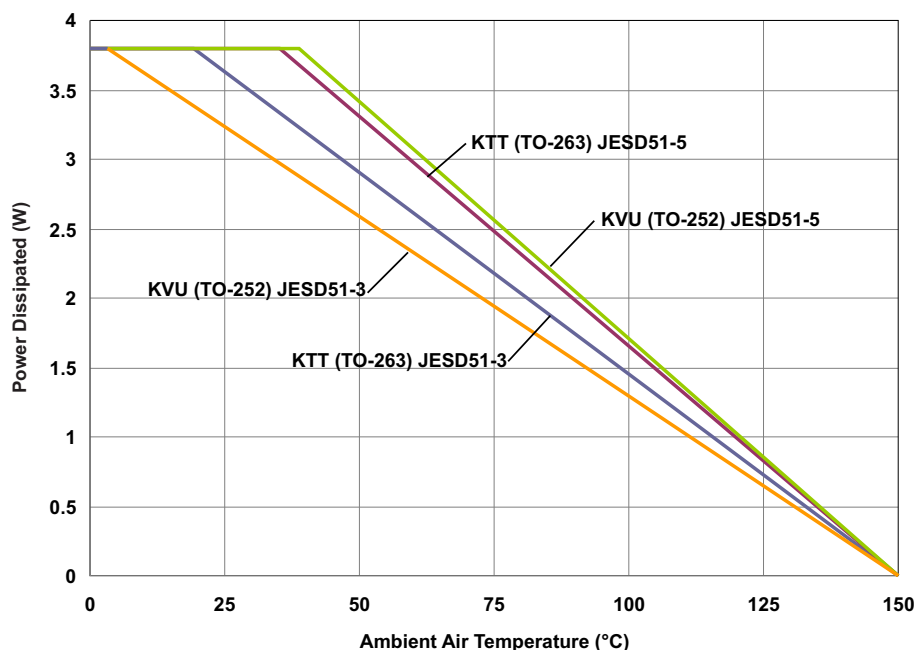


Figure 28. Power Derating Curves

For optimum thermal performance, TI recommends to use a high-K PCB with thermal vias between the ground plane and solder pad or thermal land pad. This is shown in Figure 29 (a) and (b). Further, the heat-spreading capabilities of a PCB can be considerably improved by using a thicker ground plane and a thermal land pad with a larger surface area.

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Power Dissipation and Thermal Considerations (continued)

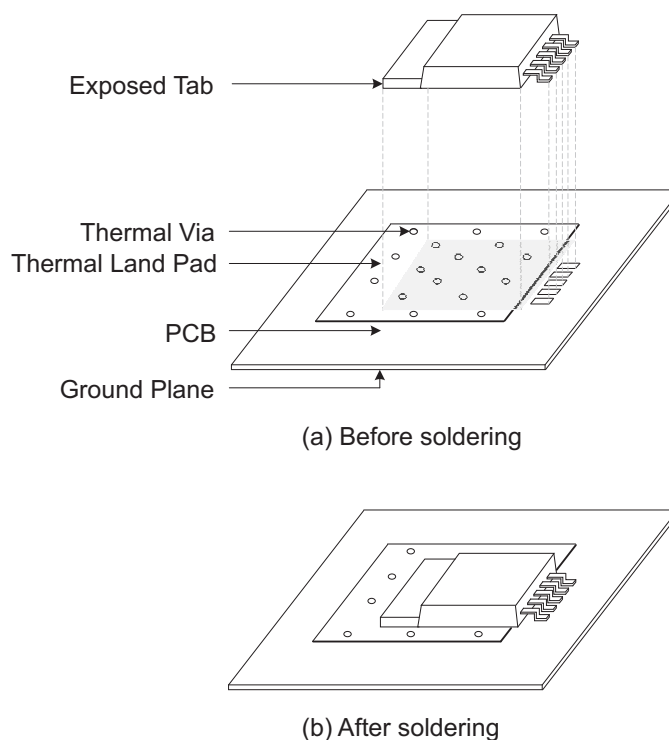


Figure 29. Using Multilayer PCB and Thermal Vias For Adequate Heat Dissipation

Keeping other factors constant, surface area of the thermal land pad contributes to heat dissipation only to a certain extent. Figure 30 shows the variation of $R_{\theta JA}$ with surface area of the thermal land pad (soldered to the exposed pad) for KTT and KVU packages.

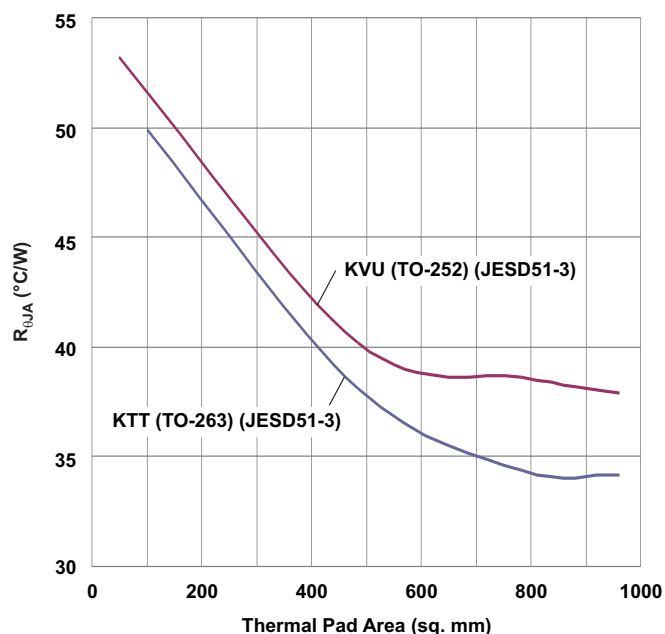


Figure 30. $R_{\theta JA}$ vs Thermal Pad Area

12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 4. Related Links

| PARTS | PRODUCT FOLDER | SAMPLE & BUY | TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS | TOOLS & SOFTWARE | SUPPORT & COMMUNITY |
|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| TPS7A6033-Q1 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |
| TPS7A6050-Q1 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |
| TPS7A6133-Q1 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |
| TPS7A6150-Q1 | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here | Click here |

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
 All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most-current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and without revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, see the left-hand navigation pane.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| TPS7A6033QKTTRQ1 | ACTIVE | DDPAK/ TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-245C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6033Q1 | Samples |
| TPS7A6033QKVURQ1 | ACTIVE | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6033Q1 | Samples |
| TPS7A6050QKTTRQ1 | ACTIVE | DDPAK/ TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-245C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6050Q1 | Samples |
| TPS7A6050QKVURQ1 | ACTIVE | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6050Q1 | Samples |
| TPS7A6133QKVURQ1 | ACTIVE | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6133Q1 | Samples |
| TPS7A6150QKVURQ1 | ACTIVE | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 125 | 7A6150Q1 | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.



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Distributor of Texas Instruments: Excellent Integrated System Limited

Datasheet of TPS7A6050QKTTRQ1 - IC REG LDO 5V 0.3A DDPAK

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

21-May-2013

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

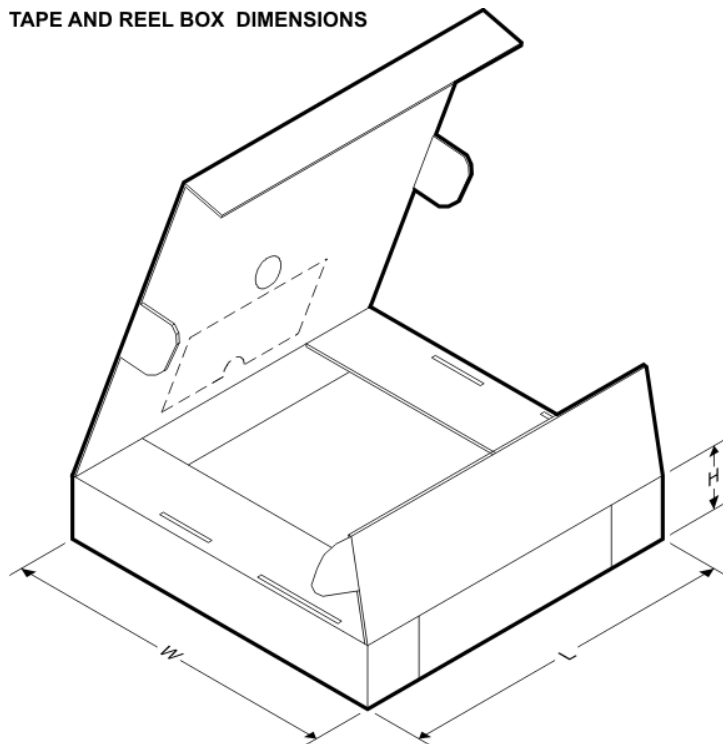
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| TPS7A6033QKTTRQ1 | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.6 | 15.8 | 4.9 | 16.0 | 24.0 | Q2 |
| TPS7A6033QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q2 |
| TPS7A6050QKTTRQ1 | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | 330.0 | 24.4 | 10.6 | 15.8 | 4.9 | 16.0 | 24.0 | Q2 |
| TPS7A6050QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q2 |
| TPS7A6133QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q2 |
| TPS7A6150QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 10.5 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q2 |

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



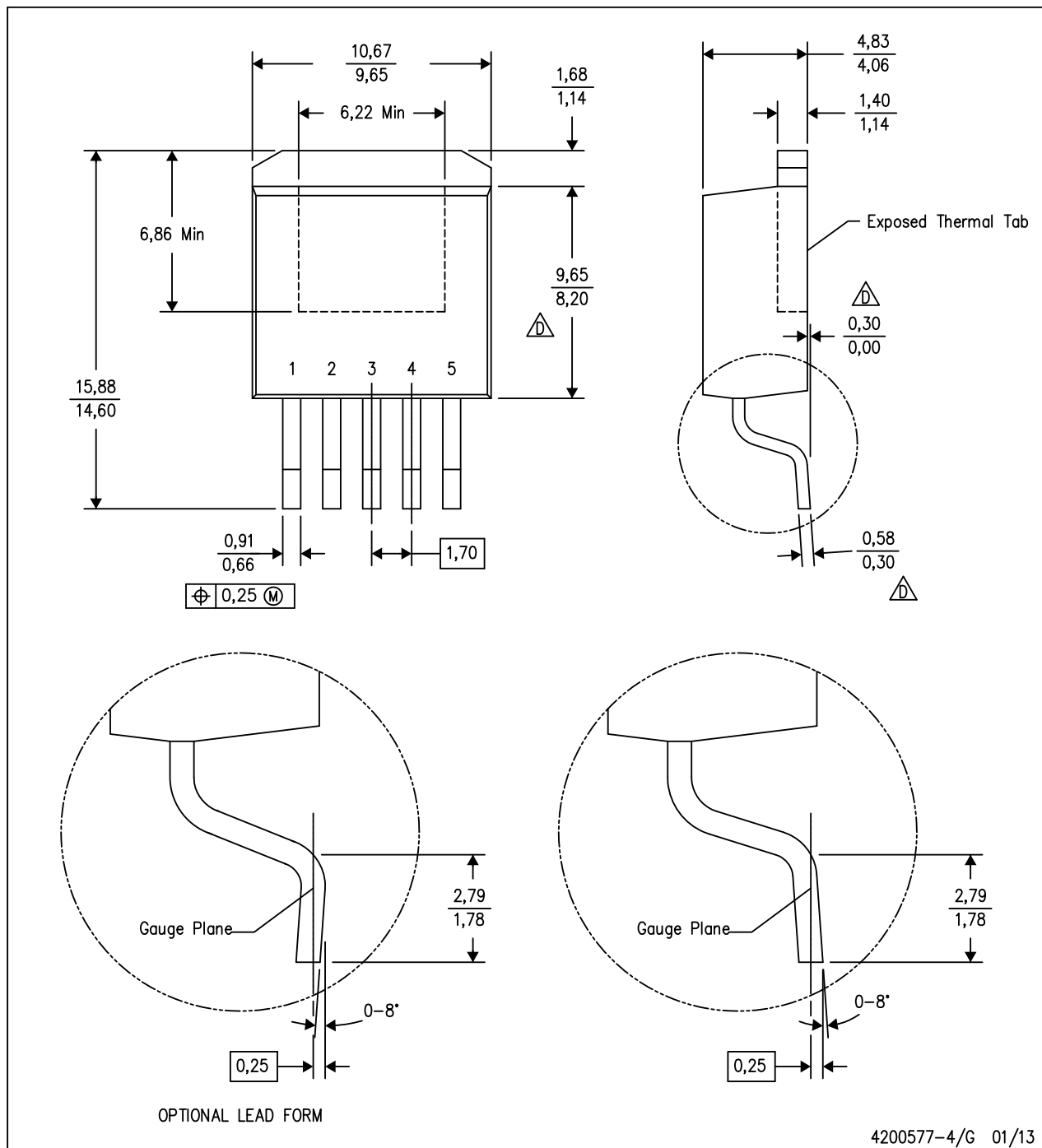
*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TPS7A6033QKTTRQ1 | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |
| TPS7A6033QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |
| TPS7A6050QKTTRQ1 | DDPAK/TO-263 | KTT | 5 | 500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |
| TPS7A6050QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |
| TPS7A6133QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |
| TPS7A6150QKVURQ1 | TO-252 | KVU | 5 | 2500 | 340.0 | 340.0 | 38.0 |

MECHANICAL DATA

KTT (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



4200577-4/G 01/13

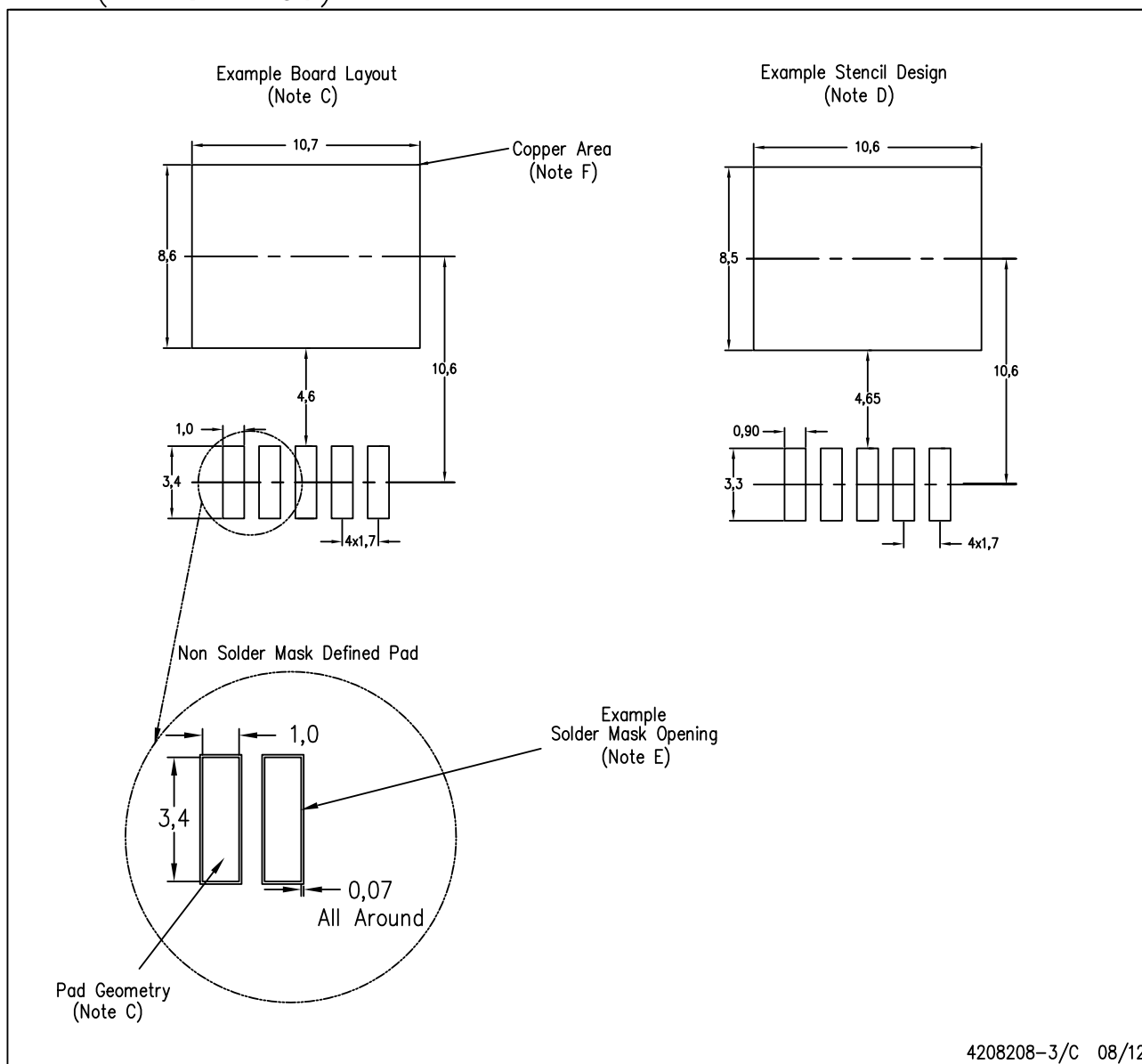
NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.005 (0.13) per side.
- Δ Falls within JEDEC TO-263 variation BA, except minimum lead thickness, maximum seating height, and minimum body length.

LAND PATTERN DATA

KTT (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE

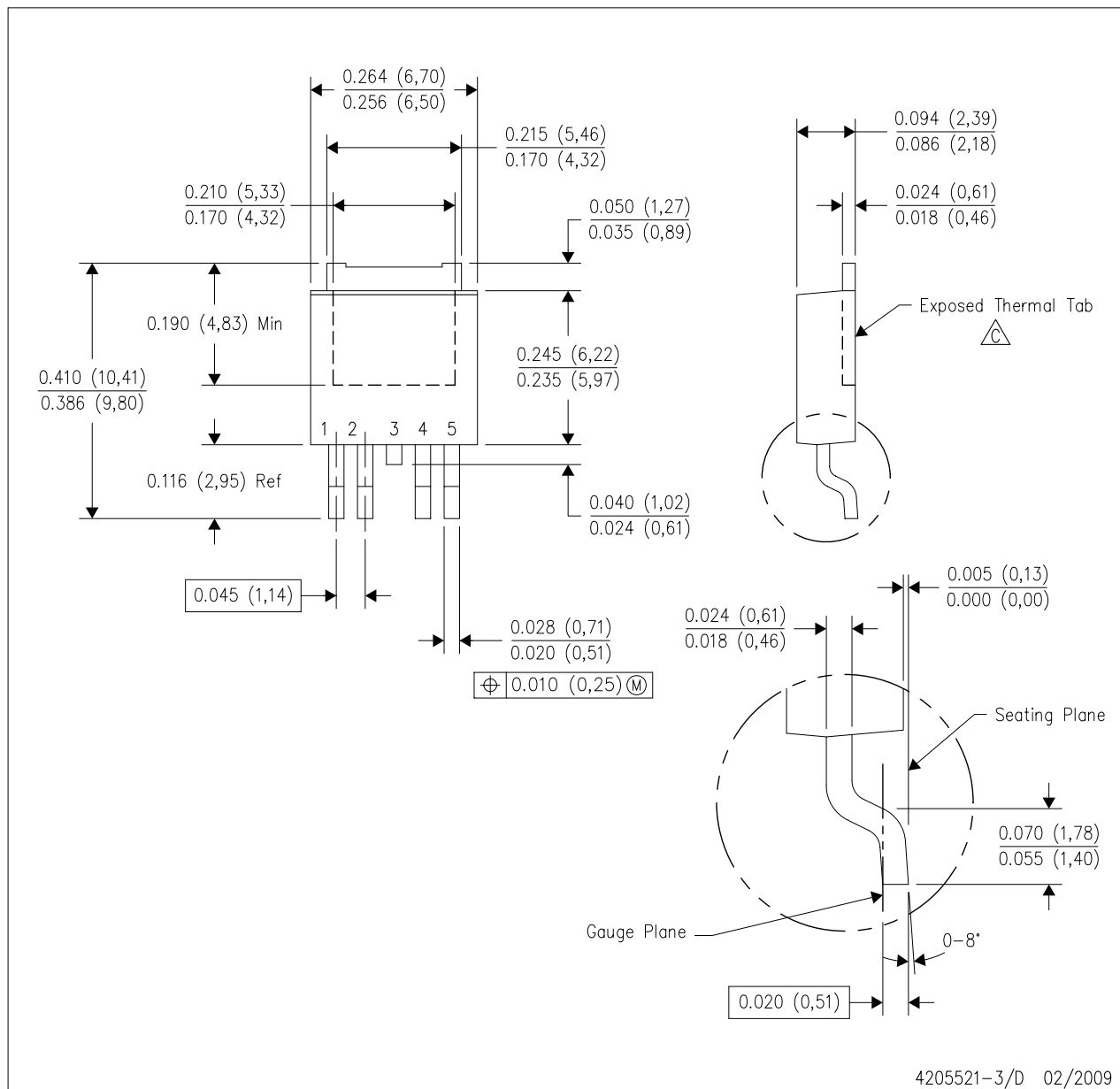


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.
 - F. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to the Product Datasheet for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended thermal pad size. For thermal pad sizes larger than shown a solder mask defined pad is recommended in order to maintain the solderable pad geometry while increasing copper area.

MECHANICAL DATA

KVU (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE-MOUNT PACKAGE



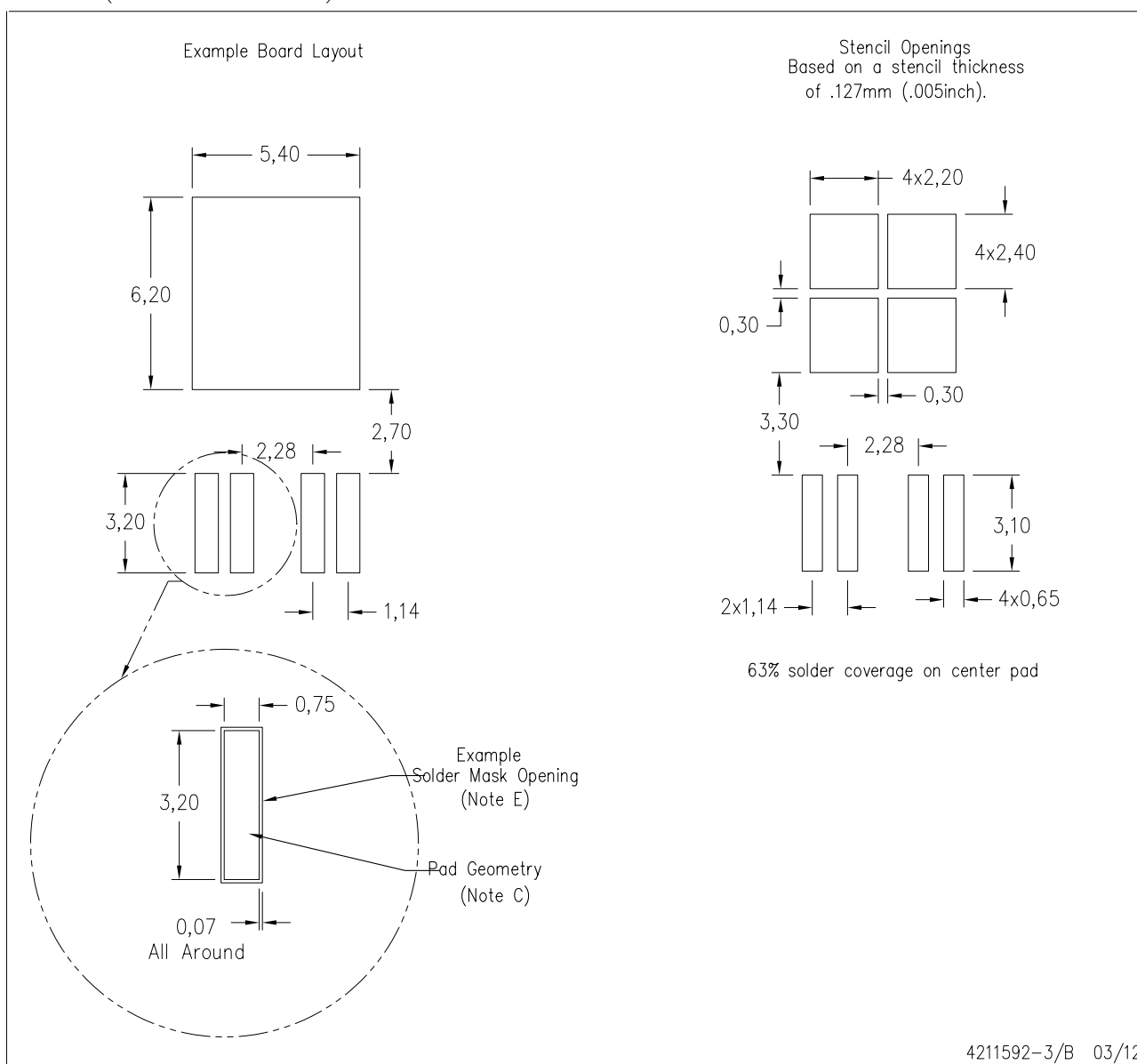
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. The center lead is in electrical contact with the exposed thermal tab.
- D. Body Dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC TO-252 variation AD.

LAND PATTERN DATA

KVU (R-PSFM-G5)

PLASTIC FLANGE MOUNT PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-SM-782 is an alternate information source for PCB land pattern designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances and via tenting recommendations for vias placed in thermal pad.

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