

Excellent Integrated System Limited

Stocking Distributor

Click to view price, real time Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Alpha & Omega Semiconductor Inc.](#)
[AOT2918L](#)

For any questions, you can email us directly:

sales@integrated-circuit.com



ALPHA & OMEGA
 SEMICONDUCTOR

AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L 100V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

The AOT2918L & AOB2918L & AOTF2918L uses Trench MOSFET technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of $R_{DS(ON)}$ and C_{rss} . In addition, switching behavior is well controlled with a soft recovery body diode. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

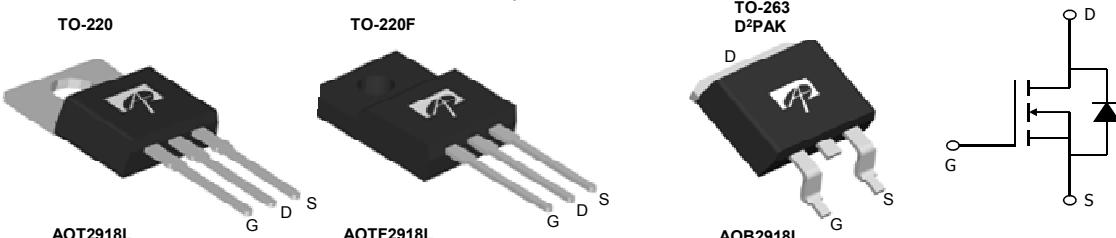
Product Summary

V_{DS}	100V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	90A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 7mΩ

100% UIS Tested
 100% R_g Tested



Top View



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOT2918L/AOB2918L	AOTF2918L	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100		V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20		V
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_D	90	58	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		70	45	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	260		
Continuous Drain Current ^G	I_{DSM}	13		A
$T_A=70^\circ C$		10		
Avalanche Current ^C	I_{AS}, I_{AR}	35		A
Avalanche energy $L=0.1mH$ ^C	E_{AS}, E_{AR}	61		mJ
V_{DS} Spike	V_{SPIKE}	110		V
Power Dissipation ^B	P_D	267	41	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		133	20	
Power Dissipation ^A	P_{DSM}	2.1		W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		1.33		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 175		°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	AOT2918L/AOB2918L	AOTF2918L	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$R_{\theta JA}$	15	15	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^D		60	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.56	3.6	°C/W



AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	100			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			1	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	2.7	3.3	3.9	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	260			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	5.6	7	12	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$	34			S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	0.7	1		V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G				90	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2580	3430	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			1530	2035	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			37	63	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1.5	2.3	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		38	53	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			12		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			12		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, R_L=2.5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		17	38	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			24	53	ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			30	66	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			24	53	ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		46	65	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		230	320	nC

A. The value of R_{BJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{ C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{BJA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{ C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{ C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{ C}$.

D. The R_{BJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{BJC} and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{ C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current limited by package.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{ C}$.

THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND QUALIFIED FOR THE CONSUMER MARKET. APPLICATIONS OR USES AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED. AOS DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF SUCH APPLICATIONS OR USES OF ITS PRODUCTS. AOS RESERVES THE RIGHT TO IMPROVE PRODUCT DESIGN, FUNCTIONS AND RELIABILITY WITHOUT NOTICE.



AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

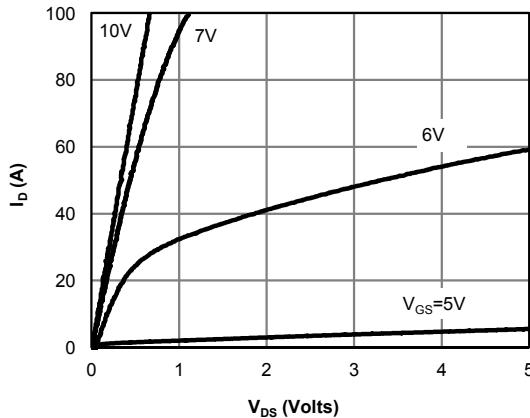


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

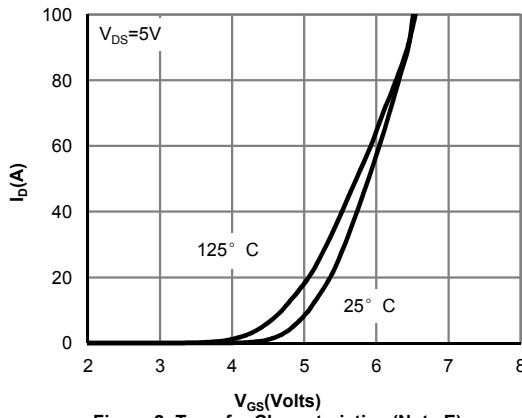


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

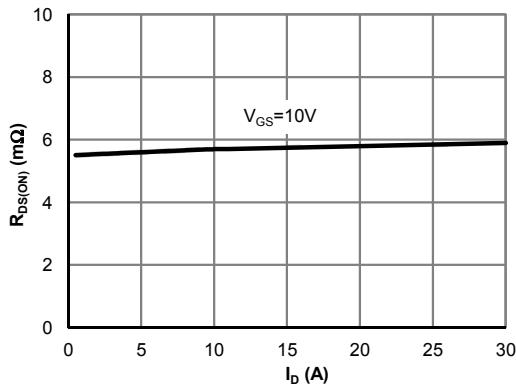


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

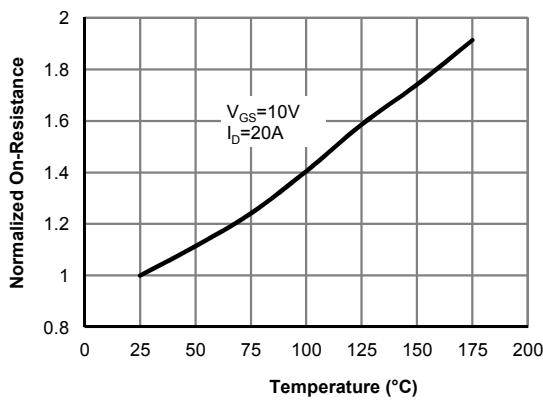


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

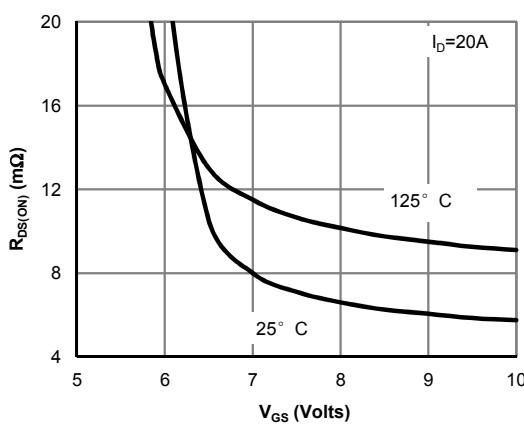


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

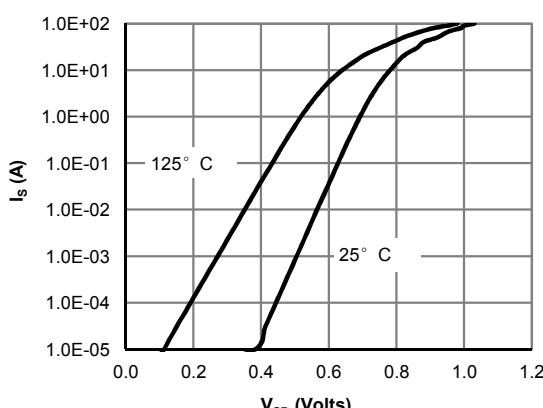
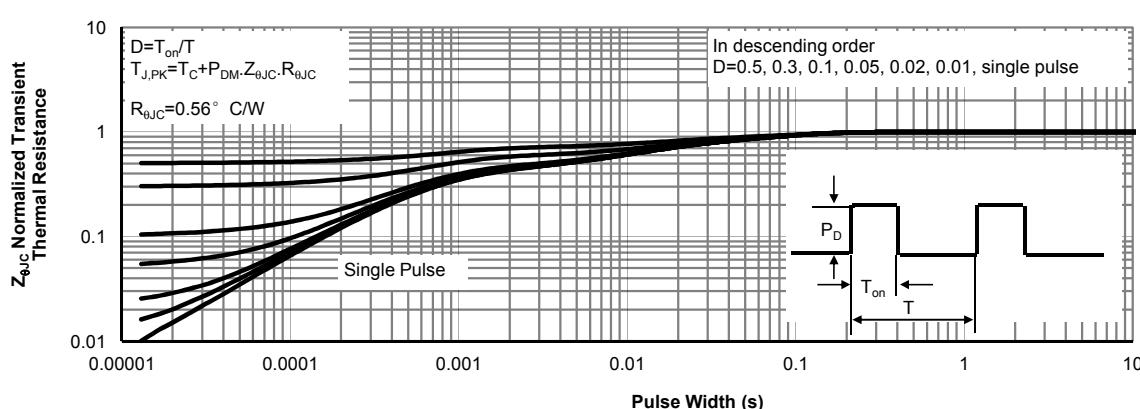
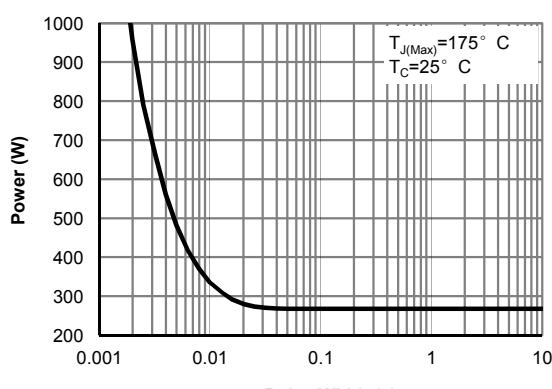
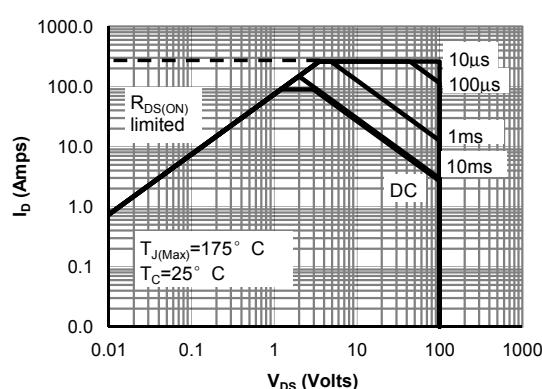
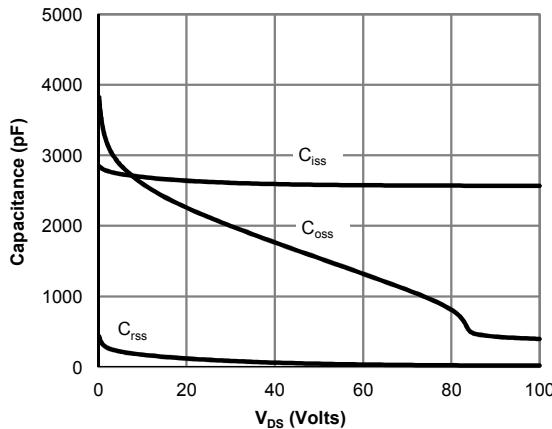
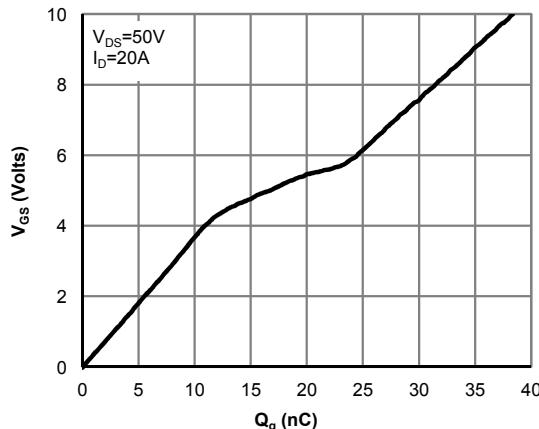


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)



AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

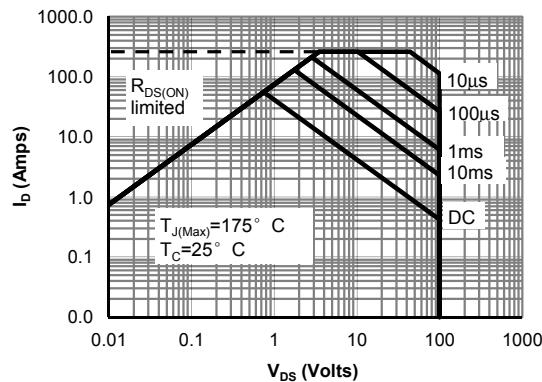


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF2918L

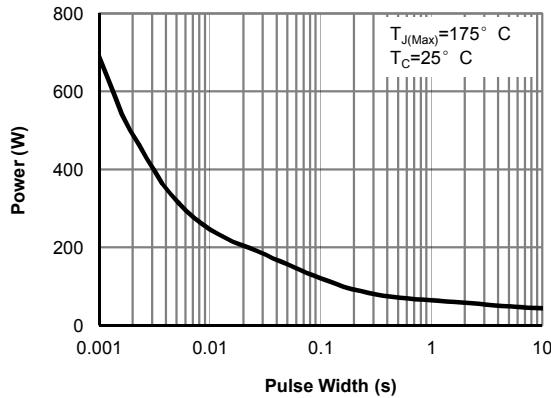


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case for AOTF2918L (Note F)

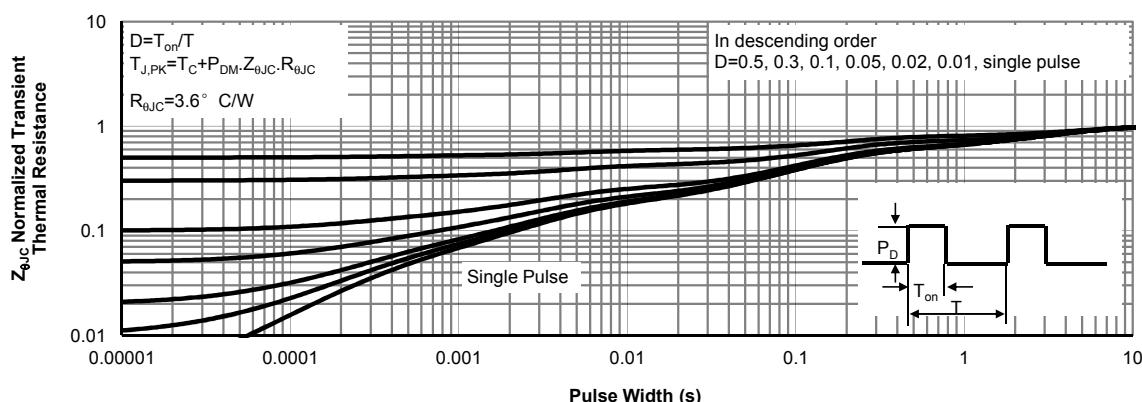


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF2918L (Note F)



AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

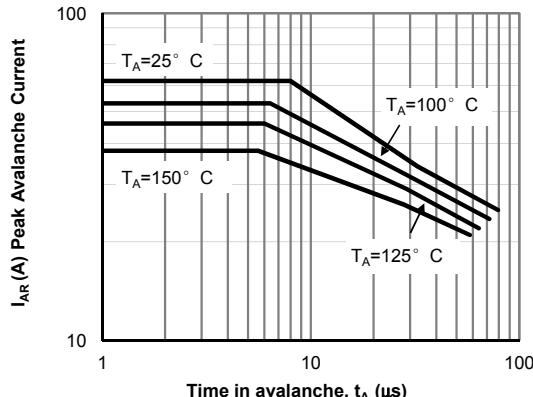


Figure 12: Single Pulse Avalanche capability (Note C)

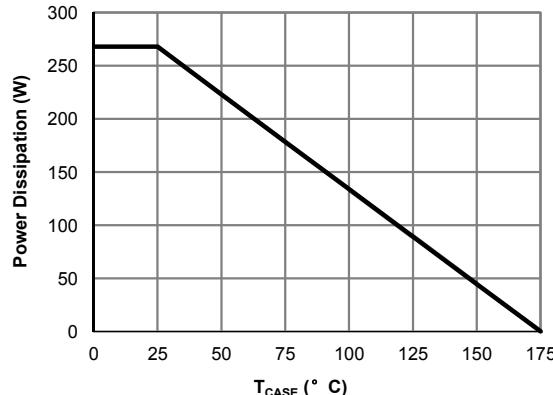


Figure 13: Power De-rating (Note F)

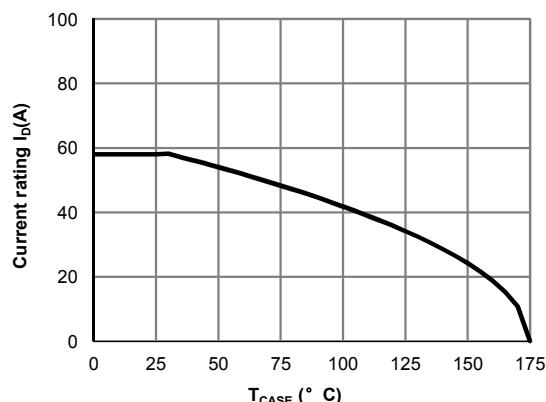


Figure 14: Current De-rating (Note F)

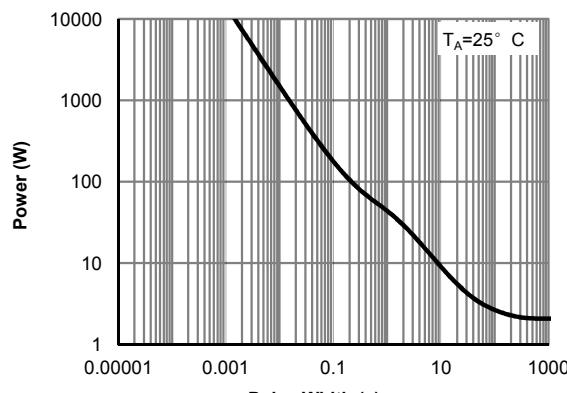


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

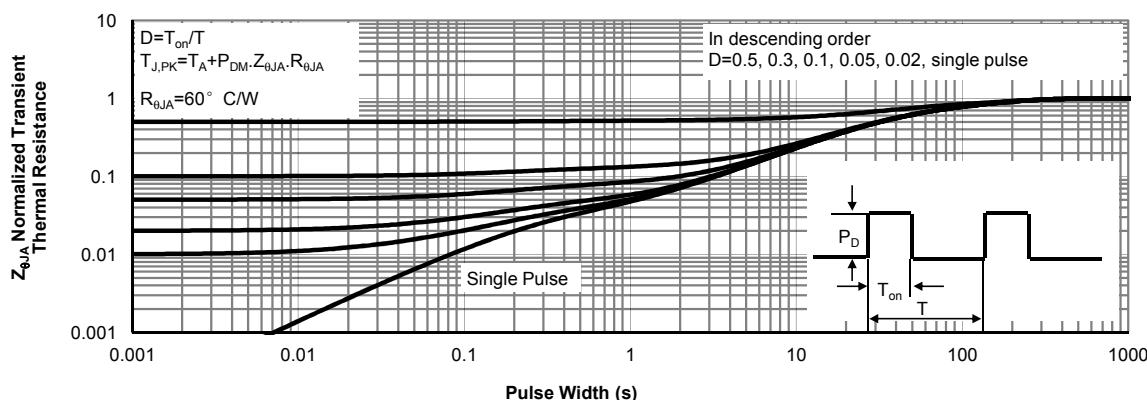


Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)



AOT2918L/AOB2918L/AOTF2918L

