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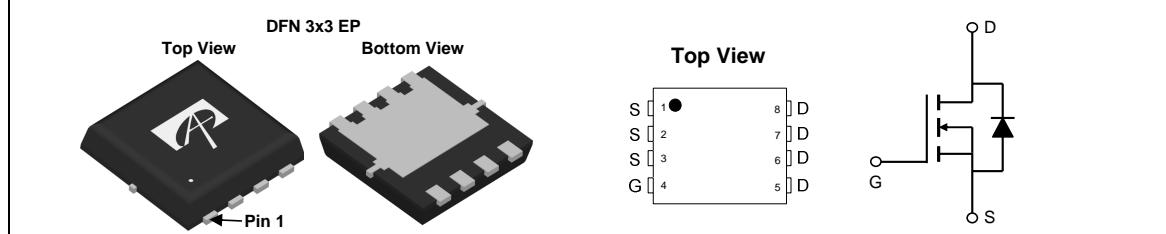
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[Alpha & Omega Semiconductor Inc.](#)  
[AON7452](#)

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 <b>ALPHA &amp; OMEGA SEMICONDUCTOR</b>	<b>AON7452</b> <i>100V N-Channel MOSFET</i> <b>SDMOS™</b>								
<b>General Description</b> <p>The AON7452 is fabricated with SDMOS™ trench technology that combines excellent <math>R_{DS(ON)}</math> with low gate charge and low Qrr. The result is outstanding efficiency with controlled switching behavior. This universal technology is well suited for PWM, load switching and general purpose applications.</p>	<b>Product Summary</b> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">V<sub>DS</sub></td> <td style="width: 30%;">100V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>I<sub>D</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=10V)</td> <td>5.5A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=10V)</td> <td>&lt; 310mΩ</td> </tr> <tr> <td>R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V<sub>GS</sub>=7V)</td> <td>&lt; 370mΩ</td> </tr> </table> <p>100% UIS Tested 100% R<sub>g</sub> Tested</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	V <sub>DS</sub>	100V	I <sub>D</sub> (at V <sub>GS</sub> =10V)	5.5A	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V <sub>GS</sub> =10V)	< 310mΩ	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> (at V <sub>GS</sub> =7V)	< 370mΩ
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#### Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	±25	V
Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>	5.5	A
T <sub>C</sub> =100°C		3.5	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	12	
Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>DSM</sub>	2.5	A
T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		2	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	I <sub>AS</sub> , I <sub>AR</sub>	2.5	A
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub> , E <sub>AR</sub>	0.3	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	17	W
T <sub>C</sub> =100°C		7	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	P <sub>DSM</sub>	3.1	W
T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		2	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C

#### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	R <sub>θJA</sub>	30	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>		60	75	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	R <sub>θJC</sub>	6	7.2	°C/W



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**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	100			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 25\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	3.3	4	4.7	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	12			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=2.5\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	255	310		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=7\text{V}, I_D=2\text{A}$	404	485		
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=2.5\text{A}$		3.5		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.8	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				15	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	125	155	185	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance		20	28	36	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		5	9	13	pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	1	2	3	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, I_D=2.5\text{A}$	2.4	3	4	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge		1	1.3	1.6	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge		0.5	0.9	1.3	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=50\text{V}, R_L=20\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			4.5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			8.5		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			2		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=2.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	6.7	9.6	13	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=2.5\text{A}, dI/dt=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	16	23	30	nC

A. The value of  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{QJA}}$   $t \leq 10\text{s}$  value and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$  may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{QJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{QJC}}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

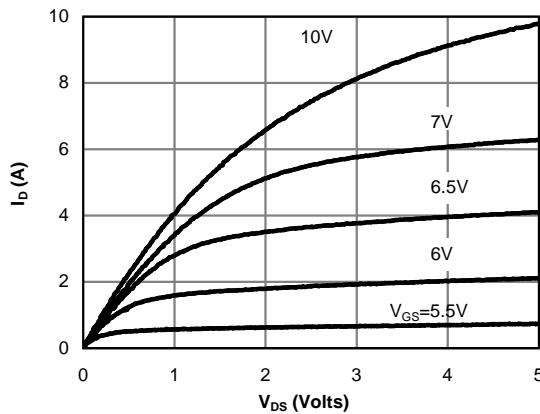
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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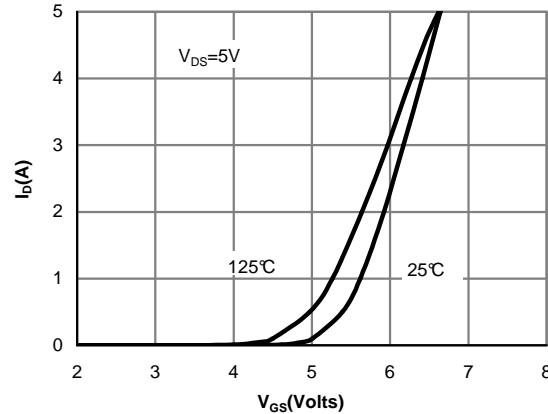


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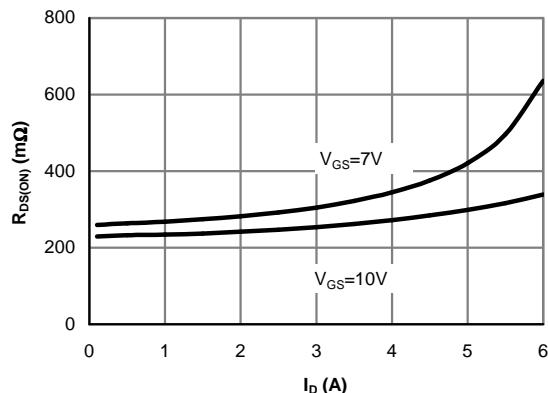
#### **TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**



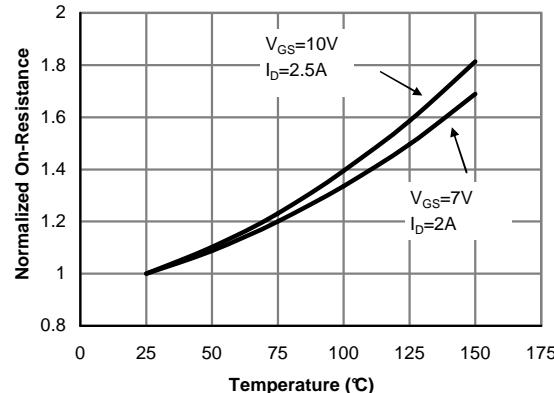
**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)**



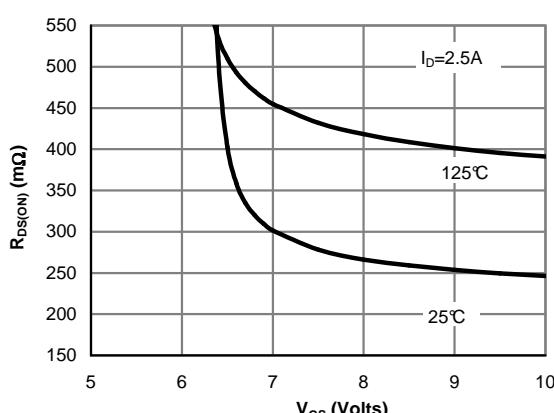
**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)**



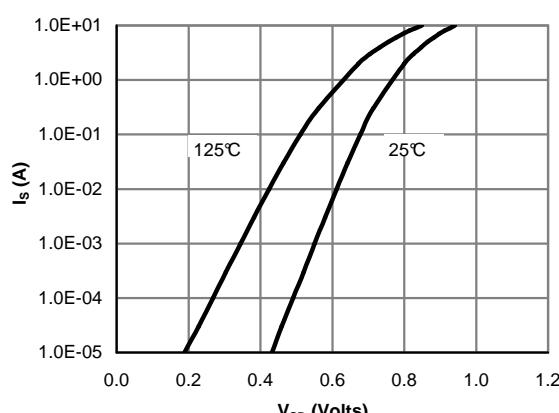
**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)**



**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature  
(Note E)**



**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage  
(Note E)**



**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**



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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

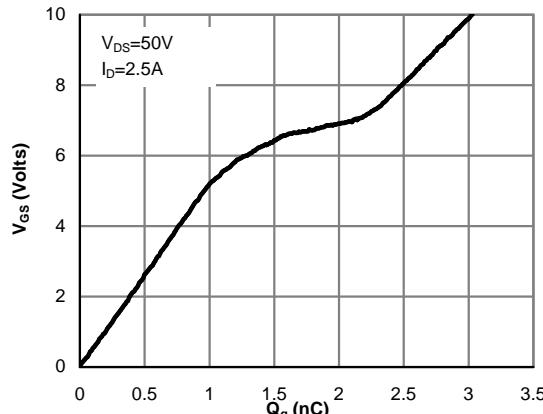


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

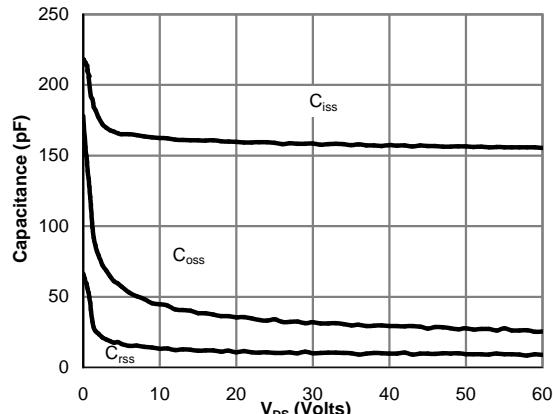


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

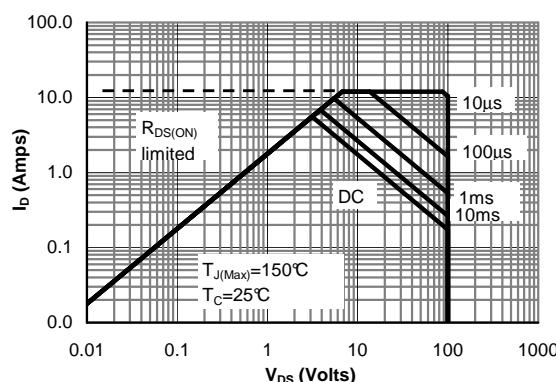


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

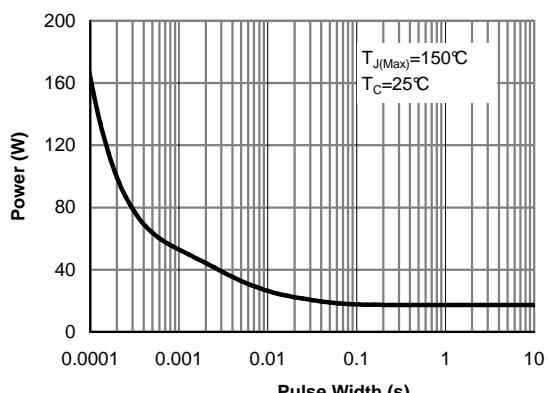


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

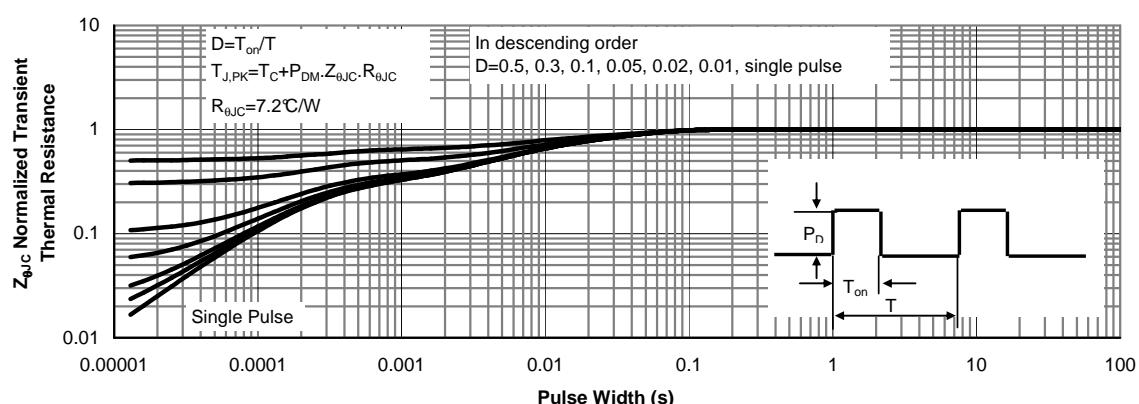


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

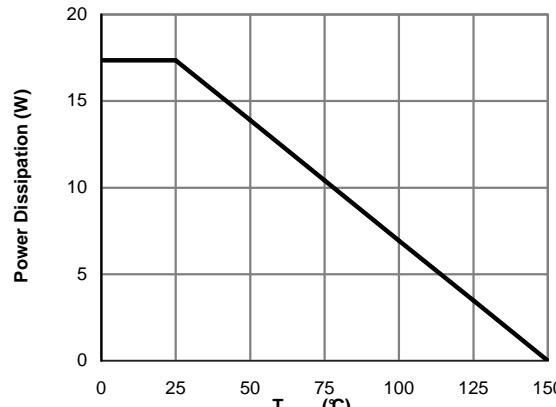


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

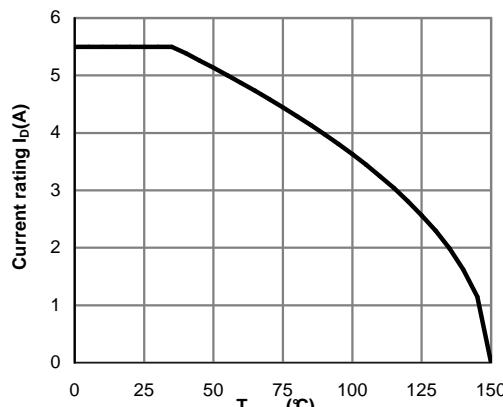


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

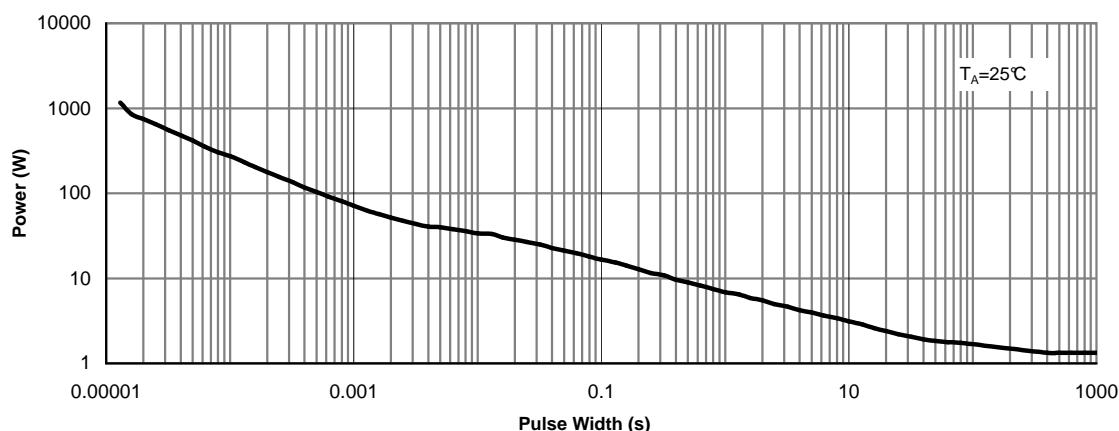


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

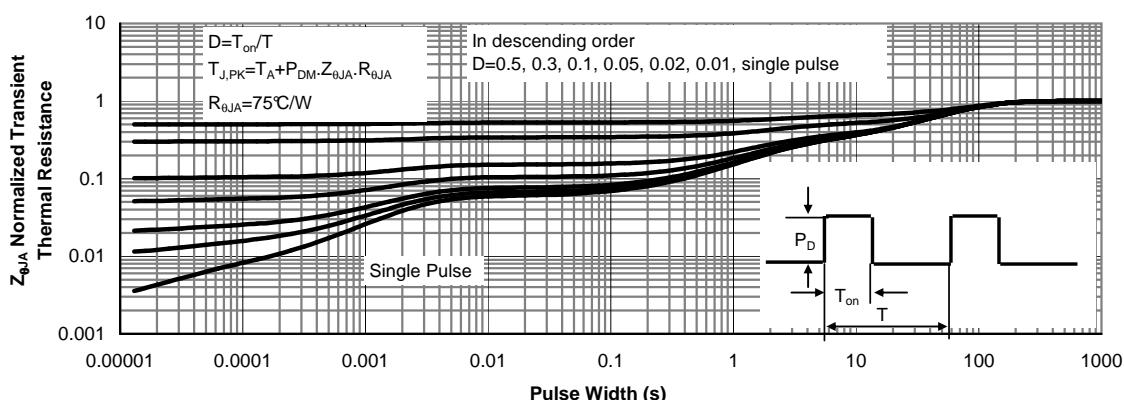


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)



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### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

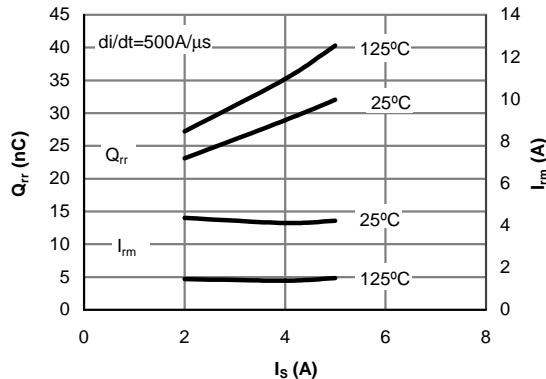


Figure 16: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. Conduction Current

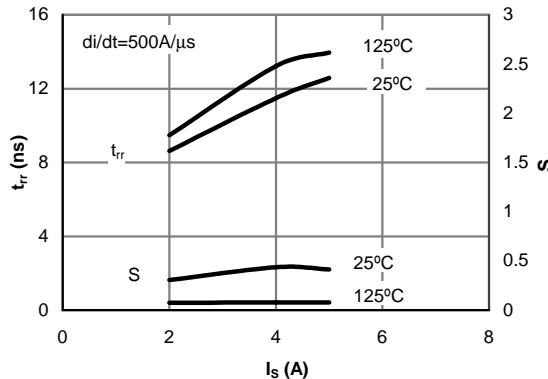


Figure 17: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Softness Factor vs. Conduction Current

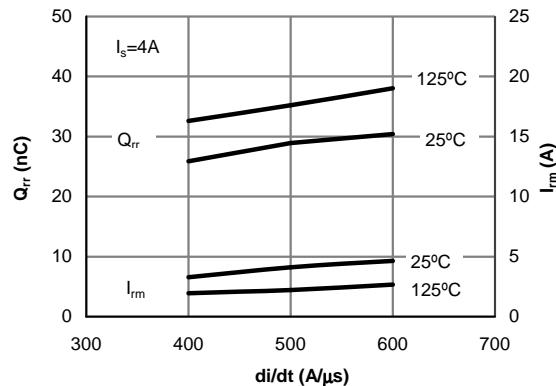


Figure 18: Diode Reverse Recovery Charge and Peak Current vs. di/dt

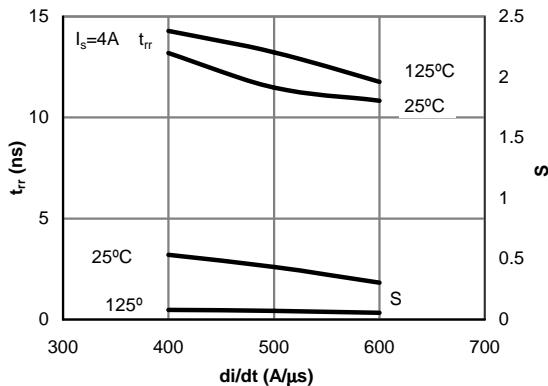


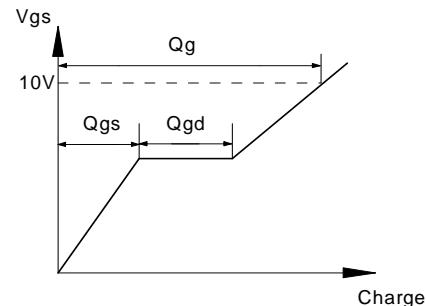
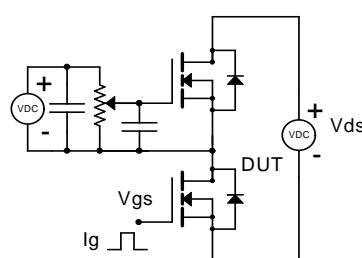
Figure 19: Diode Reverse Recovery Time and Softness Factor vs. di/dt



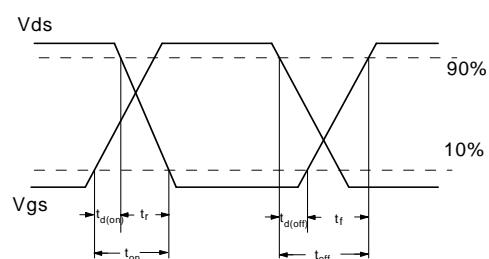
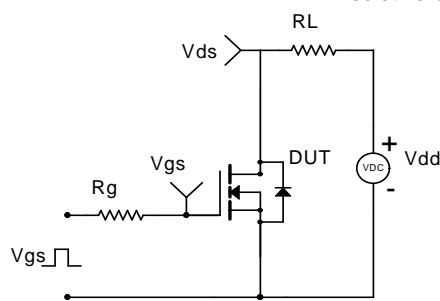
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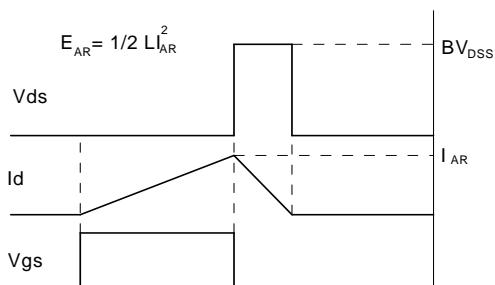
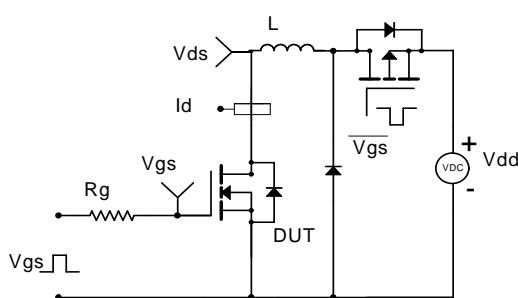
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

