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Diodes Incorporated PAM8008DR

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Datasheet of PAM8008DR - IC AMP AUDIO 3W CLASS D 16SOIC

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**PAM8008** 

3W STEREO CLASS-D with DC VOLUME, POWER LIMIT and ANTI-SATURATION

### **Description**

The PAM8008 is a 3W, Class-D audio amplifier. Advanced 64-step DC volume control minimizes external components and allows speaker volume control.

Integrated power limit technology which suppress the output signal clip automatically due to the over level input signal. It offers low THD+N and protect speaker.

Integrated anti-saturation technology which suppress the output signal clip automatically when supply voltage changes. It offers low THD+N, to produce high-quality sound reproduction.

PAM8008 has an additional noise reduction circuit which achieves 6dB noise attenuation. This circuit may help eliminate external filtering, thereby saving the board space and components cost.

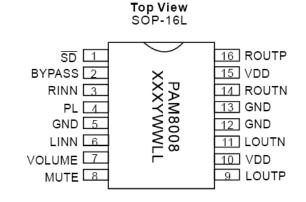
The PAM8008 features SCP (short circuit protection), OTP and thermal shutdown.

The PAM8008 is available in SOP-16L package.

### **Features**

- 3W Output at 10% THD with a 4 Load and 5V Power Supply
- 2.4W Output at 1% THD with a 4 Load and 5V Power Supply
- Filterless, Low Quiescent Current and Low EMI
- Low THD+N
- Power Limit Function to Protect Speaker when Occuring Large Input
- 64-Step DC Volume Control from -80dB to +20dB
- 6dB Effective Noise Reduction
- Superior Low Noise: 60μV
- Minimize Pop/Clip Noise
- High Efficiency Up to 90%
- Auto Recovery Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown
- Pb-Free Package

### **Pin Assignments**



### **Applications**

- LCD Monitors / TV Projectors
- Notebook/All-In-One Computers
- Portable Speakers
- Portable DVD Players, Game Machines

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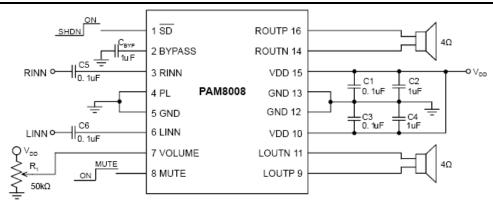


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**PAM8008** 

# **Typical Applications Circuit**



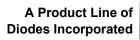
### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function	
1	SD	Full Chip ShutdownControl Input (active low).	
2	BYPASS	Bias Voltage for Power Amplifiers.	
3	RINN	Negative Input of Right Channel Power Amplifier.	
4	PL	Connect PL to GND for Power Limit Setting.	
5, 12, 13	GND	Ground Connection.	
6	LINN	Negative Input of Left Channel Power Amplifier.	
7	VOLUME	DC Volume Control to Set the Gain of Class-D.	
8	MUTE	Mute Control Input (active high).	
9	LOUTP	Positive Output of Left Channel Power Amplifier.	
10, 15	VDD	Power Supply.	
11	LOUTN	Negative Output of Lef t Channel Power Amplifier.	
14	ROUTN	Negative Output of Right Channel Power Amplifier.	
16	ROUTP	Positive Output of Right Channel Power Amplifier.	

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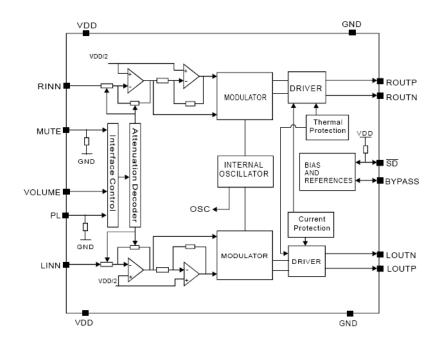






**PAM8008** 

### **Functional Block Diagram**



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged time periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are with respect to ground.

Parameter	Rating	Unit	
Supply Voltage	6.0	\/	
Input Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V	
Operational Junction Temperature	-40 to +125		
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C	
Soldering Temperature	300, 5 sec		

### Recommended Operating Conditions (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	2.5 to 5.5	V
Ambient OperationTemperature Range	-20 to +85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	-20 to +125	C

### **Thermal Information**

Parameter	Package	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	SOP-16L	$\theta_{JA}$	110	°C/W
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)	SOP-16L	$\theta_{JC}$	23	C/VV



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**PAM8008** 

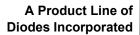
# $\textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (@T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \ V_{DD} = 5V, \ Gain = Maximum, \ R_L = 8\Omega, \ unless \ otherwise \ specified.)$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{DD}$			2.5		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	ΙQ	No Load			8		mA
Output Offset Voltage	Vos	No Load			10		mV
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	I <sub>DS</sub> = 0.5A  P MOSFET  N MOSFET			0.31 0.21		Ω
Output Dawar	Б	THD+N = 1%	$R_L = 8\Omega$		1.4		- w
Output Power	Po	f = 1kHz	$R_L = 4\Omega$		2.4		
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	$R_L = 8\Omega, P_O = 0.85$	W, f = 1KHz		0.08		%
Total Harmonic Distortion Flus Noise	INDTN	$R_L = 4\Omega$ , $P_O = 1.75$ , $f = 1$ KHz			0.08		70
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	Input AC-GND, f = 1KHz, V <sub>PP</sub> = 200mV			70		dB
Channel Separation	CS	P <sub>O</sub> = 1W, f = 1KHz			-95		dB
Oscillator Frequency	fosc			200	250	300	kHz
- Fficiency	_	$P_O = 1.1W$ , f = 1 kHz, $R_L = 8Ω$ $P_O = 2.4W$ , f = 1 kHz, $R_L = 4Ω$			87		%
Efficiency	η				83		%
Noise	V <sub>N</sub>	Input AC-GND	A-Weighting		60		μV
110000	V N	IIIput 710 OI1B	No A-Weighting		80		
Signal Noise Ratio	SNR	f = 20 - 20kHz, THD	) = 1%		95		dB
Turn-On Time	Ton	$V_{DD}$ = 5V, $C_{BYP}$ = 1	μF		1.2		S
Mute Current	I <sub>MUTE</sub>	MUTE = V <sub>DD</sub>			4	10	mA
Shutdown Current	I <sub>SD</sub>	V <sub>SD</sub> = 0V				1	μΑ
Logic Input High	V <sub>IH</sub>			1.4			V
Logic Input Low	V <sub>IL</sub>					0.6	] V
Over Temperature Protection	OTP				150		°C
Over Temperature Hysteresis	OTH				40		°C

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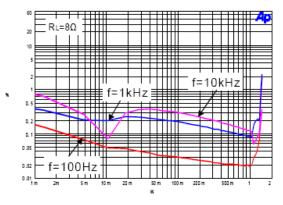




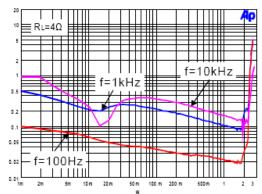
**PAM8008** 

## Typical Performance Characteristics ( $@T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{DD} = 5V$ , $G_V = 20dB$ , $R_L = 8\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified.)

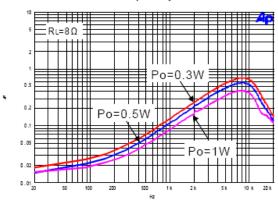
### 1. THD+N vs Output Power



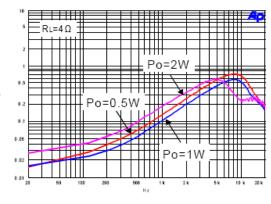
### 2. THD+N vs Output Power



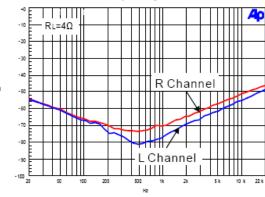
#### 3. THD+N vs Frequency



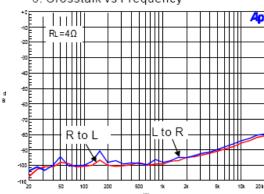
4. THD+N vs Frequency



### 5. PSRR vs Frequency



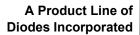
6. Crosstalk vs Frequency



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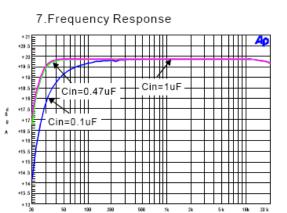


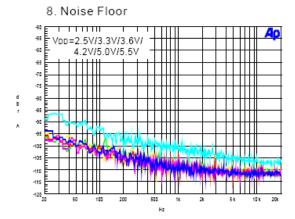


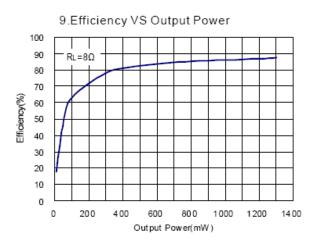


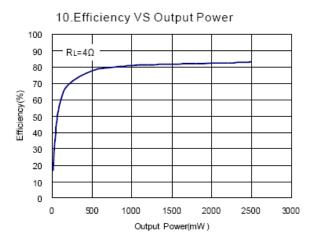
**PAM8008** 

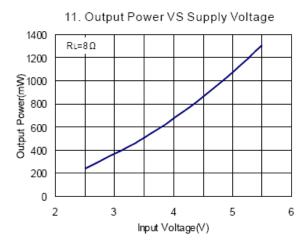
## Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V, G<sub>V</sub> = 20dB, R<sub>L</sub> = 8Ω, unless otherwise specified.)

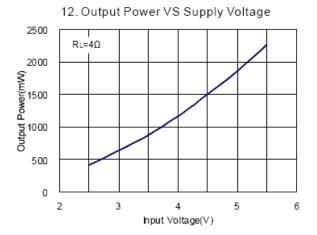








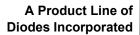




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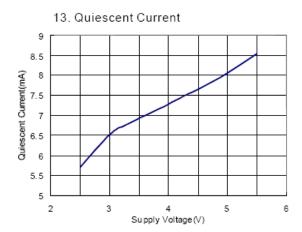


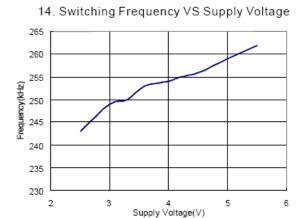


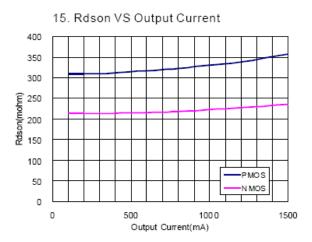


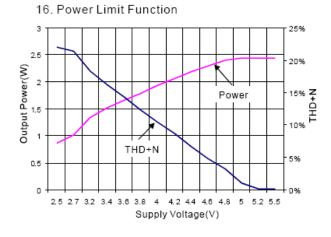
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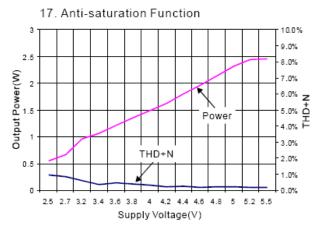
### Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@ $T_A$ = +25°C, $V_{DD}$ = 5V, $G_V$ = 20dB, $R_L$ = 8 $\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified.)













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# $\hline \textbf{Typical Performance Characteristics} \ (\text{cont.}) \ (@T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{DD} = 5\text{V}, \ G_V = 20\text{dB}, \ R_L = 8\Omega, \ unless \ otherwise \ specified.})$

**Table 1. DC Volume Control** 

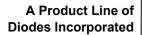
STEP	Gain (dB)	Volume (V)	STEP	Gain (dB)	Volume (V)
1	19.84	0 to 0.201	33	6.60	2.461 to 2.533
2	19.42	0.201 to 0.275	34	6.24	2.533 to 2.605
3	19.00	0.275 to 0.347	35	5.88	2.605 to 2.678
4	18.60	0.347 to 0.419	36	5.51	2.678 to 2.751
5	18.21	0.419 to 0.491	37	5.16	2.751 to 2.823
6	17.83	0.491 to 0.563	38	4.79	2.823 to 2.897
7	17.46	0.563 to 0.633	39	4.43	2.897 to 2.969
8	16.92	0.633 to 0.701	40	4.06	2.969 to 3.043
9	16.40	0.701 to 0.771	41	3.70	3.043 to 3.114
10	15.90	0.771 to 0.849	42	3.33	3.114 to 3.186
11	15.41	0.849 to 0.929	43	2.96	3.186 to 3.259
12	14.93	0.929 to 1.005	44	2.58	3.259 to 3.332
13	14.47	1.005 to 1.079	45	2.21	3.332 to 3.403
14	14.02	1.079 to 1.153	46	1.83	3.403 to 3.476
15	13.58	1.153 to 1.225	47	1.44	3.476 to 3.551
16	13.15	1.225 to 1.297	48	1.05	3.551 to 3.621
17	12.72	1.297 to 1.371	49	0.66	3.621 to 3.695
18	12.30	1.371 to 1.443	50	0.26	3.695 to 3.767
19	11.89	1.443 to 1.517	51	-0.14	3.767 to 3.839
20	11.49	1.517 to 1.589	52	-1.19	3.839 to 3.909
21	11.09	1.589 to 1.661	53	-2.27	3.909 to 3.979
22	10.70	1.661 to 1.733	54	-3.19	3.979 to 4.045
23	10.31	1.733 to 1.807	55	-5.18	4.045 to 4.116
24	9.92	1.807 to 1.879	56	-7.16	4.116 to 4.195
25	9.55	1.879 to 1.951	57	-9.11	4.195 to 4.273
26	9.17	1.951 to 2.025	58	-11.01	4.273 to 4.347
27	8.80	2.025 to 2.097	59	-17.13	4.347 to 4.421
28	8.42	2.097 to 2.169	60	-22.95	4.421 to 4.493
29	8.06	2.169 to 2.243	61	-29.07	4.493 to 4.565
30	7.69	2.243 to 2.315	62	-33.50	4.565 to 4.637
31	7.33	2.315 to 2.389	63	-39.33	4.637 to 4.708
32	6.69	2.389 to 2.461	64	-58.62	4.708 to Max



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**PAM8008** 

### **Application Information**

#### **Power Limit Function**

When connect Pin 4 to GND or floating, the PAM8008 power is limited at 2.5W. Different from other company's power limit, the power limit circuit of PAM8008 sets a limit on the output peak voltage, and the value is lower than the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>), it means the THD+N always lower than 10% when power limit works. When the PAM8008 enters in power limit mode, the gain changes depending on the input audio signal amplitude and the attack, release time. The gain changes constantly as the audio signal increase or decrease. Every gain step size is about 0.4dB. If the audio signal has near-constant amplitude or the maximum attenuation is 20dB, the gain does not change.

#### **Anti-Saturation Function**

When connect Pin 4 to high, the PAM8008 enters power limit or anti-saturation mode. Which mode is selected depending on  $V_{DD}$  and input audio signal amplitude. If the  $V_{DD}$  < = 5V, it enters anti-saturation mode. If the  $V_{DD}$  > 5V, it enters power limit mode. In anti-saturation mode, the power is 2.3W and the THD+N is lower than 1% when  $V_{DD}$  = 5V. If connect Pin 4 to  $V_{DD}/2$ , it can disable power limit and antisaturation function.

Table 2. PAM8008 Power Limit and Anti-Saturation Varible Description

Varible Description		Value	
Gain	The max gain when the PAM8008 is not in power limit	20dB	
Gain	and anti-saturation mode.	(Maximum)	
Attack Time	The minimum time between two gain decrements.	128µs	
Release Time	The minimum time between two gain increments.	256mS	

Table 3. PAM8008 Power Limit and Anti-Saturation Mode Setting

PL	Mode	
PL = Floating or PL = 0V to 0.2V	Power Limit	
PL = 0.8V to VDD/2	Power Limit and Anti-Saturation Off	
PL = 3.8V to VDD	$V_{DD} > 5V$ , Power Limit $V_{DD} < = 5V$ , Anti-Saturation	

#### **Noise Reduction Function**

The gain of PAM8008 will reduce 6dB when there is no audio at the input of the amplifier for 8s. The gain will recover until the input signal is above the noise threshold. The noise threshold is set by internal voltage.

#### **Mute Operation**

The MUTE pin is an input for controlling the Class-D output state of the PAM8008. A logic low on this pin enables the outputs, and a logic high on this pin disables the outputs. This pin may be used as a quick disable or enable of the outputs without a volume fade. Quiescent current is listed in the electrical characteristic table. The MUTE pin can be left floating due to the internal pull-down.

#### **Shutdown Operation**

In order to reduce power consumption while not in use, the PAM8008 contains shutdown circuit to tur n off the amplifier's bias circuit. The amplifier is turned off when logic low is placed on the  $\overline{SD}$  pin. By connecting the  $\overline{SD}$  pin to GND, the PAM8008 supply current will be minimized in idle mode. The  $\overline{SD}$  pin can be left floating due to the internal pull-up.

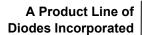
For the best power on/off pop performance, the amplifier should be placed in the Mute mode prior to turning on/off the power supply.



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**PAM8008** 

### **Application Information (cont.)**

#### **Power Supply Decoupling**

The PAM8008 is a high performance CMOS audio amplifier that requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure the output THD and PSRR as low as possible. Power supply decoupling also prevents oscillations caused by long lead between the amplifier and the speaker. The optimum decoupling is achieved by using two capacitions of different types that target different types of noise on the power supply leads. For higher frequency transients, spikes, or digital hash on the line, a good low equivalent series resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor, typically  $0.1\mu$ F, is recommended, placing as close as possible to the device's  $V_{DD}$  lead. For filtering lower-frequency noise signals, a large capacitor of  $10\mu$ F (ceramic) or greater placed near the audio power amplifier is recommended.

#### Input Capacitior (C<sub>I</sub>)

Large input capacitors are both expensive and spce hungrt for portale designs. Clearly, a certain sized capacitor is needed to couple in low frequencies without severe attenuation. But in many cases the speakers used in portable systems, whether internal or external, have little ability to reproduce signals below 100Hz to 150Hz. Thus, using a large inout capacitior may not increase actual system performance. In this case, input capacitor (CI) and input resisitance (RI) of the amplifier form a high-pass filter with the corner frequency determined equation below,

$$f_C = \frac{1}{2\Pi R_I C_I}$$

In addition to system cost and size, click and pop performance is affected by the size of the input coupling capacitor requires more charge to reach its quiescent DC voltage (norminally  $\frac{1}{2}$  V<sub>DD</sub>). This charge comes from the internal circuit via the feedback and is apt to create pops upon device enable. Thus, by minimizing the capacitor size based on necessary low frequency response, turn-on pops can be minimized.

#### Analog Reference Bypass Capacitor (CBYP)

Analog Reference Bypass Capacitor ( $C_{BYP}$ ) is the most critical capacitor and serves several important functions. During start-up or recovery from shutdown mode,  $C_{BYP}$  determines the rate at which the amplifier starts up. The second function is to reduce noise produced by the power supply caused by coupling into the output drive signal. This noise is from the internal analog reference to the amplifier, which appears as degraded PSRR and THD+N.

A ceramic bypass capacitor ( $C_{BYP}$ ) of  $0.47\mu F$  to  $1.0\mu F$  is recommended for the best THD and noise performance. Increasing the bypass capacitor reduces clicking and popping noise from power on/off and entering and leaving shutdown.

#### **Under Voltage Lock-Out**

The PAM8008 incorporates circuitry designed to detect when the supply voltage is low. When the supply voltage drops to 2.2V or below, the PAM8008 outputs are disable, and the device comes out of this state and starts to normal functional once  $V_{DD} \ge 2.4V$ .

#### **Short Circuit Protection (SCP)**

The PAM8008 has short circuit protection circuitry on the outputs that prevents the device from damage when output-to-output and output-to-GND short. When a short circuit is detected on the outputs, the outputs are disabled immediately. If the short was removed, the device activates again.

### **Over Temperature Protection**

Thermal protection on the PAM8008 prevents the device from damage when the internal die temperature exceeds +150°C. There is a 15 degree tolerance on this trip point from device to device. Once the die temperature exceeds the thermal set point, the device outputs are disabled. This is not a latched fault. The thermal fault is cleared once the temperature of the die is reduced by +40°C. This large hysteresis will prevent motor boating sound well. The device begins normal operation at this point without external system interaction.

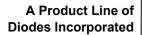
### How to Reduce EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference)

A simple solution is to put an additional capacitor 1000µF at power supply terminal for power line coupling if the traces from amplifier to speakers are short (< 20CM).

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**PAM8008** 

### **Application Information (cont.)**

### How to Reduce EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference) (cont.)

Most applications required a ferrite bead filter as shown at Figure 1. The ferrite filter reduces EMI around 1MHz and higher. When selecting a ferrite bead, choose one with high impedance at high frequencies, and low impedance at low frequencies (MH2012HM221-T).

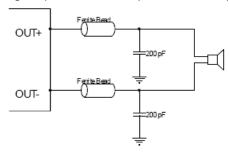


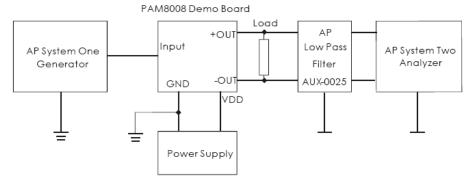
Figure 1: Ferrite Bead Filter to Reduce EMI

#### **PCB Layout Guidelines Grounding**

At this stage it is paramount to notice the necessity of separate grounds. Noise currents in the output power stage need to be returned to output noise ground and nowhere else. Were these currents to circulate elsewhere, they may get into the power supply, the signal ground, etc, worse yet, they may form a loop and radiate noise. Any of these cases results in degraded amplifier performance. The logical returns for the output noise currents associated with Class-D switching are the respective GND pins for each channel. The switch state diagram illustrates that GND is instrumental in nearly every switch state. This is the perfect point to which the output noise ground trace should return. Also note that output noise ground is channel specific. A two channel amplifier has two seperate channels and consequently must have two seperate output noise ground traces. The layout of the PAM8008 offers separate GND connections for each channel and in some cases each side of the bridge. Output noise grounds must be tied to system ground at the power in exclusively. Signal currents for the inputs, reference, etc need to be returned to quite ground. This ground is only tied to the signal components and the GND pin, and GND then tied to system ground.

### Test Setup for Performance Testing (Class D)

- 1. When the PAM8008 works with LC filters, it should be connected with the speaker before it's powered on, otherwise it will be damaged easily.
- 2. When the PAM8008 works without LC filters, it's better to add a ferrite chip bead at the outgoing line of speaker for suppressing the possible electromagnetic interference.
- 3. The absolute maximum rating of the PAM8008 operation voltage is 6.0V. When the PAM8008 is powered with four battery cells, it should be noted that the voltage of four new dry or alkaline batteries is over 6V, higher than its maximum operation voltage, which probably make the device damaged. Therefore, it's recommended to use either four Ni-MH (Nickel Metal Hydride) rechargeable batteries or three dry or alkaline batteries.
- 4. The input signal should not be too high, if too high, it will cause the clipping of output signal when increasing the volume. Because the DC volume control of the PAM8008 has big gain, it will make the device damaged.
- 5. When testing the PAM8008 without LC filters by using resistor instead of speaker as the output load, the test results, e.g. THD or efficiency, will be worse than those using speaker as load.



Notes: 1. The AP AUX-0025 low pass filter is necessary for class-D amplifier measurement with AP analyzer.

2. Two 22µH inductors are used in series with load resistor to emulate the small speaker for efficiency measurement.

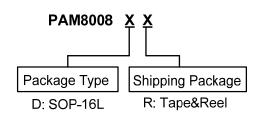
Datasheet of PAM8008DR - IC AMP AUDIO 3W CLASS D 16SOIC

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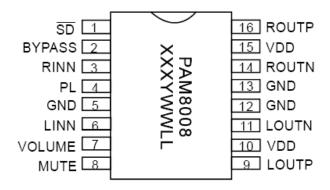
### **Ordering Information**



Part Number	Package Type	Standard Package
PAM8008DR	SOP-16L	2500 Units/Tape&Reel

# **Marking Information**

### Top View SOP-16L



X: Internal Code

Y: Year WW: Week

LL: Internal Code

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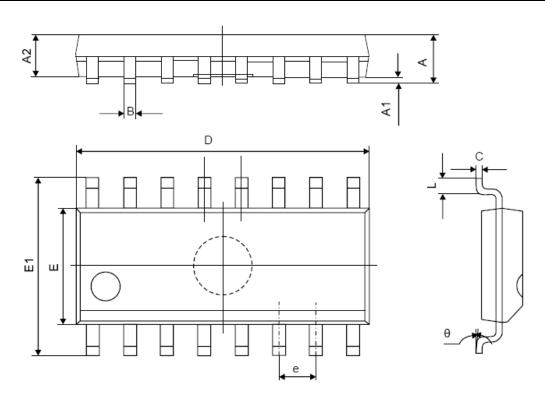




PAM8008

# Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

SOP-16L



Symbol	Dimensions Millimeters		
	Min	Max	
А	1.350	1.750	
A1	0.100	0.250	
A2	1.350	1.550	
В	0.330	0.510	
С	0.190	0.250	
D	9.800	10.000	
E	3.800	4.000	
E1	5.800	6.300	
е	1.270	(TYP)	
L	0.400	1.270	
θ	0°	80	



Datasheet of PAM8008DR - IC AMP AUDIO 3W CLASS D 16SOIC

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PAM8008

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  - 2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
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