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DS40MB200

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DS40MB200 Dual 4-Gbps 2:1/1:2 CML MUX/Buffer With Transmit Pre-Emphasis and Receive Equalization

1 Features

- 1-Gbps to 4-Gbps Low Jitter Operation
- Fixed Input Equalization
- Programmable Output Pre-Emphasis
- Independent Switch and Line Side Pre-Emphasis
 Controls

Produc

Folder

- Programmable Switch-Side Loopback Mode
- On-Chip Terminations
- 3.3-V Supply
- ESD Rating of 6-kV HBM
- 48-leadless WQFN Package (7 mm × 7 mm)
- 0°C to +85°C Operating Temperature Range

2 Applications

- Backplane or Cable Driver
- Redundancy and Signal Conditioning Applications
- XAUI

3 Description

The DS40MB200 device is a dual signal conditioning 2:1 multiplexer (MUX) and 1:2 fan-out buffer designed for use in backplane-redundancy applications. Signal conditioning features include continuous time linear equalization (CTLE) and programmable output preemphasis, extending data communication in FR4 backplanes at rates up to 4 Gbps. Each input stage has a fixed equalizer to reduce intersymbol interference distortion from board traces.

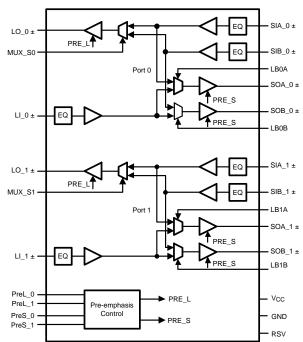
All output drivers have four selectable steps of preemphasis to compensate for transmission losses from long FR4 backplanes and reduce deterministic jitter. The pre-emphasis levels can be independently controlled for the line-side and switch-side drivers. The internal loopback paths from switch-side input to switch-side output enable at-speed system testing. All receiver inputs are internally terminated with 100- Ω differential terminating resistors. All drivers are internally terminated with 50 Ω to V_{CC}.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)		
DS40MB200	WQFN (48)	7.00 mm × 7.00 mm		

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Block Diagram



All CML inputs and outputs must be AC coupled for optimal performance.

An IMPORTANT NOTICE at the end of this data sheet addresses availability, warranty, changes, use in safety-critical applications, intellectual property matters and other important disclaimers. PRODUCTION DATA.





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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision I (March 2013) to Revision J

Cł	hanges from Revision I (March 2013) to Revision J			
•	Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, Storage Conditions table, ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Parameter Measurement Information section, Feature Description section, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section			
•	Changed thermal information per latest modeling results	5		
•	Changed board trace attenuation estimate, per recent measurement	15		

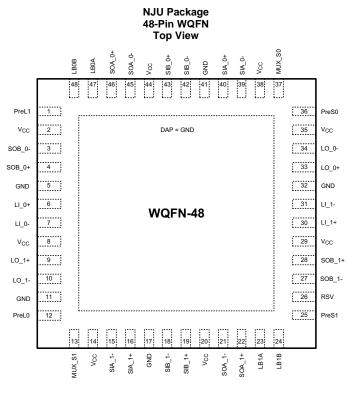


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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Р	IN	I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION ⁽²⁾		
NAME	NO.	1/0(*)	DESCRIPTION**		
LINE-SIDE HI	LINE-SIDE HIGH-SPEED DIFFERENTIAL I/Os				
LI_0+ LI_0-	6 7	I	Inverting and noninverting differential inputs of port_0 at the line side. Ll_0+ and Ll_0- have an internal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.		
LI_1+ LI_1-	30 31	Ι	Inverting and noninverting differential inputs of port_1 at the line side. LI_1+ and LI_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.		
LO_0+ LO_0-	33 34	0	Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of port_0 at the line side. LO_0+ and LO_0- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .		
LO_1+90Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of port_1 a an internal 50 Ω connected to V_{CC} .		Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of port_1 at the line side. LO_1+ and LO_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .			
SWITCH-SIDE	HIGH SPEED	DIFFERENT	TAL I/Os		
SIA_0+ 40 Inverting and noninverting differential inputs to the mux_0 at the switch_A side. SIA_0+ and SIA_0- are ninternal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.					
SIA_1+ SIA_1-	16 15	Ι	Inverting and noninverting differential inputs to the mux_1 at the switch_A side. SIA_1+ and SIA_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.		
SIB_0+ SIB_0-	43 42	Ι	Inverting and noninverting differential inputs to the mux_0 at the switch_B side. SIB_0+ and SIB_0- have an internal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.		
SIB_1+ SIB_1-	19 18	Ι	Inverting and noninverting differential inputs to the mux_1 at the switch_B side. SIB_1+ and SIB_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to an internal reference voltage. See Figure 7.		
SOA_0+ SOA_0-	46 45	0	Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of mux_0 at the switch_A side. SOA_0+ and SOA_0- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .		
SOA_1+ SOA_1-	22 21	0	Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of mux_1 at the switch_A side. SOA_1+ and SOA_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .		

(1) I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

(2) All CML Inputs or Outputs must be AC coupled.

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Pin Functions (continued)

PIN		I/O ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION ⁽²⁾	
NAME	NO.	10(*)	DESCRIPTION	
SOB_0+ SOB_0-	4 3	0	Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of mux_0 at the switch_B side. SOB_0+ and SOB_0- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .	
SOB_1+ SOB_1-	28 27	0	Inverting and noninverting differential outputs of mux_1 at the switch_B side. SOB_1+ and SOB_1- have an internal 50 Ω connected to V _{CC} .	
CONTROL (3.	3-V LVCMOS)			
LB0A	47	I	A logic low at LB0A enables the internal loopback path from SIA_0± to SOA_0±. LB0A is internally pulled high.	
LB0B	48	I	A logic low at LB0B enables the internal loopback path from SIB_0± to SOB_0±. LB0B is internally pulled high.	
LB1A	23	Ι	A logic low at LB1A enables the internal loopback path from SIA_1± to SOA_1±. LB1A is internally pulled high.	
LB1B	24	Ι	A logic low at LB1B enables the internal loopback path from SIB_1± to SOB_1±. LB1B is internally pulled high.	
MUX_S0	37	Ι	A logic low at MUX_S0 selects mux_0 to switch B. MUX_S0 is internally pulled high. Default state for mux_0 is switch A.	
MUX_S1	13	Ι	A logic low at MUX_S1 selects mux_1 to switch B. MUX_S1 is internally pulled high. Default state for mux_1 is switch A.	
PREL_0 PREL_1	12 1	I	PREL_0 and PREL_1 select the output pre-emphasis of the line side drivers (LO_0± and LO_1±). PREL_0 and PREL_1 are internally pulled high. See Table 3 for line side pre-emphasis levels.	
PRES_0 PRES_1	36 25	I	PRES_0 and PRES_1 select the output pre-emphasis of the switch side drivers (SOA_0±, SOB_0±, SOA_1± and SOB_1±). PRES_0 and PRES_1 are internally pulled high. See Table 4 for switch side pre-emphasis levels.	
RSV	26	I	Reserve pin to support factory testing. This pin can be left open, or tied to GND, or tied to GND through an external pull-down resistor.	
POWER				
GND	5, 11, 17, 32, 41	Ρ	Ground reference. Each ground pin must be connected to the ground plane through a low inductance path, typically with a via located as close as possible to the landing pad of the GND pin.	
GND	DAP	Ρ	Die Attach Pad (DAP) is the metal contact at the bottom side, located at the center of the WQFN-48 package. It must be connected to the GND plane with at least 4 via to lower the ground impedance and improve the thermal performance of the package.	
V _{CC}	2, 8, 14, 20, 29, 35, 38, 44	Ρ	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 5\%$. Each V_{CC} pin must be connected to the V_{CC} plane through a low inductance path, typically with	



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6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $see^{(1)(2)}$

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage (V _{CC})	-0.3	4	V
CMOS/TTL input voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
CML input/output voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
Junction temperature		125	°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 4 sec)		260	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
Lectrostatic	Human body model (HBM), 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF, per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 $^{(1)}$	±6000	V	
V (E	^(SD) discharge	Machine model (MM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-A115-A	±250	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Ratings

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage (V _{CC} – GND)	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Supply noise amplitude (10 Hz to 2 GHz)			20	mV_{PP}
Ambient temperature	0		85	°C
Case temperature			100	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

		DS40MB200	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	NJU (WQFN)	UNIT
		48 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	32.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	15.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	9	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	0.2	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	9	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	2.5	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

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6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
LVCMC	OS DC SPECIFICATIONS						
V _{IH}	High level input voltage			2		V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage			-0.3		0.8	V
I _{IH}	High level input current	V _{IN} = V _{CC}	-10		10	μA	
IIL	Low level input current	V _{IN} = GND		75	94	124	μA
R _{PU}	Pull-high resistance				35		kΩ
	VER SPECIFICATIONS		· · · · ·				
		AC-coupled differential signal.	Below 1.25 Gbps	100		1750	
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage range	This parameter is not production	At 1.25 Gbps-3.125 Gbps	100		1560	mV_{P-P}
	vonage range	tested.	Above 3.125 Gbps	100		1200	
V _{ICM}	Common mode voltage at receiver inputs	Measured at receiver inputs refere	ence to ground.		1.3		V
R _{ITD}	Input differential termination	On-chip differential termination be	tween IN+ or IN−.	84	100	116	Ω
DRIVE	R SPECIFICATIONS	-	ł				
VODB	Output differential voltage swing without pre-emphasis	$\begin{array}{l} R_{L} = 100 \ \Omega \ \pm 1\% \\ PRES_{L} 1 = PRES_{L} 0 = 0 \\ PREL_{L} 1 = PREL_{L} 0 = 0 \\ Driver \ pre-emphasis \ disabled. \\ Running \ K28.7 \ pattern \ at \ 4 \ Gbps. \\ See \ Figure \ 6 \ for \ test \ circuit. \end{array}$	PREL_1 = PREL_0 = 0 Driver pre-emphasis disabled. Running K28.7 pattern at 4 Gbps.			1400	mV _{P-P}
		$\begin{array}{c} R_{L} = 100 \ \Omega \ \pm 1\% \\ Running \ K28.7 \ pattern \ at \\ 4 \ Gbps^{(2)} \end{array}$	PREx_[1:0] = 00		0		
			PREx_[1:0] = 01		-3		
	Output pre-emphasis voltage ratio	x = S for switch side pre-	PREx_[1:0] = 10		-6		
V _{PE}	20 × log (VODPE / VODB)	emphasis control x = L for line side pre-emphasis control See Figure 8 on waveform. See Figure 6 for test circuit.	PREx_[1:0] = 11		-9		dB
t _{PE}	Pre-emphasis width ⁽³⁾	Tested at -9 -dB pre-emphasis lev x = S for switch side pre-emphasis x = L for line side pre-emphasis co See Figure 3 on measurement con	s control	125	200	250	ps
R _{OTSE}	Output termination	On-chip termination from OUT+ or	OUT- to V _{CC} ⁽⁴⁾	42	50	58	Ω
R _{OTD}	Output differential termination	On-chip differential termination be	tween OUT+ and OUT- ⁽⁴⁾		100		Ω
∆R _{ots} e	Mismatch in output termination resistors	Mismatch in output terminations at	t OUT+ and OUT- ⁽⁴⁾			5%	
V _{OCM}	Output common mode voltage				2.7		V
POWE	R DISSIPATION						
P _D	Power dissipation	V_{DD} = 3.465 V All outputs terminated by 100 Ω ±' PREL_[1:0] = 0, PRES_[1:0] = 0 Running PRBS 2 ⁷ -1 pattern at 4 C				1	w

(1)

Typical parameters measured at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C. They are for reference purposes and are not production-tested. K28.7 pattern is a 10-bit repeating pattern of K28.7 code group {001111 100} K28.5 pattern is a 20-bit repeating pattern of +K28.5 and (2) -K28.5 code groups {110000 0101 001111 1010}

Specified by design and characterization using statistical analysis. (3)

IN+ and IN- are generic names refer to one of the many pairs of complementary inputs of the DS40MB200. OUT+ and OUT- are generic names refer to one of the many pairs of the complimentary outputs of the DS40MB200. Differential input voltage V_{ID} is defined as |IN+-IN-|. Differential output voltage V_{OD} is defined as |OUT+-OUT-|. (4)

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Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
AC CH	ARACTERISTICS						
	Device random	See Figure 6 for test circuit.	At 1.25 Gbps			2	
RJ	jitter ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	Alternating-1-0 pattern. Pre-emphasis disabled.	At 4 Gbps			2	ps _{rms}
DJ	Device deterministic jitter ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁶⁾	See Figure 6 for test circuit. Pre-emphasis disabled.	At 4 Gbps, PRBS7 pattern			30	ps _{p-p}
DR _{MA} x	Maximum data rate ⁽⁶⁾	Tested with alternating-1-0 patternation	ern	4			Gbps

Device output random jitter is a measurement of the random jitter contribution from the device. It is derived by the equation sqrt (5) (RJ_{OUT}² – RJ_{IN}²), where RJ_{OUT} is the random jitter measured at the output of the device in psrms, RJ_{IN} is the random jitter of the pattern generator driving the device.

Specified by design and characterization using statistical analysis.

Device output deterministic jitter is a measurement of the deterministic jitter contribution from the device. It is derived by the equation $(DJ_{OUT} - DJ_{IN})$, where DJ_{OUT} is the peak-to-peak deterministic jitter measured at the output of the device in ps_{p-p} , DJ_{IN} is the peak-to-peak deterministic jitter of the pattern generator driving the device.

6.6 Switching Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _R	Differential low-to-high transition time	Measured with a clock-like pattern at 100 MHz, between 20% and 80% of the differential output	80		ps
t _F	Differential high-to-low transition time	voltage. Pre-emphasis disabled. Transition time is measured with fixture as shown in Figure 6, adjusted to reflect the transition time at the output pins.	80		ps
t _{PLH}	Differential low-to-high propagation delay	Measured at 50% differential voltage from input	0.5	2	ns
t _{PHL}	Differential high-to-low propagation delay	to output.	0.5	2	ns
t _{SKP}	Pulse skew ⁽²⁾	t _{PHL} =t _{PLH}		20	ps
t _{sko}	Output skew ⁽³⁾⁽²⁾	Difference in propagation delay among data paths in the same device.		200	ps
t _{SKPP}	Part-to-part skew ⁽²⁾	Difference in propagation delay between the same output from devices operating under identical condition.		500	ps
t _{SM}	MUX switch time	Measured from $V_{\rm IH}$ or $V_{\rm IL}$ of the mux-control or loopback control to 50% of the valid differential output.	1.8	6	ns

Typical parameters measured at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C. They are for reference purposes and are not production-tested. Specified by design and characterization using statistical analysis. (1)

(2)

t_{SKO} is the magnitude difference in the propagation delays among data paths between switch A and switch B of the same port and (3)similar data paths between port 0 and port 1. An example is the output skew among data paths from SIA_0± to LO_0±, SIB_0± to LO_0±, SIA_1± to LO_1± and SIB_1± to LO_1±. Another example is the output skew among data paths from L1_0± to SOA_0±, L1_0± to SOA_0±, SIA_1± to LO_1±. SOB_0±, LI_1± to SOA_1± and LI_1± to SOB_1±. t_{SKO} also refers to the delay skew of the loopback paths of the same port and between similar data paths between port 0 and port 1. An example is the output skew among data paths SIA_0± to SOA_0±, SIB_0± to SOB_0±, SIA_1± to SOA_1± and SIB_1± to SOB_1±.



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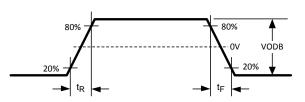


Figure 1. Driver Output Transition Time

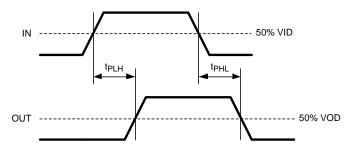


Figure 2. Propagation Delay From Input to Output

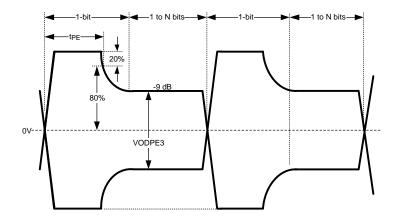


Figure 3. Test Condition for Output Pre-Emphasis Duration

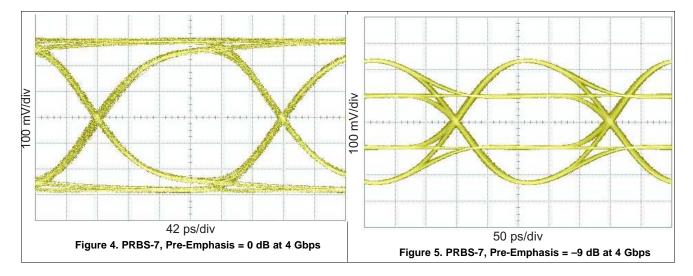


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6.7 Typical Characteristics



7 Parameter Measurement Information

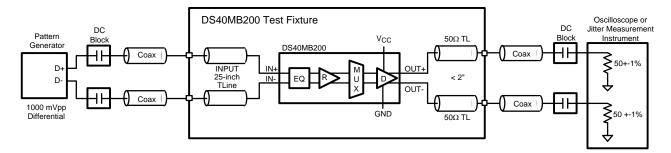


Figure 6. AC Test Circuit

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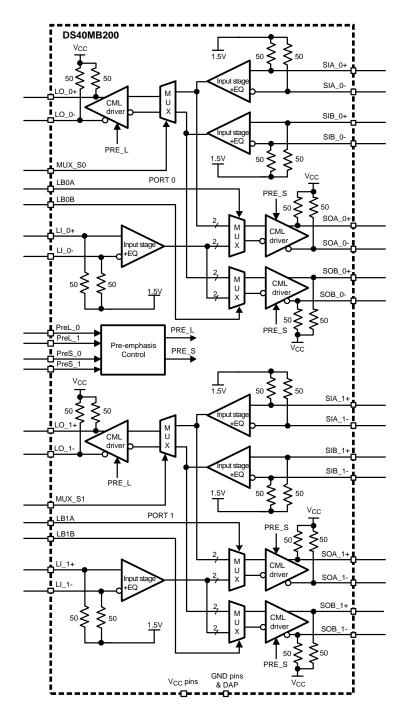
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8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The DS40MB200 is a signal conditioning 2:1 multiplexer and 1:2 buffer designed to support port redundancy with encoded or scrambled data rates between 1 and 4 Gbps. The DS40MB200 provides fixed equalization at the receive input and pre-emphasis control on the output in order to support signal reach extension.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram





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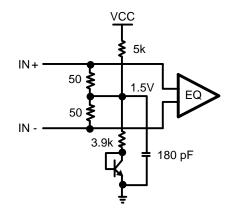
8.3 Feature Description

The DS40MB200 MUX buffer consists of several key blocks:

- CML Inputs and EQ
- Multiplexer and Loopback Control
- CML Drivers and Pre-Emphasis Control

8.3.1 CML Inputs and EQ

The high-speed inputs are self-biased to about 1.3 V at IN+ and IN- and are designed for AC coupling. See Figure 7 for details about the internal receiver input termination and bias circuit.





The inputs are compatible to most AC coupling differential signals such as LVDS, LVPECL, and CML. The DS40MB200 is not designed to operate with data rates below 1000 Mbps or with a DC bias applied to the CML inputs or outputs. Most high-speed links are encoded for DC balance and have been defined to include AC coupling capacitors, allowing the DS40MB200 to be inserted directly into the datapath without any limitation. The ideal AC-coupling capacitor value is often based on the lowest frequency component embedded within the serial link. A typical AC-coupling capacitor value ranges between 100 and 1000 nF. Some specifications with scrambled data may require a larger capacitor for optimal performance. To reduce unwanted parasitic effects around and within the AC-coupling capacitor, a body size of 0402 is recommended. Figure 6 shows the AC-coupling capacitor placement in an AC test circuit.

Each input stage has a fixed equalizer that provides equalization to compensate about 5 dB (at 2 GHz) of transmission loss from a short backplane trace (about 10 inches backplane).

8.3.2 Multiplexer and Loopback Control

Table 1 and Table 2 provide details about how to configure the DS40MB200 multiplexer and loopback settings.

PIN	PIN VALUE	MUX FUNCTION
MUX SO	0	MUX_0 select switch_B input, SIB_0±.
WOX_SU	1 (default)	MUX_0 select switch_A input, SIA_0±.
MUX 64	0	MUX_1 select switch_B input, SIB_1±.
MUX_S1	1 (default)	MUX_1 select switch_A input, SIA_0±.

Table 2	Logic	Table	for Lo	opback	Controls
	Logio	IUDIC		opbuok .	001111013

PIN	PIN VALUE	LOOPBACK FUNCTION
	0	Enable loopback from SIA_0± to SOA_0±.
LB0A	1 (default)	Normal mode. Loopback disabled.

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	Table 2. Lo	bgic Table for Loopback Controls (continued)
PIN	PIN VALUE	LOOPBACK FUNCTION
	0	Enable loopback from SIB_0± to SOB_0±.
LB0B	1 (default)	Normal mode. Loopback disabled.
LB1A	0	Enable loopback from SIA_1± to SOA_1±.
LDIA	1 (default)	Normal mode. Loopback disabled.
LB1B	0	Enable loopback from SIB_1± to SOB_1±.
LDID	1 (default)	Normal mode. Loopback disabled.

Table 2. Logic Table for Loopback Controls (continued)

8.3.3 CML Drivers and Pre-Emphasis Control

The output driver has pre-emphasis (driver-side equalization) to compensate the transmission loss of the backplane that it is driving. The driver conditions the output signal such that the lower frequency and higher frequency pulses reach approximately the same amplitude at the end of the backplane and minimize the deterministic jitter caused by the amplitude disparity. The DS40MB200 provides four steps of user-selectable pre-emphasis ranging from 0, -3, -6 and -9 dB to handle different lengths of backplane. Figure 8 shows a driver pre-emphasis waveform. The pre-emphasis duration is 200 ps nominal, corresponding to 0.8 unit intervals (UI) at 4Gbps. The pre-emphasis levels of switch-side and line-side can be individually programmed.

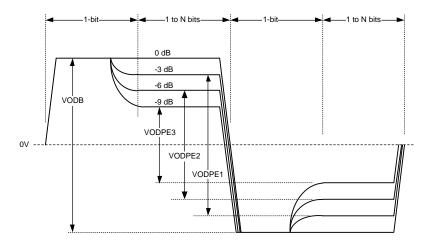


Figure 8. Driver Pre-Emphasis Differential Waveform (Showing All 4 Pre-Emphasis Steps)

		•		
PreL_[1:0]	PRE-EMPHASIS LEVEL IN mV _{PP} (VODB)	DE-EMPHASIS LEVEL IN mV _{PP} (VODPE)	PRE-EMPHASIS IN dB (VODPE/VODB)	TYPICAL FR4 BOARD TRACE
0 0	1200	1200	0	10 inches
0 1	1200	850	-3	20 inches
1 0	1200	600	-6	30 inches
1 1 (default)	1200	426	-9	40 inches

Table 3.	Line-Side	Pre-Emphasis	Controls
----------	-----------	---------------------	----------

PreS_[1:0]	PRE-EMPHASIS LEVEL IN mV _{PP} (VODB)	DE-EMPHASIS LEVEL IN mV _{PP} (VODPE)	PRE-EMPHASIS IN dB (VODPE/VODB)	TYPICAL FR4 BOARD TRACE
0 0	1200	1200	0	10 inches
0 1	1200	850	-3	20 inches
1 0	1200	600	-6	30 inches
1 1 (default)	1200	426	-9	40 inches

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9 Application and Implementation

NOTE Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The DS40MB200 is a 2:1 MUX and 1:2 buffer that equalizes input data up to 4 Gbps and provides transmit preemphasis controls to improve overall signal reach. As a MUX buffer, the DS40MB200 is ideal for designs where there is a need for port sharing or redundancy as well as on-the-fly reorganization of routes and data connections.

9.2 Typical Application

A typical application for the DS40MB200 is shown in Figure 9 and Figure 10.

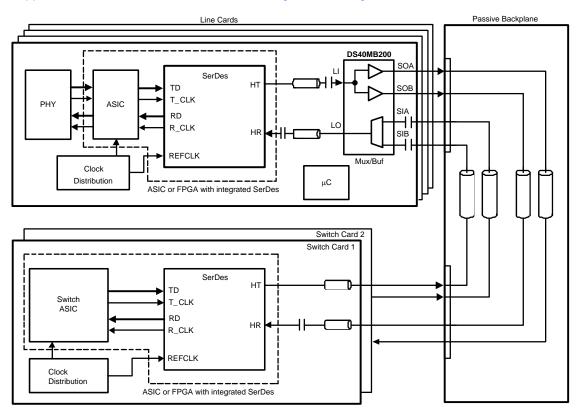


Figure 9. System Diagram (Showing Data Paths of Port 0)



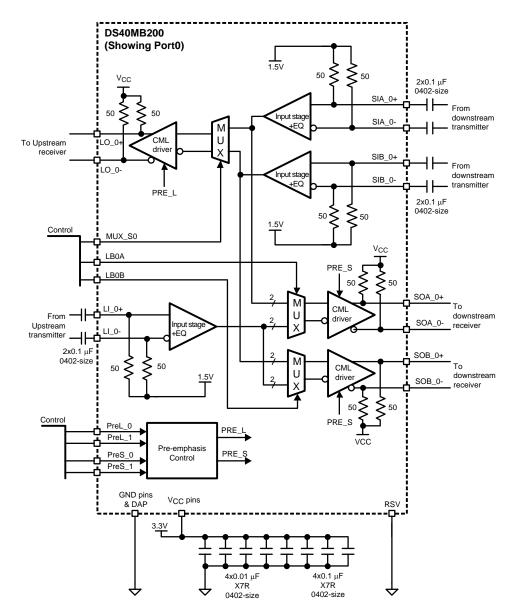
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Typical Application (continued)





9.2.1 Design Requirements

In a typical design, the DS40MB200 equalizes a short backplane trace on its input, followed by a longer trace at the DS40MB200 output. In this application example, a 25-inch FR4 coupled micro-strip board trace is used in place of the short backplane link. A block diagram of this example is shown in Figure 11.



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Typical Application (continued)

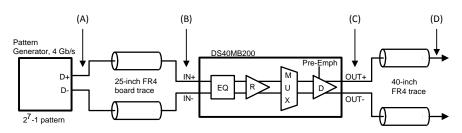


Figure 11. Block Diagram of DS40MB200 Application Example

The 25-inch microstrip board trace has approximately 6 dB of attenuation between 375 MHz and 1.875 GHz, representing closely the transmission loss of the short backplane transmission line. The 25-inch microstrip is connected between the pattern generator and the differential inputs of the DS40MB200 for AC measurements.

Table 5. Input Trace Parameters

TRACE LENGTH	FINISHED TRACE WIDTH W	SEPARATION BETWEEN TRACES	DIELECTRIC HEIGHT H	$\begin{array}{c} \text{DIELECTRIC} \\ \text{CONSTANT} \ \epsilon_{\text{R}} \end{array}$	LOSS TANGENT
25 inches	8.5 mil	11.5 mil	6 mil	3.8	0.022

The length of the output trace may vary based on system requirements. In this example, a 40-inch FR4 trace with similar trace width, separation, and dielectric characteristics is placed at the DS40MB200 output.

As with any high-speed design, there are many factors which influence the overall performance. Following is a list of critical areas for consideration and study during design.

- Use 100-Ω impedance traces. Generally, these are very loosely coupled to ease routing length differences.
- Place AC-coupling capacitors near to the receiver end of each channel segment to minimize reflections.
- The maximum body size for AC-coupling capacitors is 0402.
- Back-drill connector vias and signal vias to minimize stub length.
- Use reference plane vias to ensure a low inductance path for the return current.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

For optimal design, the DS40MB200 must be configured to route incoming data correctly as well as to provide the best signal quality. The following design procedures must be observed:

- The DS40MB200 must be configured to provide the correct multiplexer and buffer routes in order to satisfy system requirements. In order to set the appropriate multiplexer control settings, refer to Table 1. To configure the buffer control settings, refer to Table 2. For example, consider the case where the designer wishes to route the input from Switch Card A (SIA0_0±) to the output for the line card (LO_0±). To accomplish this, set MUX_S0 = 1 (select SIA0_0±). For the other direction from line card output to switch card, set LB0A = 1 and LB0B = 1 so that the input from the line-card is buffered to both Switch Card A (SOA_0±) and Switch Card B (SOB_0±).
- 2. The DS40MB200 is designed to be placed at an offset location with respect to the overall channel attenuation. To optimize performance, the multiplexer buffer transmit pre-emphasis can be tuned to extend the trace length reach while also recovering a solid eye opening. To tune transmit pre-emphasis on either the line card side or switch card side, refer to Table 3 and Table 4 for recommended pre-emphasis control settings according to the length of FR4 board trace connected at the DS40MB200 output. For example, if 40 inches of FR4 trace is connected to the switch card output, set PreS_[1:0] = (1, 1) for VOD = 1200 mVpp and -9 dB of transmit pre-emphasis.



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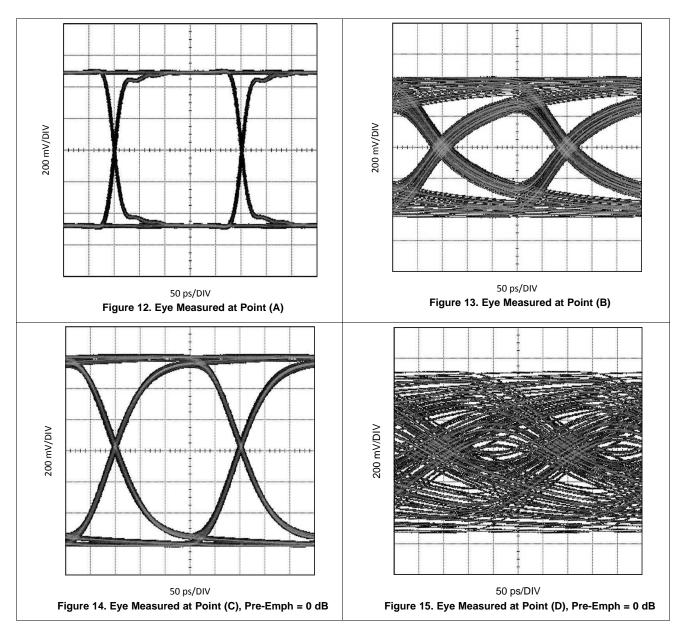
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9.2.3 Application Curves

Figure 12 through Figure 17 show how the signal integrity varies at different places in the data path. These measured locations can be referenced back to the labeled points provided in Figure 11.

- Point (A): Output signal of source pattern generator
- Point (B): Input to DS40MB200 after 25 inches of FR4 trace from source
- Point (C): Output of DS40MB200 driver
- Point (D): Signal after 40 inches of FR4 trace from DS40MB200 driver

The source signal is a PRBS-7 pattern at 4 Gbps. For the long output traces, the eye after 40 inches of output FR4 trace is significantly improved by adding –9 dB of pre-emphasis.

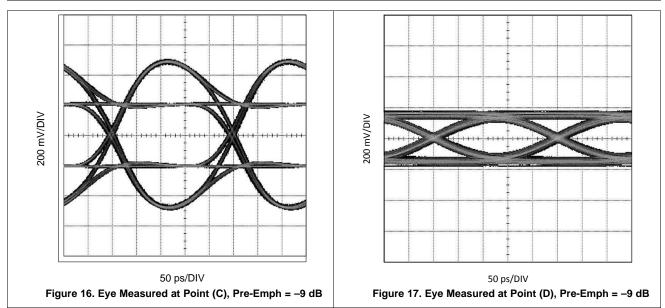




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10 Power Supply Recommendations

The supply (V_{CC}) and ground (GND) pins must be connected to power planes routed on adjacent layers of the printed circuit board. The layer thickness of the dielectric must be minimized so that the V_{CC} and GND planes create a low inductance supply with distributed capacitance. Careful attention to supply bypassing through the proper use of bypass capacitors is required. A 0.01-µF or 0.1-µF bypass capacitor must be connected to each V_{CC} pin such that the capacitor is placed as close to the V_{CC} pins as possible. Smaller body-size capacitors, such as 0402 body size, can help facilitate proper component placement. Refer to the V_{CC} pin connections in Figure 10 for further details.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Use at least a four-layer board with a power and ground plane. Closely coupled differential lines of 100 Ω are typically recommended for differential interconnect. The closely coupled lines help to ensure that coupled noise will appear as common-mode and thus will be rejected by the receivers. Information on the WQFN style package is provided in *AN-1187 Leadless Leadframe Package (LLP)* (SNOA401).

11.2 Layout Examples

Stencil parameters such as aperture area ratio and the fabrication process have a significant impact on paste deposition. Inspection of the stencil prior to placement of the WQFN package is highly recommended to improve board assembly yields. If the via and aperture openings are not carefully monitored, the solder may flow unevenly through the DAP. Stencil parameters for aperture opening and via locations are shown in Figure 18. A layout example for the DS40MB200 DAP is shown in Figure 19, where 16 stencil openings are used for the DAP alongside nine vias to GND.

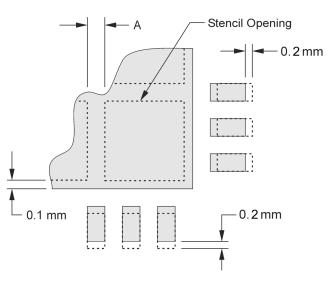


Figure 18. No Pullback WQFN, Single Row Reference Diagram

Table 6. No Pullback WQFN Stencil A	perture Summary	v for DS40MB200
	iperture ourinnur	

DEVICE	PIN COUNT	MKT DWG	PCB I/O PAD SIZE (mm)	PCB PITCH (mm)	PCB DAP SIZE (mm)	STENCIL I/O APERTURE (mm)	STENCIL DAP APERTURE (mm)	NUMBER OF DAP APERTURE OPENINGS	GAP BETWEEN DAP APERTURE (Dim A mm)
DS40MB200	48	SQA48A	0.25×0.6	0.5	5.1 × 5.1	0.25 × 0.7	1.1 × 1.1	16	0.2



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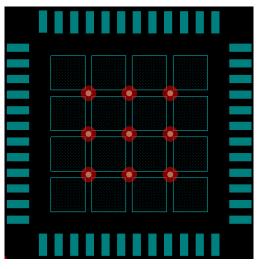


Figure 19. 48-Pin WQFN Stencil Example of Via and Opening Placement



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12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following: AN-1187 Leadless Leadframe Package (LLP), SNOA401

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

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Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

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12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



9-Aug-2016

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
DS40MB200SQ	NRND	WQFN	NJU	48		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	40MB200	
DS40MB200SQ/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	NJU	48	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	40MB200	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows: ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs. LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solider bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above. Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight

in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(6) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "--" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width

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Addendum-Page 1



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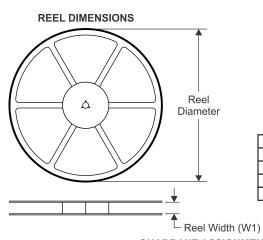
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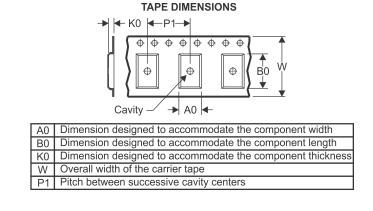
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

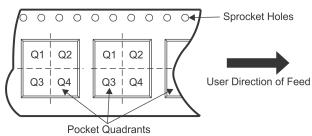
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DS40MB200SQ/NOPB	WQFN	NJU	48	250	178.0	16.4	7.3	7.3	1.3	12.0	16.0	Q1



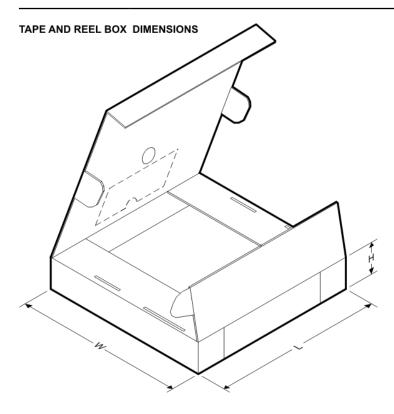
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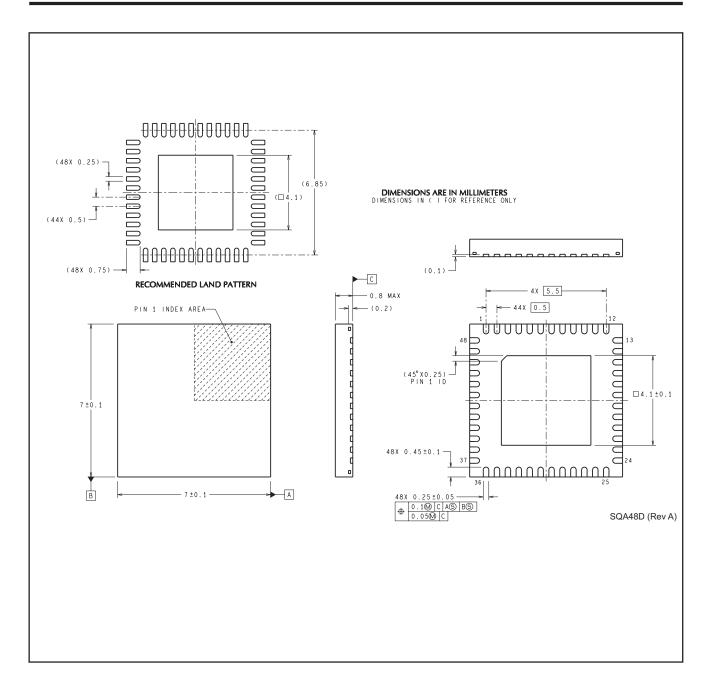
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DS40MB200SQ/NOPB	WQFN	NJU	48	250	213.0	191.0	55.0



MECHANICAL DATA

NJU0048D







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