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## SN65LBC176A-EP DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

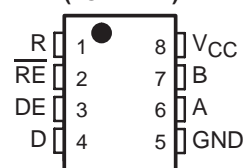
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- **Controlled Baseline**
  - One Assembly/Test Site, One Fabrication Site
- **Extended Temperature Performance of**  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $125^{\circ}\text{C}$
- **Enhanced Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) Support**
- **Enhanced Product Change Notification**
- **Qualification Pedigree†**
- **High-Speed Low-Power LinBiCMOS™ Circuitry Designed for Signaling Rates‡ Up to 30 Mbps**
- **Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds 12-kV HBM**
- **Compatible With ANSI Standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E)**
- **Low Skew**
- **Designed for Multipoint Transmission on Long Bus Lines in Noisy Environments**
- **Low Disabled Supply Current Requirements . . . 700  $\mu\text{A}$  Maximum**
- **Common-Mode Voltage Range of  $-7\text{ V}$  to  $12\text{ V}$**
- **Thermal-Shutdown Protection**
- **Driver Positive and Negative Current Limiting**
- **Open-Circuit Fail-Safe Receiver Design**
- **Receiver Input Sensitivity . . .  $\pm 200\text{ mV}$  Max**
- **Receiver Input Hysteresis . . .  $50\text{ mV}$  Typ**
- **Glitch-Free Power-Up and Power-Down Protection**

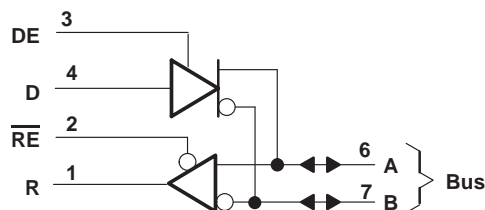
† Component qualification in accordance with JEDEC and industry standards to ensure reliable operation over an extended temperature range. This includes, but is not limited to, Highly Accelerated Stress Test (HAST) or biased 85/85, temperature cycle, autoclave or unbiased HAST, electromigration, bond intermetallic life, and mold compound life. Such qualification testing should not be viewed as justifying use of this component beyond specified performance and environmental limits.

‡ Signaling rate by TIA/EIA-485-A definition restrict transition times to 30% of the bit length, and much higher signaling rates may be achieved without this requirement as displayed in the *TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS* of this device.

D Package  
(TOP VIEW)



logic diagram (positive logic)



Function Tables

DRIVER

INPUT D	ENABLE DE	OUTPUTS	
		A	B
H	H	H	L
L	H	L	H
X	L	Z	Z
Open	H	H	L

RECEIVER

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS $V_A - V_B$	ENABLE $\overline{RE}$	OUTPUT R
$V_{ID} \geq 0.2\text{ V}$	L	H
$-0.2\text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2\text{ V}$	L	?
$V_{ID} \leq -0.2\text{ V}$	L	L
X	H	Z
Open	L	H

H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate,  
 X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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# SN65LBC176A-EP DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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## description/ordering information

The SN65LBC176A-EP differential bus transceiver is a monolithic, integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication on multipoint bus-transmission lines. The SN65LBC176A-EP is designed for balanced transmission lines and is compatible with ANSI standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482. The SN65LBC176A-EP offers improved switching performance over its predecessors without sacrificing significantly more power.

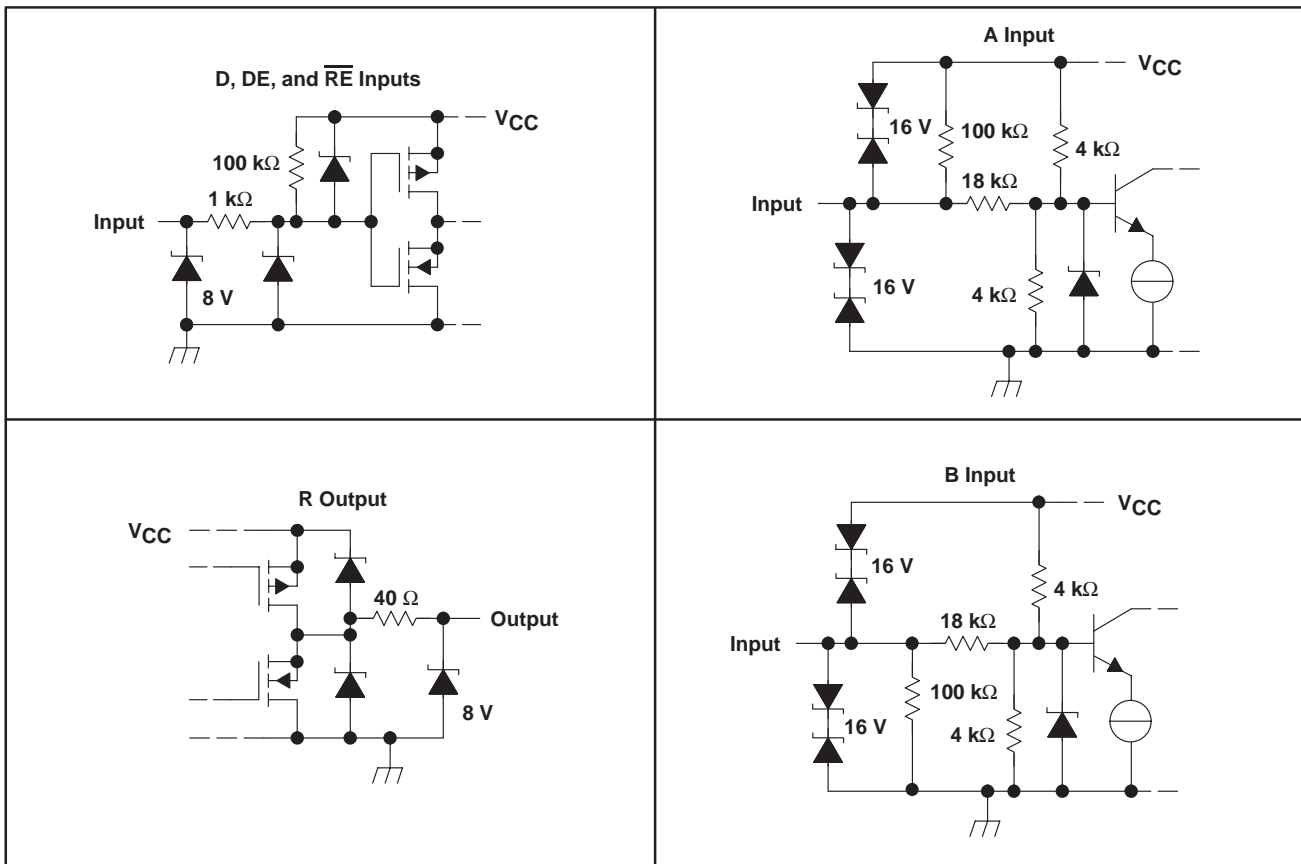
The SN65LBC176A-EP combines a 3-state, differential line driver and a differential input line receiver, both of which operate from a single 5-V power supply. The driver and receiver have active-high and active-low enables, respectively, which can externally connect together to function as a direction control. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs connect internally to form a differential input/output (I/O) bus port that is designed to offer minimum loading to the bus whenever the driver is disabled or  $V_{CC} = 0$ . This port features wide positive and negative common-mode voltage ranges, making the device suitable for party-line applications. Low device supply current can be achieved by disabling the driver and the receiver.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE†		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 125°C	SOIC – D	Tape and Reel	SN65LBC176AQDREP	176AEP
-55°C to 125°C	SOIC – D	Tape and Reel	SN65LBC176AMDREP	176MEP

† Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at [www.ti.com/sc/package](http://www.ti.com/sc/package).

## schematics of inputs and outputs



## SN65LBC176A-EP DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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### absolute maximum ratings†

Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ (see Note 1)	–0.3 V to 6 V
Voltage range at any bus terminal (A or B)	–10 V to 15 V
Input voltage, $V_I$ (D, DE, R, or $\overline{RE}$ )	–0.3 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Electrostatic discharge: Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, A: (see Note 2)	12 kV
Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, B: (see Note 2)	400 V
All terminals, Class 3, A:	4 kV
All terminals, Class 3, B:	400 V
Continuous total power dissipation (see Note 3)	See Dissipation Rating Table
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$ (see Note 4)	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

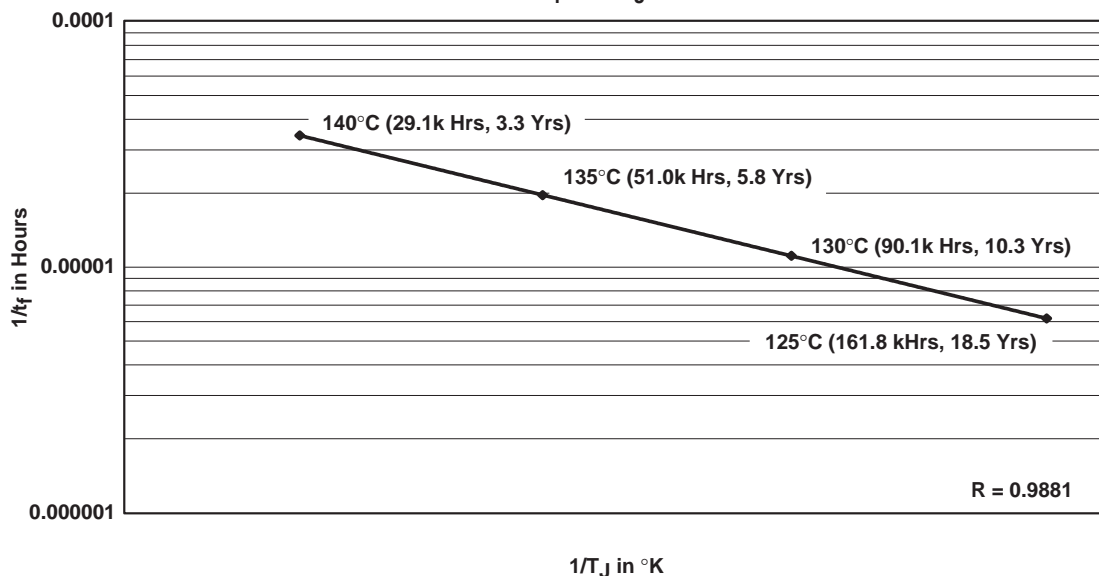
- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltage, are with respect to network ground terminal.
  2. The maximum operating junction temperature is internally limited. Use the dissipation rating table to operate below this temperature.
  3. Tested in accordance with MIL–STD–883C, Method 3015.7
  4. Long-term, high-temperature storage and/or extended use at maximum recommended operating conditions may result in a reduction of overall device life. See [http://www.ti.com/ep\\_quality](http://www.ti.com/ep_quality) for additional information on enhanced plastic packaging.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR‡ ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW	145 mW

‡ This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when the board is mounted and with no air flow.

**OPERATING LIFE DERATING TABLE – SN65LBC176AMDREP**  
1/t<sub>f</sub> vs 1/T<sub>J</sub> in °K



- NOTES:
- A. See the data sheet for absolute maximum and maximum recommended operating conditions.
  - B. Silicon operating life design goal is 10 years at 105°C junction temperature (does not include package interconnect life).
  - C. Attached enhanced plastic product disclaimer applies.

## SN65LBC176A-EP DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$		4.75	5	5.25	V
Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode), $V_I$ or $V_{IC}$		12			V
		-7			
High-level input voltage, $V_{IH}$ (output recessive)	D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$	2	$V_{CC}$		V
Low-level input voltage, $V_{IL}$ (output dominant)	D, DE, and $\overline{RE}$	0	0.8		V
Differential input voltage, $V_{ID}$ (see Note 5)		-12 <sup>§</sup>	12		V
High-level output current, $I_{OH}$	Driver	-60			mA
	Receiver	-8			
Low-level output current, $I_{OL}$	Driver	60			mA
	Receiver	8			
Operating free-air temperature, $T_A$	SN65LBC176AQ-EP	-40	125		°C
	SN65LBC176AM-EP	-55	125		

<sup>§</sup> The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet.

NOTE 5: Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal A with respect to the inverting terminal B.

### driver electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{IK}$	Input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18$ mA		-1.5	-0.8		V
$ V_{OD} $	Differential output voltage	$I_O = 0$		1.5	4	6	V
		$R_L = 54 \Omega$	See Figure 1	0.9	1.5	6	
		$V_{test} = -7$ V to 12 V	See Figure 2	0.9	1.5	6	
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage	See Figure 1 and Figure 2		-0.2		0.2	V
$V_{OC(SS)}$	Steady-state common-mode output voltage	See Figure 1		1.8	2.4	3	V
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage <sup>†</sup>	See Figure 1		-0.2		0.2	V
$I_{OZ}$	High-impedance output current	See receiver input currents					
$I_{IH}$	High-level enable input current	$V_I = 2$ V		-100			$\mu$ A
$I_{IL}$	Low-level enable input current	$V_I = 0.8$ V		-100			$\mu$ A
$I_{OS}$	Short-circuit output current	$-7$ V $\leq V_O \leq 12$ V		-250	$\pm 70$	250	mA
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$V_I = 0$ or $V_{CC}$ , No load	Receiver disabled and driver enabled	5		9	mA
			Receiver disabled and driver disabled	0.4		0.7	
			Receiver enabled and driver enabled	8.5		15	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V,  $T_A = 25^\circ$ C.

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### driver switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	R <sub>L</sub> = 54 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, See Figure 3	2		12	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output		2		12	
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( t <sub>PLH</sub> - t <sub>PHL</sub>  )				2	
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time		1.2		11	
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time		1.2		11	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-impedance to high-level output	R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, See Figure 4			22	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-impedance to low-level output	R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, See Figure 5			25	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-level to high-impedance output	R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, See Figure 4			22	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-level to high-impedance output	R <sub>L</sub> = 110 Ω, See Figure 5			22	ns

† All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

### receiver electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -8 mA			0.2	V
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going input threshold voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA	-0.2			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis voltage (V <sub>IT+</sub> - V <sub>IT-</sub> )		50			mV
V <sub>IK</sub>	Enable-input clamp voltage	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA	-1.5	-0.8		V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 200 mV, I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA, See Figure 6	4	4.9		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>ID</sub> = 200 mV, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA, See Figure 6		0.1	0.8	V
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance-state output current	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to V <sub>CC</sub>	-10		10	μA
I <sub>I</sub>	Bus input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V	Other input at 0 V	0.4	1	mA
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0		0.5	1	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = -7 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V		-0.8	-0.4	
		V <sub>IH</sub> = -7 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0		-0.8	-0.3	
I <sub>IH</sub>	High-level enable-input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	-100			μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level enable-input current	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V	-100			μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 or V <sub>CC</sub> , No load	Receiver enabled and driver disabled	4	7	mA
			Receiver disabled and driver disabled	0.4	0.7	
			Receiver enabled and driver enabled	8.5	15	

† All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

## SN65LBC176A-EP DIFFERENTIAL BUS TRANSCEIVER

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receiver switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PLH</sub> Propagation delay time, output↑	V <sub>ID</sub> = -1.5 V to 1.5 V, See Figure 7	7		30	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub> Propagation delay time, output↓		7		30	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub> Pulse skew ( t <sub>PHL</sub> - t <sub>PLH</sub>  )				6	ns
t <sub>r</sub> Rise time, output	See Figure 7			5	ns
t <sub>f</sub> Fall time, output				5	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> Output enable time to high level	C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF, See Figure 8			50	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> Output enable time to low level				50	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> Output disable time from high level				60	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub> Output disable time from low level				40	ns

† All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

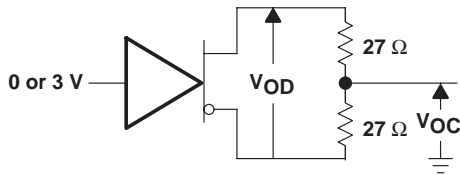


Figure 1. Driver  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$

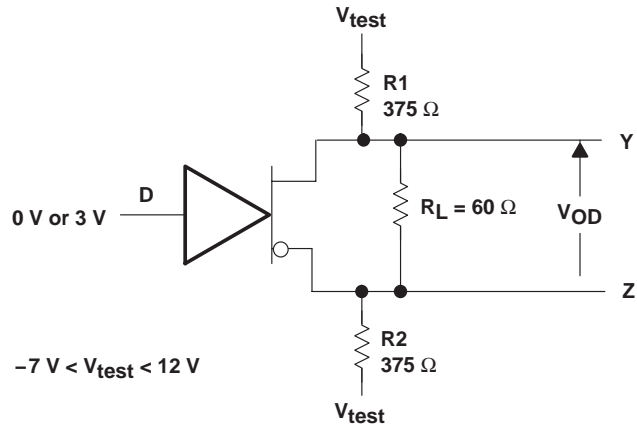
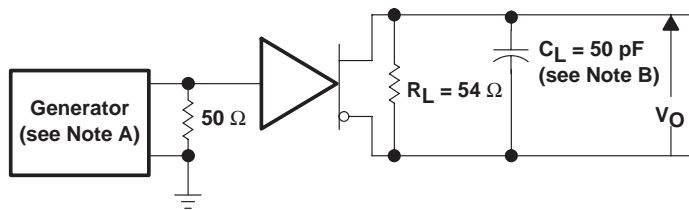
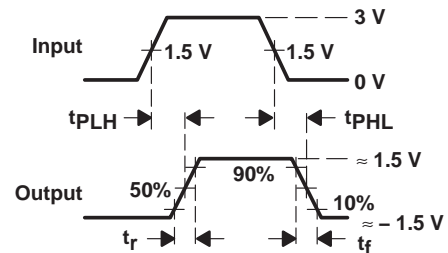


Figure 2. Driver  $V_{OD3}$



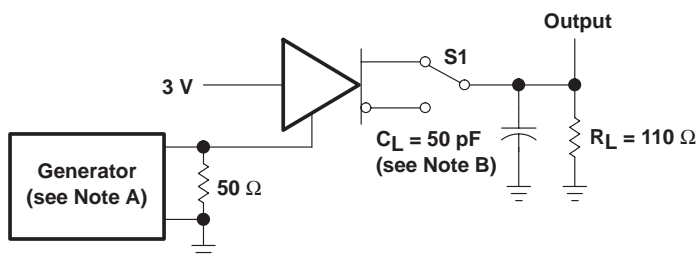
TEST CIRCUIT



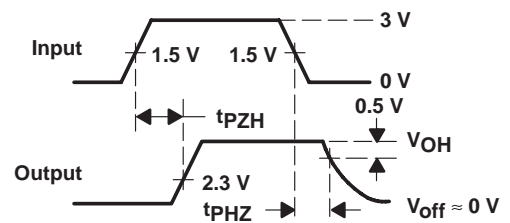
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- NOTES: D. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
 E.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TEST CIRCUIT



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 1$  MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

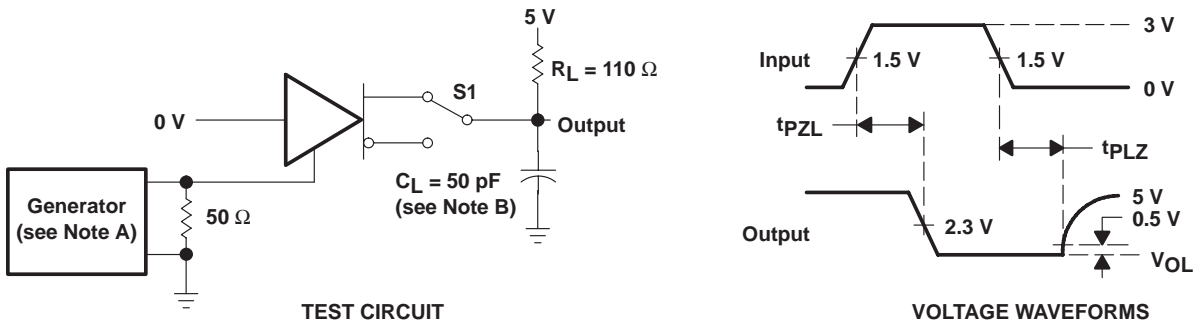
Figure 4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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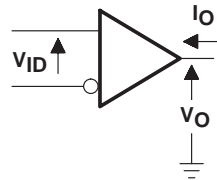
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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

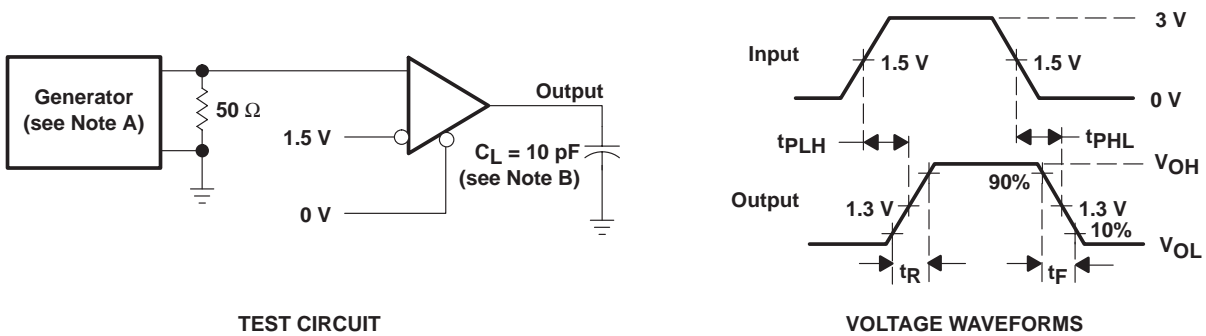


- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**



**Figure 6. Receiver  $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$**



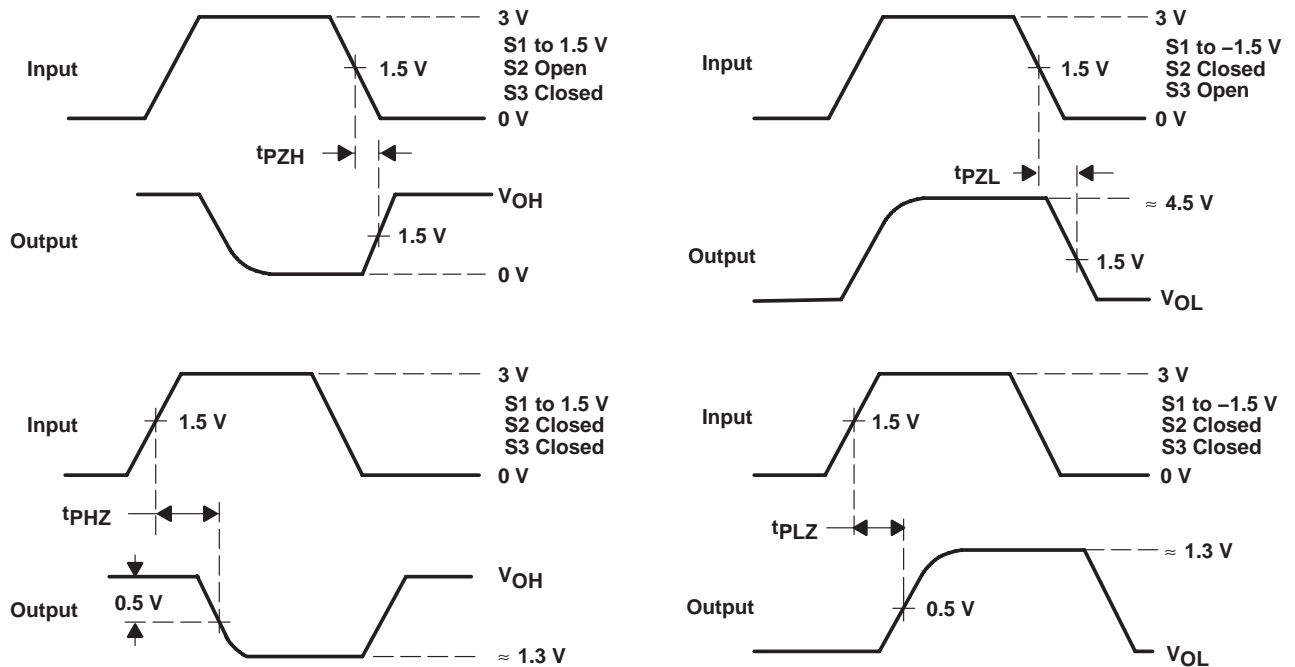
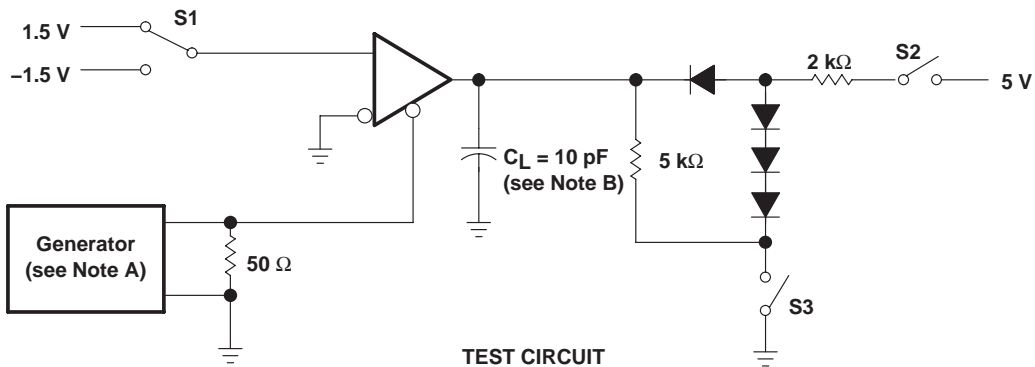
- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**



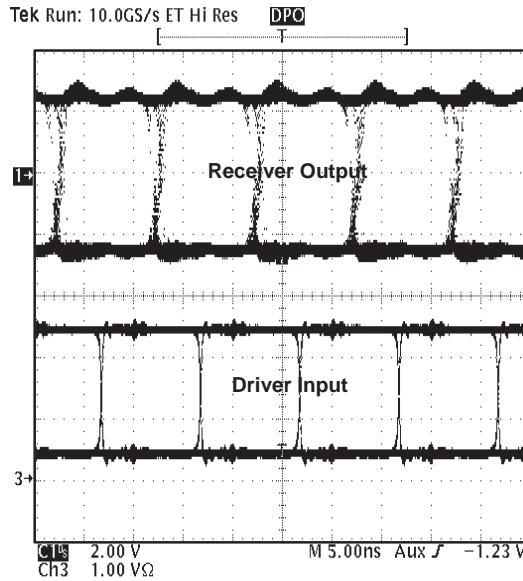
- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 6$  ns,  $t_f \leq 6$  ns,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ .  
 B.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.

**Figure 8. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**Figure 9. Typical Waveform of Non-Return-To-Zero (NRZ), Pseudorandom Binary Sequence (PRBS) Data at 100 Mbps Through 15m, of CAT 5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Cable**

TIA/EIA-485-A defines a maximum signaling rate as that in which the transition time of the voltage transition of a logic-state change remains less than or equal to 30% of the bit length. Transition times of greater length perform quite well, even though they do not meet the standard by definition.

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

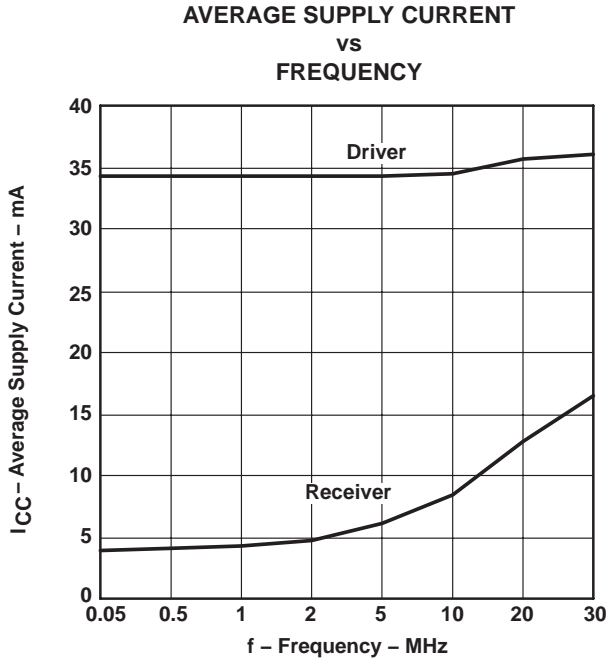


Figure 10

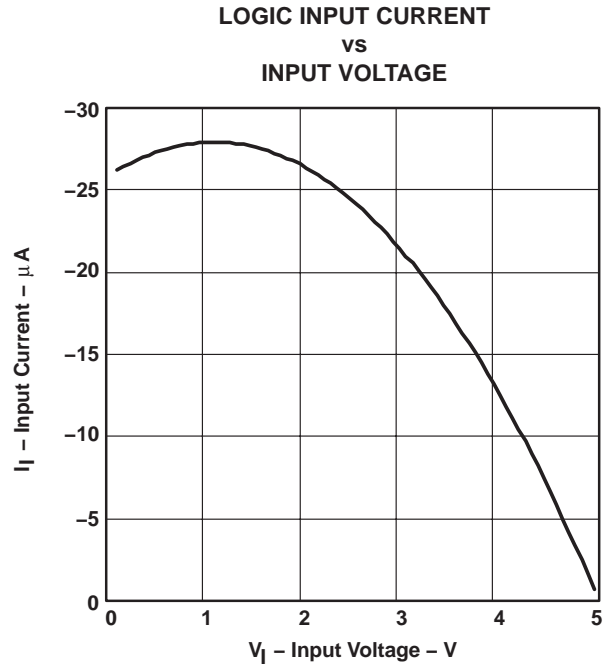


Figure 11

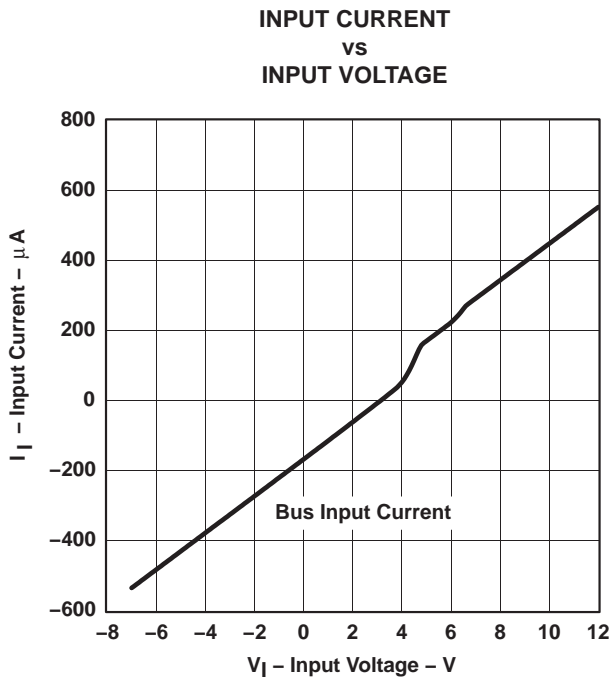


Figure 12

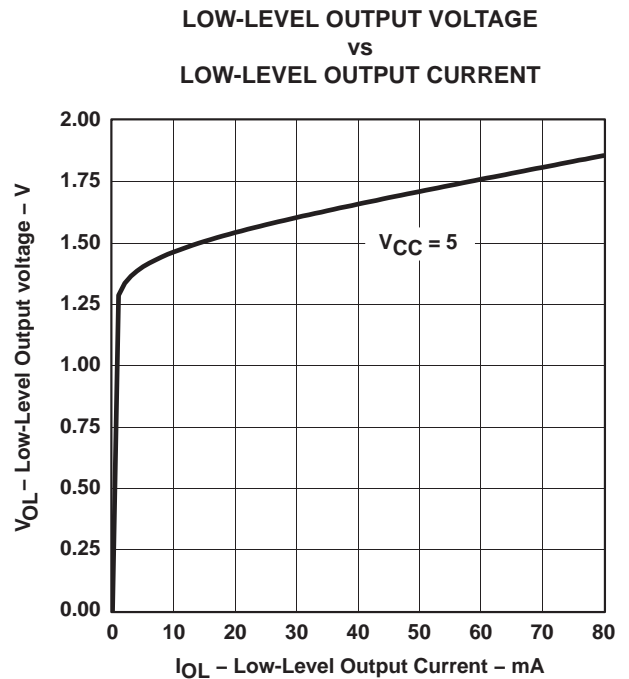


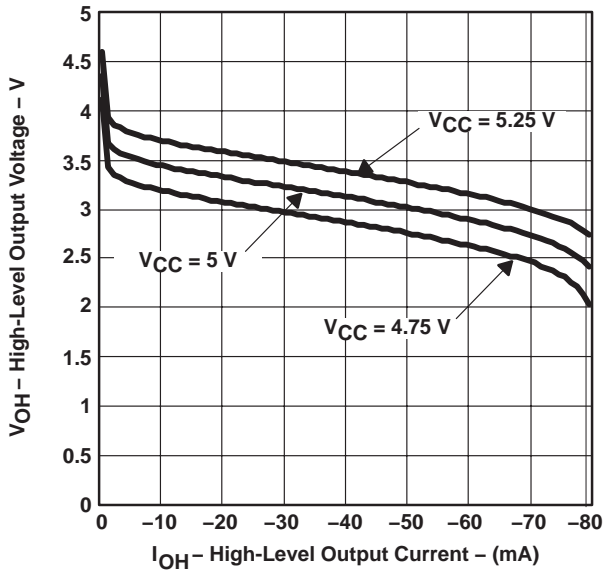
Figure 13

**SN65LBC176A-EP**  
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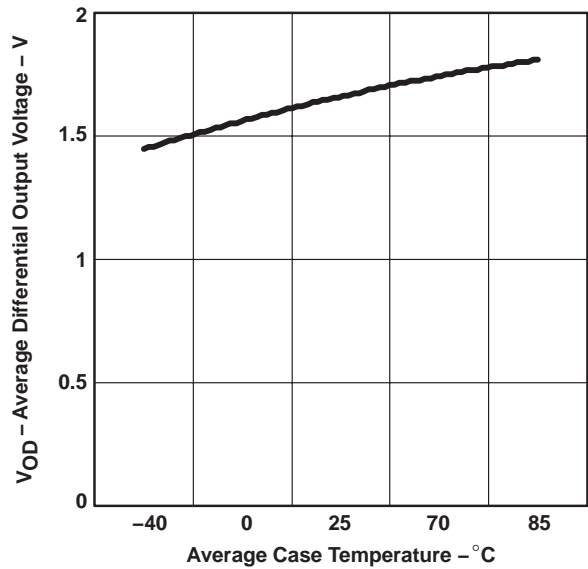
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**DRIVER HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
 vs  
**HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT**



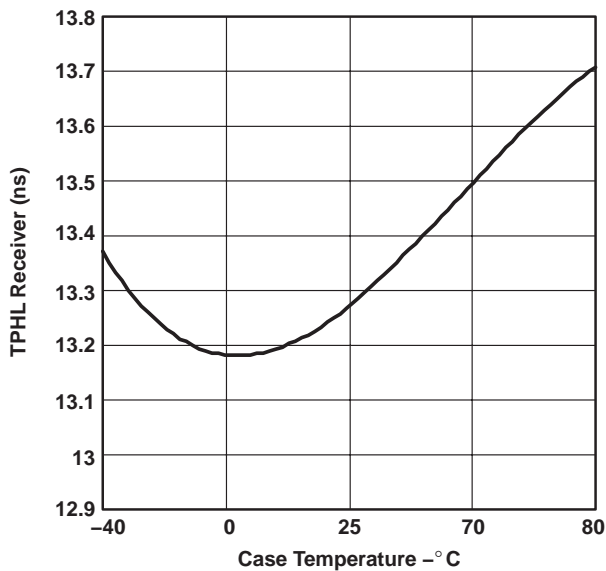
**Figure 14**

**DRIVER DIFFERENTIAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE**  
 vs  
**AVERAGE CASE TEMPERATURE**



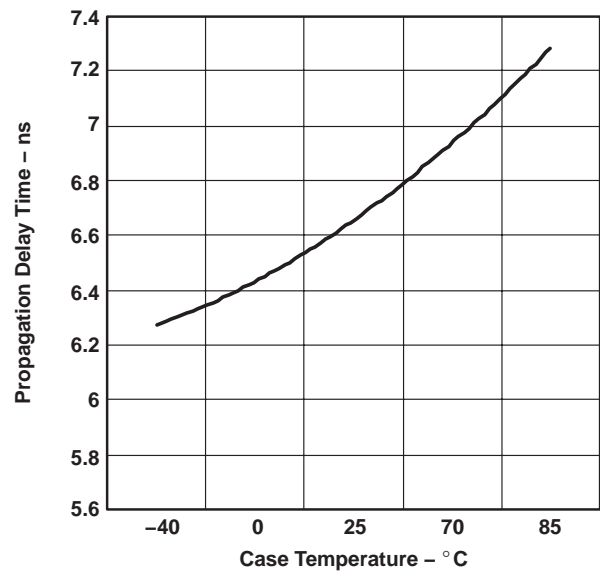
**Figure 15**

**RECEIVER PROPAGATION TIME**  
 vs  
**CASE TEMPERATURE**



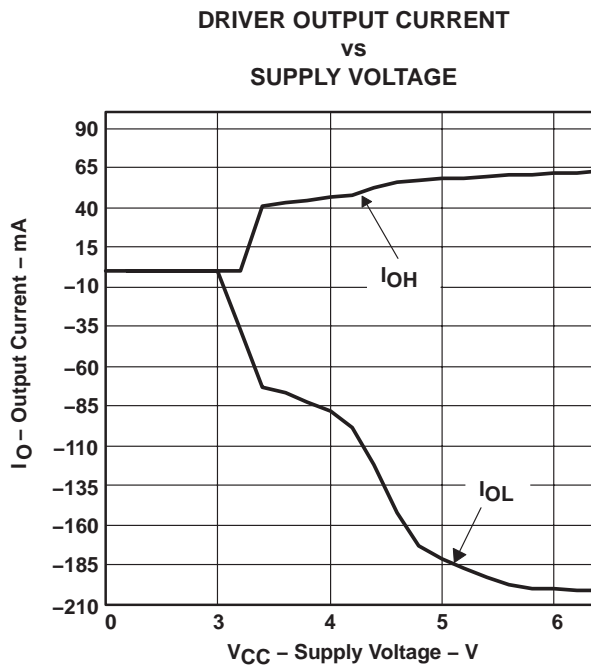
**Figure 16**

**DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY TIME**  
 vs  
**CASE TEMPERATURE**



**Figure 17**

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**Figure 18**

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN65LBC176AMDREP	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LBC176AQDREP	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
V62/03671-01XE	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
V62/03671-02XE	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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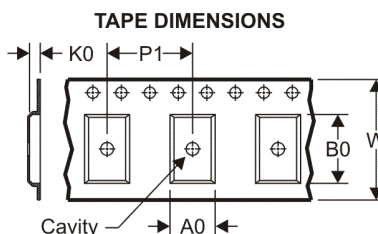
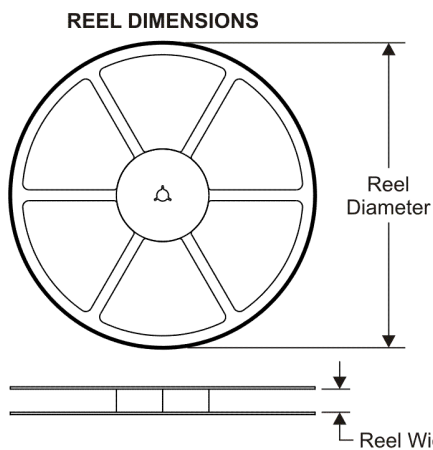
**OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LBC176A-EP :**

- Catalog: [SN65LBC176A](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

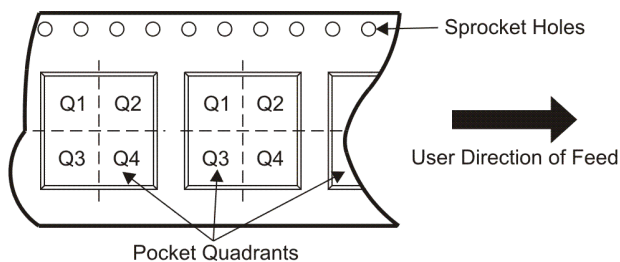
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

**QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE**

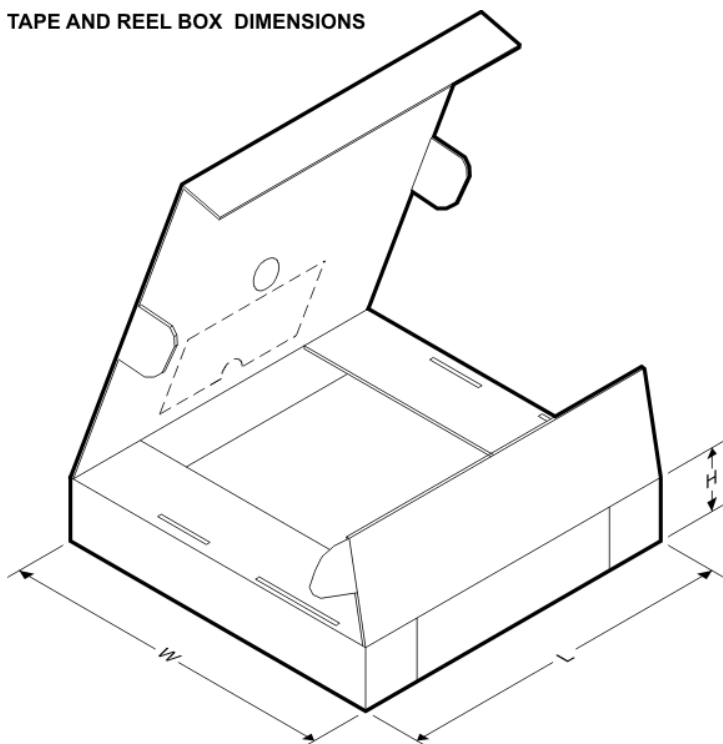


\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65LBC176AMDREP	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN65LBC176AQDREP	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1



**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LBC176AMDREP	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0
SN65LBC176AQDREP	SOIC	D	8	2500	346.0	346.0	29.0

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