

## Excellent Integrated System Limited

Stocking Distributor

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[IXYS Corporation](#)  
[VUO122-14NO7](#)

For any questions, you can email us directly:  
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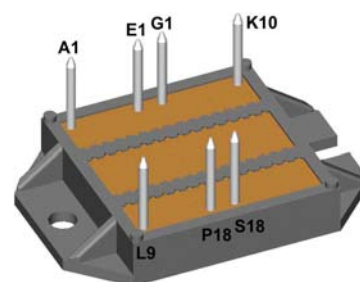
## Standard Rectifier Module

<b>3~ Rectifier</b>	
$V_{RRM}$	= 1400 V
$I_{DAV}$	= 125 A
$I_{FSM}$	= 1000 A

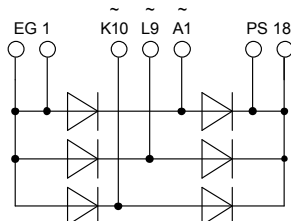
### 3~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

**VUO122-14N07**



 E72873



#### Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

#### Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For three phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

#### Package: ECO-PAC2

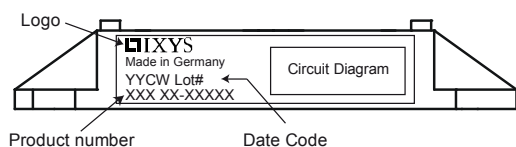
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 9 mm
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage				1500	V	
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage				1400	V	
$I_R$	reverse current	$V_R = 1400\text{ V}$			100	$\mu\text{A}$	
		$V_R = 1400\text{ V}$			2	mA	
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$			1.13	V	
		$I_F = 150\text{ A}$			1.47	V	
		$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1.05	V
		$I_F = 150\text{ A}$				1.49	V
$I_{DAV}$	bridge output current	$T_C = 115^\circ\text{C}$ rectangular $d = \frac{1}{3}$			125	A	
$V_{F0}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only			0.80	V	
$r_F$	slope resistance				4.6	m $\Omega$	
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.6	K/W	
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.3		K/W	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation				205	W	
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$			1.00	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.08	kA
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			850	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			920	A
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$			5.00	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			4.85	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			3.62	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			3.52	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		35	pF	



# VUO122-14NO7

Package ECO-PAC2				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal				100	A
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature			-40		125	°C
$T_{vj}$	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>					24		g
$M_D$	mounting torque			1.5		2	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal		6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside		10.0			mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000			V
		t = 1 minute		2500			V

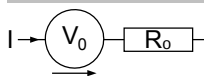


Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VUO122-14NO7	VUO122-14NO7	Box	25	494445

### Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

\* on die level

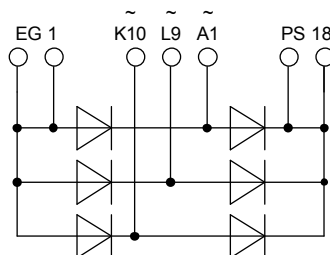
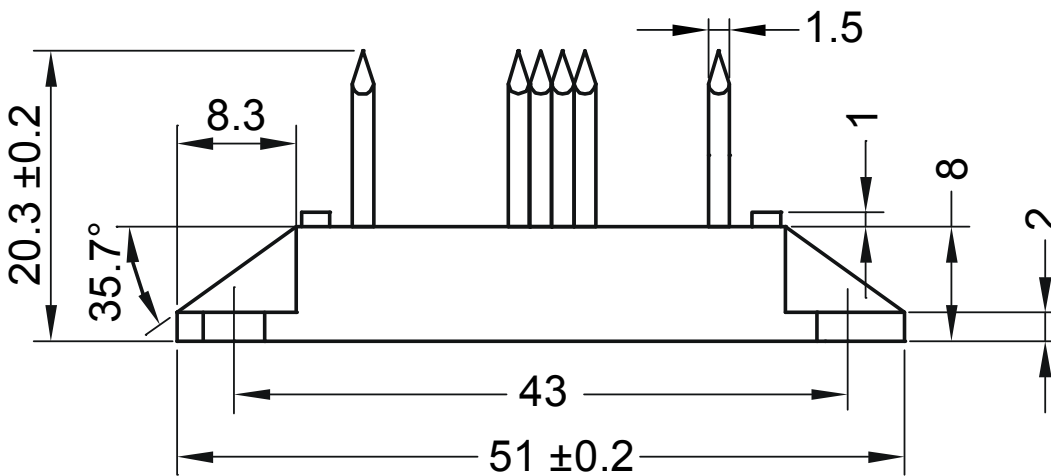
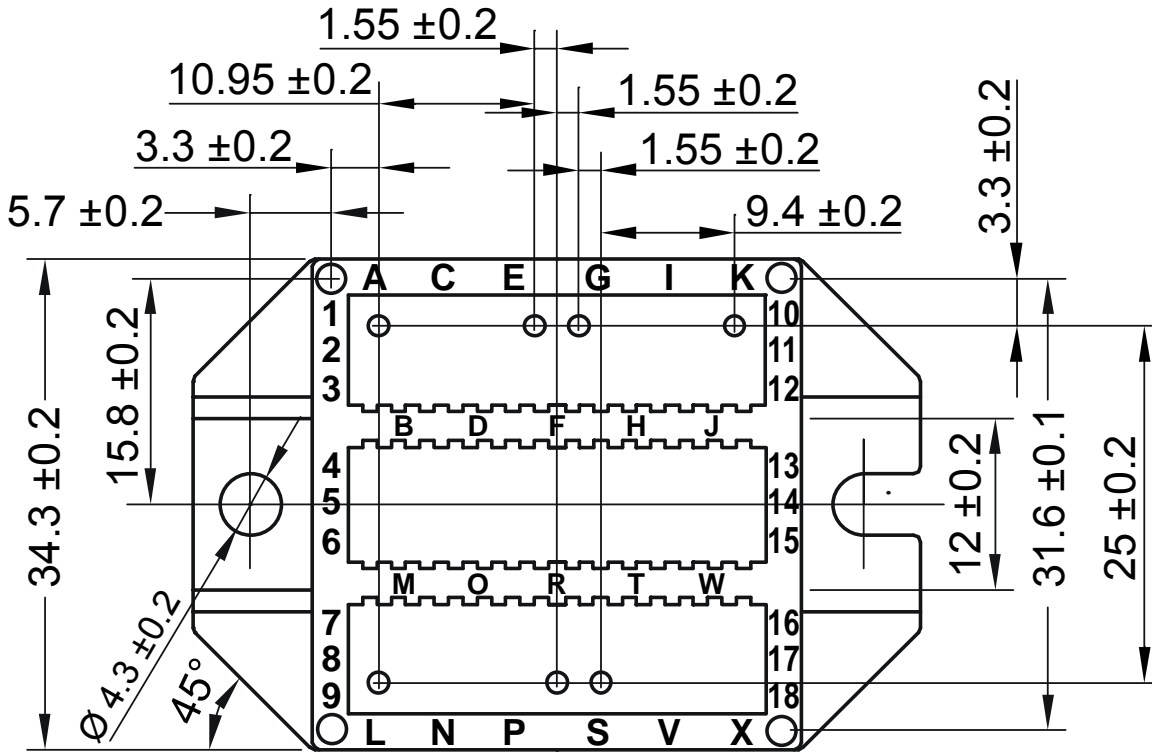
$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$



Rectifier

$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.8	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	3.4	mΩ

Outlines ECO-PAC2



**Rectifier**

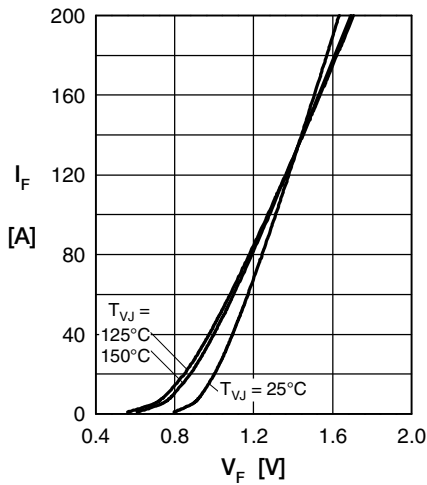


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

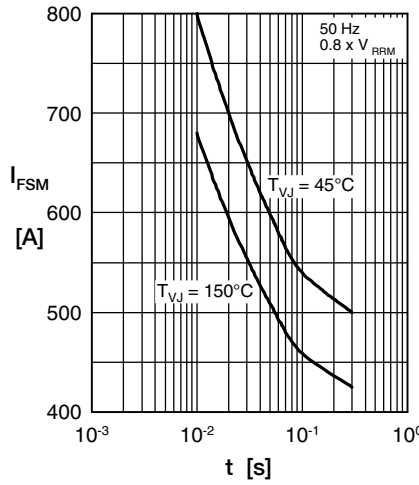


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

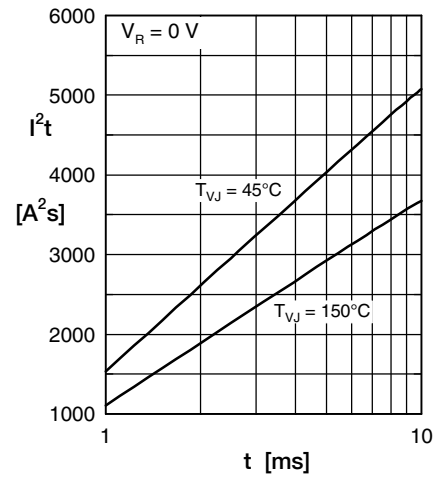


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  vs. time per diode

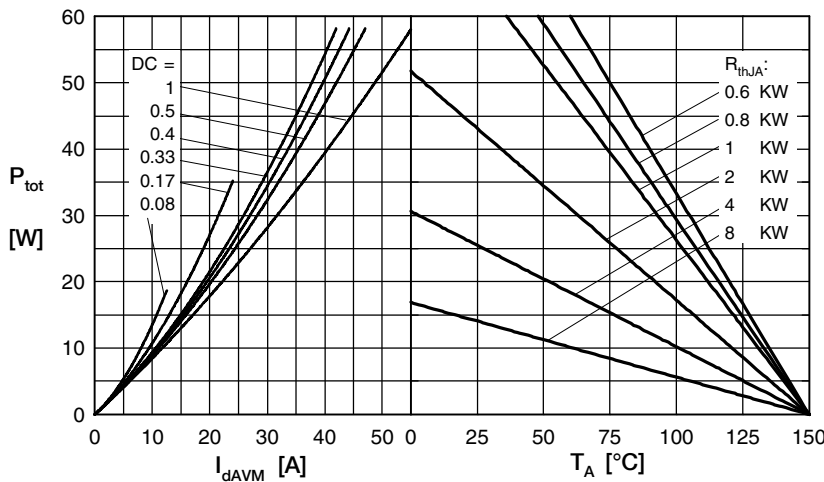


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

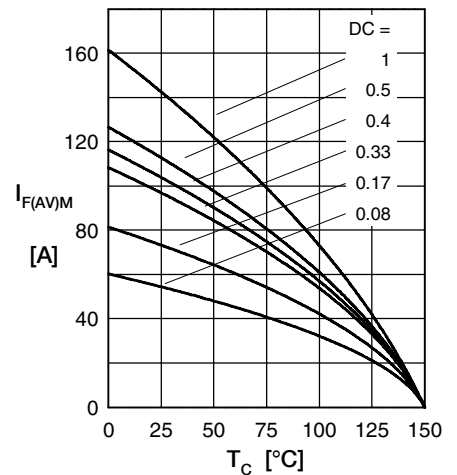


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

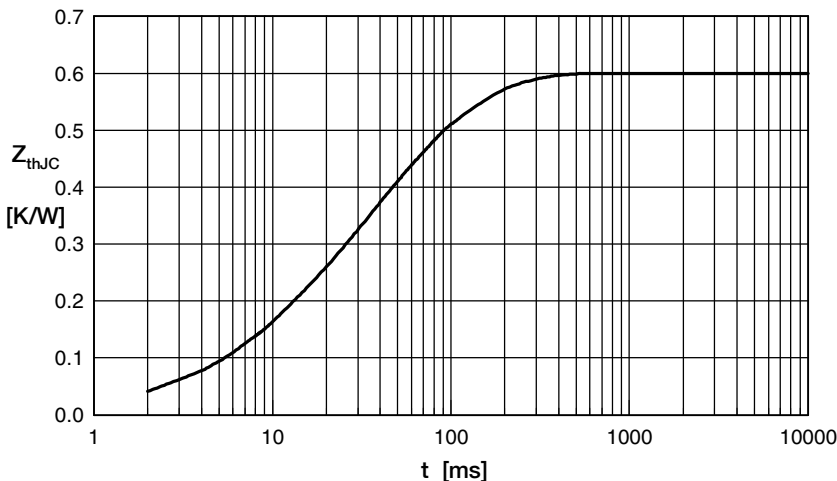


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{th}$ (K/W)	$t_i$ (s)
1	0.08	0.012
2	0.04	0.007
3	0.29	0.036
4	0.19	0.102