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[Murata Electronics North America](#)
[RO3073E](#)

For any questions, you can email us directly:

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RFM products are now
 Murata products.

- Ideal for 315 MHz Automotive-Keyless-Entry Transmitters**
- Very Low Series Resistance**
- Quartz Stability**
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)**



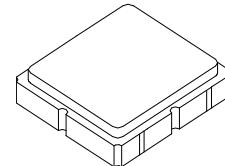
The RO3073E is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of local oscillators operating at approximately 315 MHz. This SAW was designed for AM transmitters in automotive-keyless-entry applications operating in the USA under FCC Part 15, in Canada under Doc RSS-210, and in Italy.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +105	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles max.)	260	°C

RO3073E

315.0 MHz SAW Resonator



SM3030-6 Case
 3.0 X 3.0

Characteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Frequency (+25 °C)	f_C	2, 3, 4, 5	314.925		315.075	MHz
	Δf_C				± 75	kHz
Insertion Loss	IL	2, 5, 6		1.6	2.4	dB
Quality Factor	Q_U			8200		
	Q_L			1350		
Temperature Stability	T_O	6, 7, 8	10	25	35	°C
	f_O			f_C		
	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	$ f_{AI} $	1, 6		10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals		5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	R_M	5, 7, 9		19.8		Ω
	L_M			82		μH
	C_M			3.1		fF
	C_O		5, 6, 9	4.1		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance	L_{TEST}	2, 7		63		nH
Lid Symbolization				704 // YWWS		
Standard Reel Quantity	Reel Size 7 Inch		10	500 Pieces / Reel		
				3000 Pieces / Reel		

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

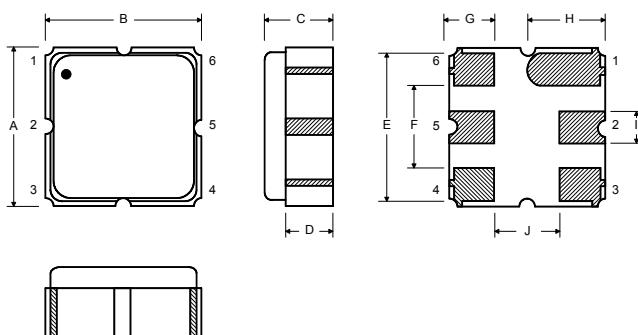
NOTES:

- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- The center frequency, f_C , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system ($VSWR \leq 1.2:1$). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{OSCILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C .
- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O .
- Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$. Typically oscillator T_O is approximately equal to the specified resonator T_O .
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can be calculated as: $C_P \approx C_O - 0.05 \text{ pF}$.
- Tape and Reel Standard Per ANSI / EIA 481.

Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection
1	NC
2	Terminal
3	NC
4	NC
5	Terminal
6	NC



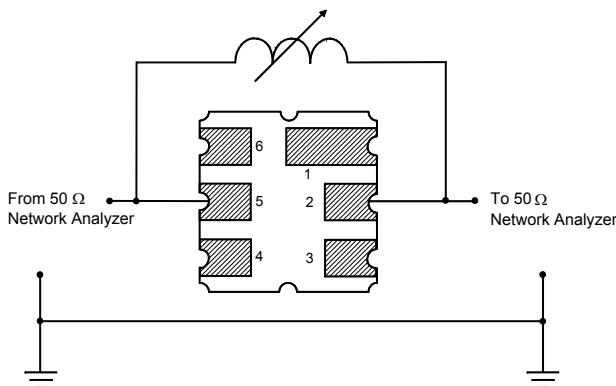
Case Dimensions

Dimension	mm			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123
B	2.87	3.0	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123
C	1.12	1.25	1.38	0.044	0.049	0.054
D	0.77	0.90	1.03	0.030	0.035	0.040
E	2.67	2.80	2.93	0.105	0.110	0.115
F	1.47	1.6	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068
G	0.72	0.85	0.98	0.028	0.033	0.038
H	1.37	1.5	1.63	0.054	0.059	0.064
I	0.47	0.60	0.73	0.019	0.024	0.029
J	1.17	1.30	1.43	0.046	0.051	0.056

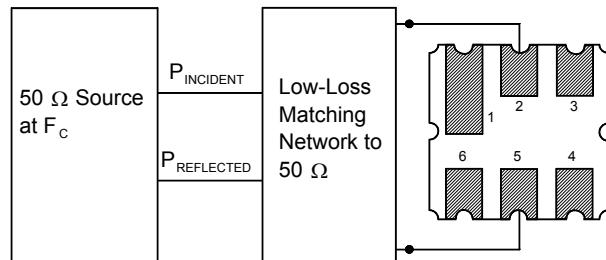
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_O , at F_C .

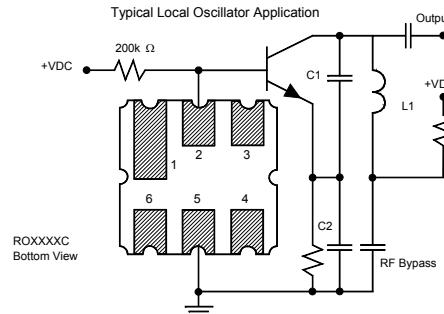
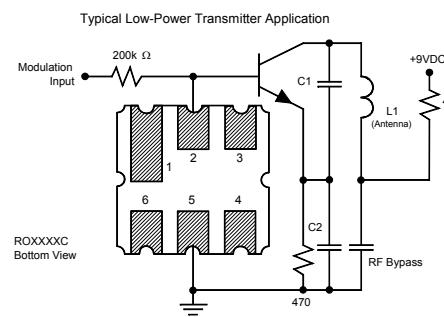
Electrical Test



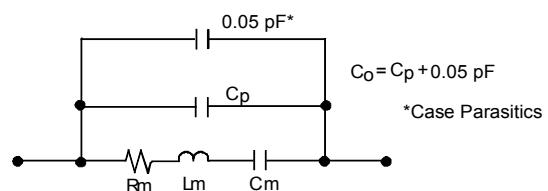
Power Test



Typical Application Circuits



Equivalent LC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

