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Murata Electronics North America RO3103A

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Distributor of Murata Electronics North America: Excellent Integrated System Limited Datasheet of RO3103A - SAW RESONATOR 418MHZ SMD

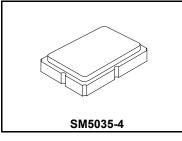
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RFM products are now Murata products.

RO3103A

418.0 MHz SAW Resonator



Ideal for 418.0 MHz Transmitters

- Very Low Series Resistance
- · Quartz Stability
- · Surface-mount Ceramic Case
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)

The RO3103A is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 418 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation	+0	dBm
DC Voltage on any Non-ground Terminal	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +125	°C
Soldering Temperature, 10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C	ency, +25 °C Absolute Frequency f _C	2,3,4,5	417.925		418.075	MHz	
	Tolerance from 418.00 MHz	Δf_{C}	2,3,4,5			±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2,5,6		1.5	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U	F 6 7		12100		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q _L 5,6,7		1550			
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O	6,7,8	10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1		≤ 10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_{M}			15		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M	5, 7, 9		67.5		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			2.3		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9		2.3		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		63		nΗ
Lid Symbolization (in addition to Lot and/or Date Codes)		659 YWWS					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

Frequency aging is the change in $f_{\mbox{\scriptsize C}}$ with time and is specified at +65 $^{\circ}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65 °C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.

The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point,

IL_{MIN}, with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR \leq 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, $L_{\mbox{\scriptsize TEST}}$, is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C Typically, f_{OSCILLATOR} or f_{TRANSMITTER} is approximately equal to the resonator f_C.

- One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
- Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment
- Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25 \pm 2$ °C.
- The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

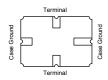
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f $_C$, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f $_C$ versus T $_C$, and C $_O$. 7.
- Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$. Typically oscillator T_O is approximately equal to the specified resonator To.
- This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance CO is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can by calculated as: $C_{p} \approx C_{0}$ - 0.05 pF.
- Tape and Reel standard per ANSI / EIA 481.

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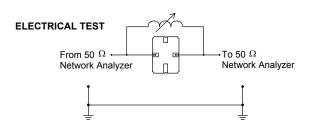
Electrical Connections

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

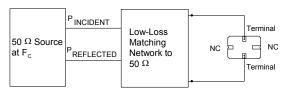


Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, $\rm L_{TEST}$ is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, $\rm C_O$ at $\rm F_C$



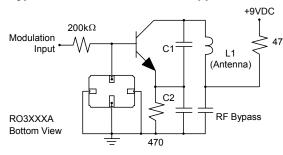
POWER TEST



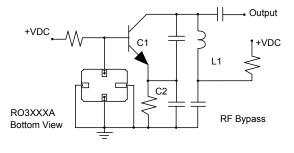
CW RF Power Dissipation = PINCIDENT - P REFLECTED

Typical Application Circuits

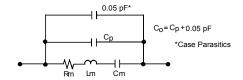
Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application



Typical Local Oscillator Applications

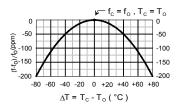


Equivalent Model

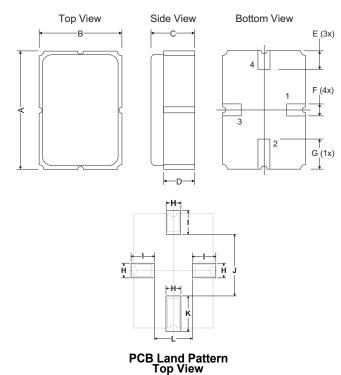


Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



Case



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
Dimensions	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
Α	4.87	5.00	5.13	0.191	0.196	0.201
В	3.37	3.50	3.63	0.132	0.137	0.142
С	1.45	1.53	1.60	0.057	0.060	0.062
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	0.040	0.057	0.059
E	0.67	0.80	0.93	0.026	0.031	0.036
F	0.37	0.50	0.63	0.014	0.019	0.024
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	0.042	0.047	0.052
Н	-	1.04	-	-	0.041	-
I	-	1.46	-	-	0.058	-
J	-	0.50	-	-	0.019	-
K	-	1.05	-	-	0.041	-
L	-	1.44	-	-	0.057	-
M	-	0.71	-	-	0.028	-