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Parallax, Inc. 32368

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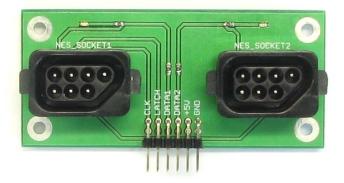


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NES Gamepad Controller Adapter (#32368)

The NES Gamepad Controller Adapter is a printed circuit board with two Nintendo[®] gamepad compatible sockets routed to a dual row of pins with breadboard spacing. This adapter makes it convenient to connect up to two gamepad controllers to a breadboard for gamepad-controlled projects.

NOTE: This adapter is designed for gamepads only. It does not have signal lines for Nintendo Zappers and Power Pads.



Features

- Breadboard-friendly 0.1 inch pin spacing
- Works great with Nintendo gamepad style controllers (#32365)
- Plated holes for mounting in a project box
- Two adjacent SIP headers for stability
- Data connection indicator LEDs
- Compatible with BASIC Stamp[®], SX, and Propeller[™] microcontrollers
- Built-in series resistors protect 3.3 V Propeller I/O pin inputs

Key Specifications

- Power requirements: +5 VDC, 25 mA
- Communication: TTL synchronous serial
- Dimensions: 3.1 x 1.6 x 0.91 in (79 x 41 x 23 mm)
- Operating temperature: 32 to 131 °F (0 to 55 °C)

Application Ideas

- Gamepad controlled robot
- Gamepad controlled mechanical arm
- Video game system on a breadboard

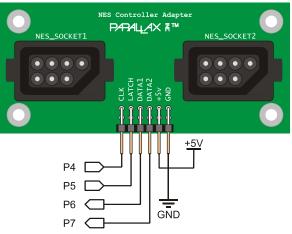
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Quick Start Circuit

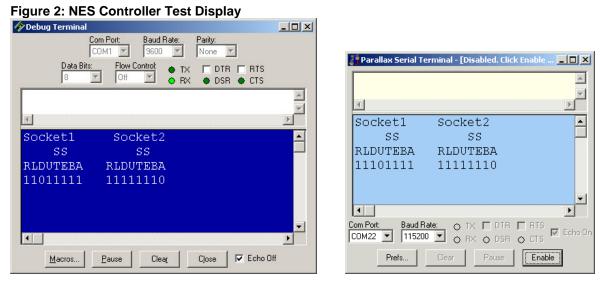
Figure 1 shows a schematic that can be used with Nintendo gamepad controllers and the BASIC Stamp 2 and Propeller test programs featured in the Source Code section. P4 and P5 drive the clock and latch lines. P6 receives data from NES_SOCKET1, and P7 receives data from NES_SOCKET2.





Connecting and Testing

Figure 2 shows test results for the BASIC Stamp and Propeller microcontrollers while they execute the test programs featured in the Source Code section. Messages from the BASIC Stamp are displayed by the Debug Terminal (left), and messages from the Propeller chip are displayed by the Parallax Serial Terminal (right). The buttons from left to right are Right, Left, Down, Up, Start, Select, B, and A. When one of those buttons is pressed and held, the corresponding bit displays a 0; otherwise, it displays a 1. The AA button causes the A bit to cycle on/off while, and likewise with the BB button. The SLOW button toggles the ST bit. Press it once, and the ST bit cycles on/off; press it again, and it returns to 1.



- ✓ Build the circuit shown in Figure 1.
- ✓ Download the Source Code from the 32368 product page at <u>www.parallax.com</u>.
- ✓ Load it into your microcontroller.
- ✓ Use the Debug Terminal (BASIC Stamp) or the Parallax Serial Terminal (Propeller) to display the status display from your microcontroller. See Figure 2.
- ✓ Try pressing the buttons on the controller and examine the way each bit responds.



Resources and Downloads

The NES Gamepad Controller Adapter product page has this PDF, source code, and a link to Chapter 6 in the Hydra Game Development System manual for additional information about the Nintendo gamepad. Go to www.parallax.com and "search" for 32368.

Device Information

Pin Definitions

Figure 3 shows the module pinout for the pin definitions listed in Table 1. Ratings are not listed because they will be specific to the make and manufacture of the gamepad that gets connected to the adapter.

Table 1: Pin Definitions

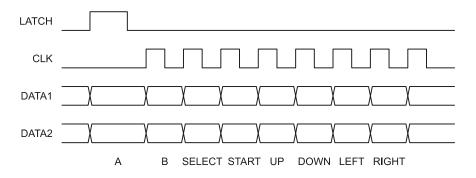
Name	Function	
CLK	Clock input	
LATCH	Latch input	
DATA1	Data output for NES_SOCKET1	
DATA2	Data output for NES_SOCKET2	
+5V	Positive 5 V supply connection	
GND	Ground 0 V supply connection	

Figure 3: Pinout



Communication Protocol

A pulse to the LATCH pin causes the gamepad to latch the button values and transmit the first (A button) bit. The rising edges of the next seven clock pulses deliver the remaining bits (B through RIGHT buttons). Although both data lines can be shifted in simultaneously, the microcontroller does not necessarily have to record both data lines at once. For example, the BASIC Stamp 2 test code in the source code section checks each DATA line individually with separate PULSOUT and SHIFTIN commands. Note that since the first data value is available before the first clock pulse, the PBASIC SHIFTIN command uses the LSBPRE argument to specify that the data line transmits the latest value as a pre-clock pulse.

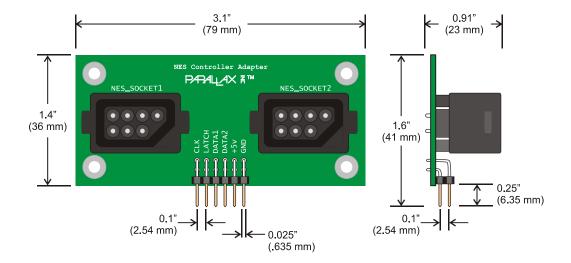


Module Dimensions

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NES Gamepad Controller Adapter (#32368)





Source Code

BASIC Stamp[®] 2 Program

```
' Test NES Controllers.bs2
' Display NES controller bit states, see Parallax NES Controller
' Adapter (Item# 32368) documentation at www.parallax.com.
' {$STAMP BS2}
                                                   ' BASIC Stamp 2 module
ı.
 {$PBASIC 2.5}
                                                   ' PBASIC 2.5 language
value
               VAR
                       Bvte(2)
                                                   ' Store NES data
PAUSE 1000
                                                   ' Wait a second
DEBUG "Socket1
                  Socket2", CR,
                                                   ' Display headings
      " SS
                   SS", CR,
      "RLDUTEBA
                RLDUTEBA", CR
LOW 5
                                                   ' Initialize LATCH
                                                   ' Initialize CLK
LOW 4
DO
                                                   ' Main loop
  PULSOUT 5, 10
                                                   ' Latch the data
  SHIFTIN 6, 4, LSBPRE, [value(0) \8]
                                                   ' Shift in socket 1 data
  PULSOUT 5, 10
                                                   ' Latch the data
  SHIFTIN 7, 4, LSBPRE, [Value(1) \8]
                                                   ' Shift in socket 1 data
  DEBUG CRSRXY, 0, 3, BIN8 value(0),
                                                   ' Display values
        CRSRX, 11, BIN8 value(1)
LOOP
                                                   ' Repeat main loop
```



Propeller Test Application

```
''File: Test Two NES with PST.spin
  Test two NES controllers and display with Parallax Serial Terminal.
, ,
  Requires the NES.spin from John Abshier's NES Controller object. It's available from the
'Parallax Object Exchange at obex.parallax.com.
CON
                                                               ' Constant declaration block
  _clkmode = xtal1 + pll16x
                                                               ' 5 MHz crystal \rightarrow 80 MHz system clock
  _xinfreq = 5_000_000
                                                                I/O pin & power connections
                                                                           \begin{array}{ccc} \mathsf{P7} & \longleftarrow & \mathsf{DATA2} \\ \mathsf{P6} & \longleftarrow & \mathsf{DATA1} \end{array}
  DATA2
                 = 7
                = 6
                                                                            P6 ←
  DATA1
                                                                            P5 \longrightarrow CLK
  LATCH
                = 5
                                                                           P4 \longrightarrow LATCH
                = 4
  CLK
                                                                          5 \vee \longrightarrow +5 \vee
                                                                   (Vss) GND >-----
                                                                                    \rightarrow GND
OBJ
                                                               ' Object declaration block
             : "Parallax Serial Terminal"
                                                               ' Serial Terminal display
  pst
  nes[2]
           : ''NES'
                                                                NES object
                                                               ' Main method
PUB Main | buttons[2], index, dataPin
  ' Initialize display
  pst.Start(115200)
                                                                Start Parallax Serial Terminal
  pst.Start(115200)
pst.Str(String("Socket1 Socket2", pst#NL))
pst.Str(String(" SS SS", pst#NL))
pst.Str(String("RLDUTEBA RLDUTEBA", pst#NL))
                                                               ' Display headings
  ' Initialize NES Objects
                                                              Loop through 2 NES objects
  repeat index from 0 to 1
     dataPin := lookupz(index: DATA1, DATA2)
                                                                Get data pin
                                                              ' Get type of game pad
     NES[index].Init(LATCH, datapin, CLK)
  ' Main Loop
                                                                Main loop
  repeat
                                                              'Cursor to top-left home position
    pst.Home
                                                              Loop through 2 NES objects
    repeat index from 0 to 1
                                                              Get button states from game pad
       buttons[index] := nes[index].buttons
       pst.Position(11*index, 3)
pst.Bin(buttons[index], 8)
                                                              ' Display button states
       Pst.NewLine
                                                                Carriage return
     waitcnt(clkfreq/10+cnt)
                                                                1/10 s delay
```