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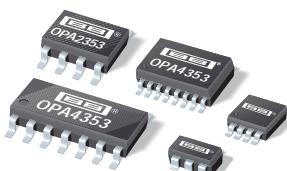
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**OPA353**  
**OPA2353**  
**OPA4353**

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## High-Speed, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

### *MicroAmplifier™ Series*

#### FEATURES

- RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT
- RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT (within 10mV)
- WIDE BANDWIDTH: 44MHz
- HIGH SLEW RATE: 22V/μs
- LOW NOISE: 5nV/√Hz
- LOW THD+NOISE: 0.0006%
- UNITY-GAIN STABLE
- *MicroSIZE* PACKAGES
- SINGLE, DUAL, AND QUAD

#### APPLICATIONS

- CELL PHONE PA CONTROL LOOPS
- DRIVING A/D CONVERTERS
- VIDEO PROCESSING
- DATA ACQUISITION
- PROCESS CONTROL
- AUDIO PROCESSING
- COMMUNICATIONS
- ACTIVE FILTERS
- TEST EQUIPMENT

#### DESCRIPTION

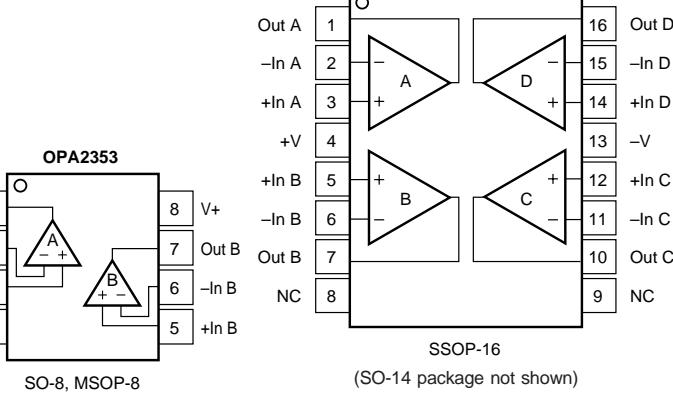
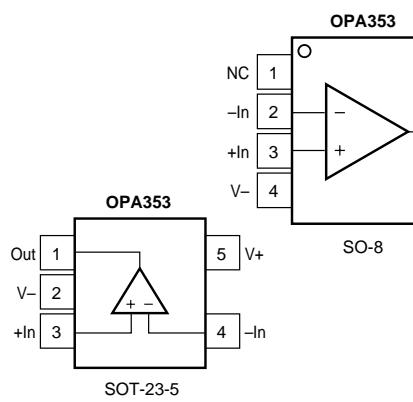
OPA353 series rail-to-rail CMOS operational amplifiers are designed for low cost, miniature applications. They are optimized for low voltage, single-supply operation. Rail-to-rail input/output, low noise (5nV/√Hz), and high speed operation (44MHz, 22V/μs) make them ideal for driving sampling analog-to-digital converters. They are also well suited for cell phone PA control loops and video processing (75Ω drive capability) as well as audio and general purpose applications. Single, dual, and quad versions have identical specifications for design flexibility.

The OPA353 series operates on a single supply as low as 2.5V with an input common-mode voltage range that

extends 300mV beyond the supply rails. Output voltage swing is to within 10mV of the supply rails with a 10kΩ load. Dual and quad designs feature completely independent circuitry for lowest crosstalk and freedom from interaction.

The single (OPA353) packages are the tiny 5-lead SOT-23-5 surface mount and SO-8 surface mount. The dual (OPA2353) comes in the miniature MSOP-8 surface mount and SO-8 surface mount. The quad (OPA4353) packages are the space-saving SSOP-16 surface mount and SO-14 surface mount. All are specified from -40°C to +85°C and operate from -55°C to +125°C.

SPICE Model available at [www.burr-brown.com](http://www.burr-brown.com)



(SO-14 package not shown)

International Airport Industrial Park • Mailing Address: PO Box 11400, Tucson, AZ 85734 • Street Address: 6730 S. Tucson Blvd., Tucson, AZ 85706 • Tel: (520) 746-1111  
Fax: 910-952-1111 • Internet: <http://www.burr-brown.com/> • Cable: BBR CORP • Telex: 066-6491 • FAX: (520) 889-1510 • Immediate Product Info: (800) 548-6132

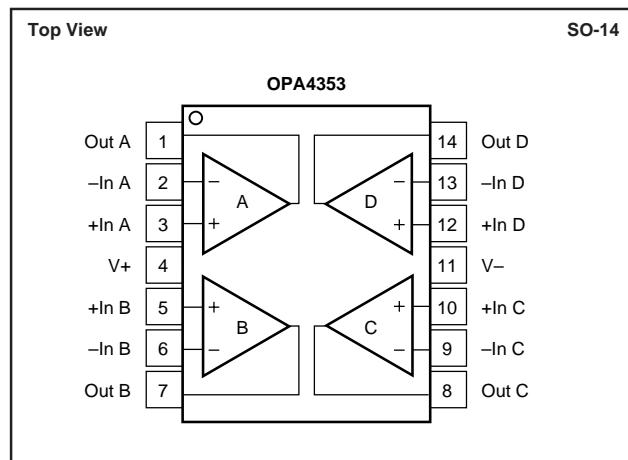
## SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$

At  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ ,  $R_L = 1k\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$  and  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.  
**Boldface** limits apply over the specified temperature range,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ .  $V_S = 5V$ .

PARAMETER	CONDITION	OPA353NA, UA OPA2353EA, UA OPA4353EA, UA			UNITS
		MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	
<b>OFFSET VOLTAGE</b> Input Offset Voltage $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ vs Temperature vs Power Supply Rejection Ratio $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ Channel Separation (dual, quad)	$V_S = 5V$ $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ $V_S = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = 0V$ $V_S = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = 0V$ dc		$\pm 3$ $\pm 5$ 40 0.15	$\pm 8$ $\pm 10$ 150 175	mV mV $\mu V^\circ C$ $\mu V/V$ $\mu V/V$ $\mu V/V$
<b>INPUT BIAS CURRENT</b> Input Bias Current $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ Input Offset Current	$I_B$ See Typical Curve		$\pm 0.5$ $\pm 0.5$	$\pm 10$ $\pm 10$	pA pA
<b>NOISE</b> Input Voltage Noise, $f = 100Hz$ to $400kHz$ Input Voltage Noise Density, $f = 10kHz$ $f = 100kHz$ Current Noise Density, $f = 10kHz$	$e_n$ 4 7 5 4				$\mu V_{rms}$ $nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ $nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ $fA/\sqrt{Hz}$
<b>INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE</b> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$	$V_{CM}$ CMRR $-0.1V < V_{CM} < (V+) - 2.4V$ $V_S = 5V, -0.1V < V_{CM} < 5.1V$ $V_S = 5V, -0.1V < V_{CM} < 5.1V$	-0.1 76 60 58	86 74	$(V+) + 0.1$	V dB dB dB
<b>INPUT IMPEDANCE</b> Differential Common-Mode			$10^{13} \parallel 2.5$ $10^{13} \parallel 6.5$		$\Omega \parallel pF$ $\Omega \parallel pF$
<b>OPEN-LOOP GAIN</b> Open-Loop Voltage Gain $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$	$A_{OL}$ $R_L = 10k\Omega, 50mV < V_O < (V+) - 50mV$ $R_L = 10k\Omega, 50mV < V_O < (V+) - 50mV$ $R_L = 1k\Omega, 200mV < V_O < (V+) - 200mV$ $R_L = 1k\Omega, 200mV < V_O < (V+) - 200mV$	100 <b>100</b> 100 <b>100</b>	122 120		$\text{dB}$ $\text{dB}$ $\text{dB}$ $\text{dB}$
<b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b> Gain-Bandwidth Product Slew Rate Settling Time, 0.1% 0.01% Overload Recovery Time Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise Differential Gain Error Differential Phase Error	$GBW$ $SR$ $G = 1$ $G = 1$ $G = \pm 1, 2V$ Step $G = \pm 1, 2V$ Step $V_{IN} \bullet G = V_S$ $R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 2.5V_{p-p}^{(2)}, G = 1, f = 1kHz$ $G = 2, R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 1.4V^{(3)}$ $G = 2, R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 1.4V^{(3)}$		44 22 0.22 0.5 0.1 0.0006 0.17 0.17		MHz $V/\mu s$ $\mu s$ $\mu s$ $\mu s$ $\%$ $\%$ $deg$
<b>OUTPUT</b> Voltage Output Swing from Rail <sup>(4)</sup> $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$ Output Current Short-Circuit Current Capacitive Load Drive	$V_{OUT}$ $I_{OUT}$ $I_{SC}$ $C_{LOAD}$ $R_L = 10k\Omega, A_{OL} \geq 100dB$ $R_L = 10k\Omega, A_{OL} \geq 100dB$ $R_L = 1k\Omega, A_{OL} \geq 100dB$ $R_L = 1k\Omega, A_{OL} \geq 100dB$		10 25 $\pm 40^{(5)}$ $\pm 80$	50 200 <b>200</b>	$mV$ $mV$ $mV$ $mV$ $mA$ $mA$
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b> Operating Voltage Range Minimum Operating Voltage Quiescent Current (per amplifier) $T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$	$V_S$ $I_Q$ $I_Q = 0$ $I_Q = 0$	$T_A = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$	2.7 2.5 5.2	<b>5.5</b> 8 <b>9</b>	V V mA mA
<b>TEMPERATURE RANGE</b> Specified Range Operating Range Storage Range Thermal Resistance SOT-23-5 MSOP-8 Surface Mount SO-8 Surface Mount SSOP-16 Surface Mount SO-14 Surface Mount	$\theta_{JA}$		-40 -55 -55	+85 +125 +125 200 150 150 100 100	$^\circ C$ $^\circ C$ $^\circ C$ $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$ $^\circ C/W$

NOTES: (1)  $V_S = +5V$ . (2)  $V_{OUT} = 0.25V$  to  $2.75V$ . (3) NTSC signal generator used. See Figure 6 for test circuit. (4) Output voltage swings are measured between the output and power supply rails. (5) See typical performance curve, "Output Voltage Swing vs Output Swing."

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Burr-Brown recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>

Supply Voltage	5.5V
Signal Input Terminals, Voltage <sup>(2)</sup>	(V-) - 0.3V to (V+) + 0.3V
Current <sup>(2)</sup>	10mA
Output Short-Circuit <sup>(3)</sup>	Continuous
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	300°C

NOTES: (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.3V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less. (3) Short circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.

## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

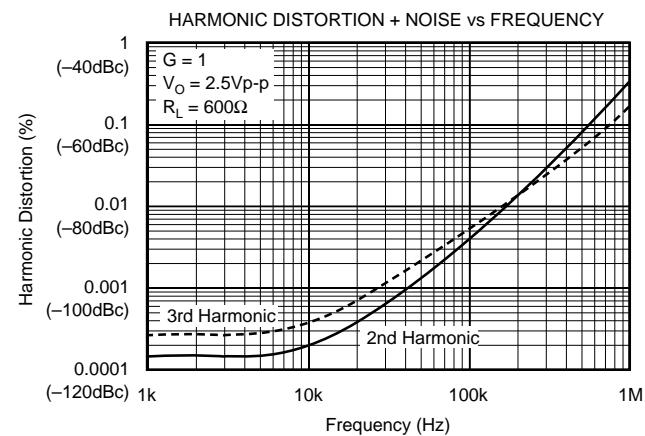
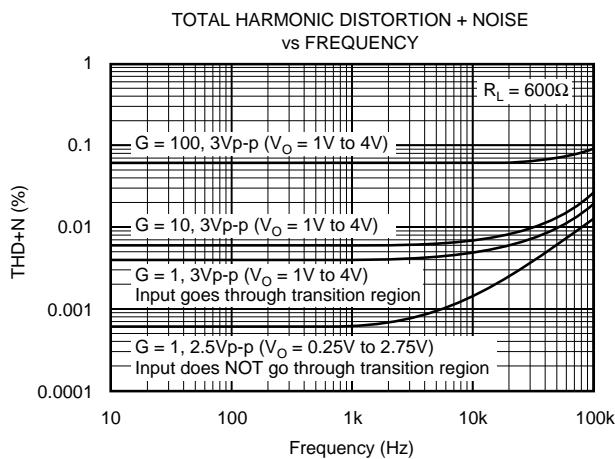
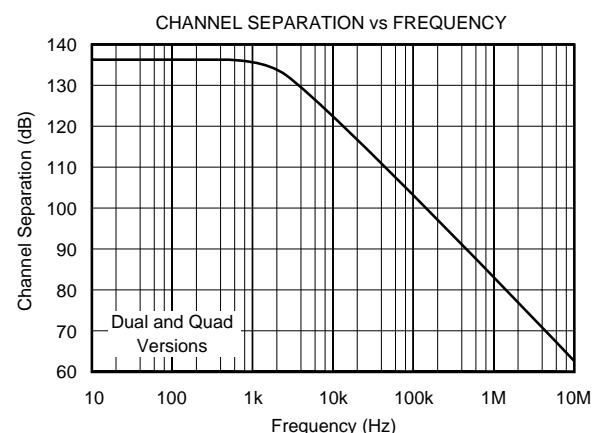
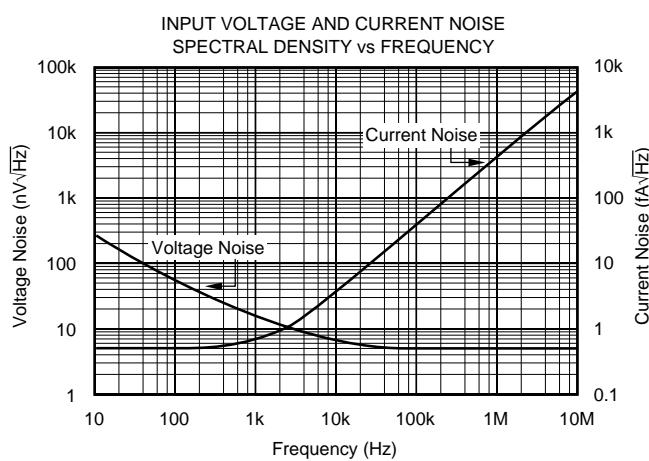
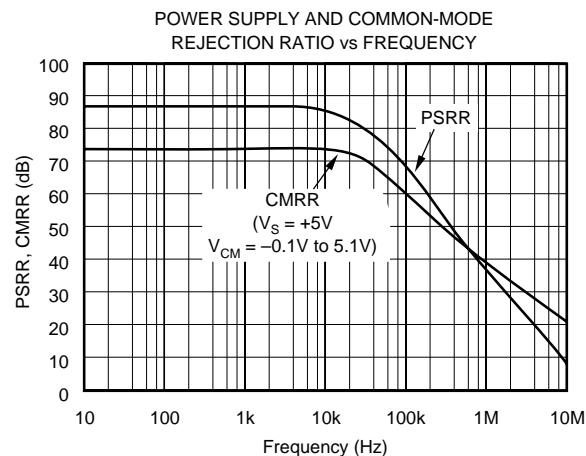
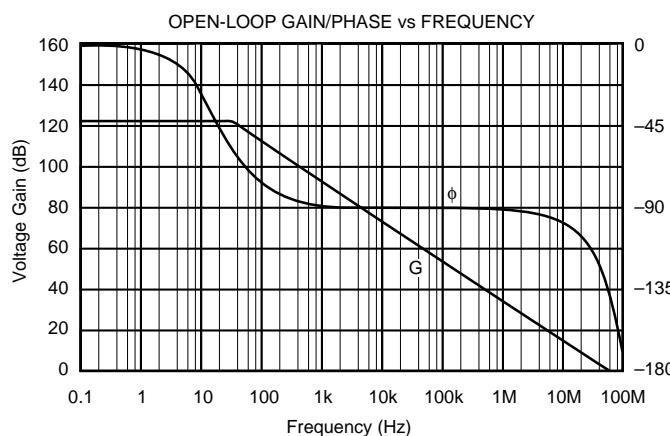
PRODUCT	PACKAGE	PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER <sup>(1)</sup>	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	PACKAGE MARKING	ORDERING NUMBER <sup>(2)</sup>	TRANSPORT MEDIA
<b>Single</b> OPA353NA " OPA353UA "	5-Lead SOT-23-5 " SO-8 Surface Mount	331 " 182	-40°C to +85°C " -40°C to +85°C	D53 " OPA353UA	OPA353NA/250 OPA353NA/3K OPA353UA OPA353UA/2K5	Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel
	MSOP-8 Surface Mount " SO-8 Surface Mount	337 " 182	-40°C to +85°C " -40°C to +85°C	E53 " OPA2353UA	OPA2353EA/250 OPA2353EA/2K5 OPA2353UA OPA2353UA/2K5	Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel
<b>Quad</b> OPA4353EA " OPA4353UA "	SSOP-16 Surface Mount " SO-14 Surface Mount	322 " 235	-40°C to +85°C " -40°C to +85°C	OPA4353EA " OPA4353UA	OPA4353EA/250 OPA4353EA/2K5 OPA4353UA OPA4353UA/2K5	Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel

NOTES: (1) For detailed drawing and dimension table, please see end of data sheet, or Appendix C of Burr-Brown IC Data Book. (2) Models with a slash (/) are available only in Tape and Reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K5 indicates 2500 devices per reel). Ordering 2500 pieces of "OPA2353EA/2K5" will get a single 2500-piece Tape and Reel. For detailed Tape and Reel mechanical information, refer to Appendix B of Burr-Brown IC Data Book.

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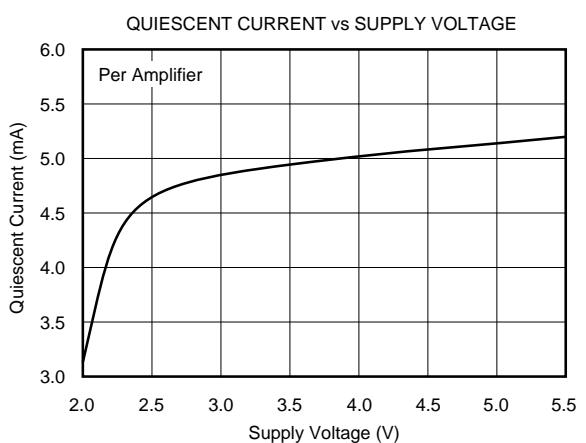
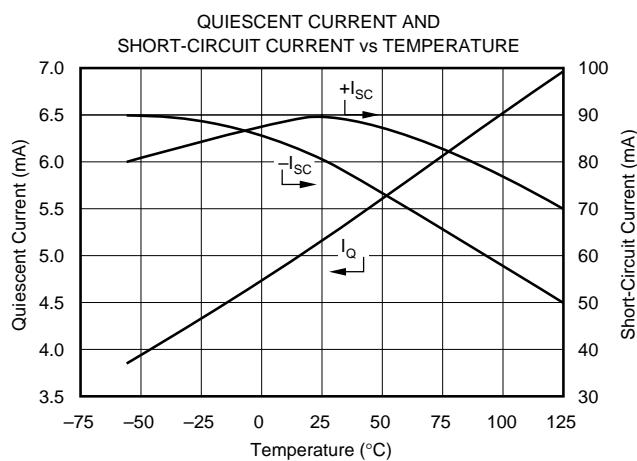
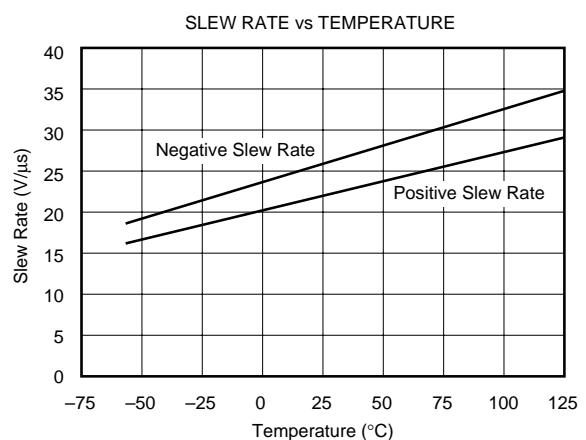
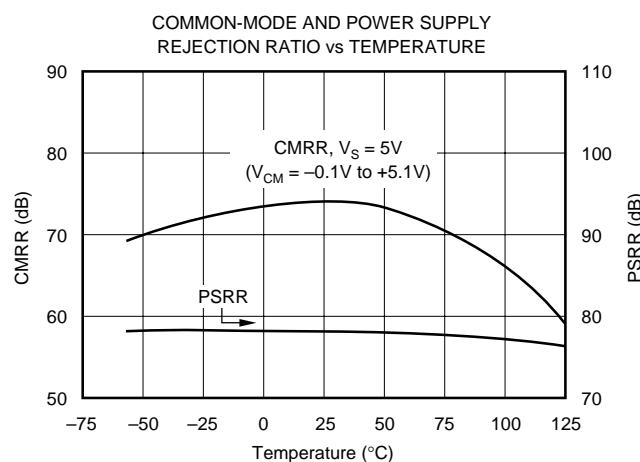
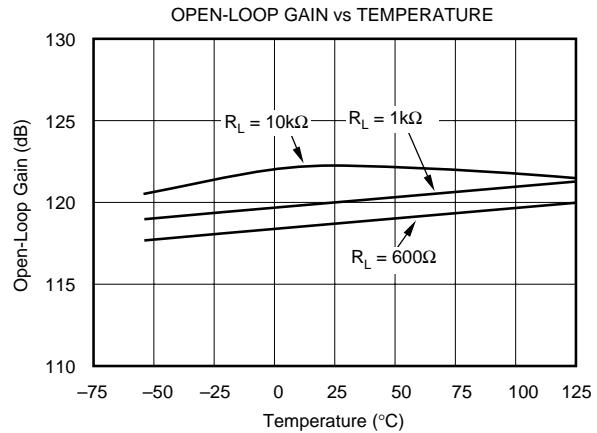
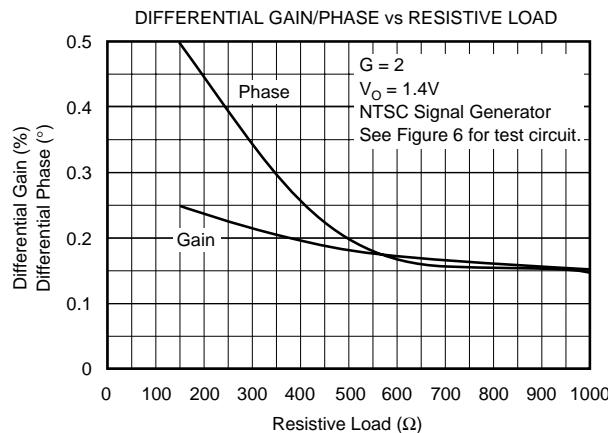
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = +5\text{V}$ , and  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.



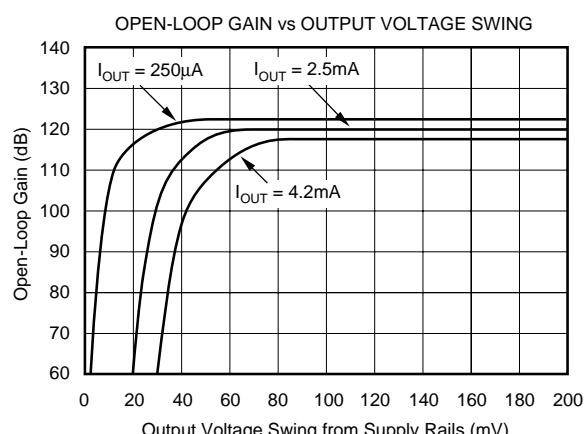
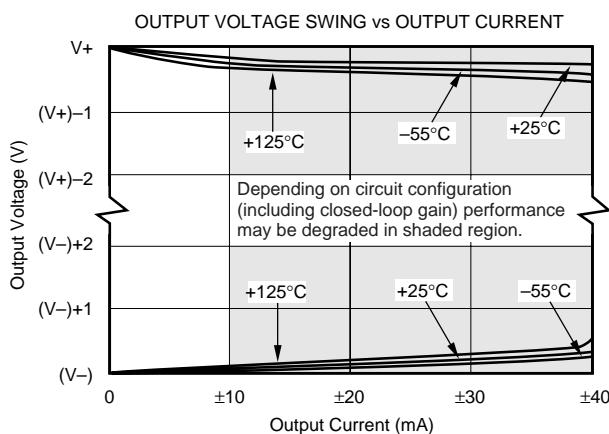
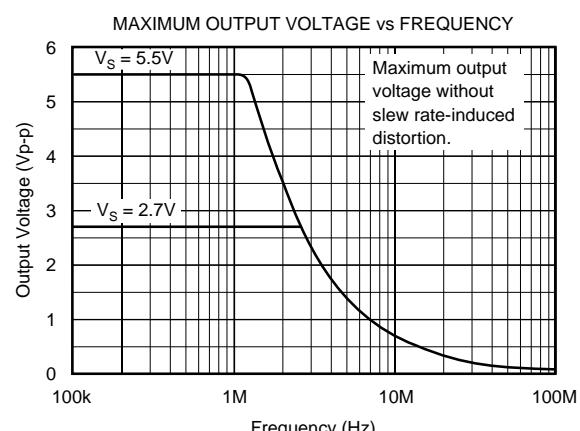
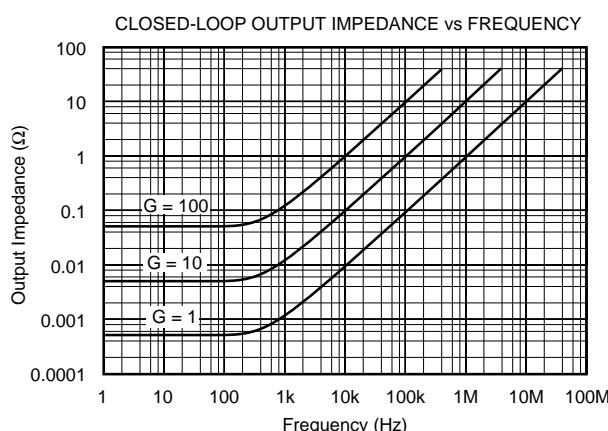
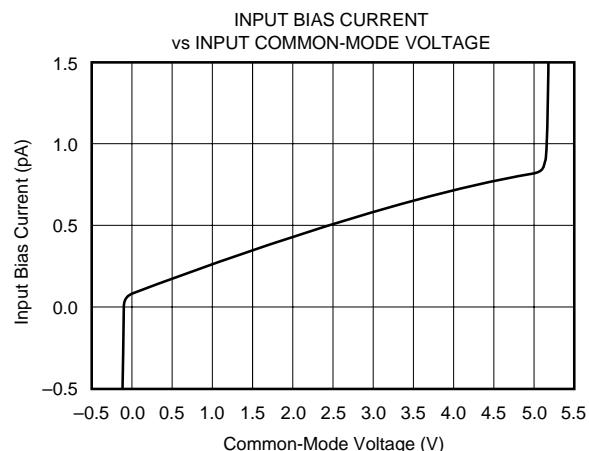
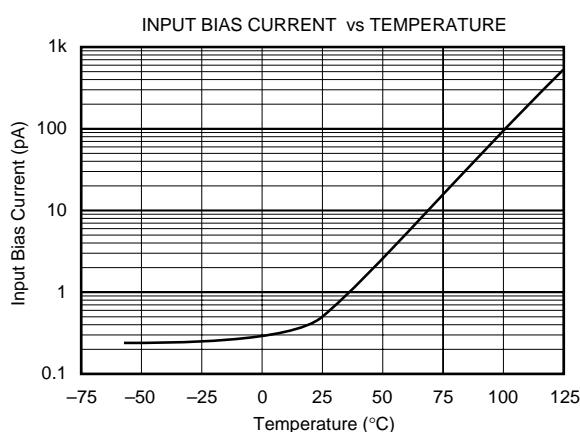
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = +5\text{V}$ , and  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.



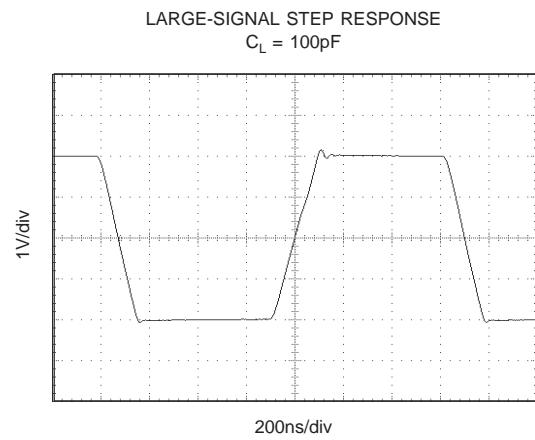
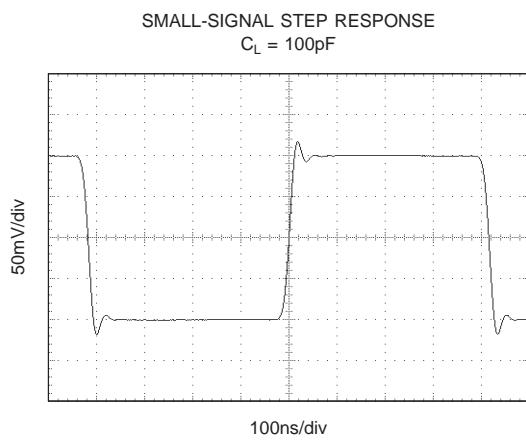
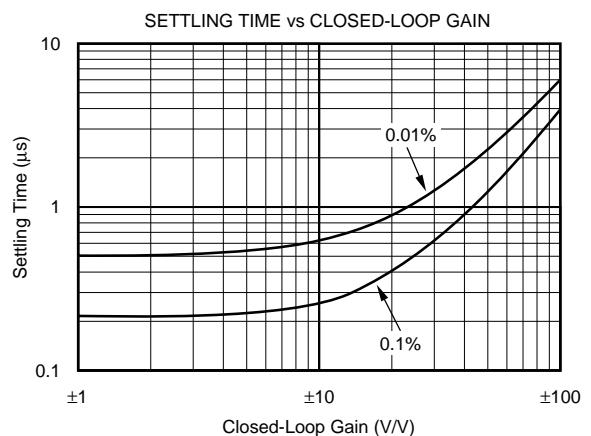
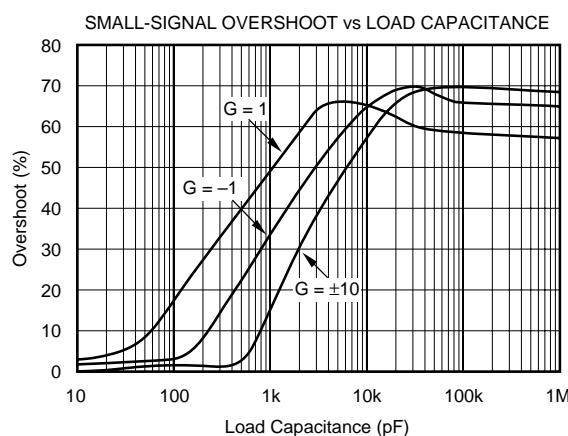
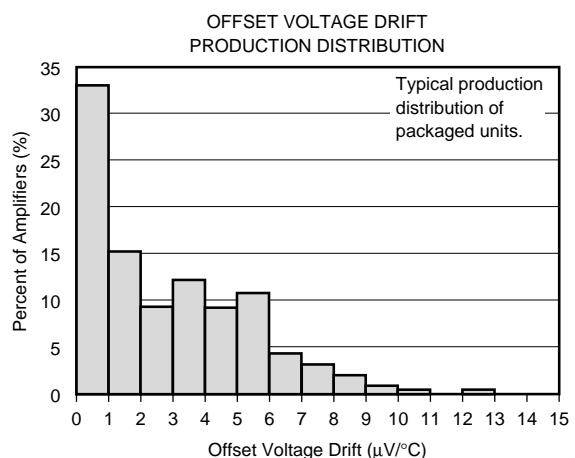
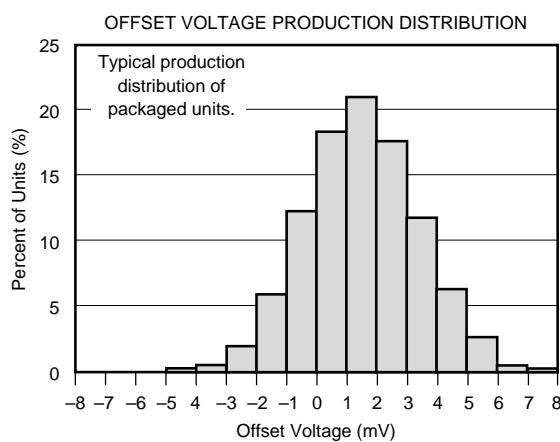
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = +5\text{V}$ , and  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (CONT)

At  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_S = +5\text{V}$ , and  $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OPA353 series op amps are fabricated on a state-of-the-art 0.6 micron CMOS process. They are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general purpose applications. Rail-to-rail input/output make them ideal for driving sampling A/D converters. They are well suited for controlling the output power in cell phones. These applications often require high speed and low noise. In addition, the OPA353 series offers a low cost solution for general purpose and consumer video applications (75Ω drive capability).

Excellent ac performance makes the OPA353 series well suited for audio applications. Their bandwidth, slew rate, low noise ( $5\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ ), low THD (0.0006%), and small package options are ideal for these applications. The class AB output stage is capable of driving  $600\Omega$  loads connected to any point between  $V_+$  and ground.

Rail-to-rail input and output swing significantly increases dynamic range, especially in low voltage supply applications. Figure 1 shows the input and output waveforms for

the OPA353 in unity-gain configuration. Operation is from a single +5V supply with a  $1\text{k}\Omega$  load connected to  $V_S/2$ . The input is a 5Vp-p sinusoid. Output voltage is approximately 4.95Vp-p.

Power supply pins should be bypassed with  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitors.

### OPERATING VOLTAGE

OPA353 series op amps are fully specified from +2.7V to +5.5V. However, supply voltage may range from +2.5V to +5.5V. Parameters are guaranteed over the specified supply range—a unique feature of the OPA353 series. In addition, many specifications apply from  $-40^\circ\text{C}$  to  $+85^\circ\text{C}$ . Most behavior remains virtually unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. Parameters which vary significantly with operating voltages or temperature are shown in the typical performance curves.

### RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT

The guaranteed input common-mode voltage range of the OPA353 series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails. This is achieved with a complementary input stage—an N-channel input differential pair in parallel with a P-channel differential pair (see Figure 2). The N-channel pair is active for input voltages close to the positive rail, typically  $(V_+) - 1.8\text{V}$  to 100mV above the positive supply, while the P-channel pair is on for inputs from 100mV below the negative supply to approximately  $(V_+) - 1.8\text{V}$ . There is a small transition region, typically  $(V_+) - 2\text{V}$  to  $(V_+) - 1.6\text{V}$ , in which both pairs are on. This 400mV transition region can vary  $\pm 400\text{mV}$  with process variation. Thus, the transition region (both input stages on) can range from  $(V_+) - 2.4\text{V}$  to  $(V_+) - 2.0\text{V}$  on the low end, up to  $(V_+) - 1.6\text{V}$  to  $(V_+) - 1.2\text{V}$  on the high end.

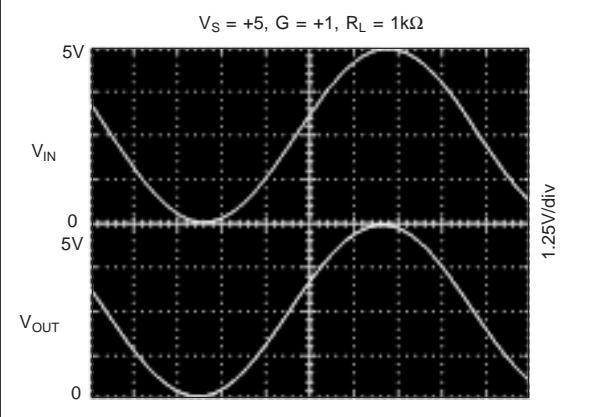


FIGURE 1. Rail-to-Rail Input and Output.

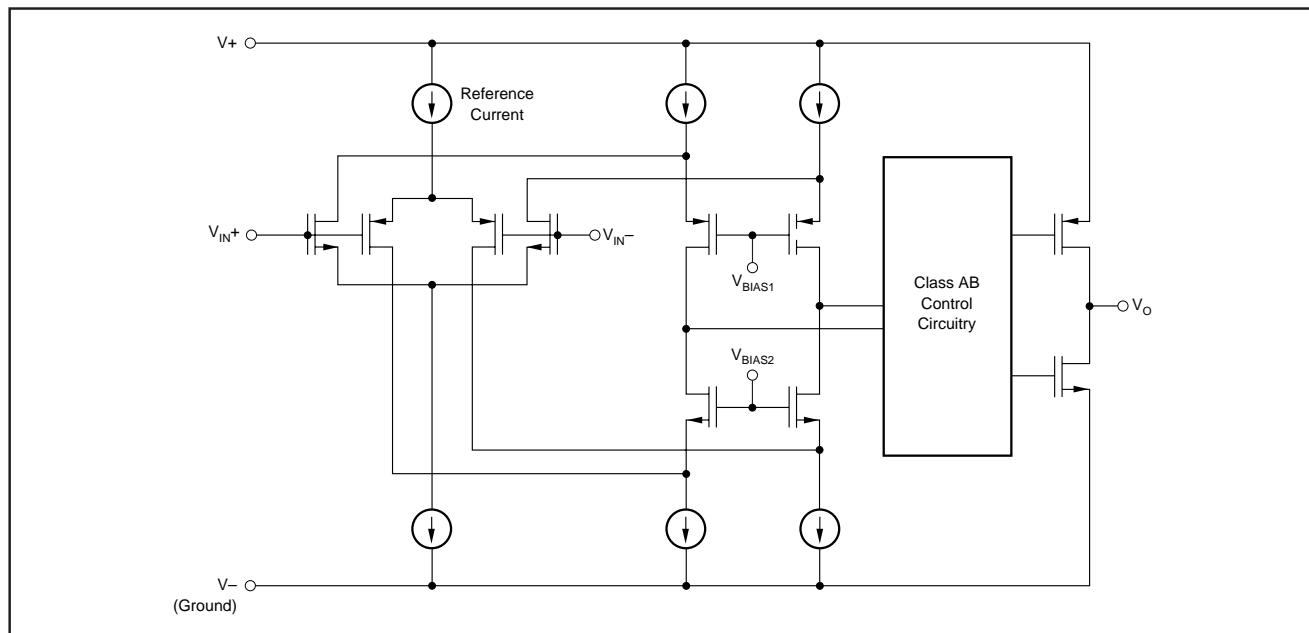


FIGURE 2. Simplified Schematic.

A double-folded cascode adds the signal from the two input pairs and presents a differential signal to the class AB output stage. Normally, input bias current is approximately 500fA. However, large inputs (greater than 300mV beyond the supply rails) can turn on the OPA353's input protection diodes, causing excessive current to flow in or out of the input pins. Momentary voltages greater than 300mV beyond the power supply can be tolerated if the current on the input pins is limited to 10mA. This is easily accomplished with an input resistor as shown in Figure 3. Many input signals are inherently current-limited to less than 10mA, therefore, a limiting resistor is not required.

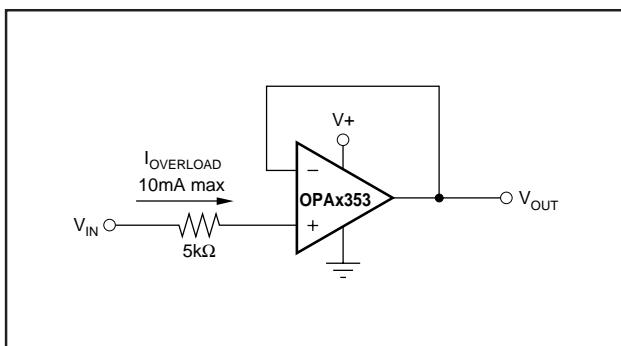


FIGURE 3. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage.

### RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

A class AB output stage with common-source transistors is used to achieve rail-to-rail output. For light resistive loads ( $>10\text{k}\Omega$ ), the output voltage swing is typically ten millivolts from the supply rails. With heavier resistive loads ( $600\Omega$  to  $10\text{k}\Omega$ ), the output can swing to within a few tens of millivolts from the supply rails and maintain high open-loop gain. See the typical performance curves "Output Voltage Swing vs Output Current" and "Open-Loop Gain vs Output Voltage."

### CAPACITIVE LOAD AND STABILITY

OPA353 series op amps can drive a wide range of capacitive loads. However, all op amps under certain conditions may become unstable. Op amp configuration, gain, and load value are just a few of the factors to consider when determining stability. An op amp in unity gain configuration is the most susceptible to the effects of capacitive load. The capacitive load reacts with the op amp's output impedance, along with any additional load resistance, to create a pole in the small-signal response which degrades the phase margin.

In unity gain, OPA353 series op amps perform well with large capacitive loads. Increasing gain enhances the amplifier's ability to drive more capacitance. The typical performance curve "Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load" shows performance with a  $1\text{k}\Omega$  resistive load. Increasing load resistance improves capacitive load drive capability.

### FEEDBACK CAPACITOR IMPROVES RESPONSE

For optimum settling time and stability with high-impedance feedback networks, it may be necessary to add a feedback capacitor across the feedback resistor,  $R_F$ , as shown in Figure 4. This capacitor compensates for the zero created by the feedback network impedance and the OPA353's input capacitance (and any parasitic layout capacitance). The effect becomes more significant with higher impedance networks.

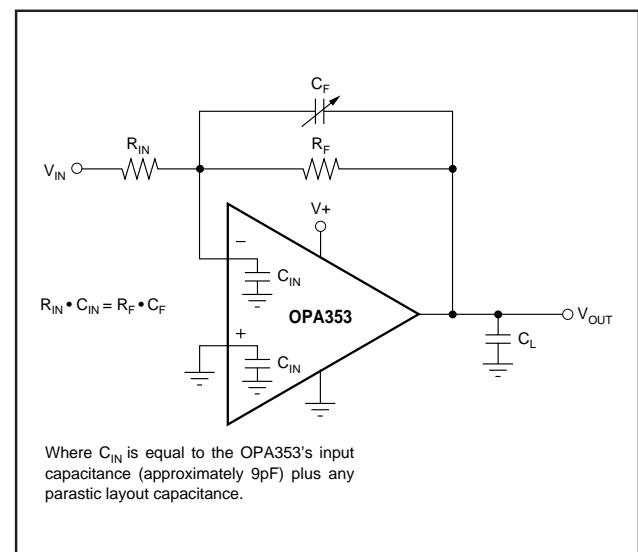


FIGURE 4. Feedback Capacitor Improves Dynamic Performance.

It is suggested that a variable capacitor be used for the feedback capacitor since input capacitance may vary between op amps and layout capacitance is difficult to determine. For the circuit shown in Figure 4, the value of the variable feedback capacitor should be chosen so that the input resistance times the input capacitance of the OPA353 (typically 9pF) plus the estimated parasitic layout capacitance equals the feedback capacitor times the feedback resistor:

$$R_{IN} \cdot C_{IN} = R_F \cdot C_F$$

where  $C_{IN}$  is equal to the OPA353's input capacitance (sum of differential and common-mode) plus the layout capacitance. The capacitor can be varied until optimum performance is obtained.

### DRIVING A/D CONVERTERS

OPA353 series op amps are optimized for driving medium speed (up to 500kHz) sampling A/D converters. However, they also offer excellent performance for higher speed converters. The OPA353 series provides an effective means of buffering the A/D's input capacitance and resulting charge injection while providing signal gain. For applications requiring high accuracy, the OPA350 series is recommended.

Figure 5 shows the OPA353 driving an ADS7861. The ADS7861 is a dual, 12-bit, 500kHz sampling converter in the small SSOP-24 package. When used with the miniature package options of the OPA353 series, the combination is ideal for space-limited and low power applications. For further information consult the ADS7861 data sheet.

### OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The low frequency open-loop output impedance of the OPA353's common-source output stage is approximately  $1\text{k}\Omega$ . When the op amp is connected with feedback, this value is reduced significantly by the loop gain of the op amp. For example, with 122dB of open-loop gain, the output impedance is reduced in unity-gain to less than  $0.001\Omega$ . For each decade rise in the closed-loop gain, the loop gain is reduced by the same amount which results in a ten-fold increase in output impedance (see the typical performance curve, "Output Impedance vs Frequency").

At higher frequencies, the output impedance will rise as the open-loop gain of the op amp drops. However, at these frequencies the output also becomes capacitive due to parasitic capacitance. This prevents the output impedance

from becoming too high, which can cause stability problems when driving capacitive loads. As mentioned previously, the OPA353 has excellent capacitive load drive capability for an op amp with its bandwidth.

### VIDEO LINE DRIVER

Figure 6 shows a circuit for a single supply,  $G = 2$  composite video line driver. The synchronized outputs of a composite video line driver extend below ground. As shown, the input to the op amp should be ac-coupled and shifted positively to provide adequate signal swing to account for these negative signals in a single-supply configuration.

The input is terminated with a  $75\Omega$  resistor and ac-coupled with a  $47\mu\text{F}$  capacitor to a voltage divider that provides the dc bias point to the input. In Figure 6, this point is approximately  $(V_-) + 1.7\text{V}$ . Setting the optimal bias point requires some understanding of the nature of composite video signals. For best performance, one should be careful to avoid the distortion caused by the transition region of the OPA353's complementary input stage. Refer to the discussion of rail-to-rail input.

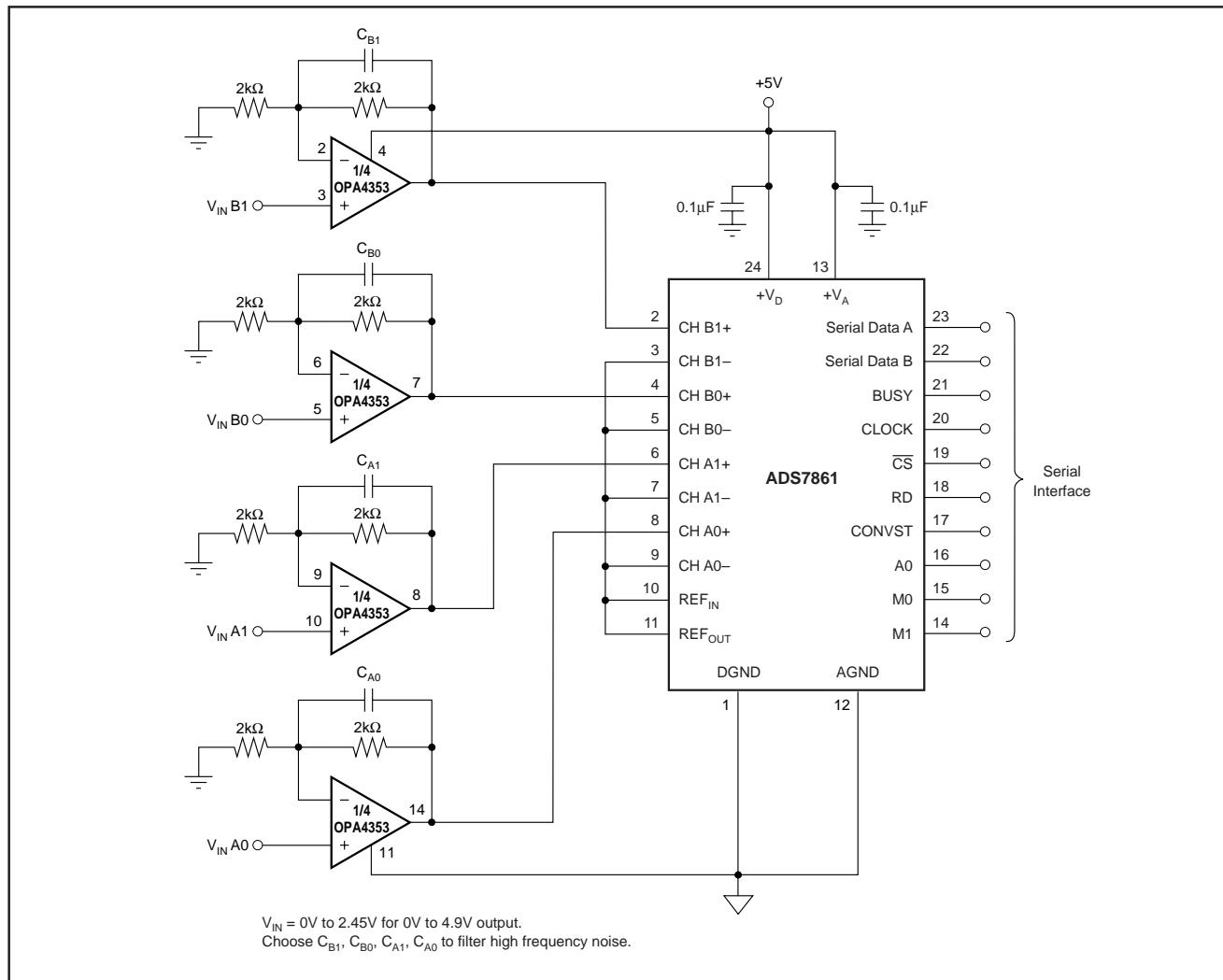


FIGURE 5. OPA4353 Driving Sampling A/D Converter.

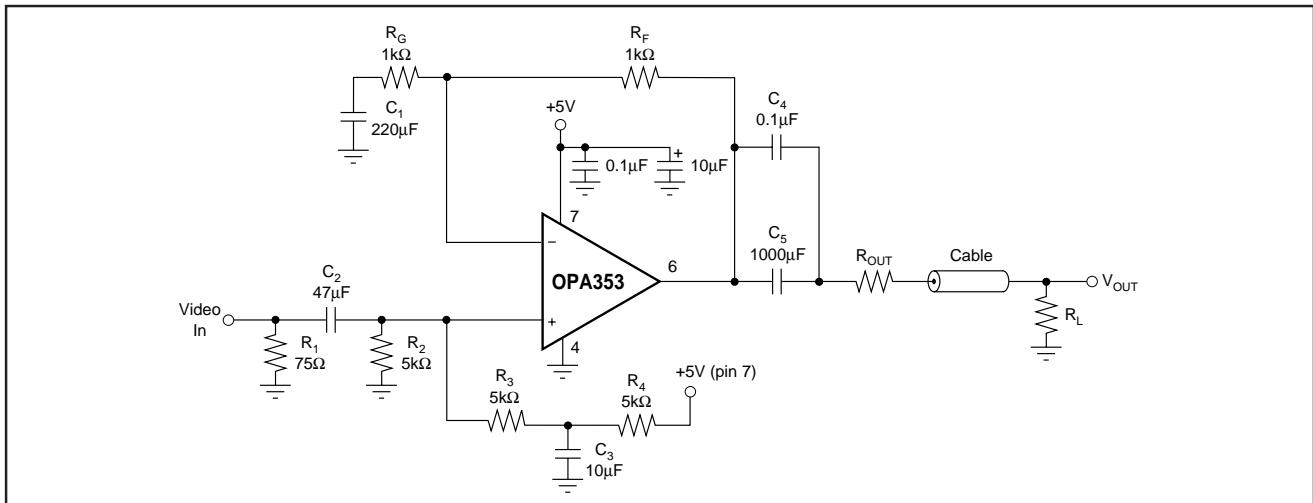


FIGURE 6. Single-Supply Video Line Driver.

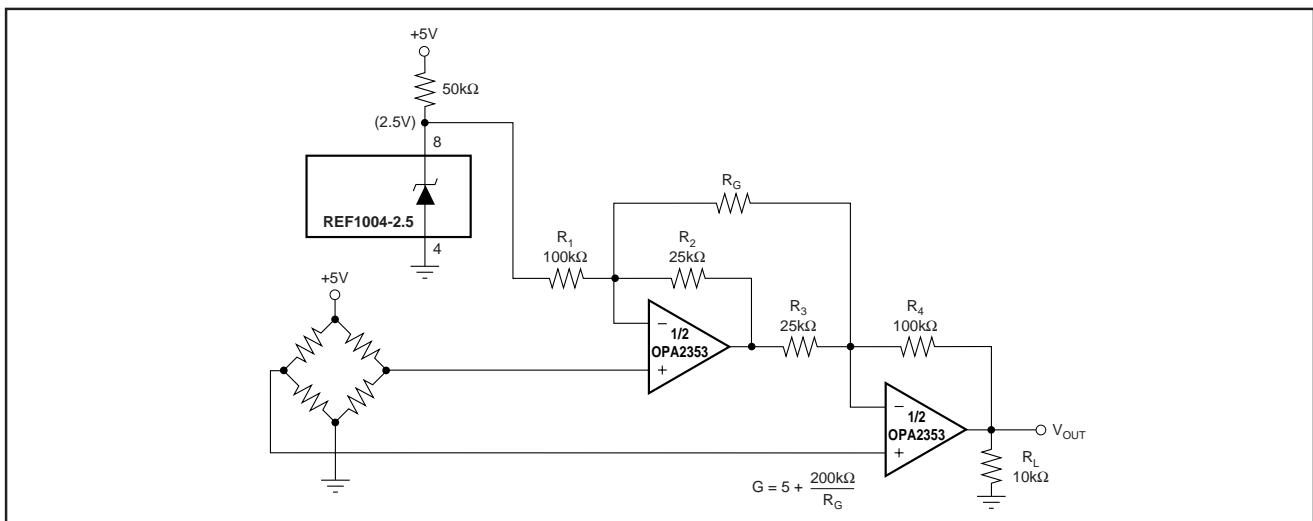


FIGURE 7. Two Op-Amp Instrumentation Amplifier With Improved High Frequency Common-Mode Rejection.

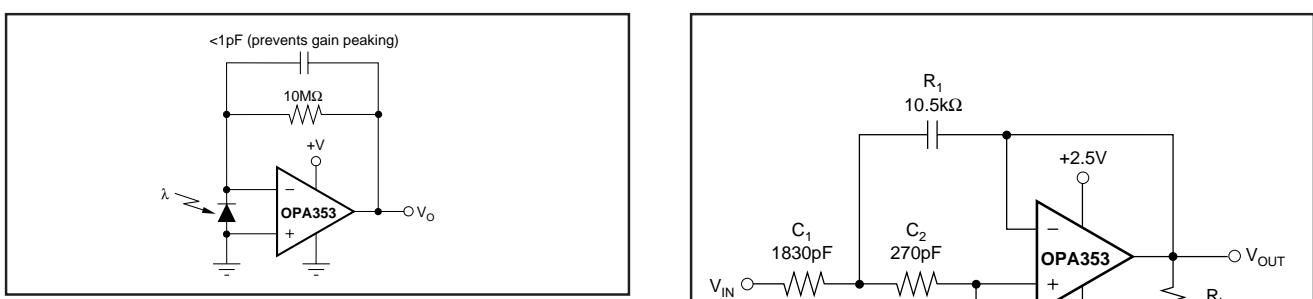


FIGURE 8. Transimpedance Amplifier.

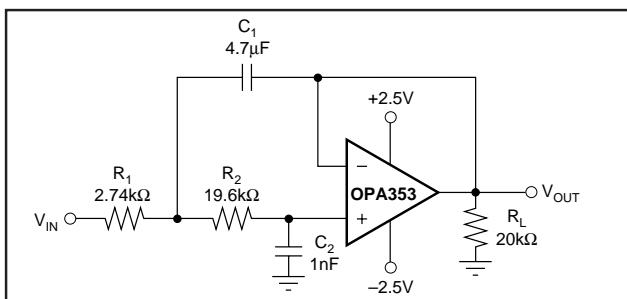


FIGURE 9. 10kHz Low-Pass Filter.

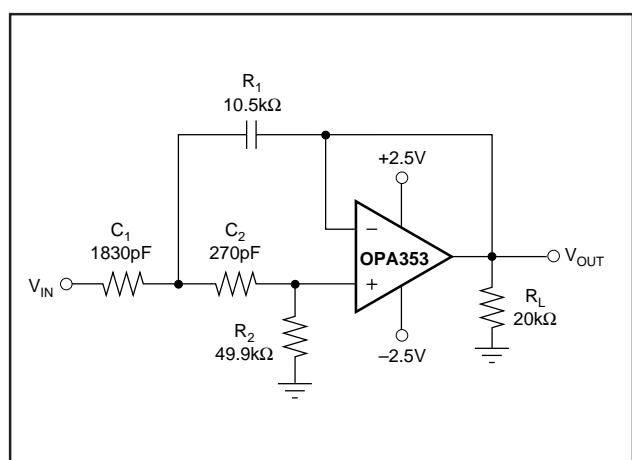


FIGURE 10. 10kHz High-Pass Filter.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
OPA2353EA/250	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	E53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353EA/250G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	E53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353EA/2K5	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	E53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353EA/2K5G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	E53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353UA	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 2353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353UA/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 2353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353UA/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 2353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA2353UAG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 2353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353NA/250	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353NA/250G4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353NA/3K	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353NA/3KG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D53	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353UA	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353UA/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA353UAG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 353UA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA4353EA/250	ACTIVE	SSOP	DBQ	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 4353EA	<a href="#">Samples</a>
OPA4353EA/250G4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DBQ	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA 4353EA	<a href="#">Samples</a>

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
OPA4353EA/2K5	ACTIVE	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		OPA4353EA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>
OPA4353EA/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		OPA4353EA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>
OPA4353UA	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		OPA4353UA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>
OPA4353UA/2K5	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA4353UA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>
OPA4353UA/2K5G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	OPA4353UA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>
OPA4353UAG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		OPA4353UA	<span style="background-color: red; color: white; padding: 2px;">Samples</span>

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBsolete:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

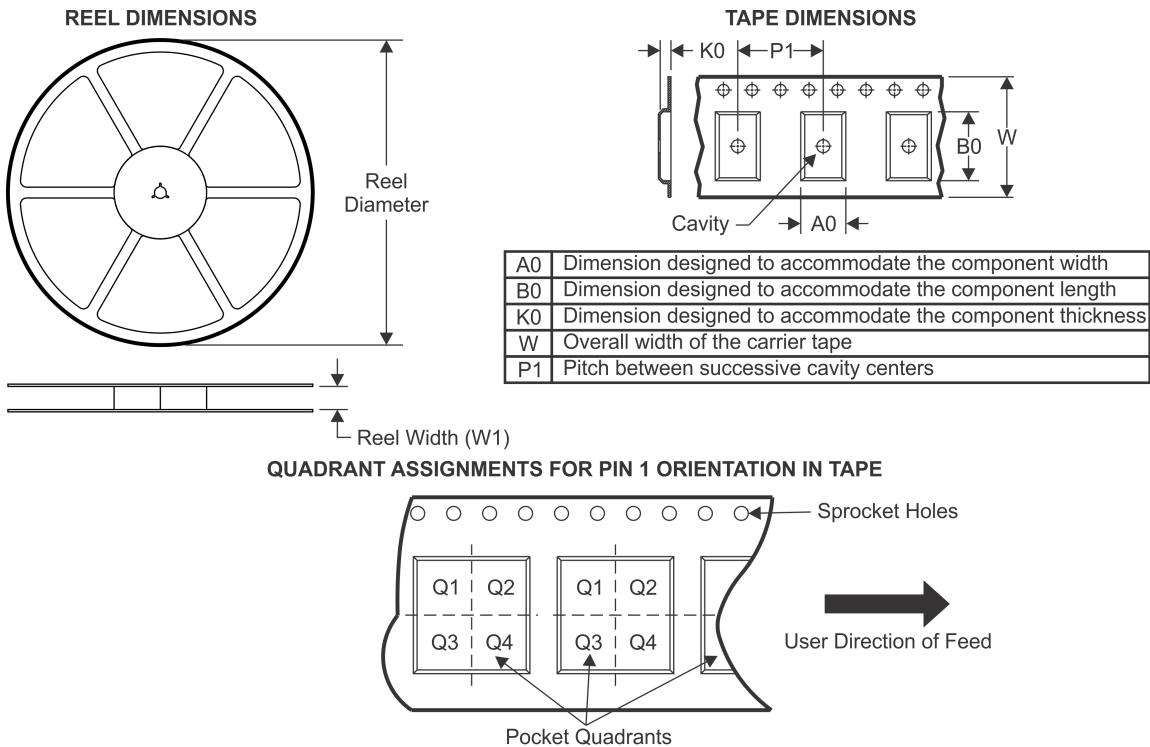
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

**(6)** Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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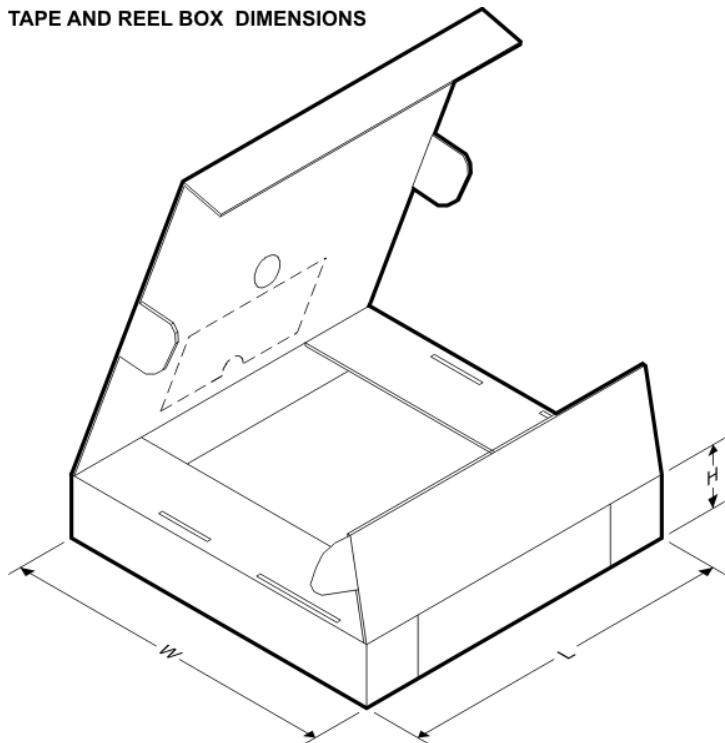
**TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION**



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
OPA2353EA/250	VSSOP	DGK	8	250	180.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2353EA/2K5	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA2353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4353EA/250	SSOP	DBQ	16	250	180.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4353EA/2K5	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
OPA4353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**



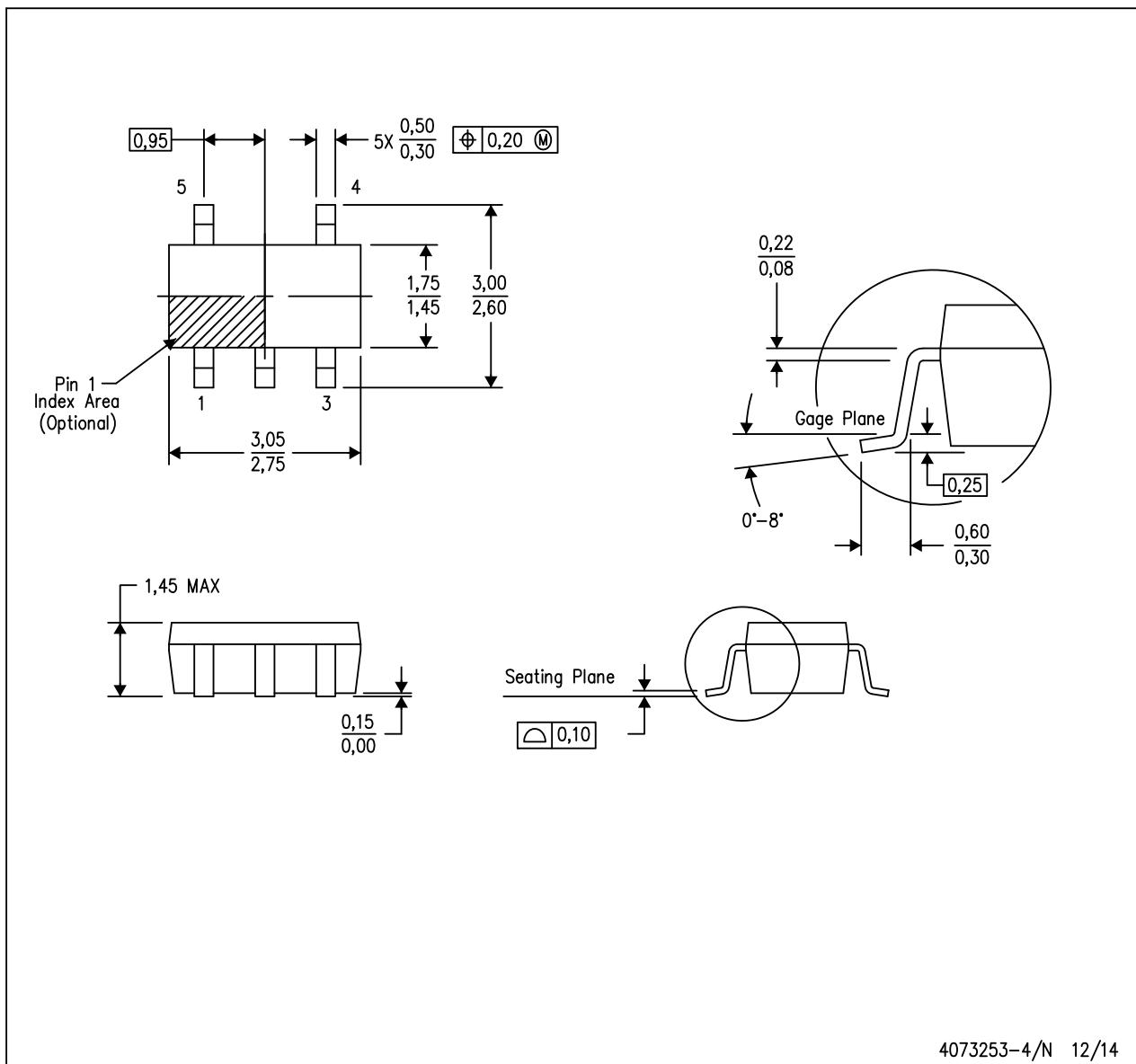
\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
OPA2353EA/250	VSSOP	DGK	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
OPA2353EA/2K5	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
OPA2353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
OPA353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	8	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
OPA4353EA/250	SSOP	DBQ	16	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
OPA4353EA/2K5	SSOP	DBQ	16	2500	367.0	367.0	35.0
OPA4353UA/2K5	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0

## MECHANICAL DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4073253-4/N 12/14

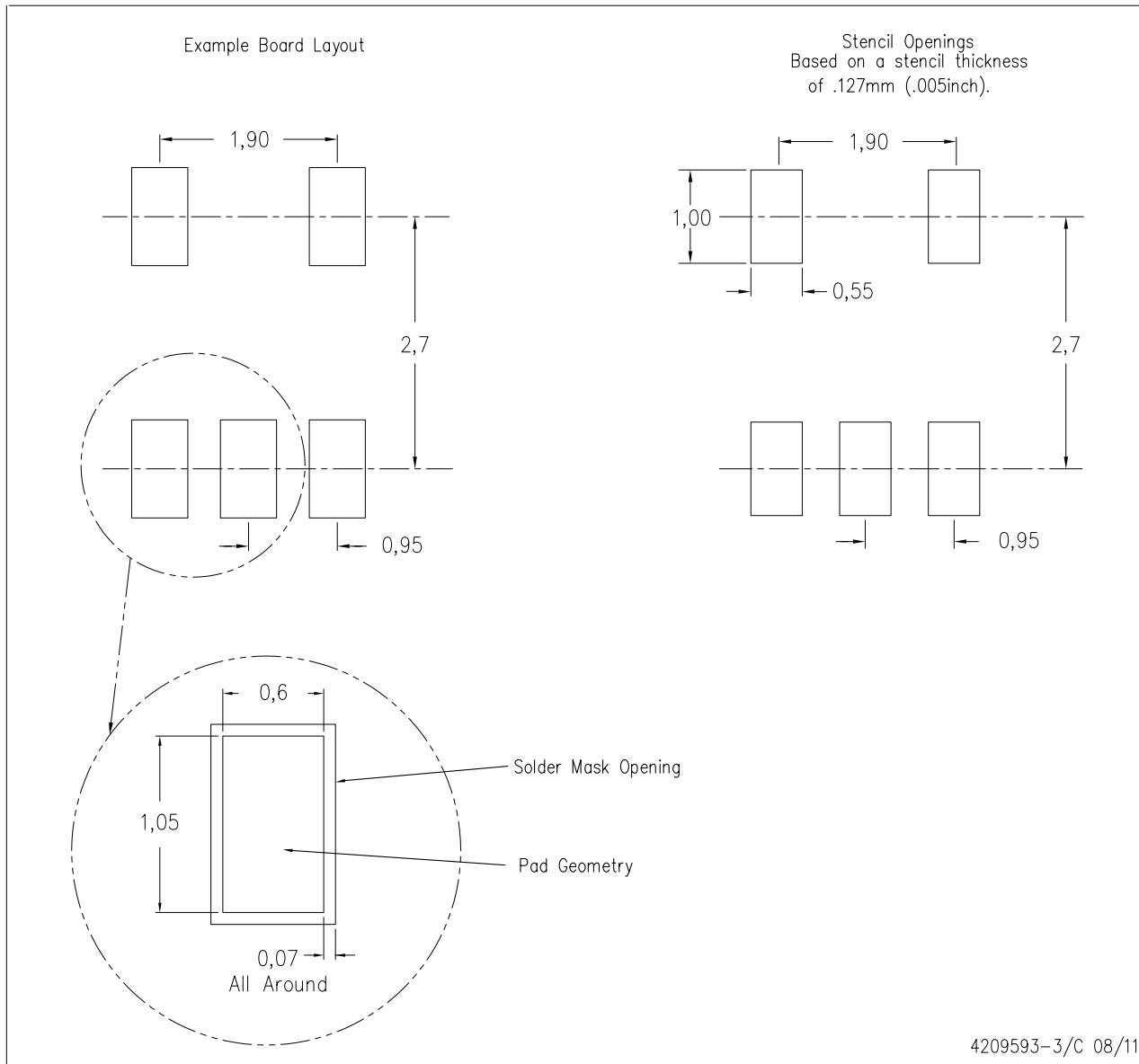
NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.

## LAND PATTERN DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



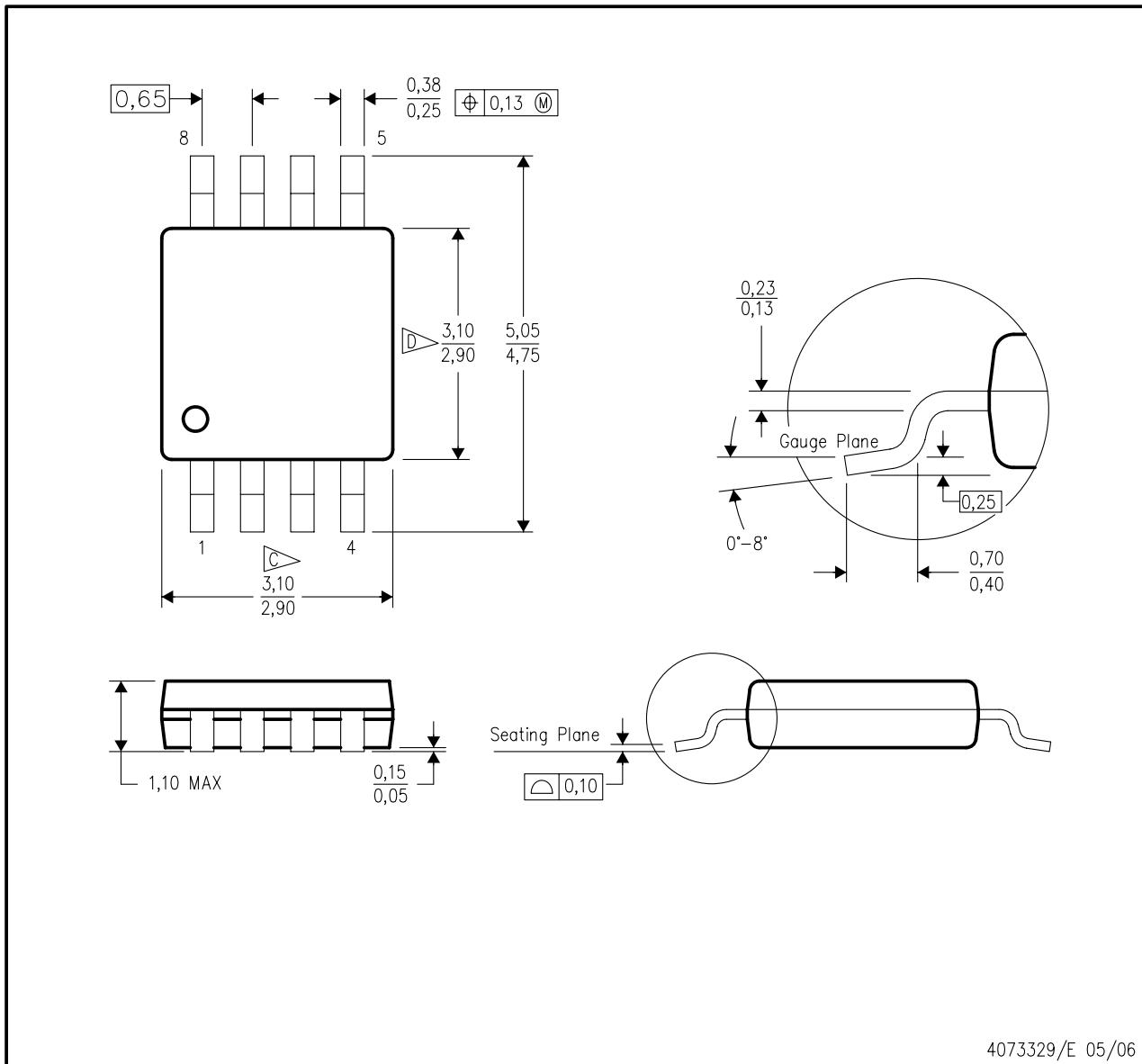
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

## MECHANICAL DATA

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



4073329/E 05/06

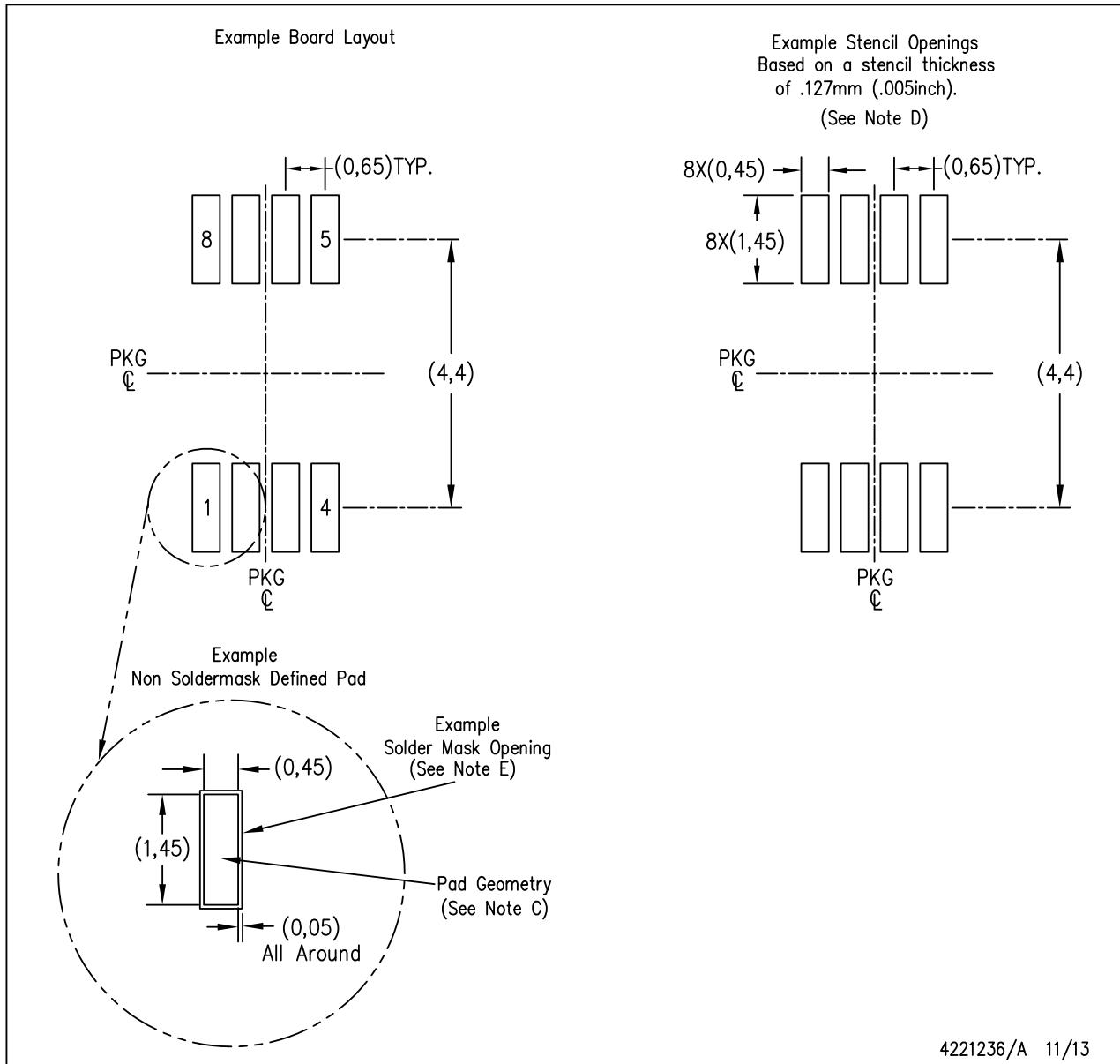
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end.
- D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.

## LAND PATTERN DATA

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



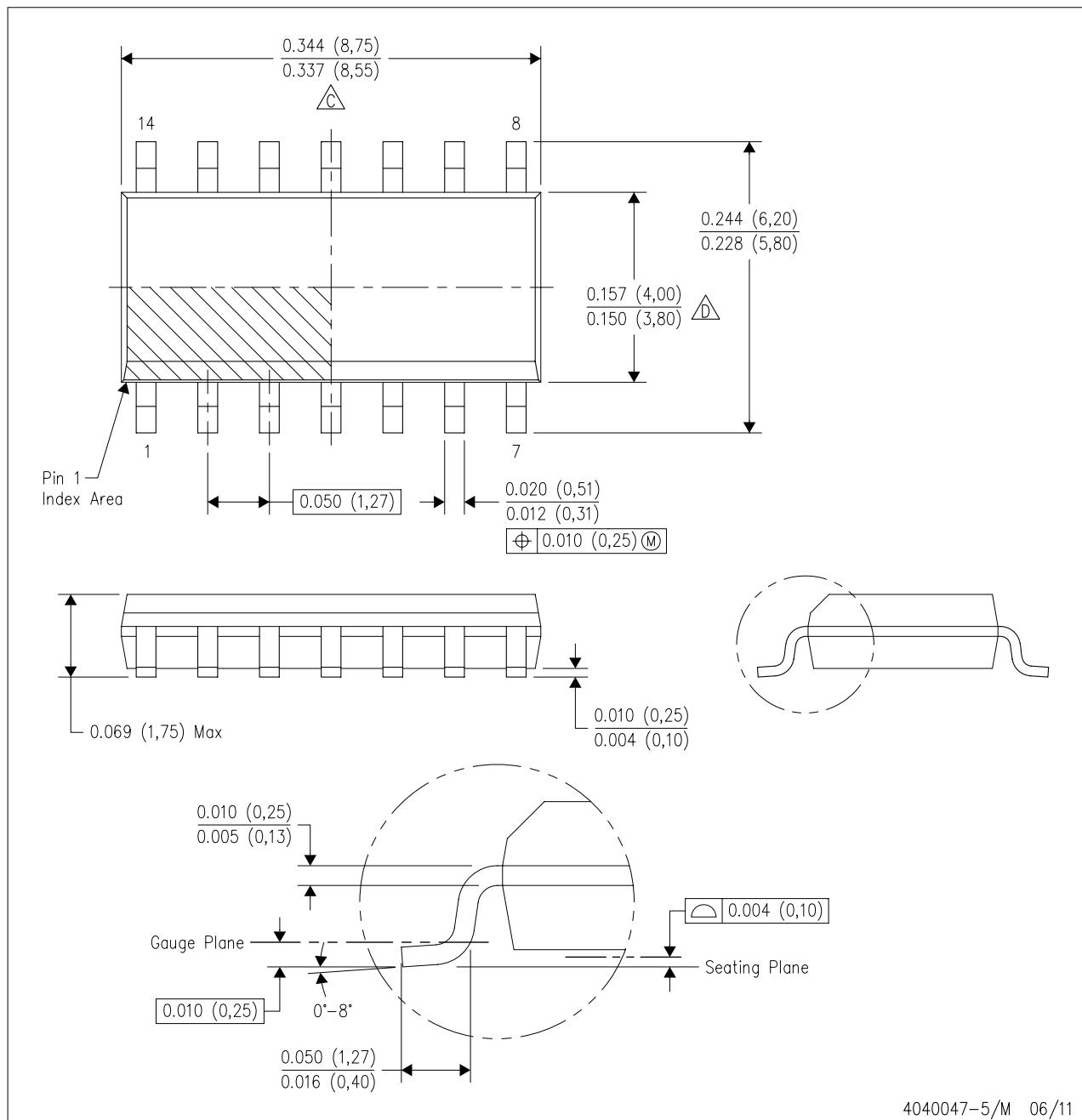
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

## MECHANICAL DATA

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040047-5/M 06/11

NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.

**△C** Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.

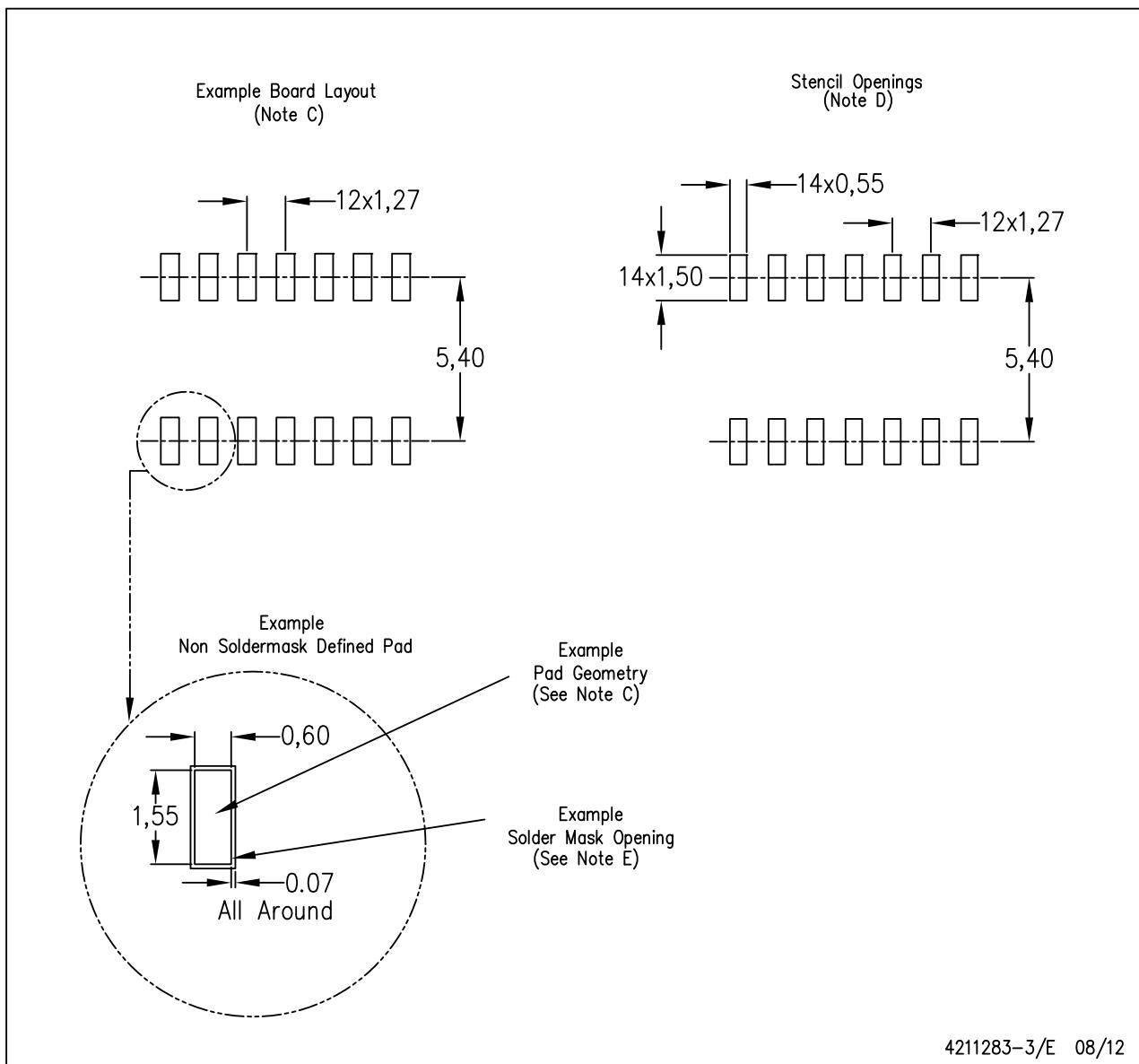
**△D** Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.

E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

## LAND PATTERN DATA

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



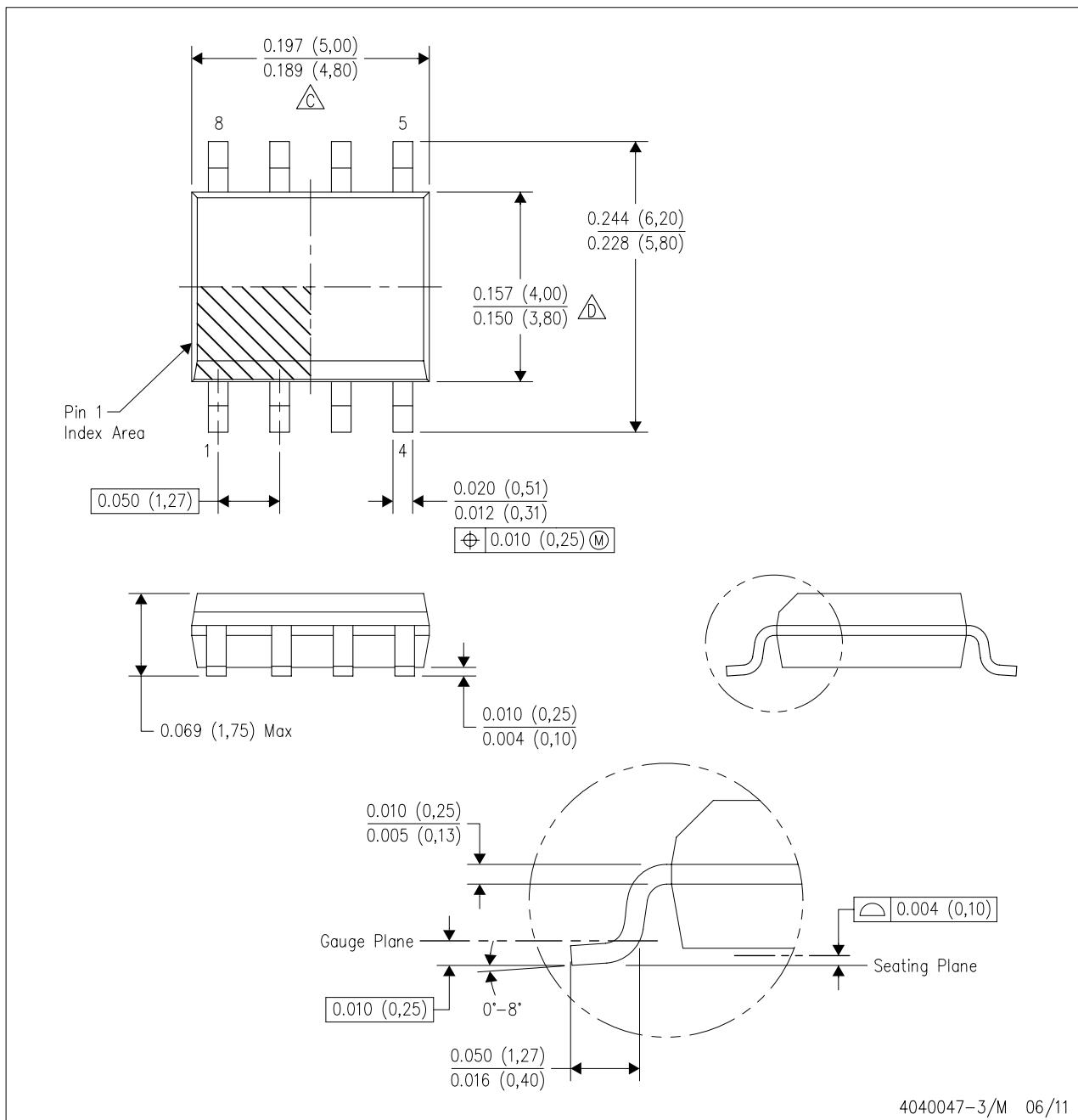
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

## MECHANICAL DATA

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.

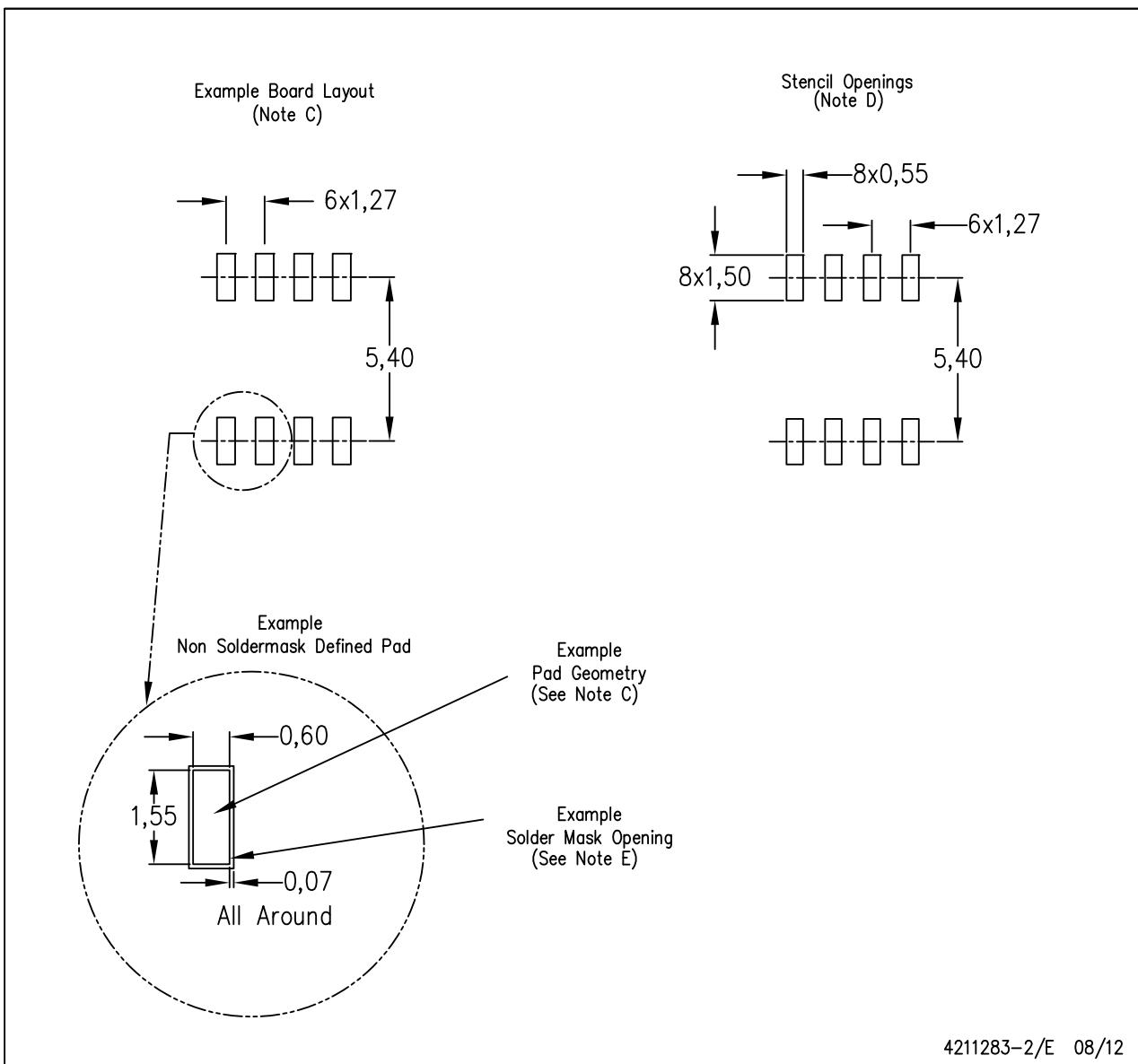
Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.

E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

## LAND PATTERN DATA

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



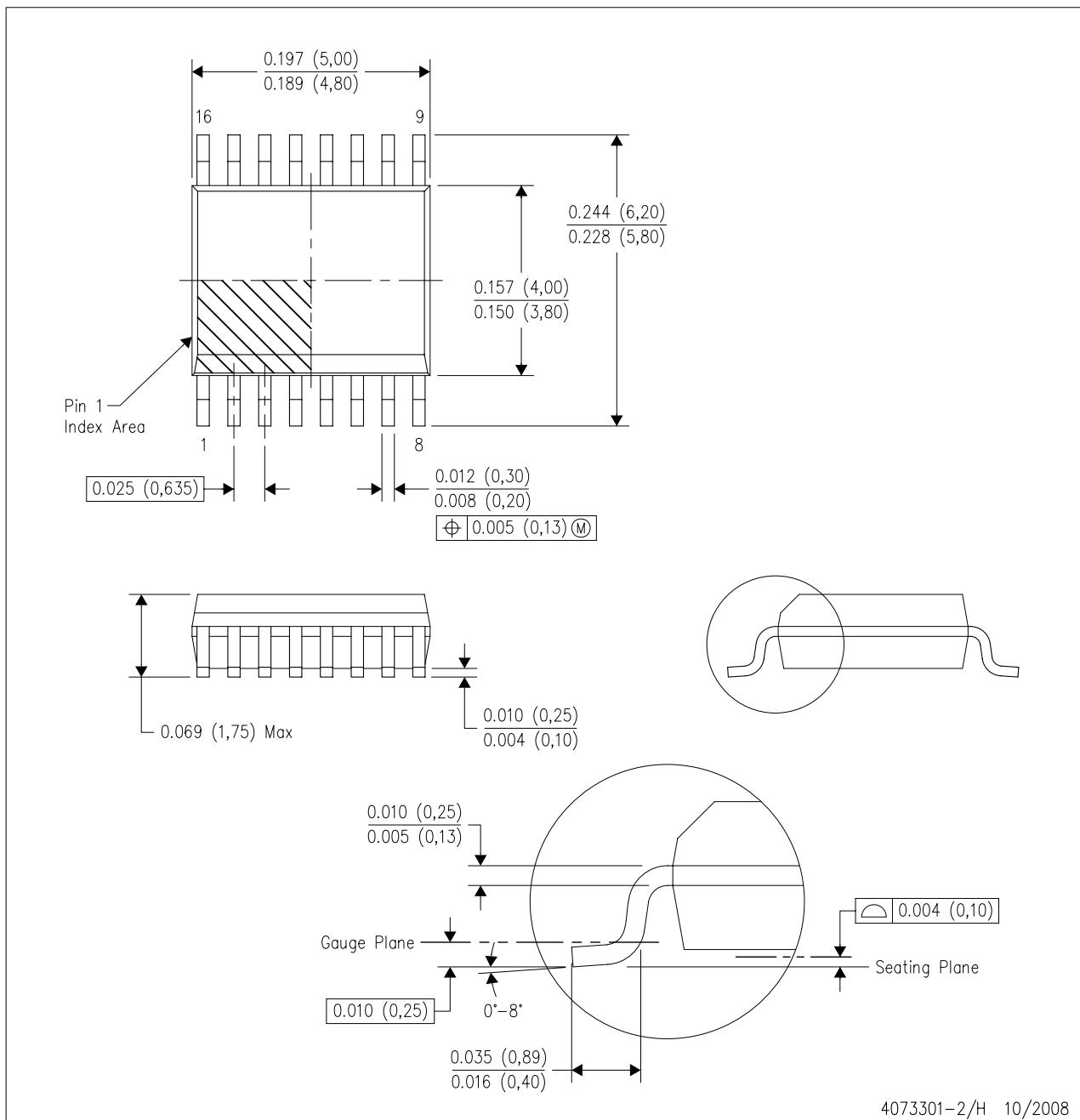
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

## MECHANICAL DATA

DBQ (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



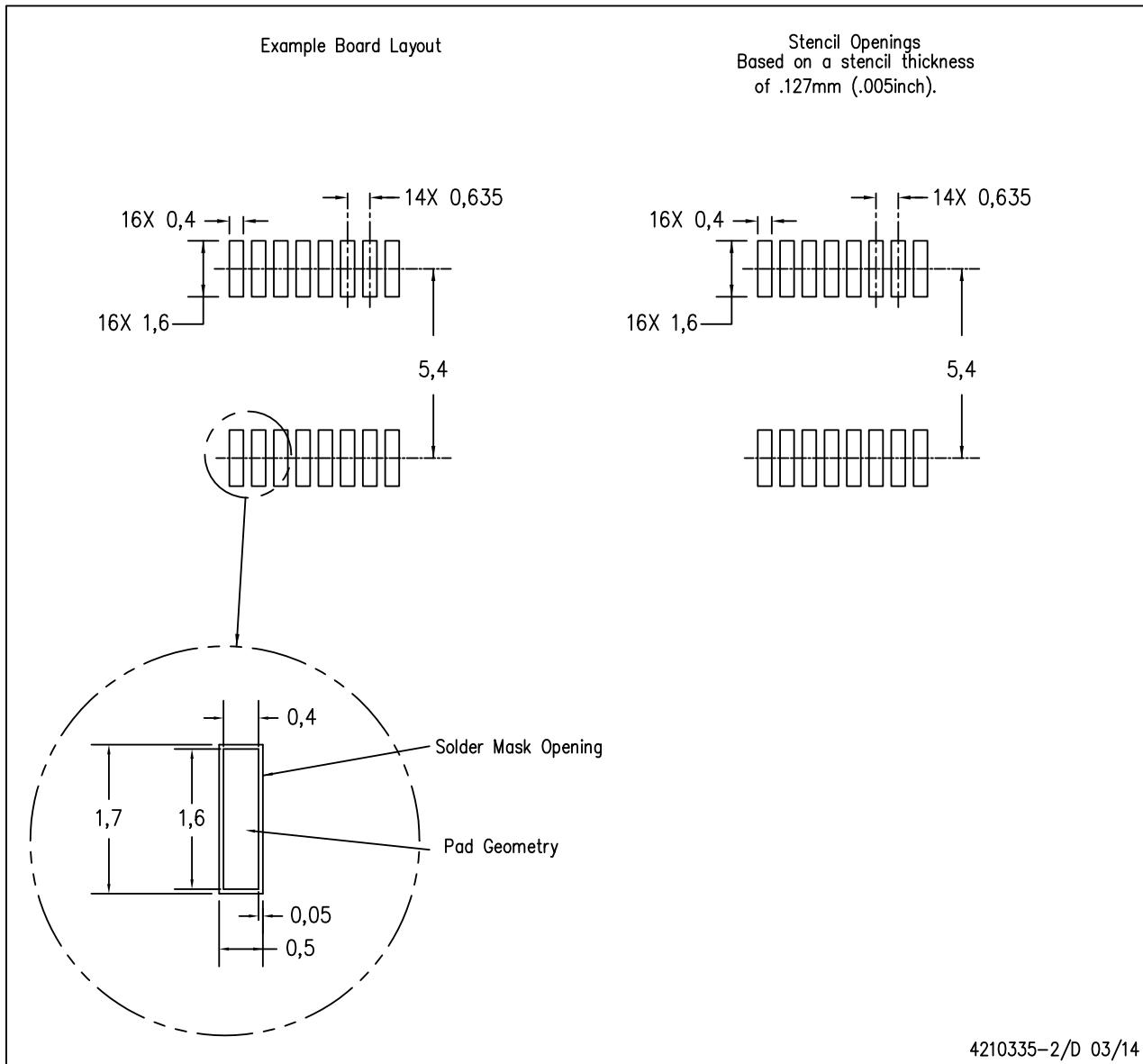
NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15) per side.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-137 variation AB.

## LAND PATTERN DATA

DBQ (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

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