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ON Semiconductor NTDV20N06T4G

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Distributor of ON Semiconductor: Excellent Integrated System Limited Datasheet of NTDV20N06T4G - MOSFET N-CH 60V 20A DPAK Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

NTD20N06, NTDV20N06

Power MOSFET

20 A, 60 V, N–Channel DPAK

Designed for low voltage, high speed switching applications in power supplies, converters and power motor controls and bridge circuits.

Features

- Lower R_{DS(on)}
- Lower V_{DS(on)}
- Lower Capacitances
- Lower Total Gate Charge
- Lower and Tighter V_{SD}
- Lower Diode Reverse Recovery Time
- Lower Reverse Recovery Stored Charge
- AEC Q101 Qualified NTDV20N06
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- Power Supplies
- Converters
- Power Motor Controls
- Bridge Circuits

MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_J = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-to-Source Voltage	V _{DSS}	60	Vdc
Drain-to-Gate Voltage (R_{GS} = 10 M Ω)	V _{DGR}	60	Vdc
Gate–to–Source Voltage – Continuous – Non–repetitive (t _p ≤10 ms)	V _{GS} V _{GS}	±20 ±30	Vdc
$ \begin{array}{l} \text{Drain Current} \\ - \text{ Continuous @ } T_A = 25^\circ\text{C} \\ - \text{ Continuous @ } T_A = 100^\circ\text{C} \\ - \text{ Single Pulse (} t_p \leq 10 \ \mu\text{s}) \end{array} $	I _D I _D I _{DM}	20 10 60	Adc Apk
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above $25^{\circ}C$ Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 1)Total Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (Note 2)	PD	60 0.40 1.88 1.36	W W/°C W W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to 175	°C
Single Pulse Drain-to-Source Avalanche Energy - Starting $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ ($V_{DD} = 25$ Vdc, $V_{GS} = 10$ Vdc, L = 1.0 mH, $I_L(pk) = 18.4$ A, $V_{DS} = 60$ Vdc)	E _{AS}	170	mJ
Thermal Resistance – Junction-to-Case – Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1) – Junction-to-Ambient (Note 2)	${f R}_{ heta JC} \ {f R}_{ heta JA} \ {f R}_{ heta JA}$	2.5 80 110	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from case for 10 seconds	ΤL	260	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

 When surface mounted to an FR4 board using the minimum recommended pad size.

2. When surface mounted to an FR4 board using the 0.5 sq in drain pad size.

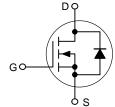


ON Semiconductor®

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V _{(BR)DSS}	R _{DS(on)} TYP	I _D MAX
60 V	$37.5 \text{ m}\Omega$	20 A

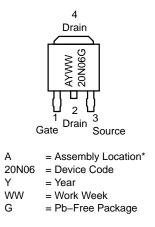








MARKING DIAGRAM & PIN ASSIGNMENTS



* The Assembly Location code (A) is front side optional. In cases where the Assembly Location is stamped in the package, the front side assembly code may be blank.

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 2 of this data sheet.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25°C unless otherwise noted) Characteristic Symbol Min Max Unit Тур **OFF CHARACTERISTICS** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage (Note 3) Vdc V_{(BR)DSS} $(V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 250 \ \mu\text{Adc})$ 60 717 _ Temperature Coefficient (Positive) _ mV/°C 79.4 Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current μAdc IDSS $(V_{DS} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc})$ 1.0 $(V_{DS} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{J} = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ 10 Gate-Body Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = \pm 20$ Vdc, $V_{DS} = 0$ Vdc) ±100 nAdc _ IGSS _ **ON CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 3) Gate Threshold Voltage (Note 3) Vdc V_{GS(th)} $(V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \ \mu Adc)$ 2.0 2 91 4.0 Threshold Temperature Coefficient (Negative) 6.9 mV/°C Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance (Note 3) R_{DS(on)} mΩ $(V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ Adc})$ 37.5 46 Static Drain-to-Source On-Voltage (Note 3) Vdc V_{DS(on)} $(V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 20 \text{ Adc})$ 0.78 1.10 _ $(V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 10 \text{ Adc}, T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ 1.57 -Forward Transconductance (Note 3) ($V_{DS} = 7.0$ Vdc, $I_D = 6.0$ Adc) 13.2 mhos **g**fs DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Ciss рF Input Capacitance 725 1015 _ $(V_{DS} = 25 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc},$ **Output Capacitance** Coss 213 300 _ f = 1.0 MHz) Transfer Capacitance Crss 58 120 SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4) Turn-On Delay Time t_{d(on)} 9.5 20 ns $(V_{DD} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 20 \text{ Adc},$ Rise Time 60.5 120 tr _ $V_{GS} = 10 Vdc$, Turn-Off Delay Time 27.1 60 t_{d(off)} $R_{G} = 9.1 \Omega$) (Note 3) Fall Time 37.1 80 tf _ Gate Charge QT 21.2 30 nC $(V_{DS} = 48 \text{ Vdc}, I_D = 20 \text{ Adc},$ Q1 5.6 _ _ V_{GS} = 10 Vdc) (Note 3) Q_2 7.3 SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE CHARACTERISTICS Forward On-Voltage $(I_S = 20 \text{ Adc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc})$ (Note 3) 1.0 1.2 Vdc V_{SD} $(I_{S} = 20 \text{ Adc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{J} = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ 0.87 _ _ **Reverse Recovery Time** 42.9 _ ns trr $(I_S = 20 \text{ Adc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc},$ ta 33 _ _ $dI_{S}/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu \text{s}$ (Note 3) 9.9 tb _ Reverse Recovery Stored Charge Q_{RR} 0.084 μC _ _

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

3. Pulse Test: Pulse Width \leq 300 µs, Duty Cycle \leq 2%.

4. Switching characteristics are independent of operating junction temperatures.

ORDERING INFORMATION

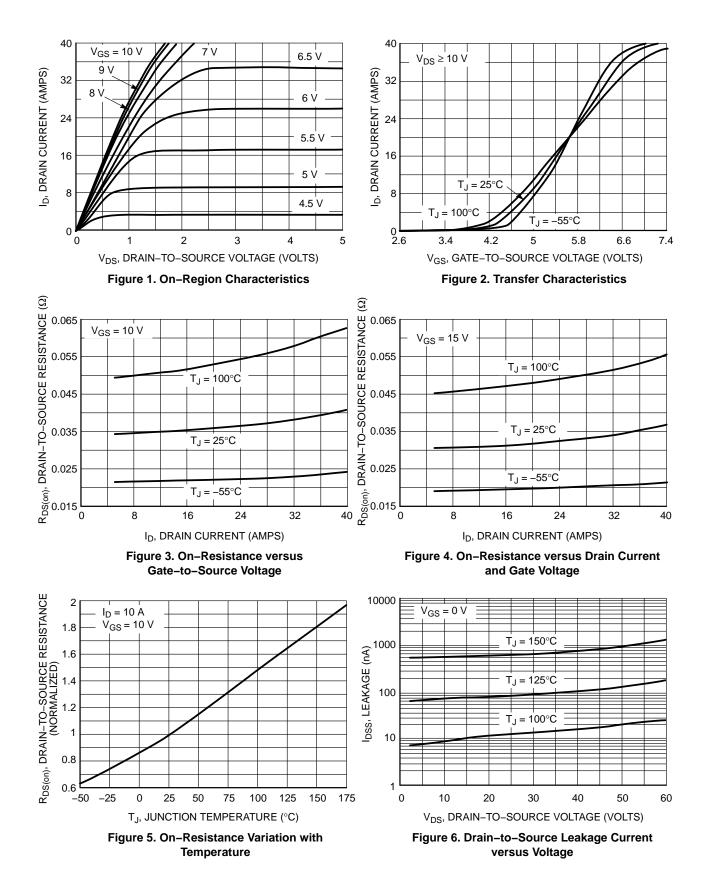
Device	Package	Shipping [†]
NTD20N06T4G	DPAK (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
NTDV20N06T4G	DPAK (Pb–Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.



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POWER MOSFET SWITCHING

Switching behavior is most easily modeled and predicted by recognizing that the power MOSFET is charge controlled. The lengths of various switching intervals (Δt) are determined by how fast the FET input capacitance can be charged by current from the generator.

The published capacitance data is difficult to use for calculating rise and fall because drain–gate capacitance varies greatly with applied voltage. Accordingly, gate charge data is used. In most cases, a satisfactory estimate of average input current ($I_{G(AV)}$) can be made from a rudimentary analysis of the drive circuit so that

 $t = Q/I_{G(AV)}$

During the rise and fall time interval when switching a resistive load, V_{GS} remains virtually constant at a level known as the plateau voltage, V_{SGP} . Therefore, rise and fall times may be approximated by the following:

 $t_r = Q_2 x R_G / (V_{GG} - V_{GSP})$

 $t_f = Q_2 x R_G / V_{GSP}$

where

 V_{GG} = the gate drive voltage, which varies from zero to V_{GG} R_G = the gate drive resistance

and Q_2 and V_{GSP} are read from the gate charge curve.

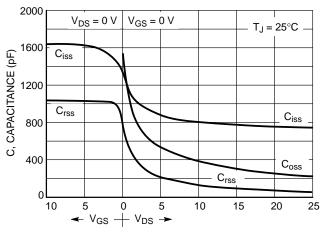
During the turn–on and turn–off delay times, gate current is not constant. The simplest calculation uses appropriate values from the capacitance curves in a standard equation for voltage change in an RC network. The equations are:

$$\begin{split} t_{d(on)} &= R_G \; C_{iss} \; In \; [V_{GG}/(V_{GG} - V_{GSP})] \\ t_{d(off)} &= R_G \; C_{iss} \; In \; (V_{GG}/V_{GSP}) \end{split}$$

The capacitance (C_{iss}) is read from the capacitance curve at a voltage corresponding to the off–state condition when calculating $t_{d(on)}$ and is read at a voltage corresponding to the on–state when calculating $t_{d(off)}$.

At high switching speeds, parasitic circuit elements complicate the analysis. The inductance of the MOSFET source lead, inside the package and in the circuit wiring which is common to both the drain and gate current paths, produces a voltage at the source which reduces the gate drive current. The voltage is determined by Ldi/dt, but since di/dt is a function of drain current, the mathematical solution is complex. The MOSFET output capacitance also complicates the mathematics. And finally, MOSFETs have finite internal gate resistance which effectively adds to the resistance of the driving source, but the internal resistance is difficult to measure and, consequently, is not specified.

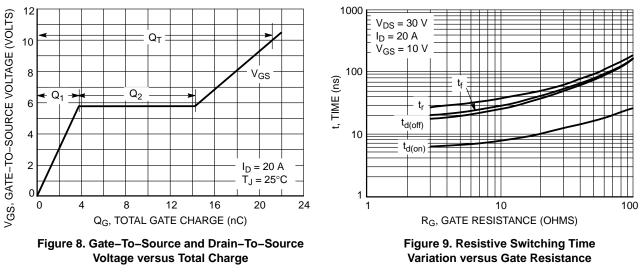
The resistive switching time variation versus gate resistance (Figure 9) shows how typical switching performance is affected by the parasitic circuit elements. If the parasitics were not present, the slope of the curves would maintain a value of unity regardless of the switching speed. The circuit used to obtain the data is constructed to minimize common inductance in the drain and gate circuit loops and is believed readily achievable with board mounted components. Most power electronic loads are inductive; the data in the figure is taken with a resistive load, which approximates an optimally snubbed inductive load. Power MOSFETs may be safely operated into an inductive load; however, snubbing reduces switching losses.



GATE-TO-SOURCE OR DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

Figure 7. Capacitance Variation







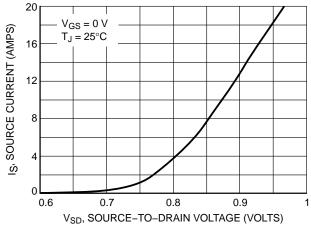


Figure 10. Diode Forward Voltage versus Current

SAFE OPERATING AREA

The Forward Biased Safe Operating Area curves define the maximum simultaneous drain-to-source voltage and drain current that a transistor can handle safely when it is forward biased. Curves are based upon maximum peak junction temperature and a case temperature (T_C) of 25°C. Peak repetitive pulsed power limits are determined by using the thermal response data in conjunction with the procedures discussed in AN569, "Transient Thermal Resistance – General Data and Its Use."

Switching between the off-state and the on-state may traverse any load line provided neither rated peak current (I_{DM}) nor rated voltage (V_{DSS}) is exceeded and the transition time (t_r,t_f) do not exceed 10 µs. In addition the total power averaged over a complete switching cycle must not exceed (T_{J(MAX)} – T_C)/(R_{θJC}).

A Power MOSFET designated E-FET can be safely used in switching circuits with unclamped inductive loads. For reliable operation, the stored energy from circuit inductance dissipated in the transistor while in avalanche must be less than the rated limit and adjusted for operating conditions differing from those specified. Although industry practice is to rate in terms of energy, avalanche energy capability is not a constant. The energy rating decreases non–linearly with an increase of peak current in avalanche and peak junction temperature.

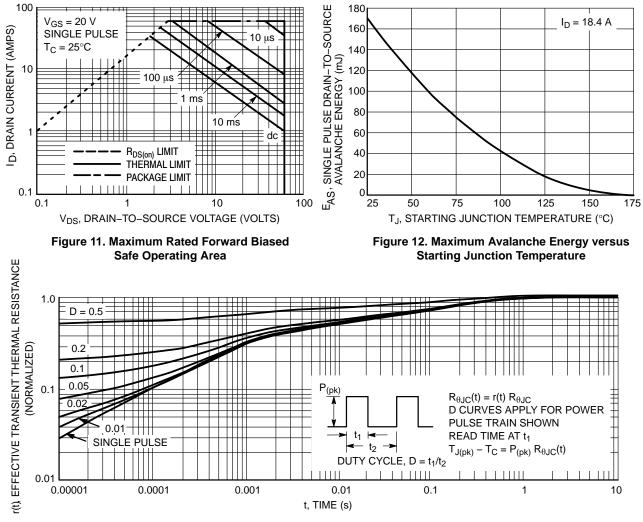
Although many E–FETs can withstand the stress of drain–to–source avalanche at currents up to rated pulsed current (I_{DM}), the energy rating is specified at rated continuous current (I_D), in accordance with industry custom. The energy rating must be derated for temperature as shown in the accompanying graph (Figure 12). Maximum energy at currents below rated continuous I_D can safely be assumed to equal the values indicated.



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SAFE OPERATING AREA





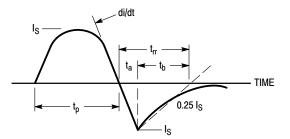
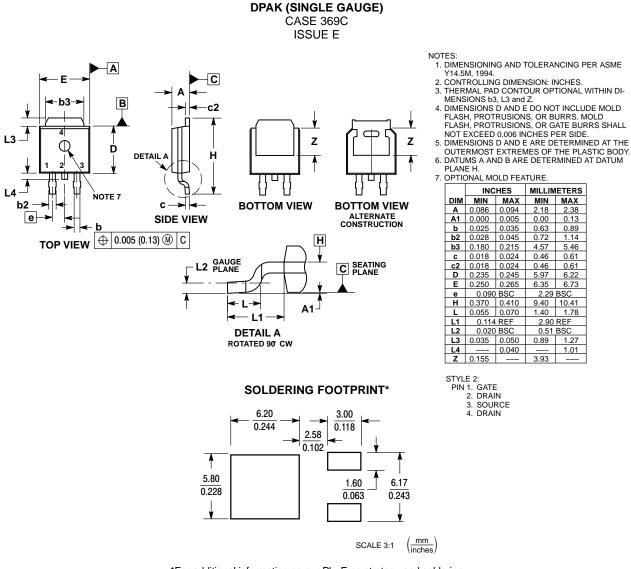


Figure 14. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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