## **Excellent Integrated System Limited**

Stocking Distributor

Click to view price, real time Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Kingbright WP7113F3C

For any questions, you can email us directly: <a href="mailto:sales@integrated-circuit.com">sales@integrated-circuit.com</a>

Datasheet of WP7113F3C - EMITTER IR 940NM 50MA RADIAL

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

# Kingbright

### T-1 3/4 (5mm) INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

Part Number: WP7113F3C

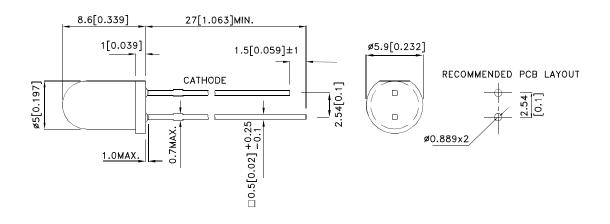
#### **Features**

- Mechanically and spectrally matched to the phototransistor.
- RoHS compliant.

#### **Description**

F3 Made with Gallium Arsenide Infrared Emitting diodes.

### **Package Dimensions**



#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25 (0.01")$  unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.

SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 1 OF 6







Datasheet of WP7113F3C - EMITTER IR 940NM 50MA RADIAL

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

# Kingbright

#### **Selection Guide**

Part No.	Dice	Lens Type	Po (mW/sr) [2] @ 20mA		Po (mW/sr) [2] @ 50mA		Viewing Angle [1]
			Min.	Тур.	Min.	Тур.	201/2
WP7113F3C	F3 (GaAs)	Water Clear	15	30	55	100	- 20°
			*8	*20	*25	*50	

#### Notes:

- 1.  $\theta$ 1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
- 2. Radiant Intensity/ luminous flux: +/-15%.

### Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	P/N	Symbol	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage [1]	F3	VF	1.2	1.6	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	F3	lr		10	uA	VR = 5V
Capacitance	F3	С	90		pF	VF=0V;f=1MHz
Peak Spectral Wavelength	F3	λР	940		nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Bandwidth	F3	Δλ1/2	50		nm	IF=20mA

#### Note:

- 1. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V.
- 2. Wavelength value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.
- 3. Excess driving current and/or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	F3	Units		
Power dissipation	Po	80	mW		
DC Forward Current	lF	50	mA		
Peak Forward Current [1]	İFS	1.2	A		
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	V		
Operating Temperature	Та	-40 To +85	°C		
Storage Temperature	Тѕтс	-40 To +85	°C		
Lead Solder Temperature [2]	260°C For 3 Seconds				
Lead Solder Temperature [3]	260°C For 5 Seconds				

#### Notes

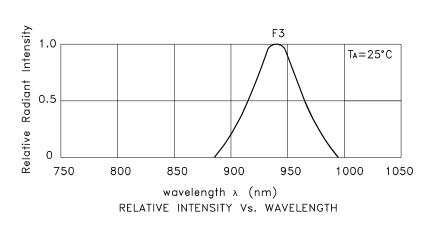
- 1. 1/100 Duty Cycle, 10µs Pulse Width.
- 2. 2mm below package base.
- 3. 5mm below package base.

SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 2 OF 6

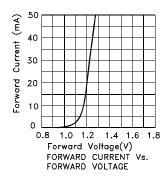
<sup>\*</sup>Radiant Intensity value is traceable to the CIE127-2007 compliant national standards.

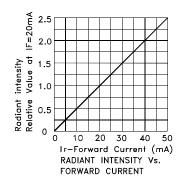


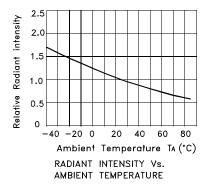
# Kingbright

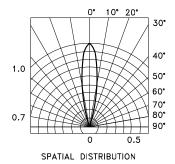


#### WP7113F3C









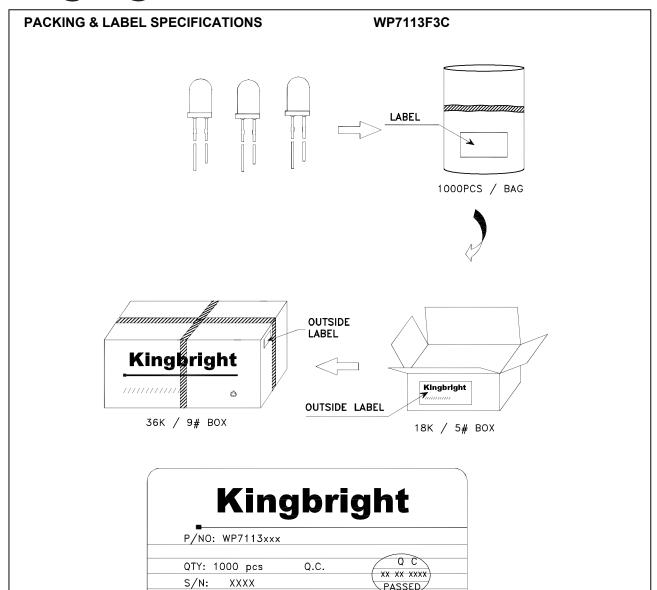
SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 3 OF 6



Datasheet of WP7113F3C - EMITTER IR 940NM 50MA RADIAL

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

# **Kingbright**



#### Terms and conditions for the usage of this document

CODE: XXX

1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.

RoHS Compliant

- 2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
- 3. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
- 4. The information in this document applies to typical usage in consumer electronics applications. If customer's application has special reliability requirements or have life-threatening liabilities, such as automotive or medical usage, please consult with Kingbright representative for further assistance.
- 5. The contents and information of this document may not be reproduced or re-transmitted without permission by Kingbright.
- 6. All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at <a href="http://www.KingbrightUSA.com/ApplicationNotes">http://www.KingbrightUSA.com/ApplicationNotes</a>

SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 4 OF 6



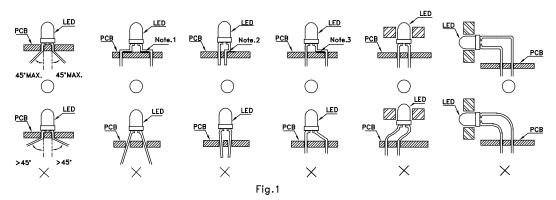
Datasheet of WP7113F3C - EMITTER IR 940NM 50MA RADIAL

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

# **Kingbright**

#### **PRECAUTIONS**

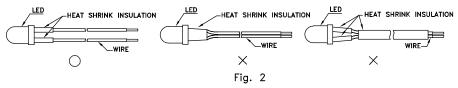
- 1. Storage conditions:
  - a.Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
  - b.LEDs should be stored with temperature  $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity < 60%.
  - c.Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85  $\sim$  100°C.
- 2. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead—forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. (Fig. 1)



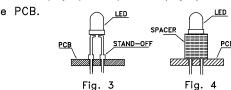
"Correct mounting method "X" Incorrect mounting method

Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

3. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat—shrink tube to prevent short—circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure. (Fig. 2)



4. Use stand-offs (Fig.3) or spacers (Fig.4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.

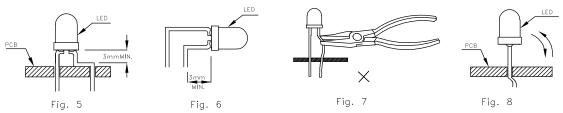


- 5. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)
- 6. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)

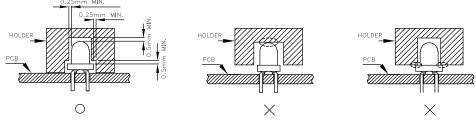
SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 5 OF 6

# **Kingbright**

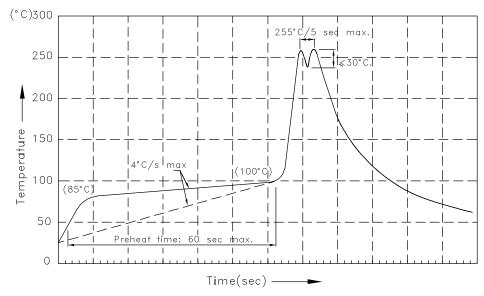
7. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)



8. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering.



- 9. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 10. Through—hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 11. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.
- 12. Recommended Wave Soldering Profiles:



#### Notes

- 1.Recommend pre—heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C
- 2.Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C  $\sim$  255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
- 3.Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
- 4.Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5.SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6.No more than one wave soldering pass.

SPEC NO: DSAF8808 REV NO: V.6A DATE: JAN/16/2015 PAGE: 6 OF 6