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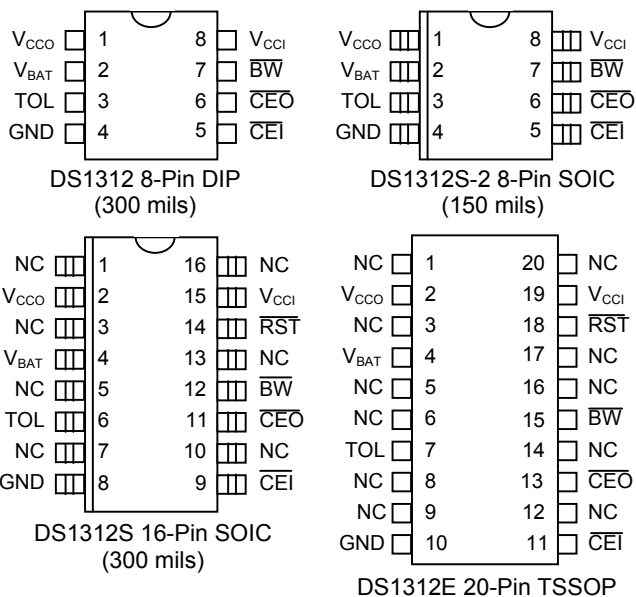


DS1312 Nonvolatile Controller with Lithium Battery Monitor

FEATURES

- Converts CMOS SRAM into nonvolatile memory
- Unconditionally write-protects SRAM when V_{CC} is out of tolerance
- Automatically switches to battery backup supply when V_{CC} power failure occurs
- Monitors voltage of a lithium cell and provides advanced warning of impending battery failure
- Signals low-battery condition on active low Battery Warning output signal
- Optional 5% or 10% power-fail detection
- Space-saving 8-pin DIP and SOIC packages
- Optional 16-pin SOIC and 20-pin TSSOP versions reset processor when power failure occurs and hold processor in reset during system power-up
- Industrial temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

PIN ASSIGNMENT



PIN DESCRIPTION

V_{CCI}	- +5V Power Supply Input
V_{CCO}	- SRAM Power Supply Output
V_{BAT}	- Backup Battery Input
\overline{CEI}	- Chip Enable Input
\overline{CEO}	- Chip Enable Output
TOL	- V_{CC} Tolerance Select
\overline{BW}	- Battery Warning Output (Open Drain)
\overline{RST}	- Reset Output (Open Drain)
GND	- Ground
NC	- No Connection

DESCRIPTION

The DS1312 Nonvolatile Controller with Battery Monitor is a CMOS circuit which solves the application problem of converting CMOS RAM into nonvolatile memory. Incoming power is monitored for an out-of-tolerance condition. When such a condition is detected, chip enable is inhibited to accomplish write protection and the battery is switched on to supply the RAM with uninterrupted power. Special circuitry uses a low-leakage CMOS process which affords precise voltage detection at extremely low battery consumption.

In addition to battery-backup support, the DS1312 performs the important function of monitoring the remaining capacity of the lithium battery and providing a warning before the battery reaches end-of-life. Because the open-circuit voltage of a lithium backup battery remains relatively constant over the majority of its life, accurate battery monitoring requires loaded-battery voltage measurement. The DS1312 performs such measurement by periodically comparing the voltage of the battery as it supports an internal resistive load with a carefully selected reference voltage. If the battery voltage falls below the reference voltage under such conditions, the battery will soon reach end-of-life. As a result, the Battery Warning pin is activated to signal the need for battery replacement.

MEMORY BACKUP

The DS1312 performs all the circuit functions required to provide battery-backup for an SRAM. First, the device provides a switch to direct power from the battery or the system power supply (V_{CCI}). Whenever V_{CCI} is less than the switch point V_{SW} and V_{CCI} is less than the battery voltage V_{BAT} , the battery is switched in to provide backup power to the SRAM. This switch has voltage drop of less than 0.2 volts.

Second, the DS1312 handles power failure detection and SRAM write-protection. V_{CCI} is constantly monitored, and when the supply goes out of tolerance, a precision comparator detects power failure and inhibits chip enable output (\overline{CEO}) in order to write-protect the SRAM. This is accomplished by holding \overline{CEO} to within 0.2 volts of V_{CCO} when V_{CCI} is out of tolerance. If \overline{CEI} is (active) low at the time that power failure is detected, the \overline{CEO} signal is kept low until \overline{CEI} is brought high again. Once \overline{CEI} is brought high, \overline{CEO} is taken high and held high until after V_{CCI} has returned to its nominal voltage level. If \overline{CEI} is not brought high by 1.5 μ s after power failure is detected, \overline{CEO} is forced high at that time. This specific scheme for delaying write protection for up to 1.5 μ s guarantees that any memory access in progress when power failure occurs will complete properly. Power failure detection occurs in the range of 4.75 to 4.5 volts (5% tolerance) when the TOL pin is wired to GND or in the range of 4.5 to 4.25 volts (10% tolerance) when TOL is connected to V_{CCO} .

BATTERY VOLTAGE MONITORING

The DS1312 automatically performs periodic battery voltage monitoring at a factory-programmed time interval of 24 hours. Such monitoring begins within t_{REC} after V_{CCI} rises above V_{CCTP} , and is suspended when power failure occurs.

After each 24-hour period (t_{BTCN}) has elapsed, the DS1312 connects V_{BAT} to an internal 1.2 M Ω test resistor (R_{INT}) for one second (t_{BTPW}). During this one second, if V_{BAT} falls below the factory-programmed battery voltage trip point (V_{BTP}), the battery warning output \overline{BW} is asserted. While \overline{BW} is active battery testing will be performed with period t_{BTCW} to detect battery removal and replacement. Once asserted, \overline{BW} remains active until the battery is physically removed and replaced by a fresh cell. The battery is still retested after each V_{CC} power-up, however, even if \overline{BW} was active on power-down. If the battery is found to be higher than V_{BTP} during such testing, \overline{BW} is deasserted and regular 24-hour testing resumes. \overline{BW} has an open-drain output driver.

Battery replacement following \overline{BW} activation is normally done with V_{CCI} nominal so that SRAM data is not lost. During battery replacement, the minimum time duration between old battery detachment and new battery attachment (t_{BDBA}) must be met or \overline{BW} will not deactivate following attachment of the new

battery. Should \overline{BW} not deactivate for this reason, the new battery can be detached for t_{BDBA} and then re-attached to clear \overline{BW} .

NOTE: The DS1312 cannot constantly monitor an attached battery because such monitoring would drastically reduce the life of the battery. As a result, the DS1312 only tests the battery for one second out of every 24 hours and does not monitor the battery in any way between tests. If a good battery (one that has not been previously flagged with \overline{BW}) is removed between battery tests, the DS1312 may not immediately sense the removal and may not activate \overline{BW} until the next scheduled battery test. If a battery is then reattached to the DS1312, the battery may not be tested until the next scheduled test.

NOTE: Battery monitoring is only a useful technique when testing can be done regularly over the entire life of a lithium battery. Because the DS1312 only performs battery monitoring when V_{CC} is nominal, systems which are powered-down for excessively long periods can completely drain their lithium cells without receiving any advanced warning. To prevent such an occurrence, systems using the DS1312 battery monitoring feature should be powered-up periodically (at least once every few months) in order to perform battery testing. Furthermore, anytime \overline{BW} is activated on the first battery test after a power-up, data integrity should be checked via checksum or other technique.

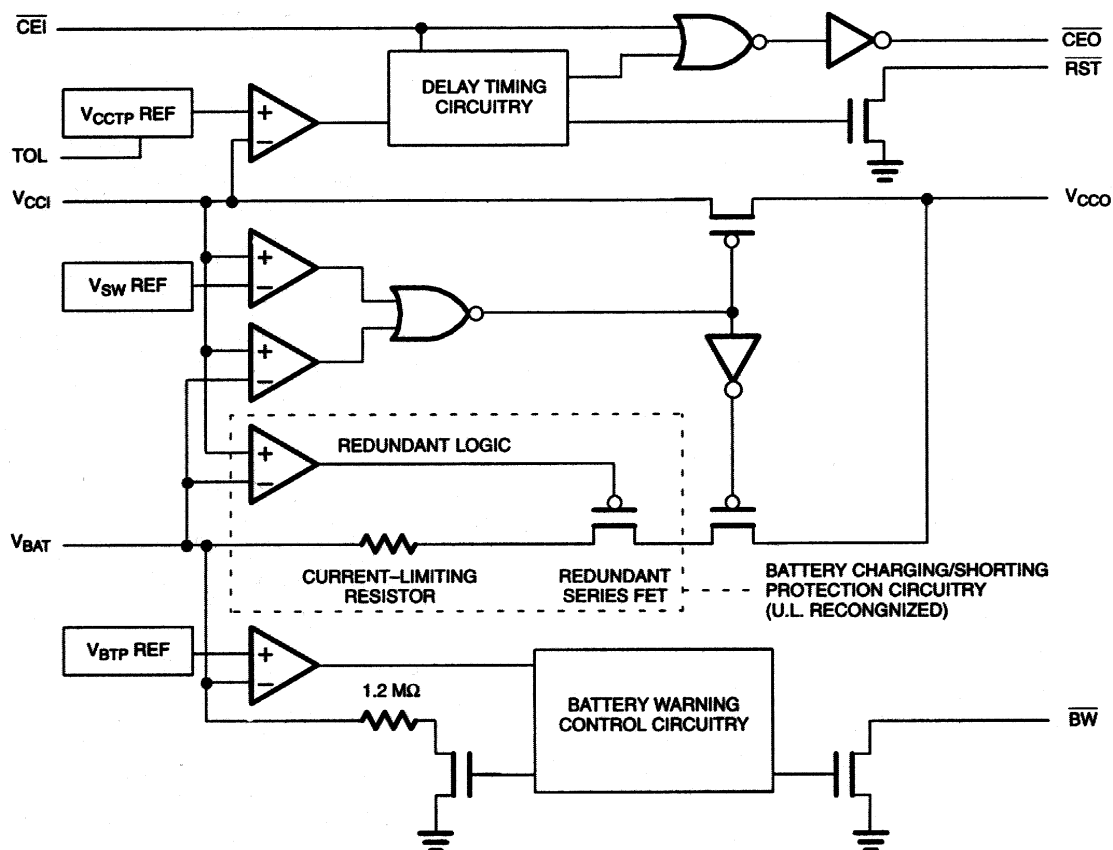
POWER MONITORING

DS1312S and DS1312E varieties have an additional reset pin. These varieties detect out-of-tolerance power supply conditions and warn a processor-based system of impending power failure. When V_{CCI} falls below the trip point level defined by the TOL pin (V_{CCTP}), the V_{CCI} comparator activates the reset signal \overline{RST} . Reset occurs in the range of 4.75 to 4.5 volts (5% tolerance) when the TOL pin is connected to GND or in the range of 4.5 to 4.25 volts (10% tolerance) when TOL is connected to V_{CCO} .

\overline{RST} also serves as a power-on reset during power-up. After V_{CCI} exceeds V_{CCTP} , \overline{RST} will be held active for 200 ms nominal (t_{RPU}). This reset period is sufficiently long to prevent system operation during power-on transients and to allow t_{REC} to expire. \overline{RST} has an open-drain output driver.

FRESHNESS SEAL MODE

When the battery is first attached to the DS1312 without V_{CC} power applied, the device does not immediately provide battery-backup power on V_{CCO} . Only after V_{CCI} exceeds V_{CCTP} will the DS1312 leave Freshness Seal Mode. This mode allows a battery to be attached during manufacturing but not used until after the system has been activated for the first time. As a result, no battery energy is drained during storage and shipping.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage Range on Any Pin Relative to Ground	-0.5V to +6.0V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow, SO or TSSOP)	+260°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

PDIP

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	110°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	40°C/W

8 SO

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	132°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	38°C/W

16 SO

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	71°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	23°C/W

TSSOP

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA})	73.8°C/W
Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC})	20°C/W

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board for the SMT packages. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(-40°C to +85°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage TOL=GND	V_{CCI}	4.75	5.0	5.5	V	2
Supply Voltage TOL=VCCO	V_{CCI}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	2
Battery Supply Voltage	V_{BAT}	2.0		6.0	V	2
Logic 1 Input	V_{IH}	2.0		$V_{CCI}+0.3$	V	2, 13
Logic 0 Input	V_{IL}	-0.3		+0.8	V	2, 13

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40°C to +85°C; $V_{CCI} > V_{CCTP}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Operating Current (TTL inputs)	I_{CC1}		200	400	μA	3
Operating Current (CMOS inputs)	I_{CC2}		50	100	μA	3, 6
RAM Supply Current ($V_{CCO} \geq V_{CCI}-0.2V$)	I_{CCO1}			140	mA	4
RAM Supply Current ($V_{CCO} \geq V_{CCI}-0.3V$)	I_{CCO1}			200	mA	5
V_{CC} Trip Point (TOL=GND)	V_{CCTP}	4.50	4.62	4.75	V	2
V_{CC} Trip Point (TOL= V_{CCO})	V_{CCTP}	4.25	4.37	4.50	V	2
V_{BAT} Trip Point	V_{BTP}	2.5	2.6	2.7	V	2

DS1312

V _{CC} /V _{BAT} Switch Point	V _{SW}	2.6	2.7	2.8	V	2
Output Current @ 2.4V	I _{OH}	-1			mA	8, 11
Output Current @ 0.4V	I _{OL}			4	mA	8, 11
Input Leakage	I _{IL}	-1.0		+1.0	μA	
Output Leakage	I _{LO}	-1.0		+1.0	μA	
Battery Monitoring Test Load	R _{INT}	0.8	1.2	1.5	MΩ	

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (-40°C to +85°C; V_{CCI} < V_{BAT}; V_{CCI} < V_{SW})

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Battery Current	I _{BAT}			100	nA	3
Battery Backup Current	I _{CCO2}			500	μA	7
Supply Voltage	V _{CCO}	V _{BAT} -0.2			V	2
CEO Output	V _{OHL}	V _{BAT} -0.2			V	2, 9

CAPACITANCE

(T_A = +25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance (CEI, TOL)	C _{IN}			7	pF	
Output Capacitance (CEO, BW, RST)	C _{OUT}			7	pF	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40°C to +85°C; V_{CCI} > V_{CCTP})

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
CEI to CEO Propagation Delay	t _{PD}		5	10	ns	
CE Pulse Width	t _{CE}			1.5	μs	12
V _{CC} Valid to End of Write Protection	t _{REC}		12	125	ms	10
V _{CC} Valid to CEI Inactive	t _{PU}			2	ms	
V _{CC} Valid to RST Inactive	t _{RPU}	150	200	350	ms	11
V _{CC} Valid to BW Valid	t _{BPU}			1	s	11

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40°C to +85°C; V_{CCI} < V_{CCTP})

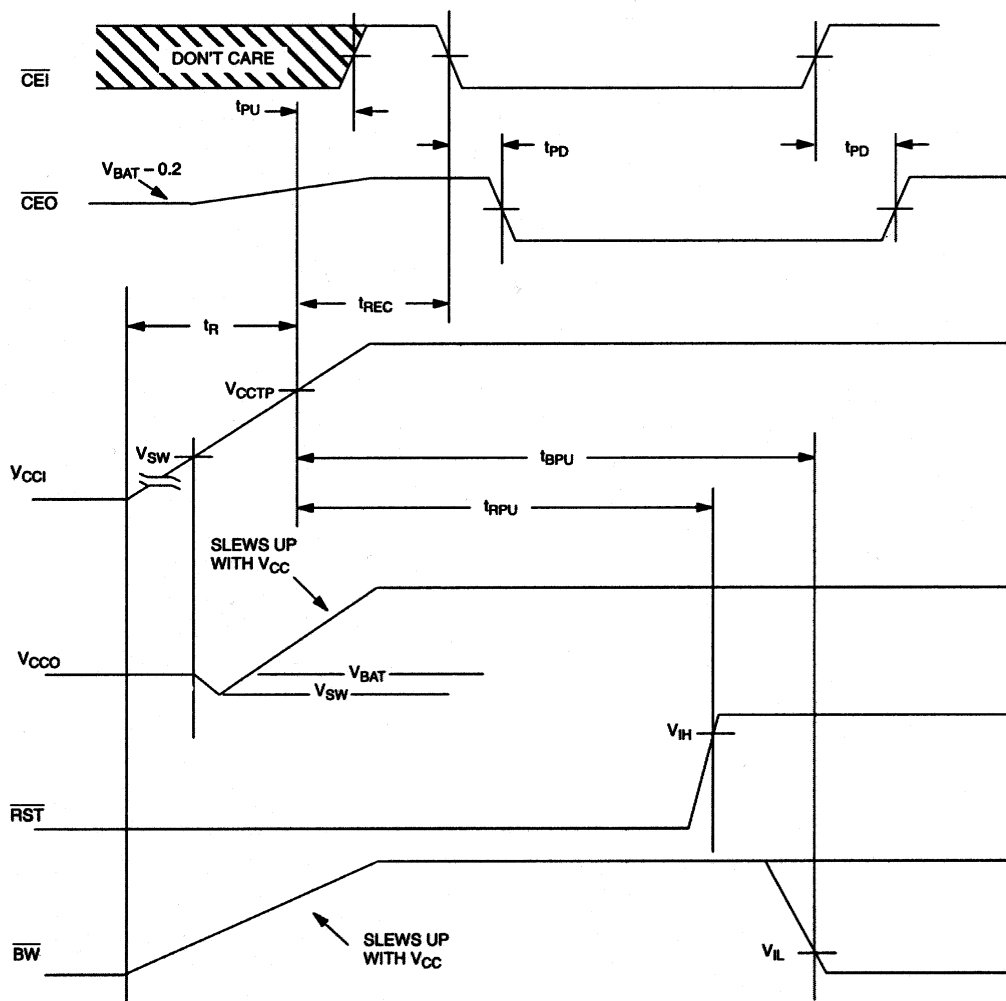
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
V _{CC} Slew Rate	t _F	150			μs	
V _{CC} Fail Detect to RST Active	t _{RPD}		5	15	μs	11
V _{CC} Slew Rate	t _R	150			μs	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40°C to +85°C; V_{CCI} > V_{CCTP})

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Battery Test to BW Active	t _{BW}			1	s	11
Battery Test Cycle-Normal	t _{BTCN}		24		hr	
Battery Test Cycle-Warning	t _{BTCW}		5		s	
Battery Test Pulse Width	t _{BTPW}			1	s	
Battery Detach to Battery Attach	t _{BDBA}	7			s	
Battery Attach to BW Inactive	t _{BABW}			1	s	11

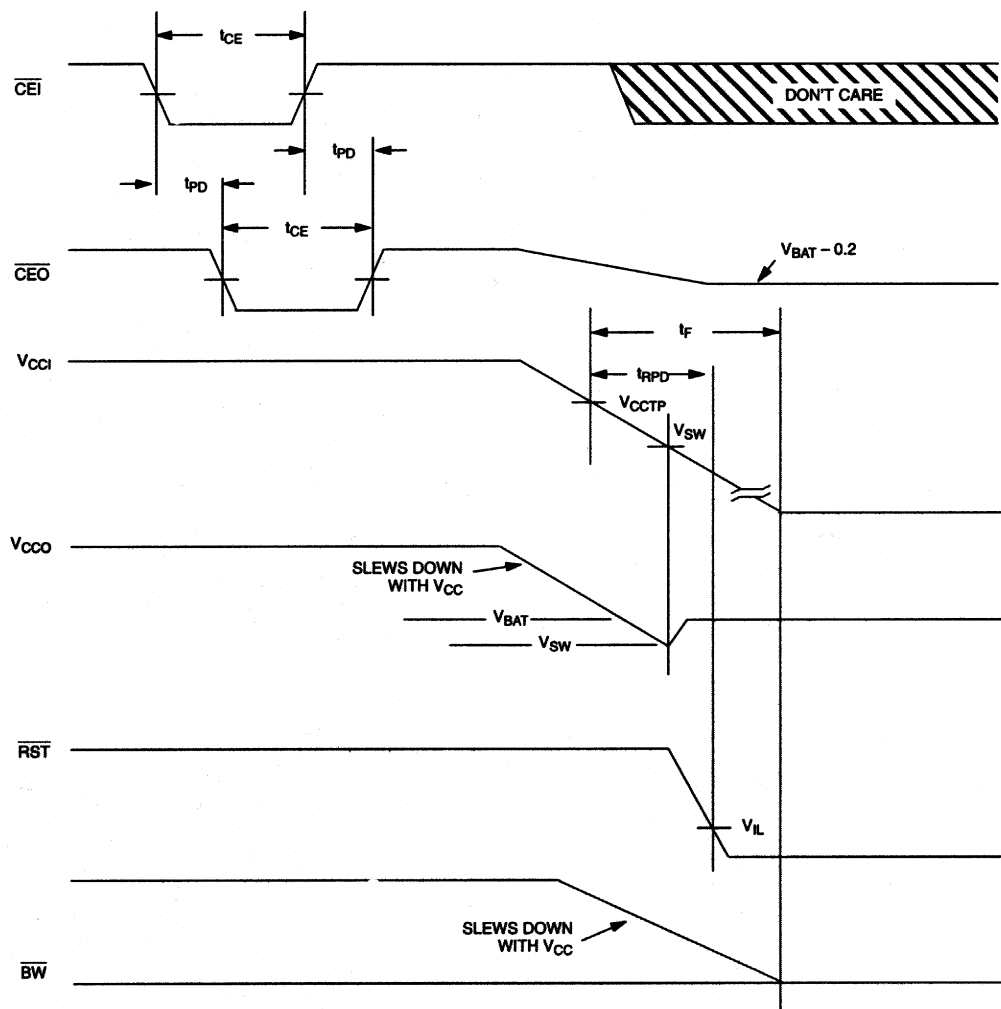
TIMING DIAGRAM: POWER-UP



NOTE:

If $V_{BAT} < V_{SW}$, V_{CCO} will begin to slew with V_{CCI} when $V_{CCI} = V_{BAT}$.

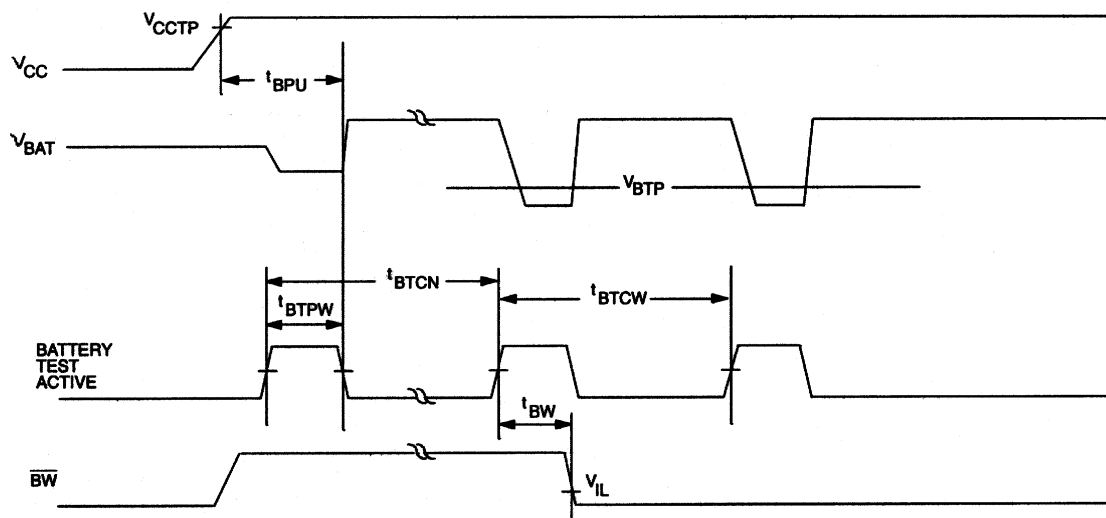
TIMING DIAGRAM: POWER-DOWN



NOTE:

If $V_{BAT} < V_{SW}$, V_{CCO} will slew down with V_{CCI} until $V_{CCI} = V_{BAT}$.

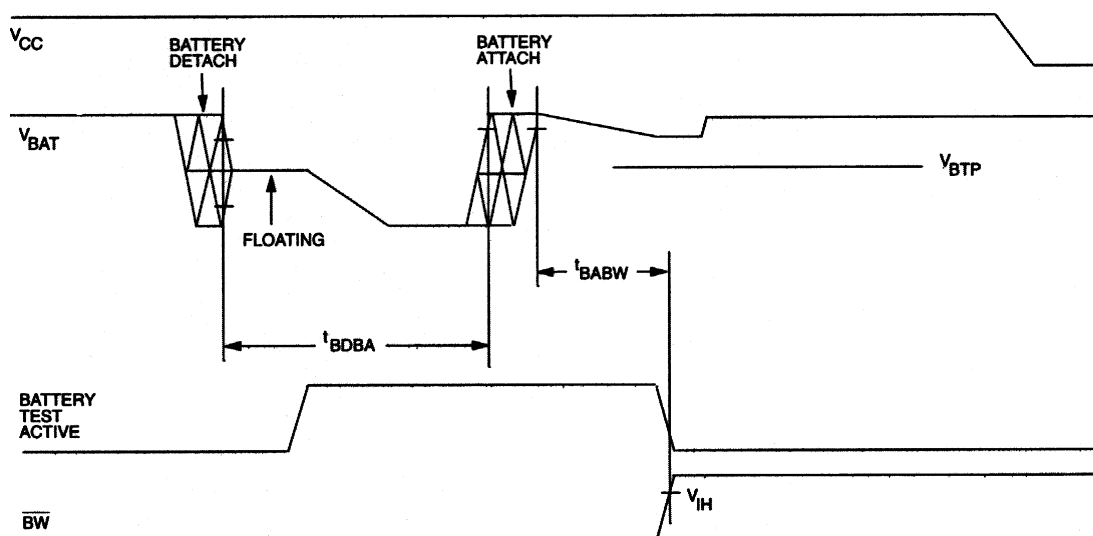
TIMING DIAGRAM: BATTERY WARNING DETECTION



NOTE:

t_{BW} is measured from the expiration of the internal timer to the activation of the battery warning output BW .

TIMING DIAGRAM: BATTERY REPLACEMENT



NOTES:

2. All voltages referenced to ground.
3. Measured with outputs open circuited.
4. I_{CCO1} is the maximum average load which the DS1312 can supply to attached memories at $V_{CCO} > V_{CCI} - 0.2V$.
5. I_{CCO1} is the maximum average load which the DS1312 can supply to attached memories at $V_{CCO} > V_{CCI} - 0.3V$.
6. All inputs within 0.3V of ground or V_{CCI} .
7. I_{CCO2} is the maximum average load current which the DS1312 can supply to the memories in the battery backup mode.
8. Measured with a load as shown in Figure 2.
9. Chip Enable Output \overline{CEO} can only sustain leakage current in the battery backup mode.
10. \overline{CEO} will be held high for a time equal to t_{REC} after V_{CCI} crosses V_{CCTP} on power-up.
11. \overline{BW} and \overline{RST} are open-drain outputs and, as such, cannot source current. External pull-up resistors should be connected to these pins for proper operation. Both \overline{BW} and \overline{RST} can sink 10 mA.
12. t_{CE} maximum must be met to ensure data integrity on power-down.
13. In battery-backup mode, inputs must never be below ground or above V_{CCO} .
14. The DS1312 is recognized by Underwriters Laboratories (UL) under file E99151.

DC TEST CONDITIONS

Outputs Open

All voltages are referenced to ground

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Output Load: See below

Input Pulse Levels: 0 - 3.0V

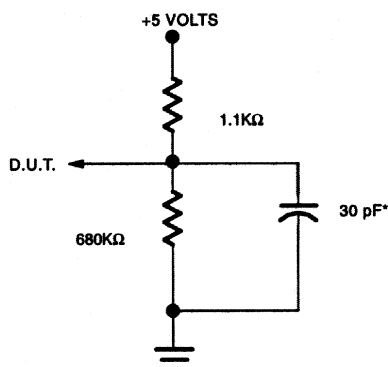
Timing Measurement Reference Levels

Input: 1.5V

Output: 1.5V

Input pulse Rise and Fall Times: 5 ns

OUTPUT LOAD Figure 2



* INCLUDING SCOPE AND JIG CAPACITANCE

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
DS1312+	-40°C to +85°C	8 PDIP
DS1312S-2+	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
DS1312S+	-40°C to +85°C	16 SO
DS1312E+	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

PACKAGE INFORMATION

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages. Note that a “+”, “#”, or “-” in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
8 PDIP	P8+2	21-0043	—
8 SO	S8+4	21-0041	90-0096
16 SO	W16+1	21-0042	90-0107
20 TSSOP	U20+1	21-0066	90-0116

DATA SHEET REVISION SUMMARY

The following represent the key differences between 12/16/96 and 06/12/97 version of the DS1312 data sheet. Please review this summary carefully.

1. Changed V_{BAT} max to 6V
2. Changed t_{BABW} from 75 to 1s max
3. Changed block diagram to show UL compliance

The following represent the key differences between 06/12/97 and 08/29/97 version of the DS1312 data sheet. Please review this summary carefully.

1. Changed AC test conditions

The following represent the key differences between 08/29/97 and 12/16/97 version of the DS1312 data sheet. Please review this summary carefully.

1. Specified Input Capacitance as being only for \overline{CEI} , TOL and output capacitance as being only for \overline{CEO} , BW and \overline{RST} . This is not a change but rather a clarification.
2. Add note 13 describing UL recognition.

The following represent the key differences between 08/29/97 and 6/12 version of the DS1312 data sheet. Please review this summary carefully.

1. Update soldering, ordering, package info, and notes.