

Excellent Integrated System Limited

Stocking Distributor

Click to view price, real time Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Texas Instruments
TPS54880PWP

For any questions, you can email us directly: sales@integrated-circuit.com

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com





TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

4-V TO 6-V INPUT, 8-A OUTPUT TRACKING SYNCHRONOUS BUCK PWM SWITCHER WITH INTEGRATED FETs (SWIFT™) FOR SEQUENCING

FEATURES

- Power Up/Down Tracking For Sequencing
- 30-mΩ, 12-A Peak MOSFET Switches for High Efficiency at 8-A Continuous Output Source or Sink Current
- Wide PWM Frequency:
 Fixed 350 kHz or Adjustable 280 kHz to 700 kHz
- Power Good and Enable
- Load Protected by Peak Current Limit and Thermal Shutdown
- Integrated Solution Reduces Board Area and Component Count

APPLICATIONS

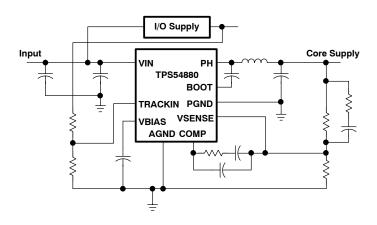
- Low-Voltage, High-Density Distributed Power Systems
- Point of Load Regulation for High Performance DSPs, FPGAs, ASICs and Microprocessors Requiring Sequencing
- Broadband, Networking and Optical Communications Infrastructure

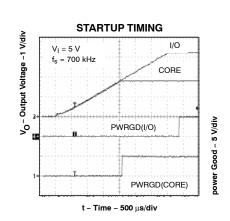
DESCRIPTION

As a member of the SWIFT™ family of dc/dc regulators, the TPS54880 low-input voltage high-output current synchronous buck PWM converter integrates all required active components. Using the TRACKIN pin with other regulators, simultaneous power up and down are easily implemented. Included on the substrate with the listed features are a true, high performance, voltage error amplifier that enables maximum performance and flexibility in choosing the output filter L and C components; an under-voltage-lockout circuit to prevent start-up until the input voltage reaches 3.8 V; an internally or externally set slow-start circuit to limit inrush currents; and a power good output useful for processor/logic reset.

The TPS54880 is available in a thermally enhanced 28-pin TSSOP (PWP) PowerPAD™ package, which eliminates bulky heatsinks. TI provides evaluation modules and the SWIFT™ designer software tool to aid in quickly achieving high-performance power supply designs to meet aggressive equipment development cycles.

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC





A

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PowerPAD and SWIFT are trademarks of Texas Instruments.



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	T _A OUTPUT VOLTAGE		PART NUMBER			
-40°C to 85°C	0.9 V to 3.3 V	Plastic HTSSOP (PWP)(1)(2)	TPS54880PWP			

- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
- (2) The PWP package is also available taped and reeled. Add an R suffix to the device type (i.e., TPS54880PWPR). See the application section of this data sheet for PowerPAD drawing and layout information.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1)

		TPS54880
	VIN, ENA	-0.3 V to 7 V
	RT	-0.3 V to 6 V
Input voltage range, V _I	VSENSE, TRACKIN	-0.3 V to 4V
	воот	-0.3 V to 17 V
Q	VBIAS, COMP, PWRGD	–0.3 V to 7 V
Output voltage range, V _O	PH	-0.6 V to 10 V
0	PH	Internally Limited
Source current, I _O		6 mA
	PH	12 A
Sink current, I _S	COMP	6 mA
	VSENSE, TRACKIN BOOT VBIAS, COMP, PWRGD PH PH COMP, VBIAS PH COMP ENA, PWRGD AGND to PGND ction temperature range, TJ p, T _{stg}	10 mA
Voltage differential	AGND to PGND	±0.3 V
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T _J		-40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10	seconds	300°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	MIN	NOM M	AX	UNIT
Input voltage, V _I	4		6	V
Operating junction temperature, T _J	-40	1	25	°C

DISSIPATION RATINGS(1)(2)

PACKAGE	THERMAL IMPEDANCE JUNCTION-TO-AMBIENT	T _A = 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
28 Pin PWP with solder	18.2 °C/W	5.49 W ⁽³⁾	3.02 W	2.20 W
28 Pin PWP without solder	40.5 °C/W	2.48 W	1.36 W	0.99 W

- $^{(1)}$ For more information on the PWP package, refer to TI technical brief, literature number SLMA002.
- (2) Test board conditions:
 - 1. 3" x 3", 4 layers, thickness: 0.062"
 - 2. 1.5 oz. copper traces located on the top of the PCB
 - 3. 1.5 oz. copper ground plane on the bottom of the PCB
 - 4. 0.5 oz. copper ground planes on the 2 internal layers
 - 5. 12 thermal vias (see "Recommended Land Pattern" in applications section of this data sheet)
- (3) Maximum power dissipation may be limited by over current protection.

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP





TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPP	LY VOLTAGE, VIN		•		'	
	Input voltage range, VIN		4.0		6.0	V
_		f _s = 350 kHz, RT open, PH pin open		11	15.8	_
$I_{(Q)}$	Quiescent current	f_s = 500 kHz, RT = 100 kΩ, PH pin open		16	23.5	mA
		Shutdown, ENA = 0 V		1	1.4	
UNDE	R VOLTAGE LOCK OUT	•				
	Start threshold voltage, UVLO			3.8	3.85	V
	Stop threshold voltage, UVLO		3.4	3.5		V
	Hysteresis voltage, UVLO		0.14	0.16		V
	Rising and falling edge deglitch, UVLO ⁽¹⁾			2.5		μs
BIAS	VOLTAGE	·				
	Output voltage, VBIAS	I _(VBIAS) = 0	2.70	2.80	2.90	V
	Output current, VBIAS (2)				100	μΑ
CUMU	JLATIVE REFERENCE	·				
V _{ref}	Accuracy		0.882	0.891	0.900	V
REGU	LATION	·				
	Lin (1)/3)	$I_L = 3 \text{ A}, f_S = 350 \text{ kHz}, T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.04	%N
	Line regulation ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	$I_L = 3 \text{ A}, f_S = 550 \text{ kHz}, T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.04	%/V
	1 (1)(3)	$I_L = 0 \text{ A to 6 A, f}_S = 350 \text{ kHz, } T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.03	0/ /4
	Load regulation ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	$I_L = 0 \text{ A to } 6 \text{ A}, f_S = 550 \text{ kHz}, T_J = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.03	%/A
OSCIL	LATOR	·				
	Internally set—free running frequency	RT open	280	350	420	kHz
		RT = 180 kΩ (1% resistor to AGND)	252	280	308	
	Externally set—free running frequency range	RT = 100 kΩ (1% resistor to AGND)	460	500	540	kHz
		RT = 68 kΩ (1% resistor to AGND)	663	700	762	
	Ramp valley ⁽¹⁾			0.75		V
	Ramp amplitude (peak-to-peak) ⁽¹⁾			1		V
	Minimum controllable on time ⁽¹⁾				200	ns
	Maximum duty cycle		90%			

⁽¹⁾ Specified by design

⁽²⁾ Static resistive loads only

⁽³⁾ Specified by the circuit used in Figure 9

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ERROR	RAMPLIFIER					
	Error amplifier open loop voltage gain	1 kΩ COMP to AGND ⁽¹⁾	90	110		dB
	Error amplifier unity gain bandwidth	Parallel 10 k Ω , 160 pF COMP to AGND ⁽¹⁾	3	5		MHz
	Error amplifier common mode input voltage range	Powered by internal LDO ⁽¹⁾	0		VBIAS	V
	Input bias current, VSENSE	VSENSE = V _{ref}		60	250	nA
	Output voltage slew rate (symmetric), COMP		1.0	1.4		V/μs
PWM C	OMPARATOR					
	PWM comparator propagation delay time, PWM comparator input to PH pin (excluding deadtime)	10-mV overdrive ⁽¹⁾		70	85	ns
ENABL	E					
	Enable threshold voltage, ENA		0.82	1.20	1.40	V
	Enable hysteresis voltage, ENA			0.03		V
	Falling edge deglitch, ENA ⁽¹⁾			2.5		μs
	Leakage current, ENA	V _I = 5.5 V			1	μА
POWER	R GOOD					
	Power good threshold voltage	VSENSE falling		90		%V _{re}
	Power good hysteresis voltage ⁽¹⁾			3		%V _{re}
	Power good falling edge deglitch ⁽¹⁾			35		μs
	Output saturation voltage, PWRGD	I _(sink) = 2.5 mA		0.18	0.3	V
	Leakage current, PWRGD	V _I = 5.5 V			1	μΑ
CURRE	NT LIMIT					
	0 18 311	V _I = 4.5 V Output shorted ⁽¹⁾	9	1		
	Current limit trip point	V _I = 6 V Output shorted ⁽¹⁾	10	12		Α
	Current limit leading edge blanking time			100		ns
	Current limit total response time			200		ns
THERM	IAL SHUTDOWN					
	Thermal shutdown trip point ⁽¹⁾		135	150	165	°C
	Thermal shutdown hysteresis ⁽¹⁾			10		°C
OUTPU	T POWER MOSFETS					
r _{DS(on)}	Power MOSFET switches	$V_1 = 6 V^{(4)}$ $V_1 = 4.5 V^{(4)}$		26 30	47 60	mΩ
TRACK	(IN	1-1				
	Input offset, TRACKIN	V _{SENSE} = TRACKIN = 1.25 V	-1.5		1.5	mV
	Input voltage range, TRACKIN	See Note 1	0		V _{ref}	V

⁽¹⁾ Specified by design

⁽²⁾ Static resistive loads only

⁽³⁾ Specified by the circuit used in Figure 9

 $^{^{(4)}}$ Matched MOSFETs low-side $r_{DS(on)}$ production tested, high-side $r_{DS(on)}$ specified by design



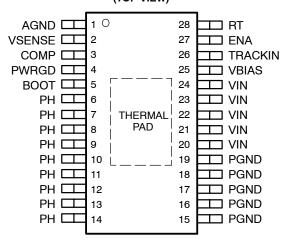
Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

PWP PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

TERMI	NAL	
NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION
AGND	1	Analog ground. Return for compensation network/output divider, slow-start capacitor, VBIAS capacitor, RT resistor. Connect PowerPAD to AGND.
воот	5	Bootstrap output. 0.022 - μF to 0.1 - μF low-ESR capacitor connected from BOOT to PH generates floating drive for the high-side FET driver.
COMP	3	Error amplifier output. Connect frequency compensation network from COMP to VSENSE
ENA	27	Enable input. Logic high enables oscillator, PWM control and MOSFET driver circuits. Logic low disables operation and places device in low quiescent current state.
PGND	15–19	Power ground. High current return for the low-side driver and power MOSFET. Connect PGND with large copper areas to the input and output supply returns, and negative terminals of the input and output capacitors. A single point connection to AGND is recommended.
PH	6–14	Phase output. Junction of the internal high-side and low-side power MOSFETs, and output inductor.
PWRGD	4	Power good open drain output. High when VSENSE ≥ 90% V _{ref} , otherwise PWRGD is low.
RT	28	Frequency setting resistor input. Connect a resistor from RT to AGND to set the switching frequency.
TRACKIN	26	External reference input. High impedance input to internal reference/multiplexer and error amplifier circuits.
VBIAS	25	Internal bias regulator output. Supplies regulated voltage to internal circuitry. Bypass VBIAS pin to AGND pin with a high quality, low-ESR 0.1-μF to 1.0-μF ceramic capacitor.
VIN	20–24	Input supply for the power MOSFET switches and internal bias regulator. Bypass VIN pins to PGND pins close to device package with a high quality, low-ESR 10-µF ceramic capacitor.
VSENSE	2	Error amplifier inverting input. Connect to output voltage through compensation network/output divider.



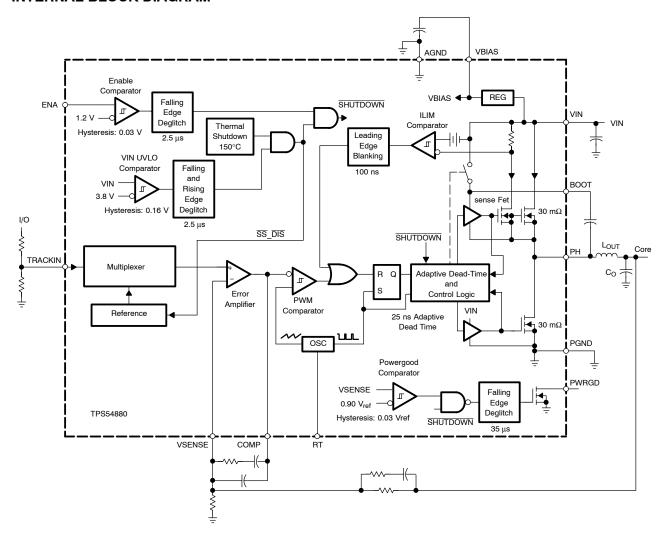


TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS WWW.ti.com

INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



RELATED DC/DC PRODUCTS

- TPS56300—dc/dc controller
- PT6600 series—6-A plugin modules

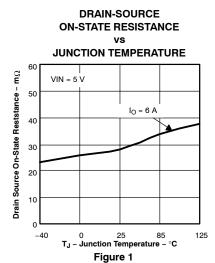
Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

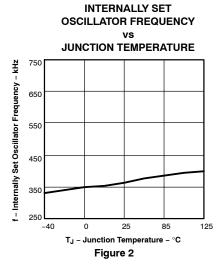


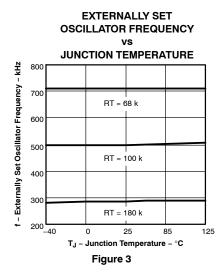
TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

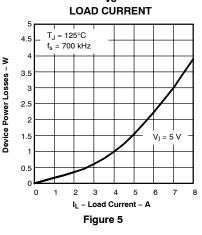
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



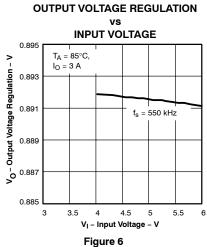


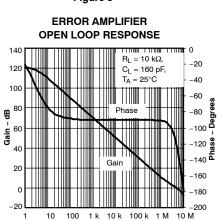


VOLTAGE REFERENCE JUNCTION TEMPERATURE 0.895 0.893 0.89 0.889 <u>•</u> 0.887 0.885 25 85 125 T_J – Junction Temperature – °C Figure 4



DEVICE POWER LOSSES AT T_J = 125°C





f - Frequency - Hz Figure 7

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



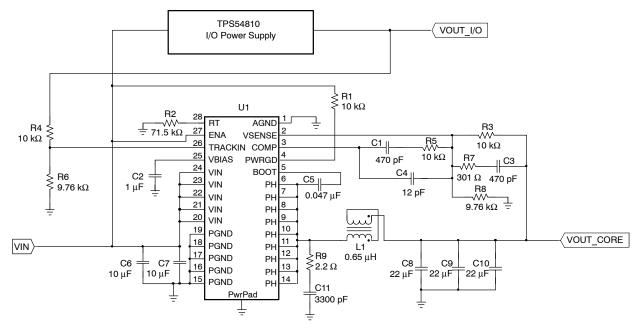
TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 8 shows the schematic diagram for a typical TPS54880 application. The TPS54880 (U1) can provide greater than 8 A of output current at a nominal output voltage of 1.8 V. For proper thermal performance, the exposed thermal PowerPAD underneath the integrated circuit package must be soldered to the printed-circuit

board. To provide power up tracking, the enable of the I/O supply should be used. If the I/O enable is not used to power up, then devices with similar undervoltage lockout thresholds need to be implemented to ensure power up tracking. To ensure power down tracking, the enable pin should be used.



Analog and Power Grounds are Tied at the Power Pad Under the Package of IC

Figure 8. Application Circuit

COMPONENT SELECTION

The values for the components used in this design example were selected for low output ripple voltage and small PCB area. Additional design information is available at www.ti.com.

INPUT FILTER

The input voltage is a nominal 5 Vdc. The input filter C6 is a 10- μF ceramic capacitor (Taiyo Yuden). C7 also a 10- μF ceramic capacitor (Taiyo Yuden) provides high frequency decoupling of the TPS54880 from the input supply and must be located as close as possible to the device. Ripple current is carried in both C6 and C7, and the return path to PGND must avoid the current circulating in the output capacitors C8, C9, and C10.

FEEDBACK CIRCUIT

The values for these components have been selected to provide low output ripple voltage. The resistor divider network of R3 and R8 sets the output voltage for the circuit

at 1.8 V. R3, along with R7, R5, C1, C3, and C4 form the loop compensation network for the circuit. For this design, a Type 3 topology is used.

OPERATING FREQUENCY

In the application circuit, the 350 kHz operation is selected by leaving RT open. Connecting a 180 k Ω to 68 k Ω resistor between RT (pin 28) and analog ground can be used to set the switching frequency to 280 kHz to 700 kHz. To calculate the RT resistor, use the equation below:

$$R = \frac{500 \text{ kHz}}{\text{Switching Frequency}} \times 100 \text{ [k}\Omega\text{]}$$
(1)

OUTPUT FILTER

The output filter is composed of a $0.65-\mu H$ inductor and 3 x $22-\mu F$ capacitor. The inductor is a low dc resistance $(0.017~\Omega)$ type, Pulse Engineering PA0227. The capacitors used are $22-\mu F$, 6.3~V ceramic types with X5R dielectric. The feedback loop is compensated so that the unity gain frequency is approximately 75 kHz.



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

PCB LAYOUT

Figure 9 shows a generalized PCB layout guide for the TPS54880.

The VIN pins should be connected together on the printed circuit board (PCB) and bypassed with a low ESR ceramic bypass capacitor. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by the bypass capacitor connections, the VIN pins, and the TPS54880 ground pins. The minimum recommended bypass capacitance is 10-μF ceramic with a X5R or X7R dielectric and the optimum placement is closest to the VIN pins and the PGND pins.

The TPS54880 has two internal grounds (analog and power). Inside the TPS54880, the analog ground ties to all of the noise sensitive signals, while the power ground ties to the noisier power signals. Noise injected between the two grounds can degrade the performance of the TPS54880, particularly at higher output currents. Ground noise on an analog ground plane can also cause problems with some of the control and bias signals. For these reasons, separate analog and power ground traces are recommended. There should be an area of ground one the top layer directly under the IC, with an exposed area for connection to the PowerPAD. Use vias to connect this ground area to any internal ground planes. Use additional vias at the ground side of the input and output filter capacitors as well. The AGND and PGND pins should be tied to the PCB ground by connecting them to the ground area under the device as shown. The only components that should tie directly to the power ground plane are the

input capacitors, the output capacitors, the input voltage decoupling capacitor, and the PGND pins of the TPS54880. Use a separate wide trace for the analog ground signal path. This analog ground should be used for the voltage set point divider, timing resistor RT and bias capacitor grounds. Connect this trace directly to AGND (pin 1).

The PH pins should be tied together and routed to the output inductor. Since the PH connection is the switching node, inductor should be located very close to the PH pins and the area of the PCB conductor minimized to prevent excessive capacitive coupling.

Connect the boot capacitor between the phase node and the BOOT pin as shown. Keep the boot capacitor close to the IC and minimize the conductor trace lengths.

Connect the output filter capacitor(s) as shown between the VOUT trace and PGND. It is important to keep the loop formed by the PH pins, Lout, Cout and PGND as small as practical.

Place the compensation components from the VOUT trace to the VSENSE and COMP pins. Do not place these components too close to the PH trace. Do to the size of the IC package and the device pinout, they will have to be routed somewhat close, but maintain as much separation as possible while still keeping the layout compact.

Connect the bias capacitor from the VBIAS pin to analog ground using the isolated analog ground trace. If an RT resistor is used, connect it to this trace as well.

TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005



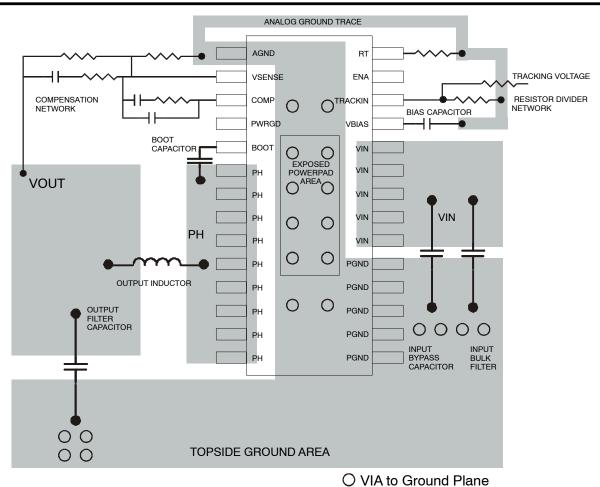


Figure 9. TPS54880 PCB Layout



www.ti.com



SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS FOR THERMAL PERFORMANCE

For operation at full rated load current, the analog ground plane must provide an adequate heat dissipating area. A 3-inch by 3-inch plane of 1 ounce copper is recommended, though not mandatory, depending on ambient temperature and airflow. Most applications have larger areas of internal ground plane available, and the PowerPAD must be connected to the largest area available. Additional areas on the top or bottom layers also help dissipate heat, and

any area available must be used when 8 A or greater operation is desired. Connection from the exposed area of the PowerPAD to the analog ground plane layer must be made using 0.013 inch diameter vias to avoid solder wicking through the vias. Eight vias must be in the PowerPAD area with four additional vias located under the device package. The size of the vias under the package, but not in the exposed thermal pad area, can be increased to 0.018. Additional vias beyond the twelve recommended that enhance thermal performance must be included in areas not under the device package.

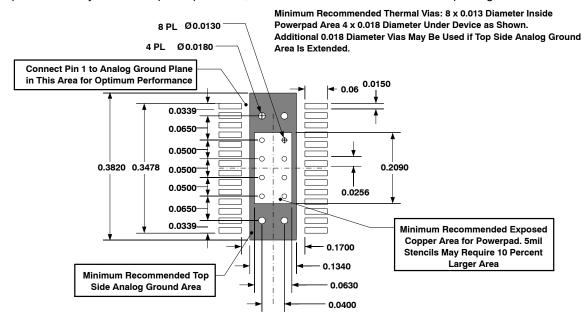


Figure 10. Recommended Land Pattern for 28-Pin PWP PowerPAD

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



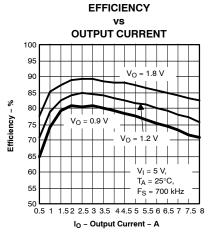
Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

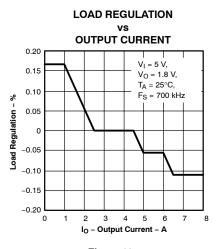
TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005



PERFORMANCE GRAPHS





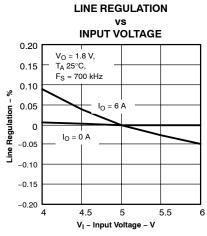
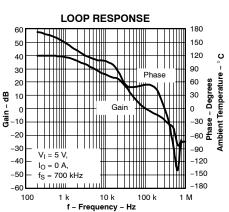


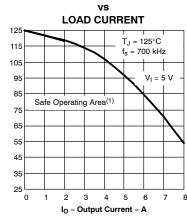
Figure 11

Figure 12

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Figure 13





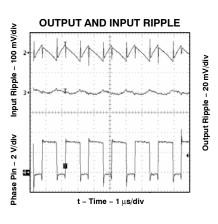
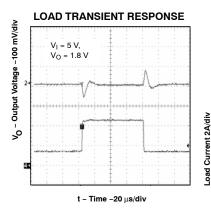
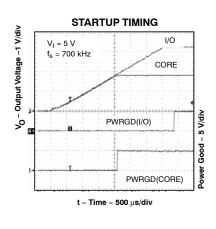


Figure 14

Figure 15

Figure 16





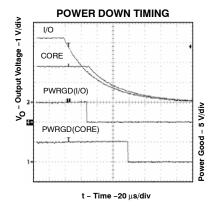


Figure 17

Figure 18

Figure 19

(1) Safe operating area is applicable to the test board conditions in the Dissipation Ratings



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

Figure 20 shows the schematic diagram for a power supply tracking design using a TPS2034 high side power switch and a TPS54880 device. The TPS2034 power

switch ensures the I/O voltage is not applied to the load before U1 has enough bias voltage to operate and generate the core voltage.

the Power Pad Under the Package of IC

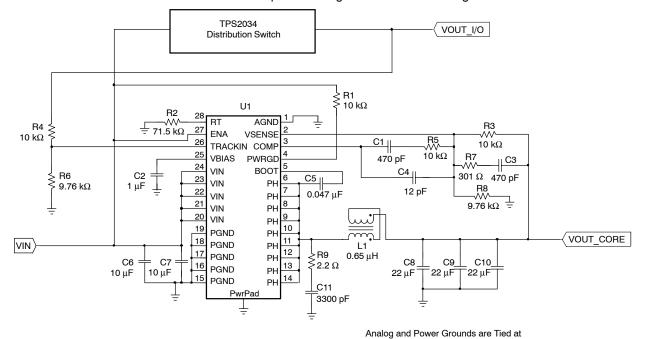


Figure 20. Typical Application With Power Switch



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

DETAILED DESCRIPTION UNDERVOLTAGE LOCK OUT (UVLO)

The TPS54880 incorporates an under voltage lockout circuit to keep the device disabled when the input voltage (VIN) is insufficient. During power up, internal circuits are held inactive until VIN exceeds the nominal UVLO threshold voltage of 3.8 V. Once the UVLO start threshold is reached, device start-up begins. The device operates until VIN falls below the nominal UVLO stop threshold of 3.5 V. Hysteresis in the UVLO comparator, and a 2.5- μs rising and falling edge deglitch circuit reduce the likelihood of shutting the device down due to noise on VIN.

TRACKIN/INTERNAL SLOW-START

The internal slow-start circuit provides start-up slope control of the output voltage. The nominal internal slow-start rate is 25 V/ms. When the voltage on TRACKIN rises faster than the internal slope or is present when device operation is enabled, the output rises at the internal rate. If the reference voltage on TRACKIN rises more slowly, then the output rises at about the same rate as TRACKIN.

Once the voltage on the TRACKIN pin is greater than the internal reference of 0.891 V, the multiplexer switches the noninverting node to the high precision reference.

ENABLE (ENA)

The enable pin, ENA, provides a digital control enable or disable (shut down) for the TPS54880. An input voltage of 1.4 V or greater ensures that the TPS54880 is enabled. An input of 0.82 V or less ensures that device operation is disabled. These are not standard logic thresholds, even though they are compatible with TTL outputs.

When ENA is low, the oscillator, slow-start, PWM control and MOSFET drivers are disabled and held in an initial state ready for device start-up. On an ENA transition from low to high, device start-up begins with the output starting from 0 V.

VBIAS REGULATOR (VBIAS)

The VBIAS regulator provides internal analog and digital blocks with a stable supply voltage over variations in junction temperature and input voltage. A high quality, low-ESR, ceramic bypass capacitor is required on the VBIAS pin. X7R or X5R grade dielectrics are recommended because their values are more stable over temperature. The bypass capacitor must be placed close to the VBIAS pin and returned to AGND.

External loading on VBIAS is allowed, with the caution that internal circuits require a minimum VBIAS of 2.70 V, and external loads on VBIAS with ac or digital switching noise may degrade performance. The VBIAS pin may be useful as a reference voltage for external circuits.

VOLTAGE REFERENCE

The voltage reference system produces a precise V_{ref} signal by scaling the output of a temperature stable bandgap circuit. During manufacture, the bandgap and scaling circuits are trimmed to produce 0.891 V at the output of the error amplifier, with the amplifier connected as a voltage follower. The trim procedure adds to the high precision regulation of the TPS54880, since it cancels offset errors in the scale and error amplifier circuits.

OSCILLATOR AND PWM RAMP

The oscillator frequency is set internally to 350 kHz. If a different frequency of operation is required for the application, the oscillator frequency can be externally adjusted from 280 to 700 kHz by connecting a resistor between the RT pin and AGND. The switching frequency is approximated by the following equation, where R is the resistance from RT to AGND:

Switching Frequency =
$$\frac{100 \text{ k}\Omega}{\text{R}} \times 500 \text{ [kHz]}$$
 (2)

SWITCHING FREQUENCY	RT PIN
350 kHz, internally set	Float
Externally set 280 kHz to 700 kHz	R = 180 kΩ to 68 kΩ

ERROR AMPLIFIER

The high performance, wide bandwidth, voltage error amplifier sets the TPS54880 apart from most dc/dc converters. The user is given the flexibility to use a wide range of output L and C filter components to suit the particular application needs. Type 2 or type 3 compensation can be employed using external compensation components.

PWM CONTROL

Signals from the error amplifier output, oscillator, and current limit circuit are processed by the PWM control logic. Referring to the internal block diagram, the control logic includes the PWM comparator, OR gate, PWM latch, and portions of the adaptive dead-time and control logic block. During steady-state operation below the current limit threshold, the PWM comparator output and oscillator pulse train alternately reset and set the PWM latch. Once the PWM latch is reset, the low-side FET remains on for a minimum duration set by the oscillator pulse width. During this period, the PWM ramp discharges rapidly to its valley voltage. When the ramp begins to charge back up, the low-side FET turns off and high-side FET turns on. As the PWM ramp voltage exceeds the error amplifier output voltage, the PWM comparator resets the latch, thus turning off the high-side FET and turning on the low-side FET. The low-side FET remains on until the next oscillator pulse discharges the PWM ramp.

During transient conditions, the error amplifier output could be below the PWM ramp valley voltage or above the PWM peak voltage. If the error amplifier is high, the PWM latch is never reset, and the high-side FET remains on until



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



TPS54880

SLVS450A - OCTOBER 2002 REVISED APRIL 2005

the oscillator pulse signals the control logic to turn the high-side FET off and the low-side FET on. The device operates at its maximum duty cycle until the output voltage rises to the regulation set-point, setting VSENSE to approximately the same voltage as VREF. If the error amplifier output is low, the PWM latch is continually reset and the high-side FET does not turn on. The low-side FET remains on until the VSENSE voltage decreases to a range that allows the PWM comparator to change states. The TPS54880 is capable of sinking current continuously until the output reaches the regulation set-point.

If the current limit comparator trips for longer than 100 ns, the PWM latch resets before the PWM ramp exceeds the error amplifier output. The high-side FET turns off and low-side FET turns on to decrease the energy in the output inductor and consequently the output current. This process is repeated each cycle in which the current limit comparator is tripped.

DEAD-TIME CONTROL AND MOSFET DRIVERS

Adaptive dead-time control prevents shoot-through current from flowing in both N-channel power MOSFETs during the switching transitions by actively controlling the turnon times of the MOSFET drivers. The high-side driver does not turn on until the voltage at the gate of the low-side FET is below 2 V. While the low-side driver does not turn on until the voltage at the gate of the high-side MOSFET is below 2 V.

The high-side and low-side drivers are designed with 300-mA source and sink capability to quickly drive the power MOSFETs gates. The low-side driver is supplied from VIN, while the high-side drive is supplied from the BOOT pin. A bootstrap circuit uses an external BOOT capacitor and an internal 2.5- Ω bootstrap switch connected between the VIN and BOOT pins. The integrated bootstrap switch improves drive efficiency and reduces external component count.

OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

The cycle-by-cycle current limiting is achieved by sensing the current flowing through the high-side MOSFET and comparing this signal to a preset overcurrent threshold. The high side MOSFET is turned off within 200 ns of reaching the current limit threshold. A 100-ns leading edge blanking circuit prevents the current limit from false tripping. Current limit detection occurs only when current flows from VIN to PH when sourcing current to the output filter. Load protection during current sink operation is provided by thermal shutdown.

THERMAL SHUTDOWN

The device uses the thermal shutdown to turn off the power MOSFETs and disable the controller if the junction temperature exceeds 150°C. The device is released from shutdown automatically when the junction temperature decreases to 10°C below the thermal shutdown trip point, and starts up under control of the slow-start circuit.

Thermal shutdown provides protection when an overload condition is sustained for several milliseconds. With a persistent fault condition, the device cycles continuously; starting up by control of the soft-start circuit, heating up due to the fault condition, and then shutting down upon reaching the thermal shutdown trip point. This sequence repeats until the fault condition is removed.

POWER-GOOD (PWRGD)

The power good circuit monitors for under voltage conditions on VSENSE. If the voltage on VSENSE is 10% below the reference voltage, the open-drain PWRGD output is pulled low. PWRGD is also pulled low if VIN is less than the UVLO threshold or ENA is low, or a thermal shutdown occurs. When VIN \geq UVLO threshold, ENA \geq enable threshold, and VSENSE > 90% of V $_{ref}$, the open drain output of the PWRGD pin is high. A hysteresis voltage equal to 3% of V $_{ref}$ and a 35 μs falling edge deglitch circuit prevent tripping of the power good comparator due to high frequency noise.



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

PACKAGING INFORMATION

10-Jun-2014

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TPS54880PWP	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPS54880	Samples
TPS54880PWPG4	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	28	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPS54880	Samples
TPS54880PWPR	ACTIVE	HTSSOP	PWP	28	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	TPS54880	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available. OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): Tl's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): Til defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight

in homogeneous material)

(9) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and

Addendum-Page 1



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

www.ti.com 10-Jun-2014

Addendum-Page 2

continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall Tl's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

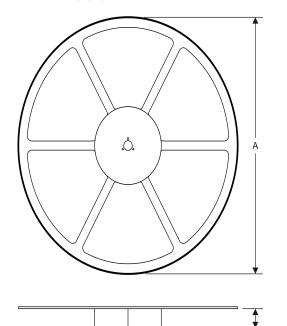


PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

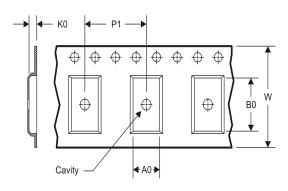
14-Jul-2012 www.ti.com

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS



TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

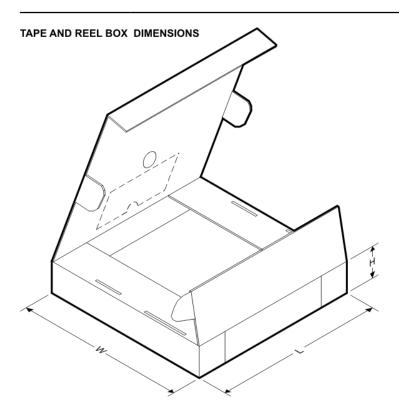
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS54880PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	28	2000	330.0	16.4	6.9	10.2	1.8	12.0	16.0	Q1

Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 14-Jul-2012



*All dimensions are nominal

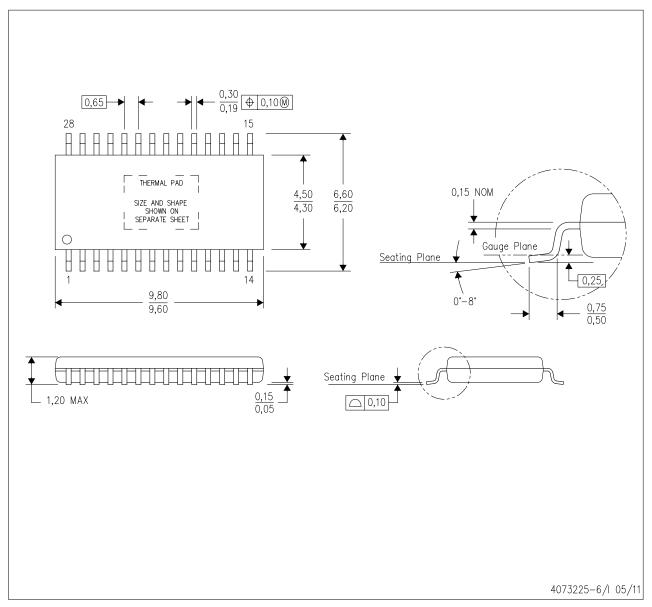
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
TPS54880PWPR	HTSSOP	PWP	28	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0	



MECHANICAL DATA

PWP (R-PDSO-G28)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com>.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.





THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

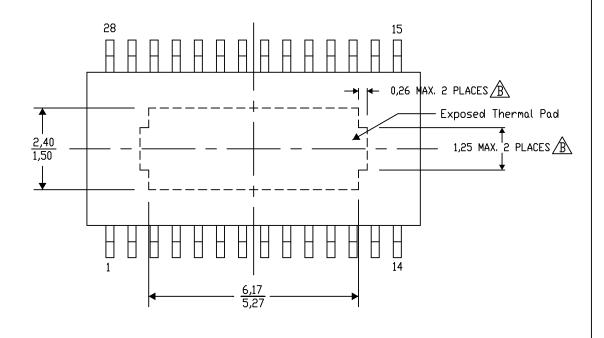
PWP (R−PDSO−G28) PowerPAD[™] SMALL PLASTIC OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Top View

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

4206332-33/AO 01/16

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

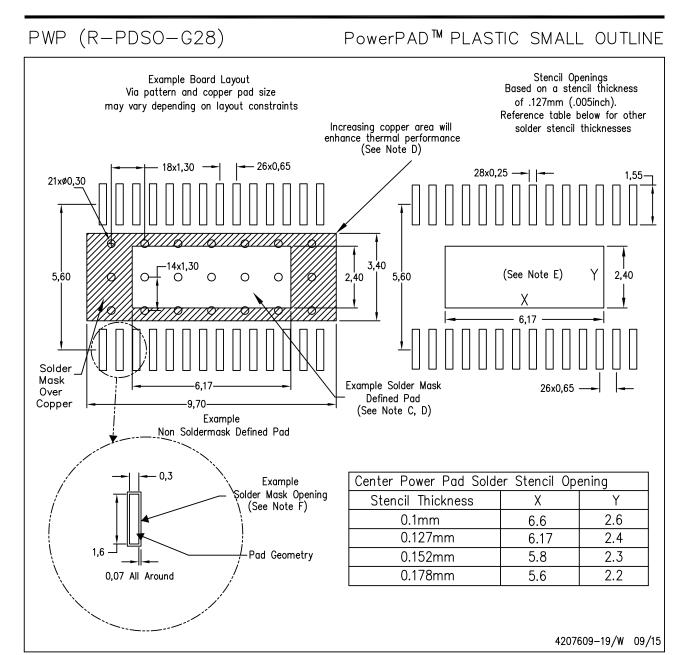
/B. Exposed tie strap features may not be present.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments



Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad
 Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets.
- E. For specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com www.ti.com. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.





Datasheet of TPS54880PWP - IC REG BUCK ADJ 8A SYNC 28HTSSOP

Contact us: sales@integrated-circuit.com Website: www.integrated-circuit.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, enhancements, improvements and other changes to its semiconductor products and services per JESD46, latest issue, and to discontinue any product or service per JESD48, latest issue. Buyers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All semiconductor products (also referred to herein as "components") are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its components to the specifications applicable at the time of sale, in accordance with the warranty in TI's terms and conditions of sale of semiconductor products. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by applicable law, testing of all parameters of each component is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or the design of Buyers' products. Buyers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with Buyers' products and applications, Buyers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI components or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of significant portions of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions.

Resale of TI components or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that component or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI component or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Buyer acknowledges and agrees that it is solely responsible for compliance with all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning its products, and any use of TI components in its applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Buyer represents and agrees that it has all the necessary expertise to create and implement safeguards which anticipate dangerous consequences of failures, monitor failures and their consequences, lessen the likelihood of failures that might cause harm and take appropriate remedial actions. Buyer will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of any TI components in safety-critical applications.

In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Applications

Audio www.ti.com/audio Automotive and Transportation www.ti.com/automotive Amplifiers amplifier.ti.com Communications and Telecom www.ti.com/communications Computers and Peripherals **Data Converters** dataconverter.ti.com www.ti.com/computers **DLP® Products** Consumer Electronics www.ti.com/consumer-apps www.dlp.com DSP dsp.ti.com **Energy and Lighting** www.ti.com/energy Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Industrial www.ti.com/industrial Interface interface.ti.com Medical www.ti.com/medical

Power Mgmt Space, Avionics and Defense www.ti.com/space-avionics-defense

Security

www.ti.com/security

Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com Video and Imaging www.ti.com/video

RFID www.ti-rfid.com

Products

Logic

OMAP Applications Processors www.ti.com/omap TI E2E Community e2e.ti.com

Wireless Connectivity <u>www.ti.com/wirelessconnectivity</u>

logic.ti.com

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2016, Texas Instruments Incorporated