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<u>Intersil</u> <u>X93254UV14I-3</u>

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Datasheet of X93254UV14I-3 - IC DCP DUAL 50K 32TAP 14-TSSOP

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X93254

Data Sheet February 4, 2008 FN8186.1

Dual Digitally Controlled Potentiometers (XDCPs™)

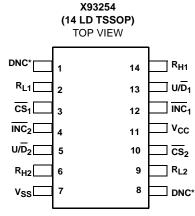
The Intersil X93254 is a dual digitally controlled potentiometer (XDCP). The device consists of two resistor arrays, wiper switches, a control section, and nonvolatile memory. The wiper positions are controlled by individual Up/Down interfaces.

A potentiometer is implemented by a resistor array composed of 31 resistive elements and a wiper switching network. The position of each wiper element is controlled by a set of independent $\overline{\text{CS}}$, $\text{U}/\overline{\text{D}}$, and $\overline{\text{INC}}$ inputs. The position of the wiper can be stored in nonvolatile memory and then be recalled upon during a subsequent power-up operation.

Each potentiometer is connected as a two-terminal variable resistor and can be used in a wide variety of applications including:

- · Bias and Gain control
- · LCD Contrast Adjustment

Pinout



*Do not connect.

Features

- · Dual solid-state potentiometers
- · Independent Up/Down interfaces
- · 32 wiper tap points per potentiometer
 - Wiper position stored in nonvolatile memory and recalled on power-up
- 31 resistive elements per potentiometer
 - Temperature compensated
 - Maximum resistance tolerance of ± 30%
 - Terminal voltage, 0 to V_{CC}
- · Low power CMOS
 - $V_{CC} = 3V \pm 10\%$
 - Active current, 250µA max
 - Standby current, 1µA max
- · High reliability
 - Endurance 200,000 data changes per bit
 - Register data retention, 100 years
- R_{TOTAL} value = $50k\Omega$
- 14 Ld TSSOP package

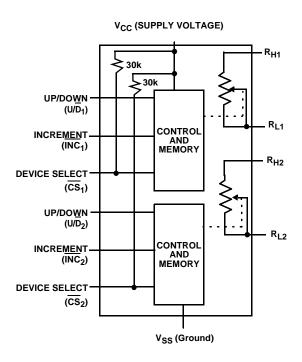
Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	V _{CC} LIMITS (V)	R_{TOTAL} (k Ω)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG DWG. #
X93254UV141-3	X9325 4UVE	3 ±10%	50	-40 to +85	14 Ld TSSOP	M14.173



X93254

Block Diagram



Pin Descriptions

TSSOP	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	DNC	Do Not Connect
2	R _{L1}	Low Terminal 1
3	CS ₁	Chip Select 1
4	ĪNC ₂	Increment 2
5	U/D ₂	Up/Down 2
6	R _{H2}	High Terminal 2
7	V _{SS}	Ground
8	DNC	Do Not Connect
9	R _{L2}	Low Terminal 2
10	CS ₂	Chip Select 2
11	V _{CC}	Supply Voltage
12	ĪNC ₁	Increment 1
13	U/D ₁	Up/Down 1
14	R _{H1}	High Terminal 1

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Thermal Information

X93254

Temperature under bias. .-65°C to +135°C Storage temperature .-65°C to +150°C Lead temperature (soldering 10s) .+300°C Maximum reflow temperature (40s) .+240°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	
Industrial	40°C to +85°C
Supply Voltage	
Vcc	3V ±10% (Note 6)

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- 1. Absolute linearity is utilized to determine actual wiper voltage versus expected voltage = (V_{H(n)}(actual) V_{H(n)}(expected)) = ±1 MI Maximum. n = 1 .. 29 only
- 2. Relative linearity is a measure of the error in step size between taps = $V_{H(n+1)}$ $[V_{H(n)} + MI] = \pm 0.5$ MI, n = 1 .. 29 only.
- 3. 1 MI = Minimum Increment = R_{TOT}/31.
- 4. Typical values are for $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage.
- 5. Limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
- 6. When performing multiple write operations, V_{CC} must not decrease by more than 150mV from its initial value.
- 7. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C. Over-temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

Potentiometer Specifications Over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise stated.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS/NOTES	MIN (Note 7)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
R _{TOT}	End-to-End Resistance		37.5	50	62.5	kΩ
V_{R}	R _H , R _L Terminal Voltages		0		V _{CC}	V
	Power Rating	R _{TOTAL} = 50kΩ			1	mΩ (Note 5)
	Noise	Ref: 1kHz		-120		dBV (Note 5)
R _W	Wiper Resistance	(Note 5)			1000	Ω
I _W	Wiper Current	(Note 5)			0.6	mA
	Resolution			3		%
	Absolute Linearity (Note 1)	VH(n)(actual) - VH(n)(expected)			±1	MI (Note 3)
	Relative Linearity (Note 2)	V _{H(n+1)} - [V _{H(n)+MI}			±0.5	MI (Note 3)
	R _{TOTAL} Temperature Coefficient	(Note 5)		±35		ppm/°C
C _H /C _L /C _W	Potentiometer Capacitances	See "Circuit #2 SPICE Macro Model" on page 4		10/10/25		pF (Note 5)

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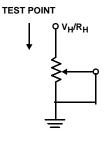
DC Operating Specifications Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise stated.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS/NOTES	MIN (Note 7)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Active Current (Increment) per DCP	$\overline{\frac{\text{CS}}{\text{INC}}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$, $\text{U}/\overline{\text{D}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$ or V_{IH} and $\text{INC} = 0.4\text{V}$ @ max. t_{CY}		50	250	μA
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Active Current (Store) (EEPROM Store) per DCP	$\overline{\frac{\text{CS}}{\text{INC}}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}, \text{U}/\overline{\text{D}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}} \text{ or V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ and }$ $\overline{\text{INC}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}} @ \text{max. t}_{\text{WR}}$			600	μΑ
I _{SB}	Standby Supply Current	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \text{U}/\overline{\text{D}} \text{ and } \overline{\text{INC}} = \text{V}_{\text{SS}}$ or $\text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}$			1	μΑ
ILI	$\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ or $\overline{\text{CS}}_2$	V _{IN} = V _{CC}			±1	μΑ
ILI	$\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ or $\overline{\text{CS}}_2$	V _{CC} = 3V, CS = 0	60	100	150	μA
ILI	INC ₁ , INC ₂ , U/D 1, U/D 2 Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC})			±1	μΑ
V _{IH}	$\overline{\text{CS}_1},\overline{\text{CS}_2},\overline{\text{INC}_1},\overline{\text{INC}_2},\overline{\text{U/D}_1},\overline{\text{U/D}_2}$ Input HIGH Voltage		V _{CC} x 0.7		V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	$\overline{\text{CS}}_1,\overline{\text{CS}}_2,\overline{\text{INC}}_1,\overline{\text{INC}}_2,\overline{\text{U/D}}_1,\overline{\text{U/D}}_2$ Input HIGH Voltage		-0.5		V _{CC} x 0.1	V
C _{IN}	$\overline{\text{CS}_1},\overline{\text{CS}_2},\overline{\text{INC}_1},\overline{\text{INC}_2},\overline{\text{U/D}_1},\overline{\text{U/D}_2}$ Input Capacitance	V _{CC} = 3V, V _{IN} = V _{SS} , T _A = +25°C, f = 1MHz (Note 5)			10	pF

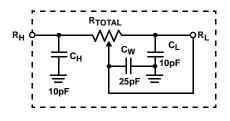
Endurance and Data Retention

PARAMETER	MIN	UNIT
Minimum endurance	200,000	Data changes per bit
Data retention	100	Years

Test Circuit #1



Circuit #2 SPICE Macro Model



AC Conditions of Test

Input pulse levels	0V to 3V
Input rise and fall times	10ns
Input reference levels	1.5V

$\textbf{AC Operating Specifications} \\ \text{Over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise stated. } \overline{\text{CS}}, \overline{\text{INC}}, \text{U/\overline{D}}, \text{R}_{\text{H}} \text{ and R}_{\text{L}} \text{ are used to refer to either CS}_{1} \text{ or CS}_{2}, \text{ etc.}$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN (Note 7)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
t _{Cl}	CS to INC Setup	100			ns
t _{ID}	INC HIGH to U/D Change	100			ns
t _{DI}	U/D to INC Setup	100			ns
t _{IL}	INC LOW Period	1			μs
t _{IH}	INC HIGH Period	1			μs
t _{IC}	INC Inactive to CS Inactive	1			μs
tCPH	CS Deselect time (No Store)	250			ns
t _{CPH}	CS Deselect time (Store)	10			ms

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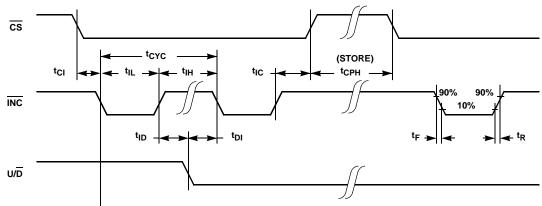
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AC Operating Specifications Over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise stated. \overline{CS} , \overline{INC} , U/\overline{D} , R_H and R_L are used to refer to either CS_1 or CS_2 , etc. (Continued)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN (Note 7)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 7)	UNIT
t _{CYC}	INC Cycle Time	2			μs
t _{R,} t _F (Note 5)	INC input Rise and Fall Time			500	μs
t _R V _{CC} (Note 5)	V _{CC} Power-up Rate	1		50	V/ms
t _{WR}	Store Cycle		5	10	ms

AC Timing



Note: \overline{CS} , \overline{INC} , U/\overline{D} , R_H and R_L are used to refer to either \overline{CS}_1 or \overline{CS}_2 , etc.

Power-up and Power-down Requirements

There are no restrictions on the power-up or power-down conditions of V_{CC} and the voltages applied to the potentiometer pins provided that V_{CC} is always more positive than or equal to V_H and V_L , i.e., $V_{CC} \ge V_H, V_L$. The V_{CC} ramp rate specification is always in effect.

Pin Descriptions

In the text, $\overline{\text{CS}}$, $\overline{\text{INC}}$, U/D, R_{H} and R_{L} are used to refer to either $\overline{\text{CS}}_1$ or $\overline{\text{CS}}_2$, etc. Note: These signals can be applied independently or at the same time.

R_H and R_L

The R_H and R_L pins of the X93254 are equivalent to the fixed terminals of a mechanical potentiometer. The minimum voltage is V_{SS} and the maximum is V_{CC} . The terminology of R_H and R_L references the relative position of the terminal in relation to wiper movement direction selected by the U/\overline{D} input per potentiometer.

Up/Down (U/D)

The U/\overline{D} input controls the direction of a single potentiometer's wiper movement and whether the counter is incremented or decremented.

Increment (INC)

The $\overline{\text{INC}}$ input is negative-edge triggered. Toggling $\overline{\text{INC}}$ will move the wiper and either increment or decrement the corresponding potentiometer's counter in the direction indicated by the logic level on the corresponding potentiometer's U/\overline{D} input.

Chip Select (CS)

A potentiometer is selected when the corresponding \overline{CS} input is LOW. Its current counter value is stored in nonvolatile memory when the corresponding \overline{CS} is returned HIGH while the corresponding \overline{INC} input is also HIGH. After the store operation is complete, the affected potentiometer will be placed in the low power standby mode until the potentiometer is selected once again.

Principles of Operation

There are multiple sections for each potentiometer in the X93254: an input control, a counter and decode section; the nonvolatile memory; and a resistor array. Each input control section operates just like an up/down counter. The output of this counter is decoded to turn on a single electronic switch connecting a point on the resistor array to the wiper output. Under the proper conditions, the contents of the counter can be stored in nonvolatile memory and retained for future use. Each resistor array is comprised of 31 individual resistors

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connected in series. At either end of the array and between each resistor is an electronic switch that transfers the connection at that point to the wiper.

Each wiper, when at either fixed terminal, acts like its mechanical equivalent and does not move beyond the last position. That is, the counter does not wrap around when clocked to either extreme.

If the wiper is moved several positions, multiple taps are connected to the wiper for t_{IW} (INC to V_W change). The 2-terminal resistance value for the device can temporarily change by a significant amount if the wiper is moved several positions.

When the device is powered-down, the last wiper position stored will be maintained in the nonvolatile memory for each potentiometer. When power is restored, the contents of the memory are recalled and each wiper is set to the value last stored.

Instructions and Programming

The \overline{INC} , U/\overline{D} and \overline{CS} inputs control the movement of the wiper along the resistor array. With CS set LOW the potentiometer is selected and enabled to respond to the U/\overline{D} and INC inputs. HIGH to LOW transitions on INC will increment or decrement (depending on the state of the U/D input) a 5-bit counter. The output of this counter is decoded to select one of thirty two wiper positions along the resistive array.

The value of the counter is stored in nonvolatile memory whenever each CS transitions HIGH while the INC input is also HIGH. In order to avoid an accidental store during power-up, each CS must go HIGH with V_{CC} during initial power-up. When left open, each CS pin is internally pulled up to V_{CC} by an internal 30k resistor.

The system may select the X93254, move any wiper and deselect the device without having to store the latest wiper position in nonvolatile memory. After the wiper movement is performed as previously described and once the new position is reached, the system must keep INC LOW while taking CS HIGH. The new wiper position will be maintained until changed by the system or until a power-up/down cycle recalled the previously stored data. In order to recall the stored position of the wiper on power-up, the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin must be held HIGH.

This procedure allows the system to always power-up to a preset value stored in nonvolatile memory; then during system operation minor adjustments could be made. The

adjustments might be based on user preference, system parameter changes due to temperature drift, or other system trim requirements.

The state of U/\overline{D} may be changed while \overline{CS} remains LOW. This allows the host system to enable the device and then move each wiper up and down until the proper trim is attained.

Mode Selection

CS	INC	U/D	MODE		
L	7	Н	Wiper Up		
L	1	L	Wiper Down		
	Н	Х	Store Wiper Position		
Н	Х	Х	Standby Current		
	L	Х	No Store, Return to Standby		
_	L	Н	Wiper Up (not recommended)		
_	L	L	Wiper Down (not recommended)		

Symbol Table

WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	Must be steady	Will be steady
_////	May change from Low to High	Will change from Low to High
	May change from High to Low	Will change from High to Low
	Don't Care: Changes Allowed	Changing: State Not Known
	N/A	Center Line is High Impedance

Applications Information

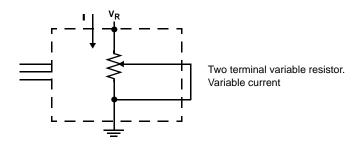
Electronic digitally controlled (XDCP) potentiometers provide three powerful application advantages:

- 1. The variability and reliability of a solid-state potentiometer
- 2. The flexibility of computer-based digital controls
- 3. The retentivity of nonvolatile memory used for the storage of multiple potentiometer settings or data

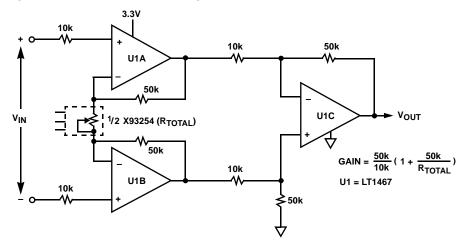
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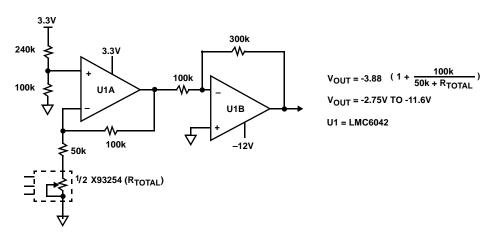
X93254



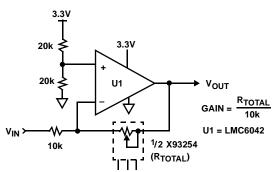
Low Voltage High Impedance Instrumentation Amplifier



Micro-Power LCD Contrast Control



Single Supply Variable Gain Amplifier



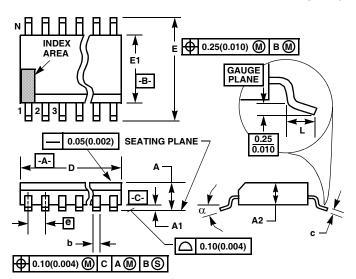
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Thin Shrink Small Outline Plastic Packages (TSSOP)



NOTES:

- These package dimensions are within allowable dimensions of JEDEC MO-153-AC, Issue E.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs.
 Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- Dimension "b" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003 inch) total in excess of "b" dimension at maximum material condition. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm (0.0027 inch).
- Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact. (Angles in degrees)

M14.173

14 LEAD THIN SHRINK SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

	INC	HES	MILLIN	IETERS	
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.047	-	1.20	-
A1	0.002	0.006	0.05	0.15	-
A2	0.031	0.041	0.80	1.05	-
b	0.0075	0.0118	0.19	0.30	9
С	0.0035	0.0079	0.09	0.20	-
D	0.195	0.199	4.95	5.05	3
E1	0.169	0.177	4.30	4.50	4
е	0.026	BSC	0.65	BSC	-
Е	0.246	0.256	6.25	6.50	-
L	0.0177	0.0295	0.45	0.75	6
N	1	4	14		7
α	00	80	00	80	-

Rev. 2 4/06

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