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Freescale Semiconductor Data Sheet:

Document Number: MSC8122

Rev. 16, 12/2008

MSC8122

FC PBGA-431 20 mm × 20 mm

Quad Digital Signal Processor

- Four StarCore™ SC140 DSP extended cores, each with an SC140 DSP core, 224 Kbyte of internal SRAM M1 memory (1436 Kbyte total), 16 way 16 Kbyte instruction cache (ICache), four-entry write buffer, external cache support, programmable interrupt controller (PIC), local interrupt controller (LIC), and low-power Wait and Stop processing modes.
- 475 Kbyte M2 memory for critical data and temporary data buffering.
- 4 Kbyte boot ROM.
- M2-accessible multi-core MQBus connecting the M2 memory
 with all four cores, operating at the core frequency, with data bus
 access of up to 128-bit reads and up to 64-bit writes, central
 efficient round-robin arbiter for core access to the bus, and atomic
 operation control of M2 memory access by the cores and the local
 bus.
- Internal PLL configured are reset by configuration signal values.
- 60x-compatible system bus with 64 or 32 bit data and 32-bit address bus, support for multi-master designs, four-beat burst transfers (eight-beat in 32-bit data mode), port size of 64/32/16/8 bits controlled by the internal memory controller, access to external memory or peripherals, access by an external host to internal resources, slave support with direct access to internal resources including M1 and M2 memories, and on-device arbitration for up to four master devices.
- Direct slave interface (DSI) using a 32/64-bit slave host interface with 21–25 bit addressing and 32/64-bit data transfers, direct access by an external host to internal and external resources, synchronous or asynchronous accesses with burst capability in synchronous mode, dual or single strobe mode, write and read buffers to improve host bandwidth, byte enable signals for 1/2/4/8-byte write granularity, sliding window mode for access using a reduced number of address pins, chip ID decoding to allow one cs signal to control multiple DSPs, broadcast mode to write to multiple DSPs, and big-endian/little-endian/munged support.
- Three mode signal multiplexing: 64-bit DSI and 32-bit system bus, 32-bit DSI and 64-bit system bus, or 32-bit DSI and 32-bit system bus.
- Flexible memory controller with three UPMs, a GPCM, a page-mode SDRAM machine, glueless interface to a variety of memories and devices, byte enables for 64- or 32-bit bus widths,

- 8 memory banks for external memories, and 2 memory banks for IPBus peripherals and internal memories.
- Multi-channel DMA controller with 16 time-multiplexed single channels, up to four external peripherals, DONE or DRACK protocol for two external peripherals, service for up to 16 internal requests from up to 8 internal FIFOs per channel, FIFO generated watermarks and hungry requests, priority-based time-multiplexing between channels using 16 internal priority levels or round-robin time-multiplexing between channels, flexible channel configuration with connection to local bus or system bus, and flyby transfer support that bypasses the FIFO.
- Up to four independent TDM modules with programmable word size (2, 4, 8, or 16-bit), hardware-base A-law/µ-law conversion, up to 128 Mbps data rate for all channels, with glueless interface to E1 or T1 framers, and can interface with H-MVIP/H.110 devices, TSI, and codecs such as AC-97.
- Ethernet controller with support for 10/100 Mbps MII/RMII/SMII including full- and half-duplex operation, full-duplex flow controls, out-of-sequence transmit queues, programmable maximum frame length including jumbo frames and VLAN tags and priority, retransmission after collision, CRC generation and verification of inbound/outbound packets, address recognition (including exact match, broadcast address, individual hash check, group hash check, and promiscuous mode), pattern matching, insertion with expansion or replacement for transmit frames, VLAN tag insertion, RMON statistics, local bus master DMA for descriptor fetching and buffer access, and optional multiplexing with GPIO (MII/RMII/SMII) or DSI/system bus signals lines (MII/RMII).
- UART with full-duplex operation up to 6.25 Mbps.
- Up to 32 general-purpose input/output (GPIO) ports.
- I²C interface that allows booting from EEPROM devices.
- Two timer modules, each with sixteen configurable 16-bit timers.
- Eight programmable hardware semaphores.
- Global interrupt controller (GIC) with interrupt consolidation and routing to NT_OUT, NMI_OUT, and the cores; thirty-two virtual maskable interrupts (8 per core) and four virtual NMI (one per core) that can be generated by a simple write access.
- Optional booting external memory, external host, UART, TDM, or I²C.





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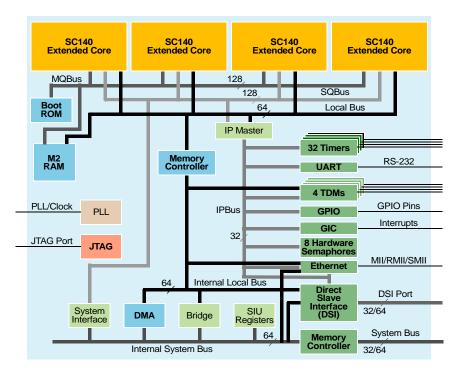


Figure 1. MSC8122 Block Diagram

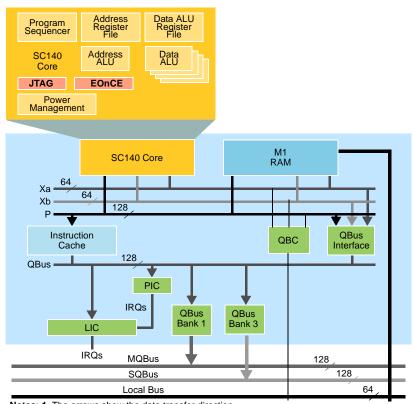


Figure 2. StarCore SC140 DSP Extended Core Block Diagram

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<sup>Notes: 1. The arrows show the data transfer direction.
2. The QBus interface includes a bus switch, write buffer, fetch unit, and a control unit that defines four QBus banks. In addition, the QBC handles internal memory contentions.</sup>



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ssignments

1 Pin Assignments

This section includes diagrams of the MSC8122 package ball grid array layouts and pinout allocation tables.

1.1 FC-PBGA Ball Layout Diagrams

Top and bottom views of the FC-PBGA package are shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4 with their ball location index numbers.

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HD13

GND

HD11

HD8

HD62

HD61

HD57

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Pin Assignments

Top View 2 7 9 22 3 4 5 6 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 NMI_ OUT V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} GND V_{DD} V_{DD} $\rm V_{\rm DD}$ V_{DD} GND GND GND GND GPIO GND V_{DD} GND V_{DD} GND GND S RESET GND V_{DD} TDO GPIO28 HCID1 GND V_{DD} GND V_{DD} GND V_{DD} GND GND GPIO30 GPIO2 GPIO² GPIO7 GPIO3 GPI05 GPI06 GND GND HCID2 HCID3 GND GND GPIO3 GPIO29 GPIO4 GPI08 D TDI EE0 V_{DD} , GPIO2: HCID0 GPIO13 TCK V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} GND GPIO9 V_{DD} ETHTX CLK RST CONF THRX NMI GPIO1 HA29 HA22 GND V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} GND V_{DD} GND V_{DD} GPIO20 . GPIO18 GPIO16 GPIO1 GPIO19 BADDF ETHCE вмо ABB CS1 GPIO15 GND GPIO17 HA24 HA27 HA25 HA23 HA17 PWE0 BCTL0 GPIO22 PSD CAS HA19 TEST PGTA AACK , GPIO2 GPIO2 HA20 HA28 V_{DD} V_{DD} BM1 V_{DD} A31 PSDA MUX BADDF 27 DBG HA18 HA26 HA13 GND V_{DD} CLKIN V_{DD} GND SDA1 BCTL² GPIO2 GND GPIO2 A30 BADDE PWE3 PWE1 POE ALE CS2 GND HA21 HA16 GND GND GND GND LKOU' TT2 HA15 A26 A28 BADDF HA12 HA14 HA11 V_{DDH} V_{DDH} GND GND GND V_{DDH} GND GND V_{DDH} A27 A25 A22 HD28 HD31 V_{DDH} GND GND GND V_{DD} V_{DDH} V_{DDH} GND V_{DDH} A21 V_{DDH} V_{DDH} HWBS PWE2 HBCS HRDS BG HCS CS0 PSDWE GPIO2 HD30 HD29 HD24 GND GND A23 A20 HD26 HWBS HWBS PSD VAL HD27 HD25 HD23 . HCLKIN GND GND GND HD20 A19 V_{CCSYN} GBL HD18 V_{DDH} GND HD22 TSZ1 TSZ3 V_{DD} V_{DD} V_{DD} A16 TBST D16 DP5 GND A14 HD17 HD21 HD1 HD0 TSZ0 TSZ2 D21 D30 HD16 HD19 D15 A13 V_{DDH} HD3 GND D0 D4 D5 D7 D10 D12 D13 D18 D20 GND D24 D27 D29 A10 V_{DDH} A11 GND GND GND HDST1 HDSTO GND HD40 HD33 HD32 GND GND HD6 HD5 HD4 V_{DDH} V_{DDH} V_{DDH} V_{DDH} V_{DDH} A6 GND GND GND GND HD7 HD15 HD9 HD60 HD58 HD51 HD43 HD37 HD34 A5 HD12 HD10 HD63 HD59 V_{DDH} HD14 GND V_{DDH} HD54 HD52 V_{DDH} GND HD46 GND HD42 HD38 HD35 V_{DD} АЗ

Figure 3. MSC8122 Package, Top View

HD47

HD45

HD44

HD41

HD39

HD36

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ssignments

Bottom View

	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
В	GND	V _{DD}	(V _{DD})	GPIO0)	V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	GND	V _{DD}	GND	V _{DD}	GND	(V _{DD})	GND	V _{DD}	GND	NMI_ OUT	GND	GND	V _{DD}	
С	GPIO6	GPIO5	GPIO3	GPIO7	GPIO1	GPIO2	GPIO30	GND	GND	V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	GND	HCID1	GPIO28	S RESET	TDO	V _{DD}	GND
D	GPIO8	GND	$\left(V_{DDH}\right)$	GPIO4	V_{DDH}	GPIO29	GPIO31	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	GND	(V_{DD})	GND	HCID3	HCID2	V_{DDH}	GND	EE1 (EEO	TDI
Е	GPIO12	GPIO10	GPIO13	GPIO9	GND	GND	V_{DD}	GND	GND	V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	(GND)	V_{DD}	GND	HCID0)	GPIO27	HRESET	TMS	TRST	тск
F	GPIO19	GPIO14	GPIO11	GPIO16	GPIO18	GPIO20	ETHTX CLK	ETHRX (V_{DD}	GND (V_{DD}	GND	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	V _{DD}	GND	HA22	HA29	NMI	RST	PO RESET
G	GPIO22	GPIO17	(GND)	GPIO15	BCTL0	CS1 (V _{DD}	ETHCR	INT (V _{DD}	ABB)	BMO	BADDR)	V _{DD} (V _{DD}	PWE0)	HA17)	HA23	HA25	HA27 (HA24
Н	A31	V _{DDH}	V_{DD}	GPIO21)	GPIO24	CS4 (TT4	V _{DD} (HTA	DBB (AACK)	ARTRY	BM1	V _{DD} (PGTA (PSD (CAS)	TEST	HA19	V _{DD} (HA28 (HA20
J	A30	GPIO25	GND)	GPIO23	BCTL1)	PSDA10	TT3	V _{DD}	GND)	V _{DD}	DBG (BM2	(CLKIN)	V _{DD}	BADDR 27	PSDA MUX	GND (HA13	V _{DD} (HA26 (HA18
К	A28	A29	A26	GND (CS2	ALE (TT2	V _{DD}	CLKOUT(GND (GND)	GND	GND)	Res.	BADDR 30	POE	PWE1)	PWE3	HA16	HA21 (HA15
L	A22	A25	A27	V _{DDH}	CS3	GND (GND	V _{DDH} (GND				GND (GND (BADDR 29	BADDR 28	V _{DDH}	V _{DDH}	HA11	HA14	HA12
М	A21	A24	V _{DDH}	GND (V _{DDH}	V _{DDH} (HB RST	V _{DDH}	GND		SON J		GND (V _{DDH}	V _{DD}	GND (GND (GND	V _{DDH}	HD31	HD28
N	A20	A23	\sim	PSDWE	CSO CSO	HCS (BG	HRDS (GND	W.			GND	HBCS (HWBS	V _{DDH}	PWE2 (HD24	HD29	HD30)	HD26
Р	A19	GND	V _{DDH}	DPO	PSD	TEA	BR	TA	GND			GND _{SYN}	GND (HCLKIN	HWBS V	HWBS 2	HWBS	HD23	HD25	HD27	HD20
R	A16	A18	(A17)	DP2	TS	DP3	DP6	DP7	TTO	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	V _{DD}	GBL)	TSZ3	TSZ1	HWBS	HWBS	HD22	GND	V _{DDH}	HD18
	\times	$\succ \prec$	\sim	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	\times	$\succ \prec$	\times	$> \!\!\! < \!\!\! < \!\!\! <$	\prec	4 HWBS	6 HWBS	$\times \langle$	$\asymp \rangle$	$\times \langle$	>
Т	A14	A15	GND	D30	DP1	DP4	DP5	D23	D21	Π1	D16	V _{DD}	TBST (TSZ2	TSZ0 ($\stackrel{5}{\sim}$	\nearrow	HDO	HD1 \	HD21	HD17
U	A13	A12	V _{DDH}	D31	D28	D26	D25	D22	D19 \	D17	D15	D14	D11	D9		D6 \	D3 /	D2	HD2	HD19	HD16
V	A11	A10	A9 /	A8 (D29	D27	D24	GND	D20 X	D18	D13	D12	D10	D7	D5 \(D4	D1 /		GND	V _{DDH} (HD3
W	A6	A7	(GND)	GND	HD32	V _{DDH}	HD33	V _{DDH}	HD40	GND (V _{DDH}	HDST0	(HDST1)	GND	V _{DDH}	V _{DDH}	GND (GND	HD4	HD5	HD6
Υ	A5	A4	(V _{DDH})	HD34	HD37	GND	V _{DDH}	GND	HD43	V _{DDH}	GND	HD51	(V _{DDH})	GND	HD58	HD60	V _{DD}	HD9	V _{DDH}	HD15 (HD7
AA	A3	A2	(A0)	HD35	HD38	HD42	GND	HD46	V _{DDH}	GND	V _{DDH}	HD52	(HD54)	V _{DDH}	GND	HD59	HD63	HD10	HD12	HD14	V _{DD}
AB	$\left(V_{DD}\right)$	(A1	HD36	HD39	HD41	HD44	HD45	HD47	HD48	HD49	HD50	HD53	(HD55)	HD56	HD57	HD61	HD62	HD8	HD11	HD13	GND

Figure 4. MSC8122 Package, Bottom View

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Pin Assignments

1.2 Signal List By Ball Location

Table 1 presents signal list sorted by ball number. -

Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
В3	V_{DD}	C18	GPIO1/TIMER0/CHIP_ID1/IRQ5/ETHTXD1
B4	GND	C19	GPIO7/TDM3RCLK/IRQ5/ETHTXD3
B5	GND	C20	GPIO3/TDM3TSYN/IRQ1/ETHTXD2
В6	NMI_OUT	C21	GPIO5/TDM3TDAT/IRQ3/ETHRXD3
B7	GND	C22	GPIO6/TDM3RSYN/IRQ4/ETHRXD2
B8	V_{DD}	D2	TDI
В9	GND	D3	EE0
B10	V_{DD}	D4	EE1
B11	GND	D5	GND
B12	V_{DD}	D6	V_{DDH}
B13	GND	D7	HCID2
B14	V_{DD}	D8	HCID3/HA8
B15	GND	D9	GND
B16	V_{DD}	D10	V_{DD}
B17	GND	D11	GND
B18	V_{DD}	D12	V_{DD}
B19	GPIO0/CHIP_ID0/IRQ4/ETHTXD0	D13	GND
B20	V_{DD}	D14	V_{DD}
B21	V_{DD}	D15	V_{DD}
B22	GND	D16	GPIO31/TIMER3/SCL
C2	GND	D17	GPIO29/CHIP_ID3/ETHTX_EN
C3	V_{DD}	D18	V_{DDH}
C4	TDO	D19	GPIO4/TDM3TCLK/IRQ2/ETHTX_ER
C5	SRESET	D20	V_{DDH}
C6	GPIO28/UTXD/DREQ2	D21	GND
C7	HCID1	D22	GPIO8/TDM3RDAT/IRQ6/ETHCOL
C8	GND	E2	TCK
C9	V_{DD}	E3	TRST
C10	GND	E4	TMS
C11	V_{DD}	E5	HRESET
C12	GND	E6	GPIO27/URXD/DREQ1
C13	V_{DD}	E7	HCID0
C14	GND	E8	GND
C15	GND	E9	V_{DD}
C16	GPIO30/TIMER2/TMCLK/SDA	E10	GND
C17	GPIO2/TIMER1/CHIP_ID2/IRQ6	E11	V_{DD}

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ssignments

Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator (continued)

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
E12	GND	G6	HA17
E13	V _{DD}	G7	PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0
E14	GND	G8	V _{DD}
E15	GND	G9	V_{DD}
E16	V _{DD}	G10	ĪRQ3/BADDR31
E17	GND	G11	BM0/TC0/BNKSEL0
E18	GND	G12	ABB/IRQ4
E19	GPIO9/TDM2TSYN/IRQ7/ETHMDIO	G13	V_{DD}
E20	GPIO13/TDM2RCLK/IRQ11/ETHMDC	G14	IRQ7/INT_OUT
E21	GPIO10/TDM2TCLK/IRQ8/ETHRX_DV/ETHCRS_DV/NC	G15	ETHCRS/ETHRXD
E22	GPIO12/TDM2RSYN/IRQ10/ETHRXD1/ETHSYNC	G16	V _{DD}
F2	PORESET	G17	CS1
F3	RSTCONF	G18	BCTL0
F4	NMI	G19	GPIO15/TDM1TSYN/DREQ1
F5	HA29	G20	GND
F6	HA22	G21	GPIO17/TDM1TDAT/DACK1
F7	GND	G22	GPIO22/TDM0TCLK/DONE2/DRACK2
F8	V _{DD}	H2	HA20
F9	V _{DD}	H3	HA28
F10	V _{DD}	H4	V_{DD}
F11	GND	H5	HA19
F12	V _{DD}	H6	TEST
F13	GND	H7	PSDCAS/PGPL3
F14	V _{DD}	H8	PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS
F15	ETHRX_CLK/ETHSYNC_IN	H9	V_{DD}
F16	ETHTX_CLK/ETHREF_CLK/ETHCLOCK	H10	BM1/TC1/BNKSEL1
F17	GPIO20/TDM1RDAT	H11	ARTRY
F18	GPIO18/TDM1RSYN/DREQ2	H12	AACK
F19	GPIO16/TDM1TCLK/DONE1/DRACK1	H13	DBB/IRQ5
F20	GPIO11/TDM2TDAT/IRQ9/ETHRX_ER/ETHTXD	H14	HTA
F21	GPIO14/TDM2RDAT/IRQ12/ETHRXD0/NC	H15	V_{DD}
F22	GPIO19/TDM1RCLK/DACK2	H16	TT4/CS7
G2	HA24	H17	CS4
G3	HA27	H18	GPIO24/TDM0RSYN/IRQ14
G4	HA25	H19	GPIO21/TDM0TSYN
G5	HA23	H20	V_{DD}

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Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator (continued)

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
H21	V_{DDH}	K15	V_{DD}
H22	A31	K16	TT2/ CS5
J2	HA18	K17	ALE
J3	HA26	K18	CS2
J4	V_{DD}	K19	GND
J5	HA13	K20	A26
J6	GND	K21	A29
J7	PSDAMUX/PGPL5	K22	A28
J8	BADDR27	L2	HA12
J9	V_{DD}	L3	HA14
J10	CLKIN	L4	HA11
J11	BM2/TC2/BNKSEL2	L5	V _{DDH}
J12	DBG	L6	V_{DDH}
J13	V_{DD}	L7	BADDR28
J14	GND	L8	IRQ5/BADDR29
J15	V_{DD}	L9	GND
J16	TT3/CS6	L10	GND
J17	PSDA10/PGPL0	L14	GND
J18	BCTL1/CS5	L15	V _{DDH}
J19	GPIO23/TDM0TDAT/IRQ13	L16	GND
J20	GND	L17	GND
J21	GPIO25/TDM0RCLK/IRQ15	L18	CS3
J22	A30	L19	V_{DDH}
K2	HA15	L20	A27
K3	HA21	L21	A25
K4	HA16	L22	A22
K5	PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3	M2	HD28
K6	PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1	М3	HD31
K7	POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2	M4	V_{DDH}
K8	ĪRQ2/BADDR30	M5	GND
K9	Reserved	M6	GND
K10	GND	M7	GND
K11	GND	M8	V_{DD}
K12	GND	M9	V_{DDH}
K13	GND	M10	GND
K14	CLKOUT	M14	GND

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Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator (continued)

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
M15	V_{DDH}	P12	V _{CCSYN}
M16	HBRST	P13	GND
M17	V _{DDH}	P14	GND
M18	V _{DDH}	P15	TA
M19	GND	P16	BR
M20	V_{DDH}	P17	TEA
M21	A24	P18	PSDVAL
M22	A21	P19	DP0/DREQ1/EXT_BR2
N2	HD26	P20	V _{DDH}
N3	HD30	P21	GND
N4	HD29	P22	A19
N5	HD24	R2	HD18
N6	PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2	R3	V_{DDH}
N7	V _{DDH}	R4	GND
N8	HWBS0/HDBS0/HWBE0/HDBE0	R5	HD22
N9	HBCS	R6	HWBS6/HDBS6/HWBE6/HDBE6/PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6
N10	GND	R7	HWBS4/HDBS4/HWBE4/HDBE4/PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4
N14	GND	R8	TSZ1
N15	HRDS/HRW/HRDE	R9	TSZ3
N16	BG	R10	ĪRQ1/GBL
N17	HCS	R11	V_{DD}
N18	CS0	R12	V_{DD}
N19	PSDWE/PGPL1	R13	V_{DD}
N20	GPIO26/TDM0RDAT	R14	TT0/HA7
N21	A23	R15	IRQ7/DP7/DREQ4
N22	A20	R16	ĪRQ6/DP6/DREQ3
P2	HD20	R17	IRQ3/DP3/DREQ2/EXT_BR3
P3	HD27	R18	TS
P4	HD25	R19	IRQ2/DP2/DACK2/EXT_DBG2
P5	HD23	R20	A17
P6	HWBS3/HDBS3/HWBE3/HDBE3	R21	A18
P7	HWBS2/HDBS2/HWBE2/HDBE2	R22	A16
P8	HWBS1/HDBS1/HWBE1/HDBE1	T2	HD17
P9	HCLKIN	T3	HD21
P10	GND	T4	HD1/DSISYNC
P11	GND _{SYN}	T5	HD0/SWTE

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Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator (continued)

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
T6	HWBS7/HDBS7/HWBE7/HDBE7/PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7	U21	A12
T7	HWBS5/HDBS5/HWBE5/HDBE5/PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5	U22	A13
Т8	TSZ0	V2	HD3/MODCK1
Т9	TSZ2	V3	V_{DDH}
T10	TBST	V4	GND
T11	V _{DD}	V5	D0
T12	D16	V6	D1
T13	TT1	V7	D4
T14	D21	V8	D5
T15	D23	V9	D7
T16	ĪRQ5/DP5/DACK4/EXT_BG3	V10	D10
T17	IRQ4/DP4/DACK3/EXT_DBG3	V11	D12
T18	IRQ1/DP1/DACK1/EXT_BG2	V12	D13
T19	D30	V13	D18
T20	GND	V14	D20
T21	A15	V15	GND
T22	A14	V16	D24
U2	HD16	V17	D27
U3	HD19	V18	D29
U4	HD2/DSI64	V19	A8
U5	D2	V20	A9
U6	D3	V21	A10
U7	D6	V22	A11
U8	D8	W2	HD6
U9	D9	W3	HD5/CNFGS
U10	D11	W4	HD4/MODCK2
U11	D14	W5	GND
U12	D15	W6	GND
U13	D17	W7	V_{DDH}
U14	D19	W8	V_{DDH}
U15	D22	W9	GND
U16	D25	W10	HDST1/HA10
U17	D26	W11	HDST0/HA9
U18	D28	W12	V_{DDH}
U19	D31	W13	GND
U20	V_{DDH}	W14	HD40/D40/ETHRXD0

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ssignments

Table 1. MSC8122 Signal Listing by Ball Designator (continued)

Des.	Signal Name	Des.	Signal Name
W15	V_{DDH}	AA9	V_{DDH}
W16	HD33/D33/reserved	AA10	HD54/D54/ETHTX_EN
W17	V_{DDH}	AA11	HD52/D52
W18	HD32/D32/reserved	AA12	V _{DDH}
W19	GND	AA13	GND
W20	GND	AA14	V_{DDH}
W21	A7	AA15	HD46/D46/ETHTXT0
W22	A6	AA16	GND
Y2	HD7	AA17	HD42/D42/ETHRXD2/reserved
Y3	HD15	AA18	HD38/D38/reserved
Y4	V_{DDH}	AA19	HD35/D35/reserved
Y5	HD9	AA20	A0
Y6	V_{DD}	AA21	A2
Y7	HD60/D60/ETHCOL/reserved	AA22	A3
Y8	HD58/D58/ETHMDC	AB2	GND
Y9	GND	AB3	HD13
Y10	V_{DDH}	AB4	HD11
Y11	HD51/D51	AB5	HD8
Y12	GND	AB6	HD62/D62
Y13	V_{DDH}	AB7	HD61/D61
Y14	HD43/D43/ETHRXD3/reserved	AB8	HD57/D57/ETHRX_ER
Y15	GND	AB9	HD56/D56/ETHRX_DV/ETHCRS_DV
Y16	V_{DDH}	AB10	HD55/D55/ETHTX_ER/reserved
Y17	GND	AB11	HD53/D53
Y18	HD37/D37/reserved	AB12	HD50/D50
Y19	HD34/D34/reserved	AB13	HD49/D49/ETHTXD3/reserved
Y20	V_{DDH}	AB14	HD48/D48/ETHTXD2/reserved
Y21	A4	AB15	HD47/D47/ETHTXD1
Y22	A5	AB16	HD45/D45
AA2	V_{DD}	AB17	HD44/D44
AA3	HD14	AB18	HD41/D41/ETHRXD1
AA4	HD12	AB19	HD39/D39/reserved
AA5	HD10	AB20	HD36/D36/reserved
AA6	HD63/D63	AB21	A1
AA7	HD59/D59/ETHMDIO	AB22	V_{DD}
AA8	GND		

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2 Electrical Characteristics

This document contains detailed information on power considerations, DC/AC electrical characteristics, and AC timing specifications. For additional information, see the MSC8122 Reference Manual.

2.1 Maximum Ratings

CAUTION

This device contains circuitry protecting against damage due to high static voltage or electrical fields; however, normal precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding maximum voltage ratings. Reliability is enhanced if unused inputs are tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (for example, either GND or V_{DD}).

In calculating timing requirements, adding a maximum value of one specification to a minimum value of another specification does not yield a reasonable sum. A maximum specification is calculated using a worst case variation of process parameter values in one direction. The minimum specification is calculated using the worst case for the same parameters in the opposite direction. Therefore, a "maximum" value for a specification never occurs in the same device with a "minimum" value for another specification; adding a maximum to a minimum represents a condition that can never exist.

Table 2 describes the maximum electrical ratings for the MSC8122.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core and PLL supply voltage	V_{DD}	-0.2 to 1.6	V
I/O supply voltage	V_{DDH}	-0.2 to 4.0	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.2 to 4.0	V
Maximum operating temperature: • Standard range • Extended range	TJ	90 105	°C
Minimum operating temperature • Standard range • Extended range	TJ	0 -40	°C °C
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	-55 to +150	°C

Notes:

- 1. Functional operating conditions are given in Table 3.
- 2. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maximum is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the listed limits may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.

3. Section 3.5, Thermal Considerations includes a formula for computing the chip junction temperature (T_J).

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2.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 3 lists recommended operating conditions. Proper device operation outside of these conditions is not guaranteed.

Table 3. Recommended Operating Conditions

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core and PLL supply voltage: • Standard — 400 MHz	V _{DD} V _{CCSYN}	1.14 to 1.26	V
- 400 MHz - 500 MHz • Reduced (300 and 400 MHz)		1.14 to 1.26 1.16 to 1.24 1.07 to 1.13	V V
I/O supply voltage	V _{DDH}	3.135 to 3.465	V
Input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.2 to V _{DDH} +0.2	V
Operating temperature range: • Standard • Extended	T _J	0 to 90 -40 to 105	°C

2.3 Thermal Characteristics

Table 4 describes thermal characteristics of the MSC8122 for the FC-PBGA packages.

Table 4. Thermal Characteristics for the MSC8122

Ob annual artistic	Occurs to a L	FC- 20 × :	l locit	
Characteristic	Symbol	Natural Convection	200 ft/min (1 m/s) airflow	Unit
Junction-to-ambient ^{1, 2}	$R_{\theta JA}$	26	21	°C/W
Junction-to-ambient, four-layer board ^{1, 3}	$R_{ heta JA}$	19	15	°C/W
Junction-to-board (bottom) ⁴	$R_{ heta JB}$	9		°C/W
Junction-to-case ⁵	$R_{ heta JC}$	0.9		°C/W
Junction-to-package-top ⁶	Ψ_{JT}	1		°C/W

Notes:

- Junction temperature is a function of die size, on-chip power dissipation, package thermal resistance, mounting site (board) temperature, ambient temperature, air flow, power dissipation of other components on the board, and board thermal resistance.
- 2. Per SEMI G38-87 and JEDEC JESD51-2 with the single layer board horizontal.
- 3. Per JEDEC JESD51-6 with the board horizontal.
- Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD 51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.
- 5. Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).
- Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2.

Section 3.5, *Thermal Considerations* provides a detailed explanation of these characteristics.

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2.4 DC Electrical Characteristics

This section describes the DC electrical characteristics for the MSC8122. The measurements in **Table 5** assume the following system conditions:

- $T_A = 25$ °C
- V_{DD} =
 - $300/400 \text{ MHz } 1.1 \text{ V nominal} = 1.07-1.13 \text{ V}_{DC}$
 - $-400 \text{ MHz} 1.2 \text{ V nominal} = 1.14-1.26 \text{ V}_{DC}$
 - 500 MHz 1.2 V nominal = 1.16–1.24 V_{DC}
- $V_{DDH} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 5\% \text{ V}_{DC}$
- GND = $0 V_{DC}$

Note: The leakage current is measured for nominal V_{DDH} and V_{DD} .

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Input high voltage ¹ , all inputs except CLKIN	V _{IH}	2.0	_	3.465	V
Input low voltage ¹	V_{IL}	GND	0	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	V _{IHC}	2.4	3.0	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	V _{ILC}	GND	0	0.8	V
Input leakage current, V _{IN} = V _{DDH}	I _{IN}	-1.0	0.09	1	μA
Tri-state (high impedance off state) leakage current, $V_{IN} = V_{DDH}$	l _{OZ}	-1.0	0.09	1	μA
Signal low input current, V _{IL} = 0.8 V ²	ΙL	-1.0	0.09	1	μA
Signal high input current, V _{IH} = 2.0 V ²	I _H	-1.0	0.09	1	μA
Output high voltage, $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$, except open drain pins	V _{OH}	2.0	3.0	_	V
Output low voltage, I _{OL} = 3.2 mA	V _{OL}	_	0	0.4	V
V _{CCSYN} PLL supply current	I _{VCCSYN}	_	2	4	mA
Internal supply current: • Wait mode • Stop mode	I _{DDW} I _{DDS}		375 ³ 290 ³	_	mA mA
Typical power 400 MHz at 1.2 V ⁴	Р	_	1.15	_	W

Notes: 1. See Figure 5 for undershoot and overshoot voltages.

- Not tested. Guaranteed by design.
- 3. Measured for 1.2 V core at 25°C junction temperature.
- 4. The typical power values were measured using an EFR code with the device running at a junction temperature of 25°C. No peripherals were enabled and the ICache was not enabled. The source code was optimized to use all the ALUs and AGUs and all four cores. It was created using CodeWarrior[®] 2.5. These values are provided as examples only. Power consumption is application dependent and varies widely. To assure proper board design with regard to thermal dissipation and maintaining proper operating temperatures, evaluate power consumption for your application and use the design guidelines in Chapter 4 of this document and in MSC8102, MSC8122, and MSC8126 Thermal Management Design Guidelines (AN2601).



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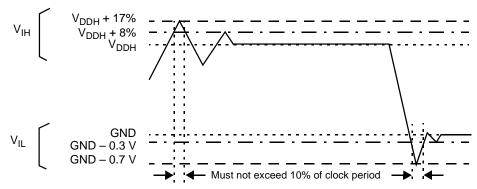


Figure 5. Overshoot/Undershoot Voltage for VIH and VIL

2.5 AC Timings

The following sections include illustrations and tables of clock diagrams, signals, and parallel I/O outputs and inputs. When systems such as DSP farms are developed using the DSI, use a device loading of 4 pF per pin. AC timings are based on a 20 pF load, except where noted otherwise, and a 50 Ω transmission line. For loads smaller than 20 pF, subtract 0.06 ns per pF down to 10 pF load. For loads larger than 20 pF, add 0.06 ns for SIU/Ethernet/DSI delay and 0.07 ns for GPIO/TDM/timer delay. When calculating overall loading, also consider additional RC delay.

2.5.1 Output Buffer Impedances

Table 6. Output Buffer Impedances

Output Buffers	Typical Impedance (Ω)
System bus	50
Memory controller 50	
Parallel I/O	50
Note: These are typical values at 65°C. The impedance may vary	by ±25% depending on device process and operating temperature.

2.5.2 Start-Up Timing

Starting the device requires coordination among several input sequences including clocking, reset, and power. **Section 2.5.3** describes the clocking characteristics. **Section 2.5.4** describes the reset and power-up characteristics. You must use the following guidelines when starting up an MSC8122 device:

- PORESET and TRST must be asserted externally for the duration of the power-up sequence. See **Table 11** for timing.
- If possible, bring up the V_{DD} and V_{DDH} levels together. For designs with separate power supplies, bring up the V_{DD} levels and then the V_{DDH} levels (see **Figure 7**).
- CLKIN should start toggling at least 16 cycles (starting after V_{DDH} reaches its nominal level) before PORESET deassertion to guarantee correct device operation (see **Figure 6** and **Figure 7**).
- CLKIN must not be pulled high during V_{DDH} power-up. CLKIN can toggle during this period.

Note: See **Section 3.1** for start-up sequencing recommendations and **Section 3.2** for power supply design recommendations.

The following figures show acceptable start-up sequence examples. **Figure 6** shows a sequence in which V_{DD} and V_{DDH} are raised together. **Figure 7** shows a sequence in which V_{DDH} is raised after V_{DD} and CLKIN begins to toggle as V_{DDH} rises.

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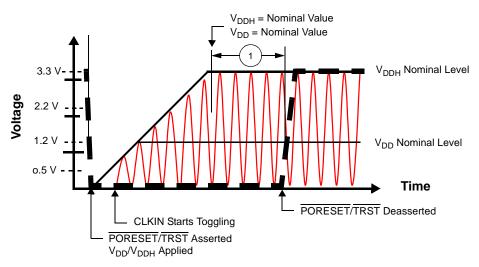


Figure 6. Start-Up Sequence: V_{DD} and V_{DDH} Raised Together

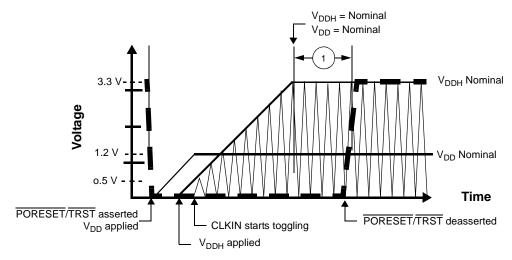


Figure 7. Start-Up Sequence: V_{DD} Raised Before V_{DDH} with CLKIN Started with V_{DDH}

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In all cases, the power-up sequence must follow the guidelines shown in Figure 8.

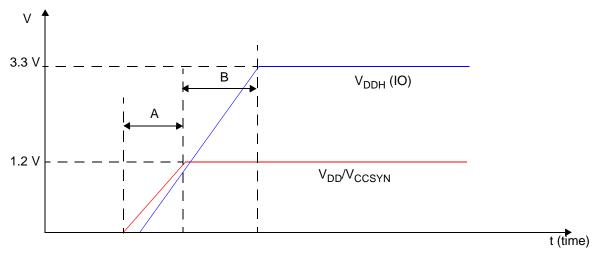


Figure 8. Power-Up Sequence for V_{DDH} and V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN}

The following rules apply:

- 1. During time interval A, V_{DDH} should always be equal to or less than the V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} voltage level. The duration of interval A should be kept below 10 ms.
- 2. The duration of timing interval B should be kept as small as possible and less than 10 ms.

2.5.3 Clock and Timing Signals

The following sections include a description of clock signal characteristics. **Table 7** shows the maximum frequency values for internal (Core, Reference, Bus, and DSI) and external (CLKIN and CLKOUT) clocks. The user must ensure that maximum frequency values are not exceeded.

Table 7. Maximum Frequencies

Characteristic Maximum Frequencies

Characteristic	Maximum in MHz
Core frequency	300/400/500
Reference frequency (REFCLK)	100/133/166
Internal bus frequency (BLCK)	100/133/166
DSI clock frequency (HCLKIN)	
Core frequency = 300 MHz	HCLKIN ≤ (min{70 MHz, CLKOUT})
Core frequency = 400/500 MHz	HCLKIN ≤ (min{100 MHz, CLKOUT})
External clock frequency (CLKIN or CLKOUT)	100/133/166

Table 8. Clock Frequencies

Characteristics	County of	300 MH	300 MHz Device		400 MHz Device		z Device
Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
CLKIN frequency	F _{CLKIN}	20	100	20	133.3	20	166.7
BCLK frequency	F _{BCLK}	40	100	40	133.3	40	166.7
Reference clock (REFCLK) frequency	F _{REFCLK}	40	100	40	133.3	40	166.7
Output clock (CLKOUT) frequency	F _{CLKOUT}	40	100	40	133.3	40	166.7
SC140 core clock frequency	F _{CORE}	200	300	200	400	200	500
Note: The rise and fall time of external	clocks should be	3 ns maximu	ım	•	•		•

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Table 9. System Clock Parameters

Characteristic	Min	Max	Unit
Phase jitter between BCLK and CLKIN	_	0.3	ns
CLKIN frequency	20	see Table 8	MHz
CLKIN slope	_	3	ns
CLKIN period jitter ¹	_	150	ps
CLKIN jitter spectrum	150	_	KHz
PLL input clock (after predivider)	20	100	MHz
PLL output frequency (VCO output) • 300 MHz core • 400 MHz core • 500 MHz core	800	1200 1600 2000	MHz MHz MHz MHz
CLKOUT frequency jitter ¹	_	200	ps
CLKOUT phase jitter ¹ with CLKIN phase jitter of ±100 ps.	_	500	ps

2.5.4 Reset Timing

The MSC8122 has several inputs to the reset logic:

- Power-on reset (PORESET)
- External hard reset (HRESET)
- External soft reset (SRESET)
- Software watchdog reset
- Bus monitor reset
- Host reset command through JTAG

All MSC8122 reset sources are fed into the reset controller, which takes different actions depending on the source of the reset. The reset status register indicates the most recent sources to cause a reset. **Table 10** describes the reset sources.

Table 10. Reset Sources

Name	Direction	Description
Power-on reset (PORESET)	Input	Initiates the power-on reset flow that resets the MSC8122 and configures various attributes of the MSC8122. On PORESET, the entire MSC8122 device is reset. SPLL states is reset, HRESET and SRESET are driven, the SC140 extended cores are reset, and system configuration is sampled. The clock mode (MODCK bits), reset configuration mode, boot mode, Chip ID, and use of either a DSI 64 bits port or a System Bus 64 bits port are configured only when PORESET is asserted.
External hard reset (HRESET)	Input/ Output	Initiates the hard reset flow that configures various attributes of the MSC8122. While HRESET is asserted, SRESET is also asserted. HRESET is an open-drain pin. Upon hard reset, HRESET and SRESET are driven, the SC140 extended cores are reset, and system configuration is sampled. The most configurable features are reconfigured. These features are defined in the 32-bit hard reset configuration word described in Hard Reset Configuration Word section of the Reset chapter in the MSC8122 Reference Manual.
External soft reset (SRESET)	Input/ Output	Initiates the soft reset flow. The MSC8122 detects an external assertion of SRESET only if it occurs while the MSC8122 is not asserting reset. SRESET is an open-drain pin. Upon soft reset, SRESET is driven, the SC140 extended cores are reset, and system configuration is maintained.
Software watchdog reset	Internal	When the MSC8122 watchdog count reaches zero, a software watchdog reset is signalled. The enabled software watchdog event then generates an internal hard reset sequence.
Bus monitor reset	Internal	When the MSC8122 bus monitor count reaches zero, a bus monitor hard reset is asserted. The enabled bus monitor event then generates an internal hard reset sequence.
Host reset command through the TAP	Internal	When a host reset command is written through the Test Access Port (TAP), the TAP logic asserts the soft reset signal and an internal soft reset sequence is generated.

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Table 11 summarizes the reset actions that occur as a result of the different reset sources.

Table 11. Reset Actions for Each Reset Source

Reset Action/Reset Source	Power-On Reset (PORESET)	Hard Reset (HRESET)	Soft	Reset (SRESET)
Reset Action/Reset Source	External only	External or Internal (Software Watchdog or Bus Monitor)	External	JTAG Command: EXTEST, CLAMP, or HIGHZ
Configuration pins sampled (Refer to Section 2.5.4.1 for details).	Yes	No	No	No
SPLL state reset	Yes	No	No	No
System reset configuration write through the DSI	Yes	No	No	No
System reset configuration write though the system bus	Yes	Yes	No	No
HRESET driven	Yes	Yes	No	No
SIU registers reset	Yes	Yes	No	No
IPBus modules reset (TDM, UART, Timers, DSI, IPBus master, GIC, HS, and GPIO)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SRESET driven	Yes	Yes	Yes	Depends on command
SC140 extended cores reset	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
MQBS reset	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

2.5.4.1 Power-On Reset (PORESET) Pin

Asserting $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ initiates the power-on reset flow. $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ must be asserted externally for at least 16 CLKIN cycles after V_{DD} and V_{DDH} are both at their nominal levels.

2.5.4.2 Reset Configuration

The MSC8122 has two mechanisms for writing the reset configuration:

- Through the direct slave interface (DSI)
- Through the system bus. When the reset configuration is written through the system bus, the MSC8122 acts as a configuration master or a configuration slave. If configuration slave is selected, but no special configuration word is written, a default configuration word is applied.

Fourteen signal levels (see **Chapter 1** for signal description details) are sampled on PORESET deassertion to define the Reset Configuration Mode and boot and operating conditions:

- RSTCONF
- CNFGS
- DSISYNC
- DSI64
- CHIP_ID[0-3]
- BM[0-2]
- SWTE
- MODCK[1–2]



2.5.4.3 **Reset Timing Tables**

Table 12 and Figure 9 describe the reset timing for a reset configuration write through the direct slave interface (DSI) or through the system bus.

Table 12. Timing for a Reset Configuration Write through the DSI or System Bus

No.	Characteristics	Expression	Min	Max	Unit
1	Required external PORESET duration minimum CLKIN = 20 MHz CLKIN = 100 MHz (300 MHz core) CLKIN = 133 MHz (400 MHz core) CLKIN = 166 MHz (500 MHz core)	16/CLKIN	800 160 120 96	_ _ _ _	ns ns ns
2	Delay from deassertion of external PORESET to deassertion of internal PORESET • CLKIN = 20 MHz to 166 MHz	1024/CLKIN	6.17	51.2	μs
3	Delay from de-assertion of internal PORESET to SPLL lock CLKIN = 20 MHz (RDF = 1) CLKIN = 100 MHz (RDF = 1) (300 MHz core) CLKIN = 133 MHz (RDF = 2) (400 MHz core) CLKIN = 166 MHz (RDF = 2) (500 MHz core)	6400/(CLKIN/RDF) (PLL reference clock-division factor)	320 64 96 77	320 64 96 77	hs hs hs
5	Delay from SPLL to HRESET deassertion • REFCLK = 40 MHz to 166 MHz	512/REFCLK	3.08	12.8	μs
6	Delay from SPLL lock to SRESET deassertion • REFCLK = 40 MHz to 166 MHz	515/REFCLK	3.10	12.88	μs
7	Setup time from assertion of RSTCONF, CNFGS, DSISYNC, DSI64, CHIP_ID[0–3], BM[0–2], SWTE, and MODCK[1–2] before deassertion of PORESET		3	_	ns
8	Hold time from deassertion of PORESET to deassertion of RSTCONF, CNFGS, DSISYNC, DSI64, CHIP_ID[0–3], BM[0–2], SWTE, and MODCK[1–2]		5	_	ns
Note:	Timings are not tested, but are guaranteed by design.	_	-		

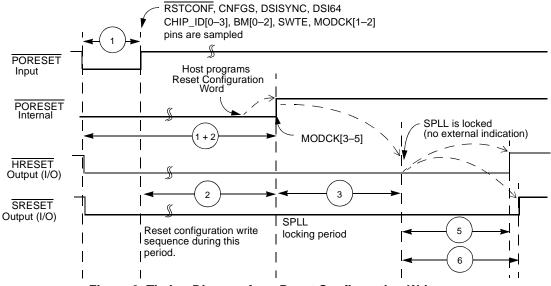


Figure 9. Timing Diagram for a Reset Configuration Write

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2.5.5 System Bus Access Timing

2.5.5.1 Core Data Transfers

Generally, all MSC8122 bus and system output signals are driven from the rising edge of the reference clock (REFCLK). The REFCLK is the CLKIN signal. Memory controller signals, however, trigger on four points within a REFCLK cycle. Each cycle is divided by four internal ticks: T1, T2, T3, and T4. T1 always occurs at the rising edge of REFCLK (and T3 at the falling edge), but the spacing of T2 and T4 depends on the PLL clock ratio selected, as **Table 13** shows.

Table 13. Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

PCLV/SC140 alaak	Tick Spacing (T1 Occurs at the Rising Edge of REFCLK)					
BCLK/SC140 clock	T2	Т3	T4			
1:4, 1:6, 1:8, 1:10	1/4 REFCLK	1/2 REFCLK	3/4 REFCLK			
1:3	1/6 REFCLK	1/2 REFCLK	4/6 REFCLK			
1:5	2/10 REFCLK	1/2 REFCLK	7/10 REFCLK			

Figure 10 is a graphical representation of Table 13.

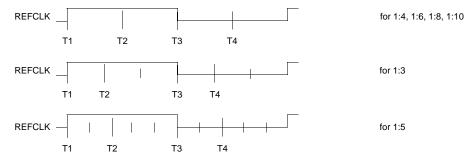


Figure 10. Internal Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

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The UPM machine and GPCM machine outputs change on the internal tick selected by the memory controller configuration. The AC timing specifications are relative to the internal tick. SDRAM machine outputs change only on the REFCLK rising edge.

Table 14. AC Timing for SIU Inputs

		٧	alue for	Bus Spe	ed in MHz	
		R	ef = CLK	IN	Ref = CLKOUT	
No.	Characteristic	1.1 V	1.2 V	1.2 V	1.2 V	Units
		100/ 133	133	166	133	
10	Hold time for all signals after the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	ns
11a	ARTRY/ABB set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.0	ns
11b	DBG/DBB/BG/BR/TC set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	3.6	3.3	3.3	3.3	ns
11c	AACK set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	ns
11d	TA/TEA/PSDVAL set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge					
	Data-pipeline mode Non-pipeline mode	3.5 4.4	3.4 4.0	3.4 4.0	3.4 4.0	ns ns
12	Data bus set-up time before REFCLK rising edge in Normal mode • Data-pipeline mode • Non-pipeline mode	1.9 4.2	1.8 4.0	1.7 4.0	1.8 4.0	ns ns
13 ¹	Data bus set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge in ECC and PARITY modes Data-pipeline mode Non-pipeline mode	2.0 8.2	2.0 7.3	2.0 7.3	2.0 7.3	ns ns
14 ¹	DP set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge Data-pipeline mode Non-pipeline mode	2.0 7.9	2.0 6.1	2.0 6.1	2.0 6.1	ns ns
15a	TS and Address bus set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge Extra cycle mode (SIUBCR[EXDD] = 0) No extra cycle mode (SIUBCR[EXDD] = 1)	4.2 5.5	3.8 5.0	3.8 5.0	3.8 5.0	ns ns
15b	Address attributes: TT/TBST/TSZ/GBL set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge Extra cycle mode (SIUBCR[EXDD] = 0) No extra cycle mode (SIUBCR[EXDD] = 1)	3.7 4.8	3.5 4.4	3.5 4.4	3.5 4.4	ns ns
16	PUPMWAIT signal set-up time before the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	ns
17	IRQx setup time before the 50% level; of the REFCLK rising edge ³	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	ns
18	IRQx minimum pulse width ³	6.0 + T _{REFCLK}	6.0 + T _{REFCLK}	6.0 + T _{REFCLK}	6.0 + T _{REFCLK}	ns

Notes:

- 1. Timings specifications 13 and 14 in non-pipeline mode are more restrictive than MSC8102 timings.
- 2. Values are measured from the 50% TTL transition level relative to the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge.

3. Guaranteed by design.

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Table 15. AC Timing for SIU Outputs

		V	alue for	Bus Spe	ed in MHz ³		
		R	ef = CLK	IN	Ref = CLKOUT		
No.	Characteristic	1.1 V	1.2 V	1.2 V	1.2 V	Units	
		100/ 133	133	166	100/133		
30 ²	Minimum delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK for all signals	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.0	ns	
31	PSDVAL/TEA/TA max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	6.0	4.9	4.9	5.8	ns	
32a	Address bus max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge • Multi-master mode (SIUBCR[EBM] = 1) • Single-master mode (SIUBCR[EBM] = 0)	6.4 5.3	5.5 4.2	5.5 3.9	6.4 5.1	ns ns	
32b	Address attributes: TT[0–1]/TBST/TSZ/GBL max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	6.4	5.1	5.1	6.0	ns	
32c	Address attributes: TT[2–4]/TC max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	6.9	5.7	5.7	6.6	ns	
32d	BADDR max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	5.2	4.2	4.2	5.1	ns	
33a	Data bus max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge Data-pipeline mode Non-pipeline mode	4.8 7.1	3.9 6.1	3.7 6.1	4.8 7.0	ns ns	
33b	DP max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge Data-pipeline mode Non-pipeline mode	6.0 7.5	5.3 6.5	5.3 6.5	6.2 7.4	ns ns	
34	Memory controller signals/ALE/CS[0-4] max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	5.1	4.2	3.9	5.1	ns	
35a	DBG/BG/BR/DBB max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	6.0	4.7	4.7	5.6	ns	
35b	AACK/ABB/TS/CS[5–7] max delay from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	5.5	4.5	4.5	5.4	ns	

Notes:

- 1. Values are measured from the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge to the 50% signal level and assume a 20 pF load except where otherwise specified.
- 2. Except for specification 30, which is specified for a 10 pF load, all timings in this table are specified for a 20 pF load. Decreasing the load results in a timing decrease at the rate of 0.3 ns per 5 pF decrease in load. Increasing the load results in a timing increase at the rate of 0.15 ns per 5 pF increase in load.
- 3. The maximum bus frequency depends on the mode:
 - In 60x-compatible mode connected to another MSC8122 device, the frequency is determined by adding the input and output longest timing values, which results in the total delay for 20 pF output capacitance. You must also account for other influences that can affect timing, such as on-board clock skews, on-board noise delays, and so on.
 - In single-master mode, the frequency depends on the timing of the devices connected to the MSC8122.
 - To achieve maximum performance on the bus in single-master mode, disable the DBB signal by writing a 1 to the SIUMCR[BDD] bit. See the SIU chapter in the MSC8122 Reference Manual for details.

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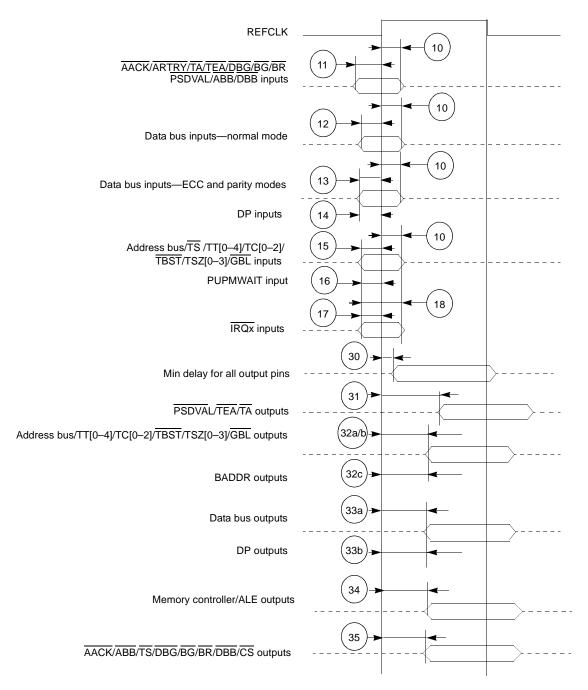


Figure 11. SIU Timing Diagram



2.5.5.2 CLKIN to CLKOUT Skew

Table 17 describes the CLKOUT-to-CLKIN skew timing.

Table 16. CLKOUT Skew

No.	Characteristic	Min ¹	Max ¹	Units
20	Rise-to-rise skew			
	• V _{DD} = 1.1 V	0.0	0.95	ns
	• V _{DD} = 1.2 V	0.0	0.85	ns
21	Fall-to-fall skew			
	• V _{DD} = 1.1 V	-1.5	1.0	ns
	• V _{DD} = 1.2 V	-0.8	1.0	ns
22	CLKOUT phase (1.2 V, 133 MHz)			
	Phase high	2.8	_	ns
	Phase low	2.8	_	ns
23	CLKOUT phase (1.1 V, 133 MHz)			
	Phase high	2.2	_	ns
	Phase low	2.2	_	ns
24	CLKOUT phase (1.1 V, 100 MHz)			
	Phase high	3.3	_	ns
	Phase low	3.3	_	ns
Notes:	1. A positive number indicates that CLKOUT precedes CLKIN, A negative n	number indicates that C	LKOUT follows CL	KIN.
	2. Skews are measured in clock mode 29, with a CLKIN:CLKOUT ratio of 1	:1. The same skew is v	alid for all clock mo	odes.
	CLKOUT skews are measured using a load of 10 pF.			
	4. CLKOUT skews and phase are not measured for 500/166 Mhz parts bec	ause these parts only	use CLKIN mode.	

For designs that use the CLKOUT synchronization mode, use the skew values listed in **Table 16** to adjust the rise-to-fall timing values specified for CLKIN synchronization. **Figure 12** shows the relationship between the CLKOUT and CLKIN timings.

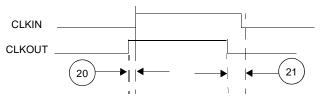


Figure 12. CLKOUT and CLKIN Signals.



2.5.5.3 DMA Data Transfers

Table 17 describes the DMA signal timing.

Table 17. DMA Signals

No.	Characteristic	Ref = CLKIN		Ref = CLKOUT (1.2 V only)		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
37	DREQ set-up time before the 50% level of the falling edge of REFCLK	5.0	_	5.0	_	ns
38	DREQ hold time after the 50% level of the falling edge of REFCLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns
39	DONE set-up time before the 50% level of the rising edge of REFCLK	5.0	_	5.0	_	ns
40	DONE hold time after the 50% level of the rising edge of REFCLK	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns
41	DACK/DRACK/DONE delay after the 50% level of the REFCLK rising edge	0.5	7.5	0.5	8.4	ns

The DREQ signal is synchronized with REFCLK. To achieve fast response, a synchronized peripheral should assert DREQ according to the timings in **Table 17**. **Figure 13** shows synchronous peripheral interaction.

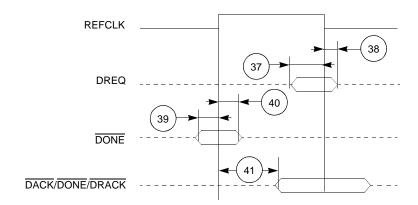


Figure 13. DMA Signals

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2.5.6 DSI Timing

The timings in the following sections are based on a 20 pF capacitive load.

2.5.6.1 DSI Asynchronous Mode

Table 18. DSI Asynchronous Mode Timing

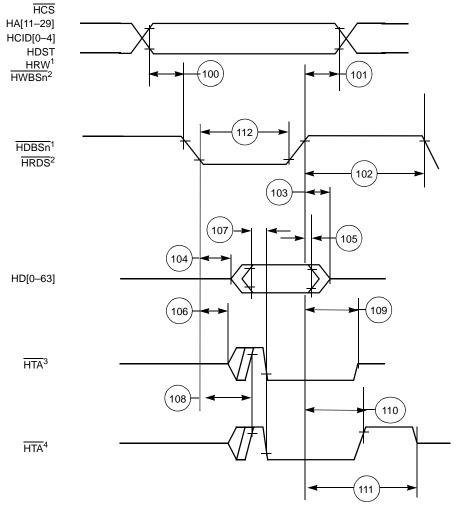
No.	Characteristics	Min	Max	Unit
100	Attributes [†] set-up time before strobe (HWBS[n]) assertion	1.5	_	ns
101	Attributes ¹ hold time after data strobe deassertion	1.3	_	ns
102	Read/Write data strobe deassertion width: • DCR[HTAAD] = 1		_	
	Consecutive access to the same DSI	1.8 + T _{REFCLK}		ns
	— Different device with DCR[HTADT] = 01	5 + T _{REFCLK}		ns
	Different device with DCR[HTADT] = 10 Different device with DCR[HTADT] = 11	5 + (1.5 × T _{REFCLK})		ns
	DOR[HTAD] = 0 DOR[HTAD] = 0	5 + (2.5 × T _{REFCLK}) 1.8 + T _{REFCLK}		ns ns
103	Read data strobe deassertion to output data high impedance	- REFCLK	8.5	ns
103	Read data strobe deassertion to output data high impedance	2.0	- O.O	ns
104	Output data shold time after read data strobe deassertion	2.2	<u> </u>	_
105	<u> </u>	2.2		ns
	Read/Write data strobe assertion to HTA active from high impedance	ļ.		ns
107	Output data valid to HTA assertion	3.2	_	ns
108	Read/Write data strobe assertion to HTA valid ² • 1.1 V core		7.4	
	• 1.1 V core • 1.2 V core		7.4 6.7	ns ns
109	Read/Write data strobe deassertion to output HTA high impedance.		6.5	ns
109	(DCR[HTAAD] = 0, HTA at end of access released at logic 0)	_	0.5	115
110	Read/Write data strobe deassertion to output HTA deassertion. (DCR[HTAAD] = 1, HTA at end of access released at logic 1)	_	6.5	ns
111	Read/Write data strobe deassertion to output HTA high impedance. (DCR[HTAAD] = 1, HTA at end of access released at logic 1	_		
	• DCR[HTADT] = 01		5 + T _{REFCLK}	ns
	DCR[HTADT] = 10 DOBULTADTI		5 + (1.5 × T _{REFCLK})	ns
	• DCR[HTADT] = 11		$5 + (2.5 \times T_{REFCLK})$	ns
112	Read/Write data strobe assertion width	1.8 + T _{REFCLK}	_	ns
201	Host data input set-up time before write data strobe deassertion	1.0	_	ns
202	Host data input hold time after write data strobe deassertion			
	• 1.1 V core	1.7	_	ns
Neder	• 1.2 V core	1.5	_	ns

Notes:

- 1. Attributes refers to the following signals: HCS, HA[11–29], HCID[0–4], HDST, HRW, HRDS, and HWBSn.
- 2. This specification is tested in dual-strobe mode. Timing in single-strobe mode is guaranteed by design.
- 3. All values listed in this table are tested or guaranteed by design.



Figure 14 shows DSI asynchronous read signals timing.



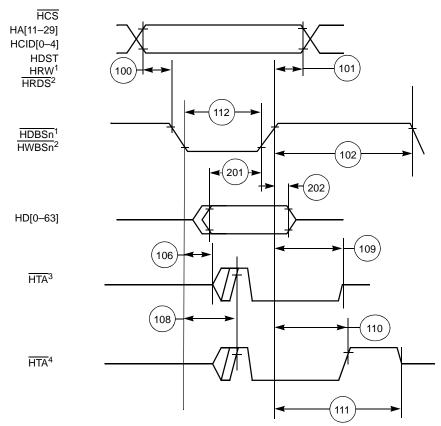
Notes:

- 1. Used for single-strobe mode access.
- 2. Used for dual-strobe mode access.
- HTA released at logic 0 (DCR[HTAAD] = 0) at end of access; used with pull-down implementation.
- HTA released at logic 1 (DCR[HTAAD] = 1) at end of access; used with pull-up implementation.

Figure 14. Asynchronous Single- and Dual-Strobe Modes Read Timing Diagram

rical Characteristics

Figure 15 shows DSI asynchronous write signals timing.

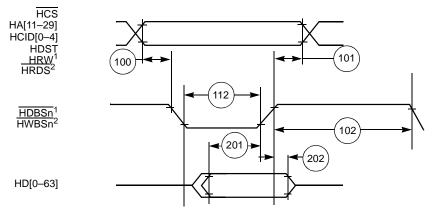


Notes: 1.

- Used for single-strobe mode access.
 - 2. Used for dual-strobe mode access.
 - HTA released at logic 0 (DCR[HTAAD] = 0) at end of access; used with pull-down implementation. 3.
 - HTA released at logic 1 (DCR[HTAAD] = 1) at end of access; used with pull-up implementation.

Figure 15. Asynchronous Single- and Dual-Strobe Modes Write Timing Diagram

Figure 16 shows DSI asynchronous broadcast write signals timing.



Notes:

- Used for single-strobe mode access.
- Used for dual-strobe mode access.

Figure 16. Asynchronous Broadcast Write Timing Diagram



DSI Synchronous Mode 2.5.6.2

Table 19. DSI Inputs in Synchronous Mode

No.	Characteristic	Everencian	1.1 V Core		1.2 V Core		Units
NO.	Characteristic	Expression	Min	Max	Min	Max	Ullits
120	HCLKIN cycle time ^{1,2}	HTC	10.0	55.6	10.0	55.6	ns
121	HCLKIN high pulse width	$(0.5 \pm 0.1) \times HTC$	4.0	33.3	4.0	33.3	ns
122	HCLKIN low pulse width	$(0.5 \pm 0.1) \times HTC$	4.0	33.3	4.0	33.3	ns
123	HA[11–29] inputs set-up time	_	1.2	_	1.2	_	ns
124	HD[0-63] inputs set-up time	_	0.6	_	0.4	_	ns
125	HCID[0-4] inputs set-up time	_	1.3	_	1.3	_	ns
126	All other inputs set-up time	_	1.2	_	1.2	_	ns
127	All inputs hold time	_	1.5	_	1.5	_	ns
Notes:	1. Values are based on a frequency range of 18–100 MHz.						

- Refer to Table 7 for HCLKIN frequency limits.

Table 20. DSI Outputs in Synchronous Mode

No.	Characteristic	1.1 V Co	1.1 V Core		1.2 V Core		Units
NO.		Min	Max	Min	Max	Offics	
128	HCLKIN high to HD[0-63] output active	2.0	_	2.0	_	ns	
129	HCLKIN high to HD[0–63] output valid	_	7.6	_	6.3	ns	
130	HD[0–63] output hold time	1.7	_	1.7	_	ns	
131	HCLKIN high to HD[0–63] output high impedance	_	8.3	_	7.6	ns	
132	HCLKIN high to HTA output active	2.2	_	2.0	_	ns	
133	HCLKIN high to HTA output valid	_	7.4	_	5.9	ns	
134	HTA output hold time	1.7	_	1.7		ns	
135	HCLKIN high to HTA high impedance	_	7.5	_	6.3	ns	

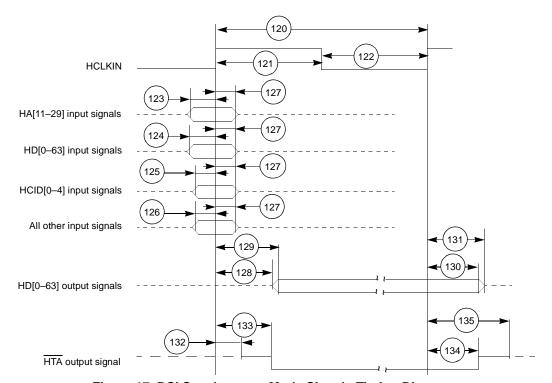


Figure 17. DSI Synchronous Mode Signals Timing Diagram

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2.5.7 TDM Timing

Table 21. TDM Timing

Na	Characteristic	F	1.1 V Core		1.2 V Core		Units
No.	Characteristic	Expression	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
300	TDMxRCLK/TDMxTCLK	TC ¹	16	_	16	_	ns
301	TDMxRCLK/TDMxTCLK high pulse width	$(0.5 \pm 0.1) \times TC$	7	_	7	_	ns
302	TDMxRCLK/TDMxTCLK low pulse width	$(0.5 \pm 0.1) \times TC$	7	_	7	_	ns
303	TDM receive all input set-up time		1.3	_	1.3	_	ns
304	TDM receive all input hold time		1.0	_	1.0	_	ns
305	TDMxTCLK high to TDMxTDAT/TDMxRCLK output active ^{2,3}		2.8	_	2.8	_	ns
306	TDMxTCLK high to TDMxTDAT/TDMxRCLK output		_	10.0	_	8.8	ns
307	All output hold time ⁴		2.5	_	2.5	_	ns
308	TDMxTCLK high to TDmXTDAT/TDMxRCLK output high impedance ^{2,3}		_	10.7	_	10.5	ns
309	TDMxTCLK high to TDMXTSYN output valid ²		_	9.7	_	8.5	ns
310	TDMxTSYN output hold time ⁴		2.5	_	2.5	_	ns

Notes:

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- Values are based on a a maximum frequency of 62.5 MHz. The TDM interface supports any frequency below 62.5 MHz.
 Devices operating at 300 MHz are limited to a maximum TDMxRCLK/TDMxTCLK frequency of 50 MHz.
- 2. Values are based on 20 pF capacitive load.
- 3. When configured as an output, TDMxRCLK acts as a second data link. See the MSC8122 Reference Manual for details.
- 4. Values are based on 10 pF capacitive load.

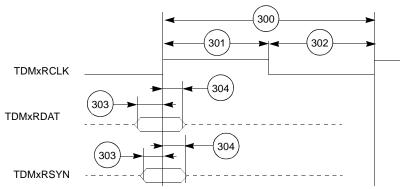


Figure 18. TDM Inputs Signals

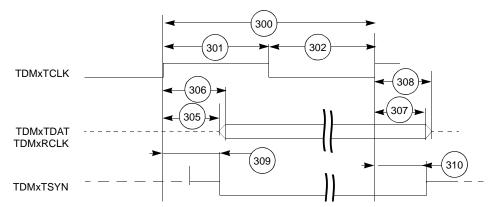


Figure 19. TDM Output Signals

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2.5.8 UART Timing

Table 22. UART Timing

No.	Characteristics	Expression	Min	Max	Unit
400	URXD and UTXD inputs high/low duration	16 × T _{REFCLK}	160.0	_	ns
401	URXD and UTXD inputs rise/fall time			10	ns
402	UTXD output rise/fall time			10	ns

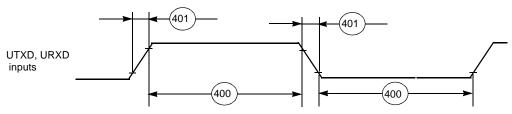


Figure 20. UART Input Timing

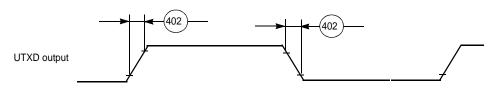


Figure 21. UART Output Timing



2.5.9 Timer Timing

Table 23. Timer Timing

No.	Characteristics	Ref =	Unit	
NO.		Min	Max	Oilit
500	TIMERx frequency	10.0	_	ns
501	TIMERx Input high period	4.0	_	ns
502	TIMERx Output low period	4.0	_	ns
503	TIMERx Propagations delay from its clock input			
	• 1.1 V core	3.1	9.5	ns
	1.2 V core	2.8	8.1	ns

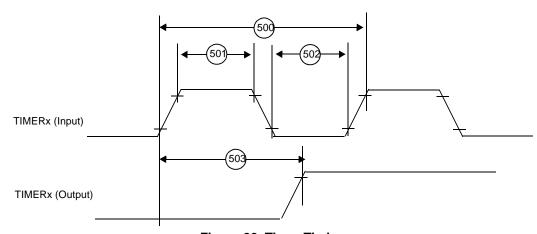


Figure 22. Timer Timing

2.5.10 Ethernet Timing

2.5.10.1 Management Interface Timing

Table 24. Ethernet Controller Management Interface Timing

No.	Characteristics	Min	Max	Unit
801	ETHMDIO to ETHMDC rising edge set-up time	10		ns
802	ETHMDC rising edge to ETHMDIO hold time	10	_	ns

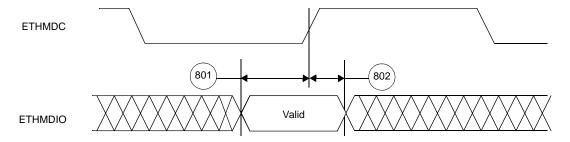


Figure 23. MDIO Timing Relationship to MDC

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2.5.10.2 MII Mode Timing

Table 25. MII Mode Signal Timing

No.	Characteristics	Min	Max	Unit
803	ETHRX_DV, ETHRXD[0-3], ETHRX_ER to ETHRX_CLK rising edge set-up time	3.5	_	ns
804	ETHRX_CLK rising edge to ETHRX_DV, ETHRXD[0–3], ETHRX_ER hold time	3.5	_	ns
805	ETHTX_CLK to ETHTX_EN, ETHTXD[0-3], ETHTX_ER output delay			
	• 1.1 V core	1	14.6	ns
	• 1.2 V core	1	12.6	ns

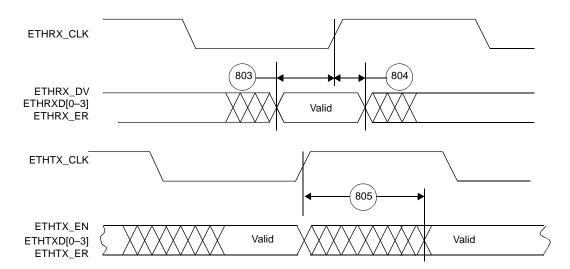


Figure 24. MII Mode Signal Timing

2.5.10.3 RMII Mode

Table 26. RMII Mode Signal Timing

No.	Characteristics	Characteristics 1.1 V Co		1.1 V Core		1.2 V Core		Unit
NO.	Cital acteristics			Min	Max	Onit		
806	ETHTX_EN,ETHRXD[0-1], ETHCRS_DV, ETHRX_ER to ETHREF_CLK rising edge set-up time	1.6	_	2	_	ns		
807	ETHREF_CLK rising edge to ETHRXD[0–1], ETHCRS_DV, ETHRX_ER hold time	1.6	_	1.6	_	ns		
811	ETHREF_CLK rising edge to ETHTXD[0-1], ETHTX_EN output delay.	3	12.5	3	11	ns		

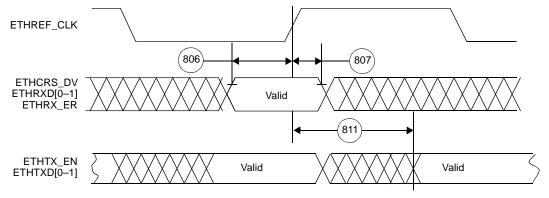


Figure 25. RMII Mode Signal Timing

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2.5.10.4 SMII Mode

Table 27. SMII Mode Signal Timing

No.	Characteristics	Min	Max	Unit
808	ETHSYNC_IN, ETHRXD to ETHCLOCK rising edge set-up time	1.0	_	ns
809	ETHCLOCK rising edge to ETHSYNC_IN, ETHRXD hold time	1.0	_	ns
810	 ETHCLOCK rising edge to ETHSYNC, ETHTXD output delay 1.1 V core. 1.2 V core. 	1.5 ¹ 1.5 ¹	6.0 ² 5.0 ²	ns ns
Notes:	1. Measured using a 5 pF load. 2. Measured using a 15 pF load.			

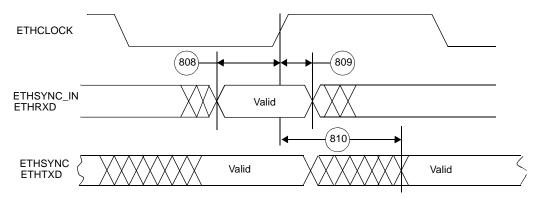


Figure 26. SMII Mode Signal Timing

2.5.11 GPIO Timing

Table 28. GPIO Timing

No.	Characteristics		Ref = CLKIN		Ref = CLKOUT (1.2 V only)	
			Max	Min	Max	
601	REFCLK edge to GPIO out valid (GPIO out delay time)	_	6.1	_	6.9	ns
602	REFCLK edge to GPIO out not valid (GPIO out hold time)	1.1	_	1.3	_	ns
603	REFCLK edge to high impedance on GPIO out	_	5.4	_	6.2	ns
604	GPIO in valid to REFCLK edge (GPIO in set-up time)	3.5	_	3.7	_	ns
605	REFCLK edge to GPIO in not valid (GPIO in hold time)	0.5	_	0.5	_	ns



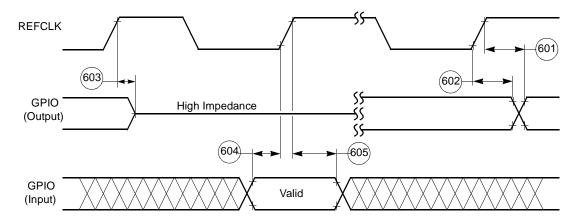


Figure 27. GPIO Timing

2.5.12 EE Signals

Table 29. EE Pin Timing

Number	Characteristics	Туре	Min	
65	EE0 (input)	Asynchronous	4 core clock periods	
66	EE1 (output)	Synchronous to Core clock	1 core clock period	

Notes: 1. The core clock is the SC140 core clock. The ratio between the core clock and CLKOUT is configured during power-on-reset.

2. Refer to Table 1-4 on page 1-6 for details on EE pin functionality.

Figure 28 shows the signal behavior of the EE pins.

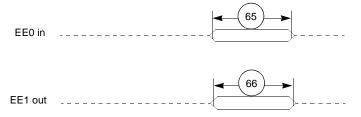


Figure 28. EE Pin Timing

2.5.13 JTAG Signals

Table 30. JTAG Timing

No.	Characteristics		All frequencies	
		Min	Max	
700	TCK frequency of operation (1/($T_C \times 4$); maximum 25 MHz)	0.0	25	MHz
701	TCK cycle time	40.0	_	ns
702	TCK clock pulse width measured at V _M = 1.6 V			
	High	20.0	_	ns
	• Low	16.0	_	ns
703	TCK rise and fall times	0.0	3.0	ns

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Table 30. JTAG Timing (continued)

No.	Characteristics		All frequencies		
			Max		
704	Boundary scan input data set-up time	5.0	_	ns	
705	Boundary scan input data hold time	20.0	_	ns	
706	TCK low to output data valid	0.0	30.0	ns	
707	TCK low to output high impedance	0.0	30.0	ns	
708	TMS, TDI data set-up time	5.0	_	ns	
709	TMS, TDI data hold time	20.0	_	ns	
710	TCK low to TDO data valid	0.0	20.0	ns	
711	TCK low to TDO high impedance	0.0	20.0	ns	
712	TRST assert time	100.0	_	ns	
713	TRST set-up time to TCK low	30.0	_	ns	
Note:	All timings apply to OnCE module data transfers as well as any other transfers via the JTAG port.				

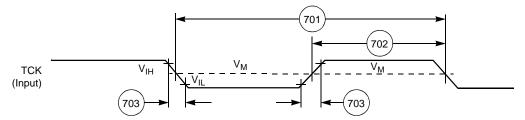


Figure 29. Test Clock Input Timing Diagram

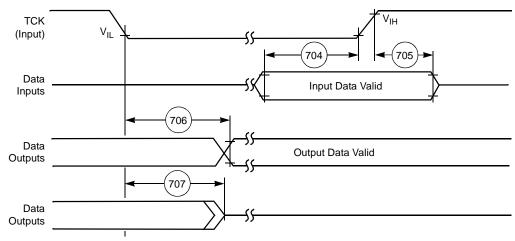


Figure 30. Boundary Scan (JTAG) Timing Diagram



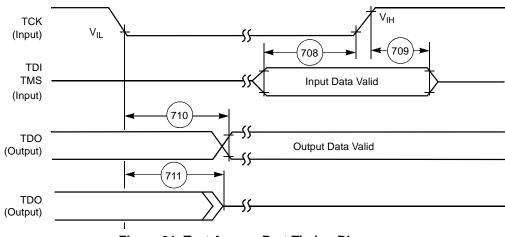


Figure 31. Test Access Port Timing Diagram

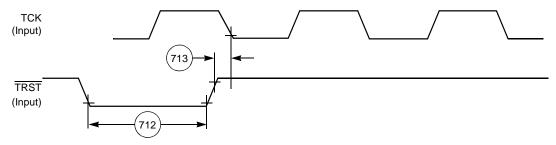


Figure 32. TRST Timing Diagram

3 Hardware Design Considerations

The following sections discuss areas to consider when the MSC8122 device is designed into a system.

3.1 Start-up Sequencing Recommendations

Use the following guidelines for start-up and power-down sequences:

- Assert PORESET and TRST before applying power and keep the signals driven low until the power reaches the required minimum power levels. This can be implemented via weak pull-down resistors.
- CLKIN can be held low or allowed to toggle during the beginning of the power-up sequence. However, CLKIN must start toggling before the deassertion of PORESET and after both power supplies have reached nominal voltage levels.
- If possible, bring up V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} and V_{DDH} together. If it is not possible, raise V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} first and then bring up V_{DDH}. V_{DDH} should not exceed V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} until V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} reaches its nominal voltage level. Similarly, bring both voltage levels down together. If that is not possible reverse the power-up sequence, with V_{DDH} going down first and then V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN}.

Note: This recommended power sequencing for the MSC8122 is different from the MSC8102. See **Section 2.5.2** for start-up timing specifications.

External voltage applied to any input line must not exceed the I/O supply V_{DDH} by more than 0.8 V at any time, including during power-up. Some designs require pull-up voltages applied to selected input lines during power-up for configuration purposes. This is an acceptable exception to the rule. However, each such input can draw up to 80 mA per input pin per device in the system during start-up.

During the power-up sequence, if V_{DD} rises before V_{DDH} (see **Figure 6**), current can pass from the V_{DD} supply through the device ESD protection circuits to the V_{DDH} supply. The ESD protection diode can allow this to occur when V_{DD} exceeds V_{DDH} by more than 0.8 V. Design the power supply to prevent or minimize this effect using one of the following optional methods:

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- Never allow V_{DD} to exceed $V_{DDH} + 0.8V$.
- Design the V_{DDH} supply to prevent reverse current flow by adding a minimum $10~\Omega$ resistor to GND to limit the current. Such a design yields an initial V_{DDH} level of V_{DD} – 0.8 V before it is enabled.

After power-up, V_{DDH} must not exceed V_{DD}/V_{CCSYN} by more than 2.6 V.

3.2 **Power Supply Design Considerations**

When used as a drop-in replacement in MSC8102 applications or when implementing a new design, use the guidelines described in Migrating Designs from the MSC8102 to the MSC8122 (AN2716) and the MSC8122 Design Checklist (AN3374 for optimal system performance. MSC8122 and MSC8126 Power Circuit Design Recommendations and Examples (AN2937) provides detailed design information. See Section 2.5.2 for start-up timing specifications.

Figure 33 shows the recommended power decoupling circuit for the core power supply. The voltage regulator and the decoupling capacitors should supply the required device current without any drop in voltage on the device pins. The voltage on the package pins should not drop below the minimum specified voltage level even for a very short spikes. This can be achieved by using the following guidelines:

- For the core supply, use a voltage regulator rated at 1.2 V with nominal rating of at least 3 A. This rating does not reflect actual average current draw, but is recommended because it resists changes imposed by transient spikes and has better voltage recovery time than supplies with lower current ratings.
- Decouple the supply using low-ESR capacitors mounted as close as possible to the socket. Figure 33 shows three capacitors in parallel to reduce the resistance. Three capacitors is a recommended minimum number. If possible, mount at least one of the capacitors directly below the MSC8122 device.

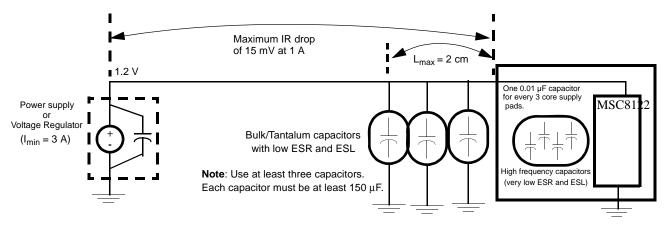


Figure 33. Core Power Supply Decoupling

Each V_{CC} and V_{DD} pin on the MSC8122 device should have a low-impedance path to the board power supply. Similarly, each GND pin should have a low-impedance path to the ground plane. The power supply pins drive distinct groups of logic on the chip. The V_{CC} power supply should have at least four 0.1 μ F by-pass capacitors to ground located as closely as possible to the four sides of the package. The capacitor leads and associated printed circuit traces connecting to chip V_{CC}, V_{DD}, and GND should be kept to less than half an inch per capacitor lead. A four-layer board is recommended, employing two inner layers as V_{CC} and GND planes.

All output pins on the MSC8122 have fast rise and fall times. PCB trace interconnection length should be minimized to minimize undershoot and reflections caused by these fast output switching times. This recommendation particularly applies to the address and data buses. Maximum PCB trace lengths of six inches are recommended. For the DSI control signals in synchronous mode, ensure that the layout supports the DSI AC timing requirements and minimizes any signal crosstalk. Capacitance calculations should consider all device loads as well as parasitic capacitances due to the PCB traces. Attention to proper PCB layout and bypassing becomes especially critical in systems with higher capacitive loads because these loads create higher transient currents in the V_{CC}, V_{DD}, and GND circuits. Pull up all unused inputs or signals that will be inputs during reset.

Special care should be taken to minimize the noise levels on the PLL supply pins. There is one pair of PLL supply pins: V_{CCSYN} -GND_{SYN}. To ensure internal clock stability, filter the power to the V_{CCSYN} input with a circuit similar to the one in

Hardware Design Considerations

Figure 34. For optimal noise filtering, place the circuit as close as possible to V_{CCSYN} . The 0.01-μF capacitor should be closest to V_{CCSYN} , followed by the 10-μF capacitor, the 10-nH inductor, and finally the 10-Ω resistor to V_{DD} . These traces should be kept short and direct. Provide an extremely low impedance path to the ground plane for GND_{SYN} . Bypass GND_{SYN} to V_{CCSYN} by a 0.01-μF capacitor located as close as possible to the chip package. For best results, place this capacitor on the backside of the PCB aligned with the depopulated void on the MSC8122 located in the square defined by positions, L11, L12, L13, M11, M12, M13, N11, N12, and N13.

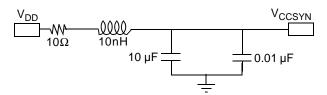


Figure 34. V_{CCSYN} Bypass

3.3 Connectivity Guidelines

Unused output pins can be disconnected, and unused input pins should be connected to the non-active value, via resistors to V_{DDH} or GND, except for the following:

- If the DSI is unused (DDR[DSIDIS] is set), HCS and HBCS must pulled up and all the rest of the DSI signals can be disconnected.
- When the DSI uses synchronous mode, HTA must be pulled up. In asynchronous mode, HTA should be pulled either up or down, depending on design requirements.
- HDST can be disconnected if the DSI is in big-endian mode, or if the DSI is in little-endian mode and the DCR[DSRFA] bit is set.
- When the DSI is in 64-bit data bus mode and DCR[BEM] is cleared, pull up HWBS[1-3]/HDBS[1-3]/HWBE[1-3]/HDBE[1-3]/HDBE[1-3]/HDBE[4-7]/HDBE[4-7]/HDBE[4-7]/PSDDQM[4-7]/PBS[4-7].
- When the DSI is in 32-bit data bus mode and DCR[BEM] is cleared, HWBS[1-3]/HDBS[1-3]/HDBE[1-3] must be pulled up.
- When the DSI is in asynchronous mode, HBRST and HCLKIN should either be disconnected or pulled up.
- When the DSI uses sliding window address mode (DCR[SLDWA] = 1), the external HA[11–13] signals must be connected (tied) to the correct voltage levels so that the host can perform the first access to the DCR. After reset, the DSI expects full address mode (DCR[SLDWA] = 0). The DCR address in the DSI memory map is 0x1BE000, which requires the following connections:
 - HA11 must be pulled high (1)
 - HA12 must be pulled high (1)
 - HA13 must be pulled low (0)
- The following signals must be pulled up: HRESET, SRESET, ARTRY, TA, TEA, PSDVAL, and AACK.
- In single-master mode (BCR[EBM] = 0) with internal arbitration (PPC_ACR[EARB] = 0):
 - BG, DBG, and TS can be left unconnected.
 - EXT_BG[2-3], EXT_DBG[2-3], and GBL can be left unconnected if they are multiplexed to the system bus functionality. For any other functionality, connect the signal lines based on the multiplexed functionality.
 - BR must be pulled up.
 - EXT_BR[2–3] must be pulled up if multiplexed to the system bus functionality.
- If there is an external bus master (BCR[EBM] = 1):
 - \overline{BR} , \overline{BG} , \overline{DBG} , and \overline{TS} must be pulled up.
 - EXT_BR[2-3], EXT_BG[2-3], and EXT_DBG[2-3] must be pulled up if multiplexed to the system bus functionality.
- In single-master mode, \overline{ABB} and \overline{DBB} can be selected as \overline{IRQ} inputs and be connected to the non-active value. In other modes, they must be pulled up.



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ware Design Considerations

Note: The MSC8122 does not support DLL-enabled mode. For the following two clock schemes, ensure that the DLL is disabled (that is, the DLLDIS bit in the Hard Reset Configuration Word is set).

- If no system synchronization is required (for example, the design does not use SDRAM), you can use any of the available clock modes.
- In the CLKIN synchronization mode, use the following connections:
 - Connect the oscillator output through a buffer to CLKIN.
 - Connect the CLKIN buffer output to the slave device (for example, SDRAM) making sure that the delay path between the clock buffer to the MSC8122 and the SDRAM is equal (that is, has a skew less than 100 ps).
 - Valid clock modes in this scheme are: 0, 7, 15, 19, 21, 23, 28, 29, 30, and 31.
- In CLKOUT synchronization mode (for 1.2 V devices), CLKOUT is the main clock to SDRAM. Use the following connections:
 - Connect the oscillator output through a buffer to CLKIN.
 - Connect CLKOUT through a zero-delay buffer to the slave device (for example, SDRAM) using the following guidelines:
 - The maximum delay between the slave and CLKOUT must not exceed 0.7 ns.
 - The maximum load on CLKOUT must not exceed 10 pF.
 - Use a zero-delay buffer with a jitter less than 0.3 ns.
 - All clock modes are valid in this clock scheme.

Note: See the Clock chapter in the MSC8122 Reference Manual for details.

- If the 60x-compatible system bus is not used and SIUMCR[PBSE] is set, PPBS can be disconnected. Otherwise, it should be pulled up.
- The following signals: SWTE, DSISYNC, DSI64, MODCK[1–2], CNFGS, CHIPID[0–3], RSTCONF and BM[0–2] are used to configure the MSC8122 and are sampled on the deassertion of the PORESET signal. Therefore, they should be tied to GND or V_{DDH} or through a pull-down or a pull-up resistor until the deassertion of the PORESET signal.
- When they are used, INT_OUT (if SIUMCR[INTODC] is cleared), NMI_OUT, and IRQxx (if not full drive) signals must be pulled up.
- When the Ethernet controller is enabled and the SMII mode is selected, GPIO10 and GPIO14 must not be connected externally to any signal line.

Note: For details on configuration, see the *MSC8122 User's Guide* and *MSC8122 Reference Manual*. For additional information, refer to the *MSC8122 Design Checklist* (AN2787).

3.4 External SDRAM Selection

The external bus speed implemented in a system determines the speed of the SDRAM used on that bus. However, because of differences in timing characteristics among various SDRAM manufacturers, you may have use a faster speed rated SDRAM to assure efficient data transfer across the bus. For example, for 166 MHz operation, you may have to use 183 or 200 MHz SDRAM. Always perform a detailed timing analysis using the MSC8122 bus timing values and the manufacturer specifications for the SDRAM to ensure correct operation within your system design. The output delay listed in SDRAM specifications is usually given for a load of 30 pF. Scale the number to your specific board load using the typical scaling number provided by the SDRAM manufacturer.



Ordering Information

3.5 Thermal Considerations

An estimation of the chip-junction temperature, T_J, in °C can be obtained from the following:

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\Theta JA} \times P_D)$$
 Eqn. 1

where

 T_A = ambient temperature near the package (°C)

 R_{AJA} = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

 $P_D = P_{INT} + P_{I/O} = power dissipation in the package (W)$

 $P_{INT} = I_{DD} \times V_{DD} = internal power dissipation (W)$

 $P_{I/O}$ = power dissipated from device on output pins (W)

The power dissipation values for the MSC8122 are listed in **Table 2-3**. The ambient temperature for the device is the air temperature in the immediate vicinity that would cool the device. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistances are JEDEC standard values that provide a quick and easy estimation of thermal performance. There are two values in common usage: the value determined on a single layer board and the value obtained on a board with two planes. The value that more closely approximates a specific application depends on the power dissipated by other components on the printed circuit board (PCB). The value obtained using a single layer board is appropriate for tightly packed PCB configurations. The value obtained using a board with internal planes is more appropriate for boards with low power dissipation (less than 0.02 W/cm^2 with natural convection) and well separated components. Based on an estimation of junction temperature using this technique, determine whether a more detailed thermal analysis is required. Standard thermal management techniques can be used to maintain the device thermal junction temperature below its maximum. If T_J appears to be too high, either lower the ambient temperature or the power dissipation of the chip. You can verify the junction temperature by measuring the case temperature using a small diameter thermocouple (40 gauge is recommended) or an infrared temperature sensor on a spot on the device case that is painted black. The MSC8122 device case surface is too shiny (low emissivity) to yield an accurate infrared temperature measurement. Use the following equation to determine T_J :

$$T_{I} = T_{T} + (\theta_{IA} \times P_{D})$$
 Eqn. 2

where

 T_T = thermocouple (or infrared) temperature on top of the package (°C)

 θ_{JA} = thermal characterization parameter (°C/W)

 P_D = power dissipation in the package (W)

Note: See MSC8102, MSC8122, and MSC8126 Thermal Management Design Guidelines (AN2601/D).

4 Ordering Information

Consult a Freescale Semiconductor sales office or authorized distributor to determine product availability and place an order.

		Core	Operating	Core	Order N	Number
Part	Package Type	Voltage	Temperature	Frequency (MHz)	Lead-Free Lead-Bearin	
MSC8122	Flip Chip Plastic Ball Grid Array (FC-PBGA)	1.1 V	-40° to 105°C	300	MSC8122TVT4800V	MSC8122TMP4800V
				400	MSC8122TVT6400V	MSC8122TMP6400V
		1.2 V	–40° to 105°C	400	MSC8122TVT6400	MSC8122TMP6400
			0° to 90°C	500	MSC8122VT8000	MSC8122MP8000



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5 Package Information

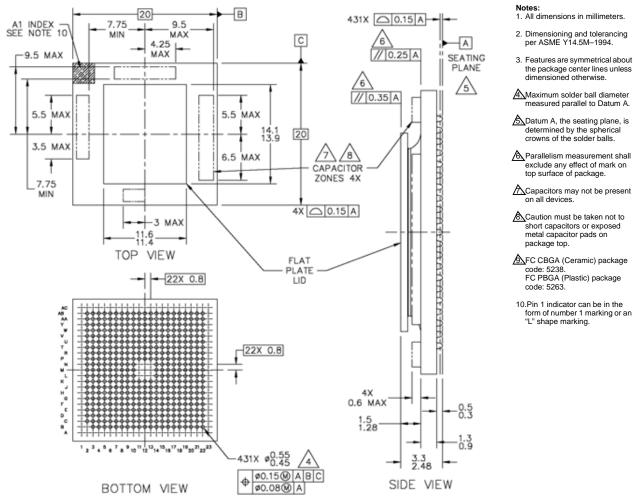


Figure 35. MSC8122 Mechanical Information, 431-pin FC-PBGA Package

6 Product Documentation

- *MSC8122 Technical Data Sheet* (MSC8122). Details the signals, AC/DC characteristics, clock signal characteristics, package and pinout, and electrical design considerations of the MSC8122 device.
- *MSC8122 Reference Manual* (MSC8122RM). Includes functional descriptions of the extended cores and all the internal subsystems including configuration and programming information.
- Application Notes. Cover various programming topics related to the StarCore DSP core and the MSC8122 device.
- *SC140 DSP Core Reference Manual*. Covers the SC140 core architecture, control registers, clock registers, program control, and instruction set.



Revision History

7 Revision History

Table 31 provides a revision history for this data sheet.

Table 31. Document Revision History

	Revision	Date	Description
Vipdated DSI firming specifications.	0	May 2004	Initial release.
2 Sep 2004 New orderable parts added with other core voltage and temperature options. Updated thermal characteristics. 1 In Table 2-14, removed references to 30 pF. Design guidelines and layout recommendations updated. 3 Nov. 2004 Added 500 MHz core and 166 MHz bus speed options. Definitions of GPIO[27-28] updated. Bus, TDM, and GPIO timing updated. I²C timing changed to GPIO timing. GPIO[27-28] connections updated. MWBEn replaced with correct name HWBEn. Design guidelines updated. Jan. 2005 Package type changed to FC-PBGA for all frequencies. Low-voltage 300 MHz power changed to 1.1 V. HRESET and SRESET definitions updated. Undershoot and overshoot values added for V _{DDH} . RMII timing updated. Design guidelines updated and reorganized. Apr. 2005 Apr. 2005 Apr. 2005 Apr. 2005 Added 400 MHz, 1.1 V core part. Temperature range descriptions changed to standard and extended. CLKOUT timing specifications added. Device start-up guidelines added to design considerations and updated power supply guidelines. Ordering information updated. Multiple AC timing specifications updated. Sep. 2005 ETHTX_EN type and TRST description updated. Package drawing updated. 10 Sep. 2005 ETHTX_EN type and TRST description updated. Package drawing updated. 11 Oct 2005 VpDH + 10% changed to VpDH + 8% in Figure 2-1. VpDH + 10% changed to VpDH + 17% in Figure 2-1. VpDH + 10% changed to VpDH + 17% in Figure 2-1. Apr 2006 Reset timing updated to reflect actual values in Table 2-11. Apr 2006 Reset timing updated to reflect actual values in Table 2-11. Added PLL supply current to Table 5 in Section 2.4. Modified Figure 5 in Section 2.4. Modified Figure 5 in Section 2.4.	1	Jun. 2004	
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			• Modified Figure 5 in Section 2.4 to make it clear that the time limits for undershoot referred to values
below –0.3 V and not GND.			
• Added cross-references between Sections 2.5.2 and Section 3.1 and 3.2 .			
 Added power-sequence guidelines to Sections 2.5.2. Added CLKIN jitter characteristic specifications to Table 9. 			
 Added CLKIN filter characteristic specifications to Table 9. Added additional guidelines to prevent reverse current to Section 3.1. 			1
Added connectivity guidelines for DSI in sliding windows mode to Section 3.3.			
15 May 2008 • Changed V _{IL} maximum and reference value to 0.8 V in Table 5 .	15	May 2008	
16 Dec. 2008 • Clarified the wording of note 2 in Table 15 on p. 24.	16	Dec. 2008	



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